

An Act for the relief of Frank Thimm.
 An Act to amend the Immigration Act.
 An Act to amend the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment Act.
 An Act to amend the Civil Service Act 1918, with respect to the salaries of certain Postmasters and Assistant Postmasters.
 An Act to amend the Civil Service Act, 1918.
 An Act respecting the acquisition by His Majesty of the Grand Trunk Railway System.
 An Act to amend the Canada Temperance Act.
 An Act to amend the Opium and Drug Act.
 An Act respecting Patents of Invention.
 An Act to amend the Canada Shipping Act (Pilotage).

An Act respecting a certain convention between His Majesty and the President of the French Republic dated the nineteenth day of September, 1907, and a convention supplementary thereto and the French Convention Act, 1908.

An Act to amend the Adulteration Act (respecting Bran and Shorts or Middlings).

An Act to amend the House of Commons Act.

An Act to amend An Act in aid of Provincial Legislation prohibiting or restricting the sale or use of Intoxicating Liquors.

An Act to amend the Public Printing and Stationery Act.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1920.

To these Bills the Royal Assent was pronounced by the Clerk of the Senate in the following words:

"In His Majesty's name, His Excellency the Governor General doth assent to these Bills."

Then the Honourable the Speaker of the House of Commons addressed His Excellency the Governor General as follows:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

"The Commons of Canada have voted Supplies required to enable the Government to defray certain expenses of the public service.

"In the name of the Commons, I present to Your Excellency the following Bill:

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain sums of money for the public service of the financial year ending the 31st March, 1920

"To which Bill I humbly request Your Excellency's assent."

To this Bill the Clerk of the Senate, by command of His Excellency the Governor General did thereupon say:

"In His Majesty's name, His Excellency the Governor General thanks his loyal subjects, accepts their benevolence, and assents to these Bills."

After which His Excellency the Governor General was pleased to close the Third Session of the Thirteenth Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, with the following speech:

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate:

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

In relieving you from further attendance on this session, I thank you for the diligence and efficiency with which you have discharged your duties.

Measures of great significance and importance have engaged your attention.

The Treaty of Peace concluded by the Allied and Associated Powers with Germany and signed at Versailles on the 28th June, 1919, and the Treaty of Peace between the same Powers and the Republic of Austria, signed at St. Germain-en-Laye on the 10th September, 1919, have been presented to you and have received your approval.

These Treaties having now been approved by Germany and Austria, on the one hand, and by at least three of the Allied and Associated Powers on the other hand, await only the exchange of ratifications to enter into full force and effect.

I fervently trust that the provisions of these Treaties, marking as they do the termination of hostilities, may usher in for humanity an era in which great wars may be prevented and the blessings of world peace effectually secured.

Canada bore a large part in the operations of the war and contributed notably to its successful completion, and it is therefore gratifying to be able to note the distinguished position accorded to her in the conduct of the negotiations in the Peace Conference at Paris.

The visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to Canada has been a source of deep and wide-spread satisfaction. The universal welcome which has been extended to him is an evidence of the devotion of the Canadian people to the Throne and to British institutions. This welcome, so whole-hearted in character, is an undoubted tribute to the high personal character and qualities of His Royal Highness, who, in peace as in war, has closely identified himself with Canada, and shown his earnest desire to promote the welfare of the people of this Dominion.

The acquisition of the Grand Trunk properties and their addition to the existing national railways will materially promote the successful and economic administration of the whole system, and greatly aid in the solution of the important problems of Canadian transport.

The adoption of the report of the Committee of the House of Commons on Bill No. 10 will extend the scope and application of the important measures already taken for meeting the needs of returned soldiers and their dependents.

The adoption of the Classification of the Civil Service of Canada will make it possible for the Commission to proceed at once with the further organization of the Service.

The success which has greeted the inauguration of the Victory Loan is a tribute to the patriotism and organizing capacity of Canadian business men, and fully demonstrates the determination and readiness of the country to fulfil its obligations to its soldiers, maintain the credit of Canada, and strengthen its trade position.

In a survey of the economic and social conditions throughout the world, it is satisfactory to note that Canada's position compares favourably with that of any other country and is far more favourable than most. With the accordant action of labour and capital, aided as it has been by the Industrial Conference lately held, and with the continued application of our people to productive pursuits, accom-