

Farm for Sale

The fine farm property owned by the late Howard Bligh, known as the Coleman Farm, situated about One-half mile East of Kinman's Corner, 8 1/2 acres, fine meadow. Farm cuts 50 to 60 tons hay, 1450 apple trees, 450 in full bearing the other 1000 bearing this year, H. Guse and barns. This farm will be sold cheap in order to close the estate. If necessary half of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. For further particulars apply to

Howard Bligh & Sons, Ltd, of Halifax.

Monuments

Nictaux New Brunswick and Aberdeen Granite.

Cemetery Work Lettering, Etc., Promptly Attended to

A. A. Rottler Kentville

Fertilizer

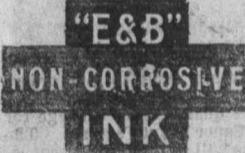
It is hard to make most of the farmers realize that there is a great possibility of them not being able to get what commercial fertilizer they will require this spring. But never the less it is an absolute fact and the wise farmer will take home his fertilizer soon. As if you wait till spring you may not be able to get any. As even now it is a very hard to get what you want as transportation is so bad we have only a few more cars of Basic Slag to sell.

C. O. COOK & SON, Waterville

Farmer's LOOK HERE!

It is a positive fact that there will be a great advance in haying machinery before July 1st. We sell the famous Frost and Wood Mower with 3 1/2, 4, 4 1/2, 5 and 6 feet cutting bar, also the Tiger Self Dumping Rakes, 8, 9, and 10 feet wide, which any boy who can drive a horse can operate. Hay Tedders and Loaders. We have a limited number of Cultivators and weeders. So place your orders early and Save Money. Extra repair parts always on hand.

F. G. NEWCOMBE & SON



PI-N POINTS STAY SMOOTH

Used Only in Non-corrosive Inks Ask Your Dealer. Verrell & Barron Co.

A FISHING PROCLAMATION.

An old Highland fishing proclamation was read by the Rev. Percy Coats at a meeting of the Lunenburg Fishery Board at Lancaster. The proclamation read as follows:—"This shall be a proclamation of Her Grace the Duke of Argyll: If any man be found fishing in the loch, on the loch, around the loch, through the loch afoor the Loch, or hinder the loch, his neck shall be broken in twelve places, and if he shall hereafter offend he shall be persecuted wif far war persecution, for he shall be burned and hanged. By all the laws of the Europes of Scotland and Her Grace the Duke of Argyll."

HISTORY HOME RULE MOVEMENT.

STARTED BY LSAAC BUTT 48 YEARS AGO.

- 1870—Isaac Butt became leader of the movement for Irish Home Rule.
1878—Leadership of the movement passed to Charles Stuart Parnell.
1882—Negotiations between Parnell and Gladstone halted by the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Under Secretary Burke, in Phoenix, Dublin.
1886—Gladstone introduced his first Home Rule bill, and it was rejected by thirty votes.
1893—Gladstone succeeded in having his second Home Rule bill passed by the House of Commons, only to have it killed in the House of Lords.
1893—Several succeeding attempts to bring about the enactment of bills to establish self-government in Ireland met with failure, but with each attempt the movement became stronger.
1905—Redmond's motion for consideration of Home Rule defeated in the House of Commons by fifty votes.
1907—Government presented a Home Rule bill. Convention of Irishmen at Dublin rejected it unanimously and the ministry dropped it.
1908—Redmond's motion for a consideration of Home Rule was carried by 156. No further action taken.
1911—Parliament passed an act abolishing the absolute veto power of the Lords.
1912—New Home Rule bill introduced in the House of Commons.
1913—Bill passed the third reading in January by 110 votes. Rejected by the House of Lords.
1913—Introduced a second time in April and passed in July by the Commons by 109 votes. Lords again rejected it.
1914—Passed the House of Commons for the third time on May 25.
1914—Signed by King George V. on Sept 18, and went on statute books.
1915—Application of Home Rule held up pending agreement of the Irish parties.
1916—Rising in Dublin and martial law declared throughout the Island. Arrest and execution of Sir Roger Casement and other revolutionists.
1917—Irish Nationalists in House of Commons presented a resolution calling for the immediate application of the Home Rule law. The Government replied that Home Rule would not be forced upon Ulster.
1918—Premier Lloyd George announced the intention of the Government to apply conscription to Ireland and to grant the immediate application of the Home Rule law.

HANTS CO. PRIZE COW GIVES BIRTH TO THREE CALVES

A most unusual incident occurred on the farm of Wm. O'Brien & Sons, Windsor Forks, Friday last when a prize Hereford gave birth to three fine calves.

It is said that Wm. O'Brien & Sons of this County are the owners of the finest herd of Hereford Cattle in Eastern Canada, at least the exhibition awards would give us that impression.

This cow with her offspring won the sweepstakes at the Prov. Exhibition last year. She is seven years of age. Her three calves are in perfect health, of uniform size and carry similar markings.

Hundreds of people have visited the O'Brien farm within the past few days for the purpose of gazing upon this proud mother who is doing her share in the matter of increased beef production.

We think this incident gives Hants Co., the right to state that a new Canadian Record in Beef Production has been established.—Hants Journal.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN IS DRAFTED.

Famous Film Comedian to Be Called in U. S. in June.

NEW YORK, April 15—News despatches received here from Los Angeles, Cal., this afternoon, state that Charlie Chaplin film comedian, has been drafted and will be called to the colors some time in June. The news following so closely upon his appearance in this city, with Douglas Fairbanks, with whom he is touring the country in behalf of the Liberty Loan, caused a stir in theatrical and moving picture circles.

Although Chaplin is a British subject, it is understood he will waive his rights as a citizens of

Great Britain and don the uniform of the United States army for service in Europe. Owing to the comedian's absence from the city on a speaking tour, verification of the report was not obtained.

In a speech from the steps of the sub-Treasury soon after the Third Liberty Loan campaign opened, Chaplin was quoted as saying that owing to an incurable physical disability he was ineligible for army service, but that his heart and soul were with the cause of the Allies.

CANADA FOOD BOARD EDUCATIONAL DIVISION.

Weekly Editorial.

April 12th, 1918.

Willful waste of any food or food products or waste resulting from carelessness or from imperfect storage facilities, has been made illegal and subject to penalties by Order of the Canada Food Board. By the terms of this Order, responsibility is laid upon private citizens to see that no food is lost by being kept too long or kept in improper conditions. If a private citizen has reason to believe that a cold storage warehouse, store, restaurant or hotel is wasting food in any way, he has now the opportunity of making a complaint to the municipal authorities with the knowledge that the law is behind him. At a time like this, when food is so scarce in the world and so high in price even in Canada where comparative abundance still prevails, it is the positive duty of the private citizen to uphold the law against waste and to carry out the full spirit of the law in his own household and in his own daily routine.

In the past it has been the habit of many people to complain bitterly about lack of regulations in regard to waste and to lay responsibility upon Dominion Government. The constant remark was "Why does not the Government do something?" The cold storage in some far off city like Winnipeg would develop some imperfection and some thousands of pounds of food would be spoiled, then immediately would arise the question "Why does not the Government do something?" The fact that local initiative might "do something" was slow to occur to many good people. The new order against waste makes it abundantly clear that the Government has "done something." It has, in fact, done all it could without creating special and expensive machinery to do more. It has followed the principle of local enforcement and the decentralization of authority. It has provided stiff fines for those who break the law against waste of food and it has provided that prosecutions be undertaken by local officers. Thus, if the municipal health inspector or any municipal officer discovers waste in a local cold storage warehouse, he lays the charge before a police magistrate or two justices of the peace and, securing a conviction, secures one-half the fine for his municipality. Similarly in the case of a provincial officer: se-

curing a conviction. The penalties are fairly stiff ones. The fines being limited to a 1000 with the alternative of imprisonment up to the months. If circumstances warrant it and wastefulness by neglect be flagrant, both fine and imprisonment may be imposed.

Further, if local authorities learn that food is being held when it should be sold for fear of spoiling, they have only to notify the Canada Food Board. The Board is in its turn, authorized to notify the offender that the goods must be immediately sold and in default of obedience, the Board itself may step in and seize the goods and sell them.

Most people in this country realize that there is a great war raging and that people on whom the world depends are in danger of starvation. Some few apparently do not. This new law will do much to teach them.

TYPICAL SERENITY.

Most residents of London have come to take air raids very coolly. During the latest German visit, a British 3-inch gun, mounted on an automobile truck, took up its position in a fashionable residential district, directly in front of the house of a wealthy banker. The banker stood the racket of the barrage-fire for some time and then walked out in the street and said to an officer in charge of the gun:—

"I say, would you mind taking that thing a little farther down the street. We don't like the row and it is fairly shaking our walls."

The young lieutenant was nonplussed for a moment, but recovered in time to flash back a reply: "Look here, do you take this for a blooming burdy-gurdy?"

Milnard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

SAYS GERMANY IS HARD PRESSED FOR MEN.

NEW YORK, April 16—Germany is so hard pressed for manpower that permanently disabled soldiers are retained in the army and cripples are called to the colors. This statement was made in the Reichstag by Deputy Ryssel, an Independent Socialist on February 23 according to the Berlin Vorwaerts, received here. Other deputies also laid bare sensational conditions prevailing in the German Army.

Milnard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.



Get these dainty aluminum Jelly Moulds FREE

THIS chance to get a complete set of six different aluminum jelly moulds free will be eagerly grasped by up-to-date hostesses. First: because the moulds are made of aluminum, recognized to be the world's best material for cooking utensils. Second: because the moulds are in the fashionable individual sizes and every one a different shape.

But this offer is only good for a short time. It's simply our quick way of introducing Shirriff's Jelly. We give you the moulds as an inducement to try Shirriff's Jelly at once.

Just go to your grocer and purchase three packages. He will give you three moulds free. Or six moulds—the complete set—with six packages. Six packages simply provide a nice assortment of flavors,

enabling you to provide a variety of desserts. Can be served plain, with whipped cream, or in combination with fresh or canned fruits.

Your grocer is probably displaying Shirriff's Jelly and the moulds in his window. Call or phone him at once.

Don't miss this opportunity to add these six dainty and stylishly designed jelly moulds to your collection of aluminum ware.

10c. a package, 3 for 25c. 6 for 50c. 107

Shirriff's Jelly

