

- ☐ Dismissal from government positions
- ☐ Denial of access to certain professions
- ☐ Annulment of Business Licences by the Department of Properties
- ☐ Denial of pensions
- ☐ Eviction of Bahá'ís from their homes and properties

Violations of the principle of tolerance

- ☐ Prejudice has been fomented by the clergy / government amongst the population to the extent that the word Bahá'í has become a curse.

Violations of the freedom to manifest one's religion or belief in worship, observance, practice, and teaching

Articles cited below are from the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination based on Religion or Belief.

- ☐ *Article 6-e establishes the right to teach a religion or belief in places suitable for these purposes.*
Teaching the Bahá'í Faith is forbidden.
- ☐ *Article 6-b establishes the right to establish and maintain appropriate charitable and humanitarian institutions.*
The assets, properties and buildings of Bahá'í charitable and humanitarian foundations have been seized and no restitution or compensation has been provided.
- ☐ *Article 6-a establishes the right to worship or assemble in connection with a religion or belief and to establish and maintain places for these purposes.*
Bahá'í places of worship have been confiscated and destroyed and graveyards appropriated and desecrated.
- ☐ *Article 6-g provides for the right to train, appoint, elect or designate by succession appropriate leaders called for by the requirements and standards of any religion or belief.*
The administrative institutions of the Bahá'ís of Iran have been banned. The Bahá'í Faith has no clergy. Its elected local, national and international administrative bodies, instituted by the Founder of the faith, provide guidance to the Bahá'ís and serve as links in a world-wide organised community. Denial of the right to elect its local and national administrative bodies as required by Bahá'í teachings, makes it impossible for Bahá'ís in Iran to fulfil their religious obligations and deprives them of the heart of their community life.
- ☐ *Article 6-i, provides for the right to establish and maintain communications with individuals and communities in matters of religion and belief at the national and international levels.*
Communication by the Bahá'ís of Iran with Bahá'ís and Bahá'í institutions in other countries results in charges of espionage and crimes against national security, particularly when that communication is with the Bahá'í World Centre, which is located in Haifa, Israel.

Violations of the right of the child to have access to education in religion or belief

Article 5 states that every child shall enjoy the right to have access to education in the matter of religion or belief in accordance with the wishes of his parents or, as the case may be, legal guardians, and shall not be compelled to receive teaching on religion or belief against the wishes of his parents or legal guardians.