bluish at base; elytra bronzed, but much less brilliant than the thorax, the basal half, excepting the sutural and lateral margins and foveæ, dark bluish and more opaque; body beneath dark bronze, with whitish pubescence, which forms denser patches on the meso- and metathoracic side pieces and on the sides of the ventral segments. Antennæ greenishbronze, slightly more slender to tip, third joint scarcely equal to the next Front deeply and quite regularly punctured, the punctures separated by about their own diameters, callosities indistinct, pubescence whitish, conspicuous. Clypeus broadly and obtusely triangularly emarginate, angles of emargination not rounded. Thorax about one-half broader than long, front margin slightly bisinuate when viewed from above, anterior angles obtuse, slightly rounded, sides nearly straight, but converging a trifle to near the base, whence they are suddenly sinuately narrowed to the hind angles; disc convex, regular, the punctuation deep, well separated at middle, but becoming coarser and more crowded near the lateral margins and at sides of base, where it appears substrigose, but is scarcely confluent, median line obliterated in front, the posterior half smooth and shining, not impressed nor channelled. Elytra distinctly wider than the thorax, sides nearly parallel to about the apical third, whence they are narrowed to the separately rounded tips, serrations fine, numerous; costæ obliterated, except the exterior one, which is distinct on the humerus and near the middle of its length, but becomes evanescent behind; impressions deep, arranged thus: a basal bronzed rounded one on each side of the scutellum, exterior to which is a shallower crescentic mark, not bronzed, extending from just within the humeral prominence to the suture. Behind this is a transverse bronzed indentation, wider externally, reaching nearly to the suture, while still posterior to this is another less distinct impression, which fades gradually into the cupreous area behind it. The punctuation of the elytral disc is fairly deep and well defined, but becomes scabrous at sides and towards the tips. Body beneath densely punctured, except on the median area of the abdomen, which is more shining. Prosternum lobed, hairy, without median smooth space. Last ventral with serrulate margin, coarsely, closely punctured, tip with a rounded emargination. Anterior tibiæ with apical dilatation about as in mali, tooth of femur indistinctly serrulate, middle tibiæ slightly arcuate, not angularly sinuate within, hind tibiæ straight. Length, 6.5 mm.

This species belongs in Horn's group IV., and may be placed near mali, from which it differs by the usually small size, contrasting colours,