

## A TRAINMAN'S MISTAKE.

Kills Eleven People and Injures Many More, Some Fatally.

NEW ORLEANS, La., (LATER)—It was a heavy price in human life, that paid for the errors of a railroad trainman today, when a Great Northern express train crashed into the rear of a New Orleans & North-western local train at Little Woods station, a fishing and hunting camp, on Lake Fort Chartier, twelve miles from here.

Eleven dead and many more injured, some of them fatally, is the record of the wreck, which was attended by a usually gruesome scene in the foggy swamps of the Lake Shore. To add to the horror of the situation, the wreck caught fire and only the heroic work of the surviving passengers prevented the cremation of those pinned in the debris.

## A NEW RAILWAY BROTHERHOOD.

The International Brotherhood of Railroad Employees on the I. R. C. is no more. The Canadian Brotherhood of Railroad Employees has taken its place and although members of the latter are the same who belonged to the former, it is practically a new organization. Since the organization of the International Order things have not gone smoothly as they might have and on October 12th ult., a meeting was held in Montreal and the new Order formed. Mr. A. B. Mosher of Halifax, is now Grand President and Secretary-Treasurer. Meetings were held in Montreal Wednesday and Thursday and delegates from all over the line were present.

TO MAKE A WHIPPED RUFFLE.—Whipping is only used on thin materials such as lace, net and sheer lawns and linen. It is done by over-casting a rolled edge and drawing up the thread. For a hemmed ruffle, the upper edge of the material should be rolled toward you into the smallest possible space between the thumb and forefinger of the right hand. Continue with the left hand after it has been started, and overcast from the right end, putting the needle under the coil each time. Draw the thread up with every few stitches. If the stitches are taken regularly, there will be no difficulty in drawing up the thread. The edge of a whipped ruffle should be overbanded to the material. A whipped ruffle should be at least twice the length of the space to which it is to be sewed.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED. GENTLEMEN,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal. I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost one dollar a bottle. CAIT. R. DESJARDIN, Schre. "Stroker," St. Andre Kamouraska.

## GOVERNMENT VISIT MINES.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Wednesday.—At the meeting of the local government here yesterday, a committee composed of Surveyor-General Grimmer, Chief Commissioner Morrisey and Robert Maxwell, were appointed to visit the iron mines on the Nepisiguit River which were recently taken over by the Drummonds.

BATHURST, N. B., Wednesday.—Hon. John Morrisey, W. H. C. Grimmer and Robert Maxwell, of the local government are in town, and will visit the Twin Tree Mine in company with Messrs. Drummond, Parson and Brown, of the Drummond Mining Co. At the present time things look good, for the development of these iron areas and bathurst people are anxiously awaiting some definite word as to what will be done.

Oh, it's easy enough to fool a man, remarked the young widow, but— But what? queried the anxious maid. It's awfully hard to keep him fooled," concluded the young widow.

Mrs. DeSwell—Prof. Wigwig tells me he is going to make a study of the monkey language.

Mr. Knox—Indeed! Is he going in to society or to Africa.

Let's wife may have been peppery before she turned to salt.

## Cough Caution

Never, positively never poison your lungs. If you cough—even from a simple cold—you should always use Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Don't blindly suppress it with a stupifying poison. It's a strange how some things usually come about. For twenty years Dr. Shoop has constantly warned people not to take cough mixtures or prescriptions containing Opium, Chloroform, or similar poisons. And now—a little late though—Cassius says: "Put it on the label. If poisons are in your Cough Mixture, Good! Very good! Hereafter for thirty years more, mothers and others, should insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. No poison marks on Dr. Shoop's label—and none in the medicine, else it must be law to be on the label. And it's not only safe, but it is said to be by those that know it best, a truly remarkable cough remedy. Take no chance then, particularly with your children. Insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Compare carefully the difference. No poison marks there! You can always be on the safe side by demanding

**Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure**  
Laxative 5 C. Sweet to Eat  
A truly honest medicine  
All Dealers.

## Fighting The Bubonic Plague.

Germ That Brought Death to so Many Millions Now Successfully Fought by Anti-Toxin.

Ten millions of dollars is about the bill Uncle Sam has to foot in order to fight off the grim clutches of King Death, under his favorite guise of bubonic plague in the Philippine Islands. The plague has always been fond of sneaking into Manila and sweeping through the entire Filipino archipelago, taking toll of the shivering millions by the tens of thousands.

Just across a narrow stretch of water from Manila King Bubonic Plague has his cave, where he appears to have been born and bred. Right in the teeming heart of China and not far from the fens that surround the yellow torrent of the Great Yellow or Yang-tse-Kiang River, appears to have been the prehistoric home and breeding place of King Plague.

For countless centuries the Chinese have died like flies from the plague. As a result, the Chinaman today stands more chance of recovery from bubonic plague than any other race. His blood for centuries has fought the deadly germ of this disease—a germ that is simply a short, stumpy rod, oval in form, which once in the human body multiplies by the billions and sucks the vitality out of the blood, leaving only a loathsome decayed fluid that carries further death to every bit of human flesh or blood it comes in contact with.

Uncle Sam, however, has never turned tail on any foe, and today, quiet, unassuming men and women, physicians and nurses are waging a silent but heroic warfare upon the original plague bacillus, and if on the ground (that is inside a human body) before the deadly germ, Uncle Sam's physicians with their test tubes and their anti-toxin always defeat King Plague. They can drive him headlong, shivering and dying, from the blood of human beings, into which a white-clad medical officer has infused a tiny dose of Yersin's anti-toxin. But the anti-toxin must get there before the plague.

The terrific virulence of the bubonic germ, its deadliness to human life and the utter helplessness of the human protoplasm or organism when once its vital element is attacked is simply but startlingly told by the death rate. Among Europeans and Americans the rate of mortality is total. That is, none recover. Occasionally, one here and there out of the thousands may survive, but even in these few isolated instances, physicians prefer to doubt that they ever had the true bubonic plague germ.

Death Rate Appalling. But among the Filipinos one out of four recover. Among the Chinese, however, only every other victim dies. The blood of the Chinaman can better grapple with the bubonic germ because his father and grandfather and many generations back of these have faced and died fighting this dread disease. Hence, the Chinaman's blood inherits certain toxic qualities which counteract the poisonous influences of the germs which swarm in the patient's blood by countless millions. The terrific outbreak of plague and cholera in the Philippines prevented any welcome by the Filipinos to the United States fleet when the great battleship flotilla finally reached Manila Bay. Just what bubonic plague can do to human beings is told in the laconic figures of the History of Medicine.

In 1634 the bubonic plague was endemic; that is, it was world-wide and swept the nations with an awful scourge from China clear to Norway. Nearly a hundred millions are said to have perished. Coming down to more recent periods, when records are, perhaps, more reliable, in 1720 60,000 died in Marseilles in Southern France, nearly one-half of the whole population. In 1770, 90,000 died in Moscow, the ancient capital of Russia. Constantinople has repeatedly been decimated by the plague. In 1893, 150,000 died there; in 1813, 160,000 died under the breath of the plague, which is now causing Russia to tremble and killing thousands, swept like the avenging wrath of a deity over that country and slew no less than three millions of people.

The Task Enormous and Costly. So that it is no ordinary task that Uncle Sam faces when he ventures to hold up a warning hand to King Plague, and undertakes to hold him back in his present attempt to repeat his historic march of death among the inhabitants of the Philippine Islands. The intelligent fighting of the plague, of course, began when the germ was isolated. Yet it was a number of years before the method by which the disease propagates itself was discovered. Bubonic plague, rapidly as it spreads, yet does not spread from one sick man to another. Direct contact is not sufficient to spread the disease. It must enter the human body through the stomach, as in the food or by its most usual route by the flea that lives on the big oriental rat that swarms in China and the Philippines. Hence the slogan of the American physicians fighting the plague in

Manila is:

"Inoculate all suspects who have been near a case of plague."  
"Second, kill all the rats that can be caught in the neighborhood of a known case of bubonic plague."

Flies, Fleas and Rats.

Flies also spread the disease in the same way that the contribute so largely to the spread of typhoid fever, namely, by picking up the germs by walking in filth and flying into human habitations and walking on food material, which is later received into a human stomach. Very simple, of course, but this simple fact solved much of the difficulty in the way of beating King Plague once the scientific men found it out and instructed.

But the rats which carry the infected fleas appear in Manila at any rate to be the pest bearers. It must be remembered that in Manila the disease attacks almost entirely the lower classes. Among the population where personal cleanliness is held next to godliness few cases of the plague occur. Of course, everyone is exposed to the bite of an infected flea while passing near some Chinaman or Filipino, who permits himself to carry about these tiny pests.

As a result of this fact the plague fighters of Uncle Sam in Manila offer rewards for rats, dead or alive, no matter where they are caught. This is to attempt to keep down the number of rodents throughout the Philippines generally. But when a case has developed in a human body, the rat-catchers are sent, wearing badges from the health department, which permit them access to any place and a big rat hunt immediately ensues.

Even before the rat catchers arrive, come the medical men with their anti-toxin, and frequently they are compelled to use force in order to compel the ignorant Chinese and Filipinos to submit to an operation that will practically save their lives. The photograph, showing the physicians injecting the life-saving anti-toxin into the arm of a Chinese, caught in a house where bubonic plague has been found, shows splendidly the sordid surroundings of these natives and the sanitary conditions the medical men must contend against.

The man himself is an emaciated specimen whose body would offer practically no opposition to the venomous bacillus of the plague unless he were treated by the anti-toxin and his blood made alive with the plague germs. Yet even such a poor specimen of a man can be fortified with anti-toxin and can bid defiance to the plague bacillus, where formerly such a case would be absolutely without hope and not worth carrying to a plague hospital.

Affects Men More Than Women. A most curious fact concerning the plague is that in Manila since the United States Government has been keeping records since six men have caught the plague to every woman who has become infected. Much of this is supposed to be due to a more natural cleanliness in habits on the part of women. Still, this seems hard to assume as a fact sufficient to explain the death rate of six men to one woman from bubonic infection.

The swiftest death from plague comes from the pneumonic form, in which the lungs become the infected portion of the body. Death comes to these victims in a few hours at most. The ordinary plague runs about 10 days, and death usually comes from heart failure or exhaustion from lack of nutrition.

Two inoculations of the life-saving serum are necessary before the work seems to be accomplished, and the blood becomes fortified with the anti-toxic principles sufficient to kill every bubonic bacillus that might possibly work its way into the body. The serum comes in glass cylinders and is put into the body by pushing a small glass piston or plunger into the air-tight glass tube containing the anti-toxin.

The enormous amount of work in carrying out the needed precautions against the spread of infection is very strikingly shown by the fact that over 100,000 rats have been caught by the health authorities in Manila in a single month. Thousands more have been poisoned or suffocated in their holes with sulphur fumes. Of course, the fleas die when the bodies of the rats are burnt, as is always done with these rodents.

When Germ was Identified. The germ was first isolated by Kitasato and Yersin in 1894. The sick during the first three or four days of the disease frequently wander about the streets with pale, drawn faces. Their staggering gait would make it suspected that they were drunken men until closer inspection shows their pallid faces, their fever withered lips, and pain-contracted mouths. But all this is now happily avoided when Uncle Sam's nurses and physi-

cians first inoculate with anti-toxin. Of actual cases about one-fifth can be cured. The old Chinese plague hospital has seen some of the most horrible spectacles under the old regime of the Spanish, where myriads died in dirt and agony.

The battle is severe, and recent events show that the men and supplies now on hand are helpless once the giant plague specter really begins himself in the land of the Philippines. It will take \$10,000,000 surely, possibly \$20,000,000, before the work can be considered well in hand.

## THIRTY ANIMALS BURNED IN 'ZOO.'

LONDON, Tuesday.—By a fire which occurred in the Zoological Park, Southport, about thirty animals, including two elephants, were asphyxiated or burned to death. Nothing remains on the site of the building in which the animals were confined but a number of charred upright poles and a smoldering mass of debris.

The gardens are visited by a quarter of a million people each season, and the Zoo was one of the principal attractions. The flames were first observed by a policeman at a little after one o'clock in the morning, and within half an hour, and before the arrival of the firemen, the entire wooden structure which was covered with felting and had recently been tarred, was destroyed. The flames, fanned by the brisk northwest wind, spread very rapidly and when policemen and keepers arrived it was found impossible to rescue the animals.

The valuable collection destroyed comprised: Two elephants, bison, zebu, dromedary, camel, llama, tapir, nyctanantelope, two Shetland ponies, two Nubian goats, two emus, two reas cowas, three alpine deer, fa-tailed sheep, black-headed sheep, axis deer, two black bucks, number of birds.

The female elephant was a splendid Indian specimen, standing 2 feet 6 inches high, and the male elephant, 2 feet smaller, was a trained animal. Apparently the latter had broken loose from its tether at the commencement of the fire, for its partly burned carcass was found lying several feet away from its stall. In her charred condition, her tusks fell away to dust on being touched. The bison was stated to be the only perfect specimen in England. A crane and two eagles were the only creatures to escape, and these were subsequently recaptured.

Though a policeman was the first to observe the fire, the first intimation of the outbreak was given by a little terrier belonging to Mr. Clifton Kidling, manager of the Richmond Hotel, situated within the grounds. He was awakened about one o'clock by his dog scampering up and down the stairs barking, as if he was alarmed, but he paid no attention to it or the loud trumpeting of the imprisoned elephants in their terror until he was called up by the policeman.

Mr. Nathan Yates, the proprietor of the gardens, estimates the total damage at 2,500 pounds, which is partly covered by insurance.

Happily, the other portion of the Zoo, which contained the lions and tigers, was a quarter of a mile distant from the scene of the fire, and quite escaped.

## POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

It's awfully hard for a crooked man to keep in the straight path.

A man may follow his natural bent and yet be perfectly straight.

Probably a fountain pen is so called because it is forever overflowing.

You can flatter a homely man by telling him his baby looks like him.

Many a girl who marries for money doesn't even draw a housekeeper's salary.

If you require food for thought go to the public library and get a free lunch.

But for the mistakes made by great men, history would be awfully uninteresting.

Beauty is only skin-deep, but the skin of a rhinoceros is too deep to show it up to advantage.

And it occasionally happens that after sowing his wild oats a young man reaps a grass widow.

A woman would rather have a man say he loved her and lie about it than have him really love her and say nothing.

A spendthrift, like a buzz saw, scatters lots of dust while running around and has nothing but his board to show for it.

## HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALSH, KEENE & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Boston Transcript says: A Washington state statistician has figured out that if the present nation's apple crop were made into pies and placed side by side, the product would extend 975,000 miles. This would be more than twice the distance to the moon and back again.

## PANDORA RANGE

Train up a girl in the way she should bake, and when she is married she will not depart from it.

"My mother taught me how to bake, and told me why she always used a McClary Range."

"Now I have a 'Pandora', and, as with mother, my troubles are few. After fire is started, I simply bring thermometer to desired heat and leave the oven in charge of the baking. It's built for faithful service."

"While housewives with other ranges are poking fire and changing dampers, I sit and read the 'Joy of Living'."

McClary's

London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, N.B., Hamilton, Chicago.

B. F. MALTBY, Local Agt.

## Has Flour Any Flavor?

Some flour has almost none at all, or a very disagreeable flavor, because it is destroyed by the electrical bleaching process. But "North West

Gem" isn't bleached in that way. Our process of purification is entirely new and much more thorough and effective. The result is that "North West Gem" has the fine, full,

delicious flavor possessed by the choicest No. 1 hard Manitoba spring wheat, specially milled and purified by the best experts of the flour rank. Makes the tastiest bread—try it.

"NORTH WEST GEM" BRANT-WOOD FLOUR MILLS, Limited, Brantford, Canada.

## Hewson Tweeds

PURE WOOL. To procure the best quality of color in Hewson pure wool Tweeds we have found it necessary to buy the most expensive dyes. Not only that, but the materials must be dyed by a special process, which is more costly, but which produces rich colors that are absolutely fast. Hewson Tweeds will not fade not even under the searching rays of the strong summer sun. Yes, sir! it pays to buy Tweeds trade-marked with the Hewson oval. HEWSON WOOLEN MILLS, AMHERST, N. S. Also makers of Hewson Unshrinkable Underwear.



## AT McLEOD'S Fashionable Tailoring Establishment

We have opened a fine lot of Black, Blue and Brown, and fancy Suits for Fall and Winter; also Over Coating; which we make up in good style and at Reasonable Prices.

We make Ladies' Coats also Fur Coats Altered and Repaired S. McLEOD, Carter Block

## Harness Waggon Farm Machinery

Our stock in the above articles is now complete. Anyone wishing an up-to-date turnout should give us a call.

## Blacksmith Work of all Kinds

F. H. Gough Newcastle.