

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN NEWS.

The Northern Railroad Co. have made a compromise with the city of Toronto, whereby the loan and gift of £35,000 and 25,000 are abandoned, and the city takes £50,000 stock in the road in lieu thereof. This is done to prevent a difficulty with the Government as to the amount of stock subscribed. The crops are better than expected, and will probably be got in very well. The last New York papers contain accounts of many names of Canadians about to sail for Australia. Latest news from California say that the city of Sonora has been destroyed by fire, loss £1,200,000. Large quantities of gold continue to be found. 400 murders have been committed in California within two years. A good deal of sickness prevails.

A new woollen factory has been just started in Oshawa.

It is reported that L. J. Papineau will be the next speaker of the Provincial assembly.

The distillery of Capt. Usher, of Bowmanville, was totally destroyed by fire lately.

Mr. Privat and Mr. Layton have been fined for selling liquor on the Sabbath within the city limits.

The Sons in Prince Edward Island were to have a grand Festival on the 15th July last, under the patronage of the Governor General, Sir Alex. Bannerman.

The Canada Petition for the Maine Law should be ready to be sent by the 20th of this month. Be active every where and get all the names possible in all parts of Canada. News from England state that the Derby Ministry will have a small majority.

The question of the Colonial fisheries is causing great excitement in our eastern Provinces and in the United States. A fleet of twenty war vessels has been sent thither by England and the Provinces, and the United States have sent a dozen of their largest and best war vessels thither. There is some danger of a collision, but we trust the good sense of two such powerful nations, will see a way of compromise, without the awful catastrophe of war. War could not mend the matter, whereas mutual concession would soon end it. The dispute arises about the meaning of the term three miles from the coast. The English and Colonists contend that it has reference to a line drawn from headland to headland on the sea coast, and that the Americans cannot according to the treaty existing, fish within this line which of course may be ten or twenty miles from the main shore in some places. The Americans contend that three miles have reference to the actual lineal shore or beach of the sea. Now, if the British construction be right, the Americans of course gained nothing by the treaty, because they could fish up to this line by the law of Nations without treaty. What seems to annoy the Americans most is the sending of a British fleet suddenly, to stop the trade of their fishermen, as they allege, without notice. On the other hand the British allege that they have had notice, and also that the Americans have trespassed within the limits they prescribe to themselves. At this distance, between two such powerful disputants, all we can do is to wait for calm negotiation and mature investigation. We trust the war will end in parchment and words, and generous concessions. Since writing the above we hear that the British squadron is to be withdrawn, and the difficulty left to a friendly power.

A dreadful accident has just happened on the Hudson River by the burning of the Henry Clay, a large river steamboat, resulting from carelessness in racing between two steamboats. Awful to relate, about 80 lives were sacrificed in broad day light; many of them young ladies, married women, and children. By the great heat of the boilers, caused by excessive firing, one of the racing steamers took fire, and although she was immediately run upon shore, yet not long past being on fire, many of the passengers perished in the flames, and more at the water, into which they leaped for safety. The accident has excited great commotion over the States adjoining, and also raised a feeling of just indignation against the intemperate and unfeeling conduct of the officers of the boat, who at the risk of the lives of hundreds of their fellow beings, would for their mere pasture race in a river. The captain and officers have been held to bail in very large sums for murder. By last accounts eighty bodies had been recovered from the water, of persons of all classes in society. The managing officers of the boat know every one to be imprisoned for life, and the owners should be prosecuted for all the damages done to the poor passengers.

In France it was said the 15th day of August would be an ominous day—perhaps a revolution might take

place. Louis Napoleon has given himself up to despatch. General Changarnier, the great French General has been ordered to leave Vienna.

The Sandwich Islands have lately been revolutionized in favor of republicanism, Queen Pomare being obliged to fly her dominions.

In Mexico the Government is very unsettled—internal dissensions, bankruptcy, and Indian depredations are the order of the day. A revolution was talked off.

The inquest jury, in the case of the Henry Clay Steamer, have brought in a verdict of guilt of criminal carelessness against the officers and owners of the boat.

The Cholera is said to be bad in Rochester, and cases have occurred at the Falls.

A great riot has occurred in New York City on account of the arrest of a fugitive from Justice from Ireland, who was claimed by England. The riot was quelled.

It is reported that the celebrated Lola Montes is about to marry a Prince, the son of the Emperor Soulouque, of the Island of Hayti. The Prince's name is Bobo, so Lola will be called Lola Bobo.

Catherine Hayes has been singing in the west, and came near meeting with a serious accident by the running away of a carriage and horses at Milwaukee, and is now in this city.

Mrs. Stowe, the authoress of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," has sent two mulatto girls lately to Oberlin College to be educated. Her celebrated work is now republished in England.

The salary of Louis Napoleon is \$1,300,000 per year. The eldest son of the Queen of England has an income of \$200,000 per year. The regular army of Austria consists of 725,624 men.

A Mr. Dicken, a Slaveholder of North Carolina, by his will directed that his slaves should be conveyed to Canada and set at liberty. Dr. W. Powell, his Executor arrived in Canada on Thursday week with twelve slaves who have now become men. Ten of them have \$10,000 with which to purchase land in this country. We believe they became entitled to this money, as well as to their freedom, under the will of their master.

The cholera is said to be prevailing in New York slightly. It is also still felt in the Western.

MARKETS AND WEATHER, Toronto, August 7th, 1852. What in the Toronto Market has again fallen, but we see the prices are firm in England. The first load of new wheat came into this market about two weeks ago and was bought by the Messrs Gooderham, millers, at \$1 per bushel. The price of wheat is now, best quality, 3s. 6d. per bush., Oats 1s. 4d., Flour 18s. 9d per bbl., best quality. The new crop will be got in well, and is quite an average. Young potatoes bring 3s. 6d. per bushel yet. Butter averages 6d. per lb. fresh; Meat market is only moderately supplied, prices good. Plenty of fresh Hay coming in at \$7 to \$9 per ton; Wheat will probably range during the coming fall from 3s. 9d to 4s. per bushel. Spring crops generally look well. Poultry sells well in our markets, and prices high. Wool is not bringing as high a price as it should, but sells readily at 1s. 1d. to 1s. 4d per lb. Hams are in good demand. The farmers can calculate on only moderate prices during the coming fall. Fruit will be abundant and the crops all over America a full average.

CHOLERA MEDICINE.—We direct attention to the very excellent Cholera medicine of Dr. T. F. Quahart of this city. It is one of the best we know of in Canada.

RECEIPTS OF MONEY. Rev. D. W. R., St. Thomas, \$1, 1852; H. from Cobourg, \$21.

RECEIPTS OF COMMUNICATIONS. Our correspondent S. of Paris is informed if a cannot drop of our advice the difficulty of which he speaks. The evil must be borne with until some regular charge can be made. Poetry from Whisky, S. C., cannot be inserted without too much revision, we have several pieces on hand from contributors. Thames and Division in Nassau.—We have received a long well written letter from a brother of this Division, and we are obliged to defer, but will insert abridged in our next.—The letter of Br. B., of Hornby, we assured to our last, and upon examination we find too personal. It is a lamentable thing, but one too often met with—that is the contemptible track of persons joining the order for the purpose of gain, leaving it in disgrace. Such things have a tendency to be borne with. The way to avoid them is to be careful, whom we admit into our ranks. Dialogue on tobacco is received, the Bedford paper are received, we will

insert Br. M's. letter in our next, an account of Niagara tour is deferred.

AGENTS, when receiving money should at once transmit, although the sum in hand be small, yet many sums scattered all over Canada, when together amount to a large sum.

Persons at this time of the year taking all the Nos will receive the whole volume, 30 numbers, 3s 9d. currency, in advance. Will our agents be good as to endeavor to obtain subscribers on these terms in their several localities.

THE CANADIAN SON OF TEMPERANCE, will be published during the balance of this year semi-monthly, the second and fourth Mondays of each month, except in October, when it will be published three times, in account of the meeting of the Grand Division. It is devoted largely to the interests of the Sons, Daughters and Cadets, and should be in the house of every friend of these orders. A large amount of literary and cultural matter is contained within its columns—5s in advance, 2s 6d. half yearly. 4s. in club form, 6s. 3d. if not paid within two months after subscription.

THE ORIGINAL GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY For curing Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera-morbus, &c. "Sir Benjamin Brodie's Vegetable Compound for the Cure of Bowel Complaints." The Subscriber can with perfect confidence recommend the above truly valuable medicine, as a specific and certain remedy for the cure of Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera-Morbus and Cholera Infantum (or Summer-complaint of children). The medicine is very pleasant to the taste, as well as effectual in curing the above diseases. Testimonials in favor of the medicine, from individuals of the highest respectability, residing in this city and vicinity, may be seen at the office of S. F. CRUQUAN, 69, Yonge Street, Toronto. Wholesale Agent for Canada.

THE DIRECTORS of the LUNATIC ASYLUM hereby give Notice, that in consequence of certain instructions which they have received from the Executive Government, requiring them to confine their expenses for the maintenance of the institution within the limits of the Parliamentary Grant for that purpose, they are compelled to close the doors of the Asylum against the admission of all patients, excepting such as have means of bearing the full amount of their own expenses. Provincial Lunatic Asylum, Toronto, July 26, 1852.

T. WHEELER, ENGRAVER AND WATCHMAKER, 10 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO. COMPANY and LODGE SEALS executed in the best style, and designs furnished if required. COPY OF ARMS found and embossed. July 26, 1852.

A set of Emblems and Son's REGALIA, belonging to the Central Division now dissolved, can be had on reasonable terms, by applying to John Brown, 69, Yonge Street, near Lawrence's tannery. For particulars apply at the Son office. July 10th, 1852.

W. STEWARD, Premium Saddlery Warehouse, 95 Yonge Street, Toronto, Sign of the Mammoth Collar. W. S. returns his sincere thanks to his friends for the very liberal support he has received. He still continues to manufacture a superior quality of such as he has received so many premiums for, numerous fairs in Canada, and which has been orally mentioned at the World's Fair in London. W. S. will sell very low for cash, and every article warranted to be such as sold for. GOOD AND CHEAP. Remember the sign of the Collar.

WILLIAM FELL, ENGRAVER, &c., HAMILTON, O.W. Seals for Divisions of Sons of Temperance engraved to Design, on the shortest Notice, and on reasonable Terms. Hamilton, 2nd January, 1852.