LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

[illegible] McDonald, of Toronto, died at Ottawa on the 4th.

[illegible] murderer, was to be executed [illegible] Sing Sing on the 4th inst.

[illegible] of the 8th inst. says Cardinal Pecci, brother of the Pope, is dead.

The Stanley [illegible] Georgetown on Saturday. The [illegible] at Georgetown on Monday to have her bolted [illegible]

The influenza is increasing in the city of Mexico and claiming its many victims, the sudden change of temperature of late being [illegible] the fatality of the disease by the unfavorable.

A great robbery took place recently on the steamer La Plata on the voyage from Buenos Ayres to Antwerp. One hundred and seventy thousand dollars in specie and bonds were taken.

The strikes of miners, weavers and workmen in various parts, during the tyrannical demands of labor unions and strikes that follow them a great detriment to their interests, have formed a union to combat the tyranny of the laborer's unions.

Capitalists at Brockville, Ont., are projecting a scheme to bridge the St. Lawrence at a cost of one and a quarter million dollars. The construction, it is said, would result in the immediate completion of the Brockville and Westport railway to the Soo.

Henry Stratford, of Kingston, Ont., has received a letter from England which went into the sea when the steamer Oregon was sunk in 1866. The letter was found buried in the sand of the beach near Cape Hatteras, N. C., four hundred miles from the wreck.

Much anxiety is felt concerning the safety of the British steamer McGard, from Bilbao for London. She has not been heard of from January 12th, when she was spoken in latitude 47.09 N., lon. 20.56 W., with rudder damaged. She at that time, declined assistance.

Capt. Balls, of the British steamer Brampton, at Baltimore, from Porman, reports January 23rd, in lat. 33.44 N., lon. 81 W., he saw an unknown brigantine rigged steamer founder. She went down in the midst of a blinding snowstorm with all on board.

We notice in the list of persons who passed the qualifying examination for the civil service held in November last the names of Austin L. Fraser, William A. Thompson and William J. O'Donnell, of Avondale, Miss Mary C. Hunt, of Summerside, passed the preliminary examination.

The annual meeting of the Dominion Artillery Association was held at Ottawa on the 6th. General Middleton was re-elected President. In an address to the meeting, the Governor General urged that country detachments should visit Halifax to examine the newest style of guns in the Imperial service."

A despatch of the 5th inst. to San Francisco from Jacksonville, Oregon, says a phenomenal rain storm had prevailed at Southern Oregon for some days, which, in connection with the melting snows in the mountains caused the greatest flood known since the country was settled. The damage cannot yet be estimated.

A Montreal despatch of the 5th says that Laprairie, on the opposite side of the river, was suffering from inundation. The water in some of the streets was from four to six feet deep, and was still rising. Many houses were badly flooded and people were moving about in boats.

A young French girl named Marie Anne Jeanne Cattier, of Montreal, has come into a fortune. Her grandmother, aunt and mother lived together in the same house for years. The grandmother, aunt and the girl's mother died recently, and when the house was cleaned up a few days ago three tin boxes containing money to the amount of $60,000 were discovered.

An explosion occurred in a colliery at Abersychan, in Monmouthshire, 10 miles northwest of New Port, England, on the 6th inst., and three hundred miners were imprisoned, and for several hours no communication could be had with them. An opening was finally effected, and finally 300 of them rescued. Rescuing parties are still searching for those remaining in the mine.

Testimonial from H. Houle, Esq.—It gives me much pleasure to state that the Williams Piano I purchased from you some time ago, is a very fine instrument and has given me the best of satisfaction. I recommend those pianos with sincere pleasure and wish you the success you merit.

Sole agents: J. P. Walsh & Co., Lower Queen St., Charlottetown, P. E. I. 2[illegible]

For several days prior to the 5th inst. Portland and other points of Oregon were practically cut off from telegraphic communication. A message from Portland received in Chicago on the 5th says the wires [illegible] for the first time since the storm. All that is shortened was sent, [illegible] the only means of communication being small boats. The river was still rising with no news from the south.

The bursting of a boiler caused considerable excitement at Amherst, N. S., one day last week. It was in the steamer of Messrs. [illegible] and was used for heating water for the stock. A piece of the boiler weighing about 400 lbs was thrown into the air, and in its descent struck upon the roof of the carriage house [illegible] through as though it were a [illegible]. No other damage was done.

A San Francisco despatch of the 4th says that for two days previously wages rain had been falling in Siskiyou Mountains [illegible] the Upper Sacramento Valley, and the danger of destructive floods is greater than at any previous time this season because of the enormous accumulations of snow which still lie melted, and unless a sudden freeze occurred to stop the thaw, the whole valley from red bluff to the capital city would be inundated.

Chinese advices to San Francisco on the 5th say the town of Li Chow on the Yunhanking river, was visited by a cloud burst during the first week of December. One hundred people were drowned and much shipping destroyed, hundreds of houses being either totally wrecked or badly damaged. The cloud came up suddenly on a clear day, overturning everything in a dense fog. It burst with a terrific report and the town was inundated with water. [illegible]

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

A blizzard struck Winnipeg on Thursday night last, and the city is almost snowed under. It is the worst [illegible] there for years. [illegible] Gabriel Street [illegible] the [illegible] mile; it empties into the old San Gabriel River. [illegible] the growing crops in the county are [illegible] the hostility to [illegible]

[illegible] of the Halifax School for the Blind, has come to hand. The total number of blind persons under instruction during the past year was 36, 23 of whom were male and 13 females. Of the number 3 have graduated and two others are at their homes, making the total attendance on Dec. 1, 1889, 31, of whom 19 were male and 12 females. Of these 11 are from the Province of Nova Scotia, 10 from New Brunswick, 1 from Prince Edward Island and 2 from Newfoundland.

Four children of Jacob R. Slatter were skating on a lake at Binnewater, about six miles from Kingston, N. Y., on the 9th, when the ice gave way and all of them were precipitated into the water. Their shouts were heard by their father and mother, who rushed to their rescue. When they reached the lake the four children had disappeared beneath the ice. The mother, frantic with the thought of her drowning children, rushed upon the ice, which gave way with her and she sank beneath the surface. Mr. Slatter attempted to rescue his wife and he also was drowned. The entire family were thus wiped out of existence.

GENERAL NEWS.

On the 6th the bill respecting bonuses to parents of families of twelve was read a third time in the Quebec Legislative Council and passed.

In the first division in the Manitoba Legislature on an amendment to the Speech regarding the French language and separate schools, the amendment was lost on a vote of 15 to 8.

The Berlin Post of the 7th while recognizing the honest enthusiasm and absence of prejudice that actuated the issue of the Imperial Decree, says it is unable to close its eyes to the fact that the path upon which the Government has entered, is one of great difficulty and not devoid of danger.

On the 7th at the St. John, N.B., Board of Trade, resolutions were adopted and ordered to be forwarded to Ottawa approving of the Dominion Government granting a subsidy to the Grand Trunk to build a line of railway from Edmunston and Moncton providing the said company will run regular through trains to St. John as well as Halifax.

The students in Oporto, on the 7th made a demonstration in favor of the poet Anthero Quental, President of the Northern Patriotic League. They became riotous and smashed the windows leading to the Social Club, because they had not expelled Englishmen belonging to it, and had admitted others. The Progressive and Republican papers of Portugal continue to violently attack England.

Reports received at St. John, N. B., on the 7th inst. brought the sad intelligence of the drowning of Andrew Cowie, of the well-known firm of Cowie & Edwards, of that city. From information at present to hand it appears that Cowie drove from Sussex to visit his brother, the rector at Waterford. When about four miles out, going over the bridge at Smith's Creek, the fright slewed and Cowie was thrown into the creek and drowned, while the driver was thrown out on the road and lay unconscious for some time.

Fire started in H P Emery's building on Brown's wharf, Portland, Me., used as a storehouse, on the 5th inst, believed to be an incendiary. J. A. Hamlen & Co's cooper shop and two million feet of pine lumber, belonging to Frank Dudley, on Fox's adjoining wharf, were destroyed. The Boston & Main railroad, Portland yacht club's house, and bonded warehouse 44 were damaged. A large quantity of molasses belonging to J O. Whiting & Co., Boston, which was on Brown's wharf, and the schooner Prescott Hazeltine, 266 tons, loaded with shooks and lumber, was destroyed. Losses aggregate about $100,000, insurance $100,000.

The work of removing the bodies of the miners who lost their lives by the explosion in the colliery at Abersychan, England, on the 6th, is being carried on as rapidly as possible. Already 100 bodies have been taken from the pit and it is believed about 80 more yet remain there. Ventilation of the pit has been restored and this greatly facilitates the efforts of the workers. A pathetic incident was the finding of the bodies of a father and his five sons lying in a group. They had not been burned at all, and appeared to be calmly sleeping. All of them had died from suffocation. Several of the men who had volunteered for the work of rescue were made sick by handling burned bodies, and were obliged to come to the surface. A later despatch states that 180 bodies have been recovered.

On the night of the 4th inst., as an Ohio, Indiana and Western freight train started over the bridge spanning the river at Bridge Junction near Peoria, Ill., the first span of the bridge suddenly sank, precipitating the engine, tender and three cars into the river. Three men were in the cab. Engineer Neville, fireman O'Brien and Brakeman Davis. The fireman and engineer were buried and the engineer was pinned in the cab with his head just above water. He was standing on the dead body of the fireman, but fastened in such a way that he could not be extricated. Passengers and others worked all night trying to get him out, applying hot water to keep him from chilling to death, and pouring brandy down his throat. He was still alive, but there was no hope of extricating him.

By prompt action the French government on the 7th, nipped in the bud what apparently was intended to be a Royalist coup d'etat modelled after Louis Napoleon's mad dash upon Boulogne, the Duke of Orleans, eldest son of the Comte De Paris arrived in Paris that day, bearing a letter written and signed by the Count of Paris, announcing to the faithful and all others, the Count's abdication. He also issued a manifesto addressed to the people of France, in virtue of the abdication of the Count of Paris, all his claims, rights and titles descended to his eldest son, Philippe Louis Robert Duke D'Orleans, this gentleman is therefore the actual claimant to the throne in virtue of his claims as heir of Louis Philippe and the old Bourbon line. His coming into the country in violation of the law banishing all heads and direct heirs of the reigning families is a rash escapade if it stands alone. There is reason to believe that the movement is to coincide with more determined opponents of the republic. The Duke was arrested at the house of Duke D'Uzes and taken to the Prefecture of Police, where his identity was fully proved beyond all doubt and a process verbal of his violation of the law of banishment drawn up. Constans, Minister of the Interior, ordered the Duke to be held in custody, and the further disposition of the case will depend upon what he may do in the last.

LECTURE AT ROLLO BAY.

Rev. J. G. McMillan, of Grand River, delivered a lecture at Rollo Bay Library Hall, on the 7th inst., on the moon, its motions, configuration, size and influences. He very clearly, at some length, dwelt on its motion around the earth, and called by saying it was much like those who know well how others' business should be done, while they pay but little attention to their own; as it takes nearly a month to turn on its own axis while it dances attendance on the earth at the rate of about 45 miles a minute, exceeding even the most supreme efforts of the P. E. I. Railway.

In outline, he said, it is known to consist of very deep valleys and high mountains even as great as the greatest on the earth.

The substance of which it is composed is generally believed to be the same as that of the earth, of which, geologists say, it once was a part, but there is no water nor atmosphere and consequently no animal nor vegetable life as we have on the earth. The brightness which we see is the reflected light of the sun which shines upon it and gives us the different phases according as we see all or part of the bright side. The moon turning on its axis but once a month allows the sun to shine on the different parts for about 14 days at a time, which raises each part to a very great heat when brought under its influence; and the side on which there is no light has almost a total absence of heat or what is commonly called great cold.

The influences of the moon on the earth are confined to attraction and the shedding of light, which is reflected from the sun, and these are not at all capable of producing the many results, which are claimed for it in folk-lore. Attraction has the effect of producing the tides and nothing more. The moonlight produces few results but is of much use in organizing excursions sleigh rides and even lectures.

By the way the many influences attributed to the moon were dealt with we are afraid she is soon to lose much of her former greatness if it now turns out that she has nothing to do with changes in the weather, or in the minds of lunatics, with the cutting of rails or the time to do the butchering, with the time of making soap or even the setting of hens.

After a lively discussion in which Rev. D. J. G. McDonald, St. Margarets, Hon. Thomas Ekhalo, S. F. McDonald, and Dr. McLellan of Souris to part, a vote of thanks was tendered the Reverend lecturer and all left well pleased.—Com.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

A Kingston, Ont., despatch of the 5th says: A peculiarly sad accident occurred at the Foxton mines, Ogdensburg, yesterday afternoon, about four o'clock, whereby Dennis Mooney, who was in charge of one of the steam drills, and was working fully 150 feet below the surface, had occasion to send to the blacksmith shop, which is situated near the mouth of the mine, several drills which required to be sharpened. The means of transport for these drills was a skip bucket which was drawn to the surface by means of a small steam hoist. Yesterday, according to custom, Mooney placed the drills in this bucket and gave the order to hoist. This was done, and if proper care had been exercised all would have been well, but through carelessness on the part of one of the attendants, the bucket, when almost at the surface, gave a sudden lurch. The result was that one of the drills, about five feet in length, slipped from its fastenings, and like a rocket went whizzing endwise down the opening and struck poor Mooney in the head, cutting through his hat, then through his skull and wedging itself solidly in his head, one end protruding through his mouth. The unfortunate man was immediately conveyed to a neighboring house and medical aid summoned, but all in vain, for never recovering consciousness Mooney shortly afterwards passed away. He was 36 years old, unmarried, and universally respected.

A SHOCKING OCCURRENCE.

Secretary Tracey's house in Washington was partly burned on the morning of the 3rd inst., and his wife and daughter Mary, and a French maid, named Josephine, lost their lives. Secretary Tracy, his married daughter, Mrs. Wilmerding, and her daughter, Alice, had narrow escapes from being seriously injured. The house had recently undergone extensive repairs. About 7 a. m. flames and smoke were seen issuing from the windows and roof of the building and an alarm was at once given. The fire department responded promptly, but the flames had gained great headway. Several servants escaped from the front door of the house. Mrs. Tracy endeavored to escape by dropping from the bedroom window and fell forty feet into a rear way before anything could be done towards spreading her or catching her fall. She was immediately taken to the house of a neighbor Dr. Rheem, and placed upon a lounge in the sitting room. She did not seem to suffer pain, but soon died. The unconscious form of Secretary Tracy was taken out by the firemen and carried to the sidewalk. It was supposed he was dead but he showed slight signs of life. He was then carried into Judge Bancroft's, Davis house, where he regained consciousness in about an hour. Miss Mary Tracey was seen at the window in the third story, in the blinding smoke and flames. The flames gradually hemmed her in and she disappeared. Later her body was found by Chief Engineer Parris, lying on the floor in the second story hall at the head of the stairs. The body was not greatly disfigured by the fire—evidently she died from suffocation. The Chief brought out the body. The body of the French maid was burned beyond recognition in her room on the top floor. Mrs. Wilmerding and her daughter Alice, occupied the second story front room. They jumped from the window to a grass terrace below. The bodies of Mrs. and Miss Tracey were brought to the White House about six o'clock by order of the President, who took charge of whatever arrangements for the funeral it was necessary to make. The Secretary's house was very badly damaged by fire and water. It is believed that the fire started in the parlor, near the gas fireplace. Whether it originated from the grate or heating pipes is not known. The firemen generally think that the woodwork caught from the heated pipes of the furnace.

The Herald is kept on file in the office of the New York Printing & Advertising Co., Beekman Building, 93 Broadway, New York.

Mark Wright & Co are the cheapest furniture manufacturers in the Island.—4

Mark Wright & Co are the largest manufacturers of furniture in the Island.—4

Local and Special News.

The Spanish dispatches have greatly exercised themselves and spread much [illegible] to the navy.

Portugal's navy is old ironclad and a few gunboats. She has fifteen admirals.

Against Accidents.—"I believe Hagyard's Yellow Oil received from Murdock Blood Bitters. I had constipation, irregular bowels and accumulation of wind, causing severe pain in my stomach. Two bottles of B.B.B. cured me. It is all you claim it to be." Allan A. Clarke, Amherst, N. S.

The Portuguese in Portugal started a subscription recently to get some warships. The amount collected was only $5,000.

A Cure for Deafness.—There have been many remarkable cures of deafness made by the use of Hagyard's Yellow Oil, the great household remedy for pain, inflammation and soreness. Yellow Oil cures rheumatism, sore throat and croup, and is useful internally and externally for all pains and injuries.

The young king of Spain is three years and nine months old. His salary is one million dollars per year.

Swimming Niagara is an easy way to end life, and suffering dyspepsia to exist is an easy way to settle it. Take Burdock Blood Bitters in an easy way to cure dyspepsia and it never fails to thoroughly tone and strengthen the entire system at the same time.

Which is the easiest, to be a minister or a doctor? A minister; for it is easier to preach that practice.

Would Not Be Without It.—Sirs,—We have used your Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam for severe coughs and colds and can recommend it to be just what it is represented to be. We could not be without it. H. Dalton Cataract, Ont.

Death advertises itself in many ways and it generally performs what it advertises.

He Yielded to Persuasion.—"For years I suffered from dyspepsia in its worst forms, and after trying all means in my power to no purpose, friends persuaded me to try Burdock Blood Bitters, which I did, and after using five bottles I was completely cured." Neil McNeil, Leith, Ont.

Why are fishermen and shepherds like beggars? Because they live by hook and crook.

The Candid Truth.—I used Hagyard's Yellow Oil this winter for the first time for croup and I must say I find no better remedy for it. Minnie Reid, Listowel, Ont. Yellow Oil is a specific for croup and sore throat, it never fails.

Notice.—Owing to a mistake of our bottle manufacturers, their works shut down for the summer without a sufficient quantity of our special bottles on hand to keep us going, we were compelled to substitute a bottle without MINARD'S LINIMENT blown in the glass, for our fall trade on P. E. I. and part of N. B. The label and wrapper are the same as heretofore, and each bottle has a white strip around it explaining reason for the change.

C. C. Richards & Co.

AN INTERESTING REPORT.

The Inland Revenue Department has recently issued a bulletin of about thirty pages, which is devoted exclusively to the subject of baking powder, and which shows that the majority of the goods in the market are adulterated and unfit for use. Prof. A. McGill, who has had charge of this important work for the Government, says that "imperial baking powder is an excellent powder." goes on to say sensible housekeepers should be satisfied.

The greatest of earthquake waves are often terrible egg-beaters.

FATAL ACCIDENTS AND LARGE FINES so often occur that should be avoided by using some common. The same with your health; it can be preserved by using Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder. Sold by all grocers. Manuf. stored by

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

If the world is a stage, the ocean plays many solos.

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can so easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a prompt and permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

The young unmarried girl of the period cultivates the most engaging manners.

The action of Carter's Little Liver Pills is pleasant, mild and natural. They gently stimulate the liver, and regulate the bowels, but do not purge. They are sure to please. Try them.

What is it that every one wants and yet tries to get rid of? A good appetite.

For any case of nervousness, sleeplessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, Try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Relief is sure. The only nerve medicine for the price in market.

Marriage and Death notices inserted at the request of friends accompanying Death notices will be charged for at the rate of 10 cents per line.

MARRIED.

At the Immaculate Conception church, Malden, Mass., Jan. 25th, by Rev. Father Curran, Mr. Lewis J. Clark, of Stoneham, Mass., to Miss Susie H. McCabe, of P. E I.

DIED.

At Vernan River Bridge, on the 28th Jan., Francis Currie, son of the late Alexander Currie, aged 35 years. May his soul rest in peace.

At Blooming Point, Tracadie, on the 20th of January, after about three months of intense suffering from gangrene in the foot, which he bore patiently, Mr. Ronald Macdonald, an old and highly respected resident of that place, aged 87 years. The deceased was born at Scotchfort, where he resided for 30 years, and removed to Tracadie 57 years he resided until his death. He was well and favorably known by all who came in contact with him for his hospitality, charity and amiable disposition. He leaves a sorrowing widow and 7 sons to mourn their loss. May his soul rest in peace.

AFTER DANGERS OF THE "GRIP."

Boston papers facetiously remark that "La Grippe is seldom fatal unless you use all the remedies recommended for it." The writer fully believes that the end of the poor "grip" victim, if he tried all the patent medicines that have adorned (?) the pages of our leading newspapers as "sure cures for La Grippe," would be like Mark Twain, who for his famous cold tried every remedy advised by friends, until his stomach became so weak he began to vomit and continued until, as he avers, "he was like to throw up his immortal soul." We notice one of the leading advertisers of the day has been conspicuous at this opportune time by the absence of any claim to cure the "grip." They certainly deserve a "chrome" and we feel like giving them a free "ad" for their compassion upon our readers. The more so for the reason that probably more people have used their remedy, that good old family medicine, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment for this foreign influenza, than all others combined. And why not? Certainly no other will relieve catarrhal colds, coughs, bronchial troubles, or neuralgic pains, as promptly as that same old Anodyne Liniment, and the above are all symptoms or results of La Grippe. Herein lies the real after dangers from this epidemic of influenza; it leaves the mucous membrane linings of the nose, throat and bronchial tubes tender and very susceptible to the catarrh, bronchial troubles and pneumonia, which come with February and March in our northern climate. We shall still pin our faith to a remedy for this after danger which acts promptly to allay inflammation; for therein lies the chief dangers from throat and lung troubles. And surely a remedy that has the friends that Johnson's Anodyne Liniment has, after eighty years' trial by a critical public, and has been used for the "grip" more extensively than all the advertised remedies, deserves, as we said, a a medal, and has before it, we hope, a prosperous year, as an octogenarian. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass., the manufacturers, will send a valuable pamphlet free.

The steamer Iowa, Capt. Owens, at Boston on the 7th, from Liverpool, reports that 5th Jan. 51st she signalled the British steamer Persian Monarch, Capt. Bristow, from London for New York, with loss of propeller, and heading east under sail. The Iowa offered assistance, but it was declined. The wind was blowing strongly from the westward, and the disabled steamer was making only about three knots. On Feb. 3rd in lat. 44.05 N., lon. 48.27 W., the Iowa passed from 2 30 to 4 p. m. eighteen icebergs, and on the same day at 4.30 p. m. she entered a field of ice two miles in width and extending north and south out of sight. Soon after she sighted a bark rigged steamer, also a bark apparently Norwegian, heading east. Both were trying to clear the ice.

The Merchants' Protective —AND— COLLECTING ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, - HAMILTON.

Having for its objects: To collect from all that can be collected from, and stop the credit of all that cannot or will not pay.

Accounts collected in Canada or United States. Membership fee $10, upon receipt of which Delinquent Book, full supply of Notices, with complete instructions for using, will be sent.

MILLS & DYER, Managers.

Warning to Debtors.

All persons that have received Notices from Members, Agent or Head Office, to pay, had better do so at once, if they wish to save costs and exposure.

MILLS & DYER, Managers.

July 17, 1889—1y

FITS STOPPED FREE Positively and Permanently. Insane Patients Restored. DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER For all Brain & Nerve Diseases. Only one day for Fits. Marvelous. Fits Stopped. Circulars & $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on first when received. Send name, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATION FRAUDS.

BEST ON EARTH SURPRISE SOAP THE GREAT SELF WASHER TRY IT

Send 25 Surprise or the Frame wrapper to address and receive by return mail a beautiful picture, size 16x20 inches, suitable for framing, worth $1.00 in any store. Ask your grocer for SURPRISE Soap and take no other.

The St. Croix Soap Mf'g Co., St. Stephen, N. B.

Common Sense

In the treatment of slight ailments would save a vast amount of sickness and misery. One of Ayer's Pills, taken after dinner, will assist Digestion; taken at night, will relieve Constipation; taken at any time, will correct irregularities of the Stomach and Bowels, stimulate the Liver, and cure Sick Headache. Ayer's Pills, as all know who use them, are a mild cathartic, pleasant to take, and always prompt and satisfactory in their results.

"I can recommend Ayer's Pills above all others, having long proved their value as a

Cathartic

for myself and family."—J. T. Hess, Leithsville, Pa.

"Ayer's Pills have been in use in my family upwards of twenty years, and have completely verified all that is claimed for them."—Thomas F. Adams, San Diego, Texas.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for seven or eight years. Whenever I have an attack of heartache, to which I am very subject, I take a dose of Ayer's Pills and am always promptly relieved. I find them equally beneficial in colds; and, in my family, they are used for billious complaints and other disturbances with such good effect that we rarely, if ever, have to call a physician."—H. Vouillemé, Hotel Vouillemé, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

Ayer's Pills,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Diamond Dyes

Brilliant! Durable! Economical!

Diamond Dyes excel all others in Strength, Purity and Fastness. None other are just as good. Beware of imitations, because they are made of cheap and inferior materials, and give poor, weak, crocky colors. To be sure of success, use only the Diamond Dyes for coloring Dresses, Stockings, Yarns, Carpets, Feathers, Ribbons, &c., &c. We warrant them to color more goods, package for package, than any other dyes ever made, and to give more brilliant and durable colors. Ask for the Diamond and take no other.

A Dress Dyed / A Coat Colored / Garments Renewed — FOR 10 CENTS.

A Child can use them!

At Druggists and Merchants. Dye Book free.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO. Montreal, P. Q.

DR. FOWLER'S SCOTT'S EXT. OF WILD STRAWBERRY CURES CHOLERA Cholera Morbus COLIC AND CRAMPS DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND BOWELS IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN HERALD is acknowledged to be the most Popular Publication in the Province.

Stanley Bros., Brown's Block. LADIES' ULSTERS, Cloth Jackets —AND— ASTRAKAN JACKETS, —AT SPECIAL— Marked Down Prices. BLANKETS —AND— QUILTS —AT— Low Prices to Clear. Stanley Bros.

During this Month we make Special Prices to stock taking in Stock.

Stanley Bros., Browns Block. Ulster Cloths, Mantle Cloths, —AND— Astrakan Cloths. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS —TO— PURCHASERS —OF— These Goods. Stanley Bros.

All the Month as will the Special Prices in Vol and we to take on our Books.

Stanley Bros., Brown's Block. Dress Goods! Dress Goods! Dress Goods! All Colored DRESS GOODS —AT— LOW PRICES —TO— CLEAR OUR STOCK. Stanley Bros.

All the Month of January Cash only will be sold by

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

This Month! This Month! This Month!

J. B. MACDONALD'S! J. B. MACDONALD'S! J. B. MACDONALD'S!

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!

FUR GOODS.	WOOL GOODS.	ULSTER CLOTHS.
FUR CAPS.	WOOL SHAWLS.	MANTLE CLOTHS.
FUR COATS.	WOOL SQUARES.	DRESS CLOTHS.
FUR MUFFS.	WOOL SCARFS.	NAP CLOTHS
FUR TIPPETS.	WOOL HOODS,	BEAVER CLOTHS.
FUR JACKETS.		FRIEZE CLOTHS.

TEAS.

FIVE POUNDS BEST TEA FOR ($1.00) ONE DOLLAR.

The goods above mentioned must be sold at the best bargains in town at

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

QUEEN STREET.

DOMINION BOOT & SHOE STORE.

$10,000 WORTH OF BOOTS AND SHOES, RUBBERS AND OVERSHOES.

THIS STOCK MUST BE SOLD OFF.

We'll give you more value for every dollar you spend with us than any other store on P. E. Island.

Wholesale and Retail at the

DOMINION BOOT & SHOE STORE,

J. B. MACDONALD, Proprietor,

Charlottetown, January 29, 1890—1y WEST SIDE QUEEN STREET.

PRESIDENT.

The "MANUFACTURERS," The POPULAR LIFE —AND— The LIBERAL ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

TERMS EASY.

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