

# The Weekly Monitor

AND

## Western Annapolis Sentinel

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BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, MARCH 12, 1913

NO. 43

### BRITISH SETTLERS COMING

Nearly Two Thousand Immigrants for the West, Landed at Halifax During Saturday and Sunday. Salvation Army Brought Party of Twenty-eight.

Ships with a gross tonnage of 50,000 tons docked at the Halifax terminal during Saturday and Sunday, March 8th and 9th. Three of the steamers had a total number of 2,500 passengers, 1,741 of whom were disembarked here.

With the largest passenger list of any ship calling at Halifax so far this season, the Allan Liner Victorian arrived on Saturday evening at 7.30, docking at the terminals. Closely following her was the White Star Liner Cymric, also from Liverpool. She had 906 passengers. The former steamer disembarked 1,200, and the latter 395 passengers here. The French Liner Caroline, from Havre, which docked on Saturday morning, increased the total number of passengers landed at Halifax during the week-end to 1741. The French boat landed one second and 146 third-class passengers. She also discharged about sixty-five tons of cargo and sailed for New York on Saturday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock. Among the Caroline's passengers were two stowaways who had succeeded in escaping the vigilant eyes of the officers before the ship's departure from Havre, and were not discovered until approaching these shores. The two

stowaways were reported on the Mexico, a sister ship of the line, sailing from Halifax last night for Havre.

### THE POMERANIAN HERE.

Another Allan boat to reach port yesterday was the Pomoranian. She called in from St. John en route to Liverpool to load apples and deal. She had a number of passengers from St. John. Besides these inbound steamers, the Empress of Ireland, from St. John, en route to Liverpool, arrived at 7.30 on Saturday morning, and sailed again at 6.55 yesterday morning, after taking on mails and passengers.

### VICTORIAN'S LARGE LIST.

The large list of the Victorian was made up of 77 first, 461 second, and 913 third-class passengers. The Salvation Army had a party among them of 28, several of whom were booked for Nova Scotia. Practically all the passengers were for the west. The Victorian had also a mail of 2800 bags and 800 packages of parcel post, and 500 tons of cargo.

The voyage across was typical of the season, high seas and head winds prevailing. The ship was considerably iceed up. Otherwise the voyage was without any untoward incident.

### ANNAPOLIS COUNTY DISTRICT DIVISION MEETING.

Annapolis County District Division met with Paradise Division, Feb. 27. The temperance sentiment throughout the County was made manifest in the large representative meeting, which was presided over by D. W. P. L. W. Elliott.

We were fortunate in having at session W. H. Hoar, Grand Scribe, whose fine personality and forcible manner soon made themselves felt. Encouraging reports came in from all over the County, telling of dormant Divisions being reactivated, new ones being organized, and the work in general taking on new life. After electing new officers for ensuing year the session closed to meet in public meeting in the evening. Mr. McNintosh and the Grand Scribe, interspersed with music by local talent and remarks by visiting brethren. Meeting closed with the National Anthem.—COM.

(County papers please copy)

### ST. DUSTAN'S CATHEDRAL WILL BE REBUILT.

Charlottetown, March 10.—St. Dustan's Roman Catholic Congregation will rebuild a new cathedral at once, to take the place of the edifice destroyed by fire last week. With the first donation of \$5,000 received from a Methodist firm, they purchased the old Zion Presbyterian church as a temporary building.

A \$6,000 subscription has been received from Frank R. Heartz, a Methodist, and a nephew of Rev. Dr. W. H. Heartz, of Amherst. Another prominent Protestant gave \$1,000. Canvasing committee is now working among the Roman Catholics and subscriptions are coming in freely. The damage to the Bishop's Palace by water is covered by \$20,000 insurance.

### Dr. Friedmann Coming to Canada to Demonstrate Cure

Montreal, March 7.—Dr. Friedmann, the great German doctor, will come to Montreal to demonstrate his tuberculosis cure. Lieutenant-Colonel Burland, head of the Royal Edward Institute for Consumptives, invited him to Montreal, and today received a telegram of acceptance as follows: "Take great pleasure in accepting your highly appreciative invitation to visit Montreal for the purpose of demonstrating my treatment of tuberculosis on patients to be selected by yourself. These patients to have either pulmonary tuberculosis of the early, not too far advanced, stages, or visible tuberculosis—that is, of the bone, glands, joints, especially in children. Will arrive in Montreal, as suggested, Tuesday."

"Patients suffering from early cases of bone, or gland tuberculosis, as well as those suffering from pulmonary attacks, should apply, by letter only, to the Secretary of the Royal Edward Institute if they desire to be treated," said Lieut.-Col. Burland, in discussing the forthcoming visit of Dr. Friedmann.

The medical fraternity of Montreal is eagerly awaiting the demonstration, and the hospital staff has been very busy preparing for the event. Dr. Harding of the institute has made every preparation possible for the demonstration, and, in addition to the hospital staff, over five hundred local doctors will be in attendance to watch Dr. Friedmann's work. Among them will be the entire Medical Fraternity of McGill.

On Wednesday Dr. Friedmann will go to Ottawa to appear before a medical convention held there. This visit, he says, is made at the invitation of the Dominion Government. On March 13th he goes to Toronto, where a demonstration will be given at the invitation of the National Sanitarium Association. Dr. Friedmann returns to New York the next day.

### Tuberculosis Convention

The Thirteenth Annual Meeting of the Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis will be held in the Association Hall, Ottawa, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 13th and 14th inst., beginning at 10 a. m.

The Provisional Program is as follows:—

#### WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12.

9.15 a.m. Executive Council Meeting.

10.00 a.m. Opening of Convention.

Address of Welcome by His Worship, Mayor Ellis.

Executive Report, presented by Geo. D. Porter, M. B.

Reports from Delegates.

President's Address: Hon. Adam Beck.

Address by Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture.

"What the Daughters of the Empire are doing towards the Prevention of Tuberculosis." Mrs. Albert E. Roederham, Regent of the Imperial Order of the Daughters of the Empire.

3.00 p.m. Formal Opening of the New Ottawa Sanatorium. (The gift of Hon. Geo. H. Perley.)

"Some newer features of the Anti-Tuberculosis Campaign" Dr. A. J. Richer, Ste. A, athe Que.

#### THURSDAY, MARCH 13.

10.00 a.m. "Tuberculosis in Childhood." Dr. J. H. Elliott, Toronto.

"Tuberculin in Dispensary Treatment." Dr. E. S. Harding, Montreal.

"The Tuberculosis Problem in Ontario." Dr. J. W. S. McCullough, Chief Health Officer of Ontario.

Reports of Committees, Election of Officers.

### EMPEROR WILLIAM BEATEN IN LAW SUIT.

Elbing, Germany, Feb. 28.—Emperor William today lost a law suit brought against him by a tenant farmer named Sohst, whom he beasted during a recent speech before the German Agricultural Society, has been "thrown out because he was no good" from a plot of land he rented from the Imperial estate at Cadinen.

The district court decided that the Emperor was not entitled to terminate the lease of his tenant which runs until 1918.

### Important Bills for the Encouragement of Agricultural Industry.

In the House of Assembly last week a number of bills were introduced by Premier Murray relating to agriculture, copies of which have been received by the Monitor.

Bill No. 29 is "An Act to provide for carrying on Agricultural Work" and provides for the spending of a sum not over \$5,000 for the following purposes: (a) To carry on demonstration work in the growing of field crops, and other farming operations calculated to encourage improved methods of farming in the Province; (b) To pay the salaries and expenses of men qualified to carry on such demonstrations and give instructions for the purposes of this act. This act also empowers the Council of a Municipality to contribute towards the carrying on of this demonstration work in any County.

Bill No. 30 is an Act for the encouragement of Seed Growing and provides for the expending of a sum of not more than \$2,500, annually for the purpose of promoting field-crop competitions, seed fairs, and such other means as the Secretary for Agriculture recommends to encourage an increased production of high grade farm and garden seeds.

Bill No. 31 is an Act for the appointment of a Superintendent of Dairying, who shall advise with the Secretary for Agriculture in regard to measures for the promoting of Dairying in the Province and shall inspect creameries and cheese factories in operation and shall give such instruction as may be necessary and shall take measures for the organization of new creameries and cheese factories and for the promotion of dairying in the Province.

Bill No. 32 is "An Act for the Appointment of a Provincial Entomologist," whose duties shall be (a) to carry out the provisions of the Injurious Insect, Pest and Plant Disease Act of 1911 (b) Make experiments and research work as to insects and their effect on Agriculture; (c) To employ assistants as deemed necessary for the prosecution of his work; (d) To give instruction in the Agricultural College in Entomology.

Bill No. 33 is an Act to amend the Act for the encouragement of Agriculture and provides for an increase of the amount of money given to Agricultural Societies for the advancement of Live Stock interests, and also to assist societies that have met with losses for which they were in no way responsible.

Bill No. 35 is an Act to encourage Poultry Breeding by the formation of the Nova Scotia Poultry Association. The objects of this Association shall be (a) to enable poultry breeders to confer together for the interchange of information with a view to united action in matters relating to the progress and welfare of poultry and pet stock breeding in the Province; (b) to encourage the holding of poultry and pet stock shows in various parts of the Province.

The Association may organize in Counties or towns or cities, Poultry Clubs to assist in carrying out the objects of the Poultry Association.

A grant not exceeding \$2,000 shall be made annually for the Association and this amount \$100 may be used toward the expenses of meetings of the Association, the balance, \$1,900, may be paid to Poultry Clubs to hold local poultry shows or carry on other work to promote poultry industry.

Two-thirds of the prize money paid by a Poultry Club Show will be furnished from this fund. But in no case shall the appropriation in any one County exceed one hundred dollars.

The Council of any City, town or Municipality in which a Poultry Club is organized may vote and pay a sum of money for a poultry show promoted by such Club. The Governor-in-Council may expend an additional sum, not exceeding \$500, annually in paying expenses of judges and instructors at Poultry Shows meetings and such other occasions as may be held or arranged, and also pay the cost of equipment and apparatus deemed necessary for promoting the work of the Poultry Association.

### Mr. Allison Endowment

Canada cannot afford at this crisis in her history, when the yearly influx of foreigners is equal to four per cent. of her population to weaken the centres where intelligent, loyal and cultured citizens are produced. The fact that Mount Allison is a Christian College, and has always emphasized moral values gives her special claims upon all classes of patriotic citizens. The fact that no religious tests are applied and young people of all religious views are made welcome has given her such a wide patronage that nearly one-third of the students in attendance belong to other denominations than the one by which the university is controlled.

Mount Allison is supplying the Great West with teachers, clergymen and intelligent citizens. A call for the formation of an Alumni Association in Vancouver resulted in the response of over one hundred Mount Allison students. If the incoming millenias are to be educated and Canadianized, the centres where the leaders of thought, the cultured men and refined women are trained, must be kept sound and efficient. All candidates for the Christian Ministry are given free tuition in Mount Allison classes, while she is contributing more than her fair proportion of the men and women who are being sent to the Foreign Mission Fields.

No university is self-supporting. In order to place a university education within the reach of young people with limited means, and in order to secure the high class of instructors required for university work, an endowment is absolutely necessary. From the financial statement of the university it is evident that a large additional endowment is required, in order to prevent the institution from drifting into bankruptcy. The trend of events in Canada today is onward, and the institution that fails to keep abreast of the times will soon have its life trampled out in the competition. The increased cost of living makes it absolutely necessary that the salaries of the present staff should be increased. It is imperative, in order to hold the best of the men—men, who inspired by their loyalty to Mount Allison, have been labouring through the years on inadequate salaries—that they should be adequately paid. An increased expenditure for the coming year has been made necessary by the expiration of the subscriptions which have paid the salary for the past four years of one of the Theological staff. An additional professor has been appointed to the Chair of Philosophy to take up the work done by Dr. Allison and relieve some of the present staff, whose burdens are becoming intolerable, thus increasing prospective deficits by two salaries. Owing to the large attendance upon the arts classes and the increased needs of the Science Faculty the present class room accommodation is quite inadequate. A new Science Building which would provide two large lecture rooms for the largest arts classes is fast becoming an urgent need. Such a structure would require \$50,000. At a meeting of the Alumni Society held in May, 1910, that enthusiastic and loyal body of old students anticipating the needs above outlined, passed a resolution inaugurating a movement to raise \$200,000 as an addition to the endowment fund. This amount with the \$50,000 for a new Science Building is considered the least that will be necessary to place the institution on a sound financial basis.

Road and Gun for March, published by W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ont., is out with a varied and interesting list of contents which include the following: "After Caribou with the Utchehats" by R. J. Fraser; "Old Canada—A Visit to the Gaspé Peninsula" by Madge Macbeth; "Up the Waverley Road" by P. A. L. Wallace; "A Piscatorial Pilgrimage of Port Arthur Sportsmen" by L. W. Bisgay; "An Eastern Black Fox Ranch" another of the series "Small Fur Bearers and How to Take Them" by George J. Thiessen; an installment of "A Canoe Trip in 1854, and other articles of outdoor life both East and West. The issue is attractively illustrated and should be read by all sportsmen and lovers of outdoor life.

### RURAL TELEPHONE PROBLEM

Bill Introduced by Attorney General Daniels to Provide Telephones for Farmers of Nova Scotia at Minimum Rates Through Government Subsidy.

Hon. O. T. Daniels, introduced the Government Bill in the House of Assembly last week, relating to rural telephones. This was one of the measures forecasted in the speech at the opening of the Legislature. The Government has invoked the principle of co-operation and applied it to the rural telephone problem. It is well known that it costs a company much more than it costs the farmers themselves to construct rural lines. By co-operation the residents of a rural district can get out the poles and erect them at a minimum of expense.

#### THE PLAN PROPOSED.

The Bill provides that any three residents on a rural district, by signing a memorandum, can become incorporated to carry on the business of a telephone company. Application is made to the Board of Public Utility Commissioners, who fix the boundaries of the district to be served. A plan of the district is prepared and the rural line may be connected with the line of any existing company at the nearest convenient point.

#### TWENTY DOLLARS A MILE.

The farmers furnish the poles and

erect them and the Government is authorized to give a subsidy of twenty dollars per mile to the rural company. This sum, it is estimated will pay for the wire and the cost of stringing it. Then each subscriber buys his own telephone and the line is ready for business.

A charge of five cents is fixed to be paid to any existing company with whose system the rural line is connected for communication to any subscriber in a town exchange.

#### A CHEAP SERVICE.

The cost to the farmer, probably will not exceed four or five dollars a year, and for this sum he will have free communication with all his neighbors on the system as well as the facility to speak with a subscriber in the nearest market town for five cents a message. The surplus of the four or five dollars remaining after repairs to the line are made in any year will go into a sinking fund, which will replace the line when it became necessary to do so. The Bill shows every evidence of careful drafting and provides a means to give every rural community cheap telephone service.

### PROVINCIALIST IN PRESIDENT WILSON'S CABINET.

Secretary of the Interior—Franklin Knight Lane, of California, Independent Democrat.

Mr. Lane seems to have attracted the attention of the President by his work in the Interstate Commerce Commission in handling railway problems. Lane has never been conspicuous in partisan politics, though he is a Democrat.

(Mr. Lane is a clever P. E. Islander, and a pretty girl at our elbow says: "He is the best man in the Cabinet, because he is a Bluenos and a Methodist."—Ed. Truro News.)

### NEWFOUNDLAND TO REMOVE D T Y.

On Tea, Sugar and Salted Meats St. John's, Nfld., March 5.—With a view to participating in the naval defence of the British Empire, the Newfoundland Government has opened negotiations with the Imperial cabinet. An announcement to that effect was made today by the new Governor, WALTER DAVIDSON, C. M. C., in the speech from the throne at the opening of the Colonial Legislature.

Governor Davidson also gave notice of the Government's intention to remove the duty from tea, sugar and salted meats. This, it was declared, would represent the abrogation of \$400,000, in duties annually, the largest reduction in taxation at one time in the colony's history.

### LONDON PRESBYTERY IN FAVOR OF UNION.

London, March 4.—The London Presbytery has placed itself on record in favor of union with the Methodist and Congregationalists by unanimously carrying a motion put forward by Mr. Thomas Alexander asking the Presbytery to name a committee to look over the weak fields of the presbytery with a view to approaching the other denominations to consider the feasibility of union or of co-operation. A vigorous discussion followed, but the motion was passed unanimously.

Committee recommended that the peace manifesto of the New Westminster presbytery be endorsed and sent to each of the local parliamentary representatives.

### "DRY" HOTEL—BUT PAYS WELL.

A number of men took over the King's Hotel in Regina and locked up the bar to see if the proposition could be made to pay without selling intoxicants. The last year's business has shown a profit of \$11,047.42, being about thirty-two per cent on the paid up capital. The directors intend to run it "dry" for the future.—Ex.

The vacancy in the Legislative Council, caused by the death of Captain Smith, has been filled by the appointment of George A. Cox, ex-M. P. P., of Shelburne.

**A Bid!**

THIS is an earnest, honest bid for your good will. If what we say is true we shall learn it. Otherwise it will cost us heavily. Besides we shall sacrifice the respect of the housekeepers.

#### We assert:

Regal Flour bakes the best quality and the utmost quantity of bread per barrel of any you have ever used. It is economical, little goes far. It makes delightfully light, white loaves. And fine, flaky pastry.

#### Guarantee:

Your dealer will return your money if what we have told you here is not true. He loses nothing. For we pay him back. Will you meet our sincerity half way? Please remember—Regal.

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RESERVE FUNDS . . . \$12,500,000  
AGGREGATE ASSETS - \$175,000,000

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