transition to a non racial and democratic society:

- the commitment to the abolition of apartheid;
- the lifting of the state of emergency;
- the release of Nelson Mandela and others imprisoned and detained for their opposition to apartheid;
- the revocation of the ban on the African National Congress and other political parties;
- and above all, a dialogue with representative black leadership.

At the same time, we call on all the parties engaged in the use of violence in South Africa to put an end to the tragic spiral of bloodshed and instead to pursue the positive option of dialogue, discussion and debate. Surely this is the path to a peaceful South Africa with full international support.

Earlier in this session, Canada's Secretary of State for External Affairs, the Rt. Hon. Joe Clark, called on all countries, especially those with significant economic relations with South Africa, to implement concrete measures to force the pace of the dismantling of apartheid. Consistent with our commitments deriving from the Nassau Accord, here at the United Nations and within la Francophonie, we welcome the actions of the United States, the European Community and Japan which, together with those of the Commonwealth, will underline the commitment of democratic countries to the abolition of apartheid. We call on other countries who have dealings with South Africa to pause and ask what more may be done to apply meaningful pressure.

"Sanctions busters" must not be allowed to prevail. The skills of which South Africa boasts in the area of "unconventional trade" cannot be allowed to flourish. South African businessmen, many of whom have professed an opposition to apartheid, should pay attention to reform, not to ways of fighting the adverse effects of sanctions and of taking advantage of the short term opportunities that might arise. Their energies should be devoted to pressing for change, rather than searching for loopholes.

For years, Canadian Non Governmental Organizations (NGOs) and churches have held shares in a number of transnational corporations and banks. They have spoken out at shareholders' meetings regarding corporate investment policies in South Africa. The objectives of the guidelines and codes of conduct, which have been put