BOVRIL

IS A SIMPLE. NATURAL FOOD

BOVRIL is the simplest of foods, for it is just the concentrated goodness of Prime Beef ...

that whatever diet is in the grain when it reaches Liverpood was in it when it passed out of the terminal elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur

The Minnesota Report

It has been given in evidence before this committee that a commission ap-pointed by the North Dakota legislature pointed by the North Dakota legislature to investigate conditions at the terminals of Minneapolis and Doloth has reported that Dakota wheat is reduced in value from 5 to 8 cents a louded by improper practices at those terminals. There is a feeling of injustice in the minds of farmers and millers that they do not receive fair treatment from the terminal elevators at the lake front, and the fact that similar conditions exist at Duluth and Fort William and Port Arthur, where the terminals are operated under similar. and Fort William and Fort Arthur, where the terminals are operated under similar conditions and largely by the same in-terests, clearly indicates that the public interest demands that a radical change be made in their operation.

The Contentious Clauses

made in their operation

That is the intent of these two clauses now under consideration. It is becoming more and more recognized by those who are interested in the handling of grain, other than the beneficiaries of the present system, that in order that the public interest may be properly afecuarded terminal elevators must be separated from the control of grain clealers.

Apart from the evidence presented by those who operate the terminal elevators, the only substantial objection to the passing of the clauses is the fear that hampering the operation of the terminals would have a tendency to divert Canadian orgain to Linted States channels in the event of free trade in wheat between the two countries. In my judgment the beat preventative to that occurrence would be to maintain the integrity of the Canadian wheat certificate so that wheat having the Canadian certificate would be sought after by British and continental importers as well as by Luited States millers east of the lakes. Manitoba sheat has for some time been worth 5 or 6 cents per bushel more in Great Britain than Duluth wheat of similar grade. The Dakota commission stated that United States millers can of the lakes would pay 5 to 8 cents more for Dakota wheat if they could get it in its purity. Mixing wheat of different grades adds nothing to its intrinsic value, and the only man who gets a profit out of mixing is the man who does it.

Manitoba Wheat Preferred

Manitoba Wheat Preferred
The inference clearly is that United
States millers in territory tributory to
Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland or Buffalo
would give a preference for Manitoba
hard wheat ex Fort William under proper
terminal arrangements, as against Duluth
wheat under conditions such as now
obtain at that point. With proper
terminal protection at Fort William and
Port Arthur, the only danger of our wheat
bound for points each of the lakes being
diverted from the Canadian route, would
be undue freight charges. There is
concensus of opinion that a sample
market established in Winnipeg would be
in the interests of the grain producers
In my judgment, that, however, can only
be made effective by permitting dealers
special binning privileges in terminals

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE

so as to preserve the sidenty of their purchases on the sample market. I santod conceive of a purchases on a sample market storing his gain in a special bin in an elevator operated by his competition. The rick would be tree great—his economic than so desired and same pot him out of business. The only effective special bosoning privilege that could be recursed anoth he in government owned terminal elevators.

Let me again point out that objection to the charges as now in the hill has only rouse from two sources, and from interests representing only themselves. That is, the alevator operators, two railway companies, and the boards of trade of Fort William and Port Arthur, none of whom hairs any interest in the grain excepting what they make not of it in transit. On the other hand, you have had representatives of the Grain Growers and the "millers. The fact is that all who have to do gith the handling of Western grain excepting the terminal elevators poperators, are emphatically opposed to the continuance of the present system of terminal elevators then goverated by grain dealers. The purpose of the charges in the remnate that objection able condition, and in so far as the operation of the charge in they were made law would affect any other interest than the terminal elevators, they could be amended to that end. I submit therefore:

Conclusions

First, that it never was intended by the government or parliament that the terminal elevators should be anything other than purely warehouses for storing grain, and that the present interests who operate the terminals in conjunction with interior elevators obtained the rights that they now demand should be maintained by evading the provisions of the Grain Act, and that these two clauses are intended to place the terminal elevators in the portion that they people of Canada, as represented in parliament, intended that they should be.

Second, that a continuance of the same interests purchasing grain in the interior and operating terminal elevators is destroying vested interests in the grain trade in Western Canada, and further, that it is rapidly developing into a monopoly of grain handling.

Third, that the people of the Prairie Provinces, recognizing the tendency towards a monopoly on the hondling of their products have at heavy expense undertaken enterpress that are intended to remove the hondling of grain from the combination that is leading towards monopoly. The chief obstacle in the way of their accomplishing that end is the provinces, both household to remove the incultion of grain from the combination that is leading towards monopoly. The chief obstacle in the way of their accomplishing that end is the provinces, both household for the grain dealers. Further, the people of the Western provinces, both houses from their chief product by freeing the terminal elevators from the control of the grain dealers. Further, the people of the Western provinces, both houses soon and Grain futures are so seared of the loss that is sustained in the marketing of our wheat through the manipulation of grain and the exporting of grain not up to the requirements of the inspection act, together with the controlling of prices by a combination of terminal and interior elevator operators, that nothing short of the complete separation of those interests and the taking over of the terminal elevators has been made. The government th

COMPANY INCORPORATED

Guide Special Correspondence).
Ottawa, March 31. The full incorporating the Grain Growers' Grain
Co. was passed by the senate today,
and will now go to the House of Commons
for final approval. The full was considered in detail by the banking and
commerce committee of the Senate,
and some slight changes were made
which, however, did not materially
affect the powers of the company.

Five Features

THEY ARE THE STRENGTH OF THE COMPANY

THE PROMINENCE OF THE COMPANY

THE PROFIT PAYING POWER OF THE COMPANY

THE ECONOMY OF THE COMPANY

THE POPULARITY OF THE COMPANY

All these points are of personal contern to those looking for THE BEST to Life Personant. PARTITIONS.

Great-West Life Assurance Company

Stockmen & Farmers Read This

CREDIT SALE

JAMES WILSON, Proprietor

Don't Forget Date

MR. MACLENNAN RESIGNS

MR. MACLENNAN RESIGNS
On Friday, March 31, F. B. Marleman, who has been a member of the
Manutola elevator commission since its
appointment last July, terminated his
connection with that hody. This followed the recent cut in salaries. Mr.
Maclennan's salety was cut from 88,000
per annum to 84,000.

When approached by The Guide the
retring commissioner said that the best
statement he could give of his reasons
for leaving the employ of the government
was his resignation, which was as follows:

"As apparently the government cannot
continue arrangements to my satisfaction,
and have suggested a reduction in salary,
which I cannot possibly consider, I
herewith tender my resignation in connection with the Manitola elevator
commission, same to become effective
forthwith."

Mr. Maclennan intimated that 'ar-

nection with the comme effective forthwith."

Mr. Maclennan intimated that 'arrangements' had been made that he could not possibly submit to in justice to himself and the shippers of grain. "When I accepted the appointment on the Manitoba elevator commission, he said, "it was the understanding between me and both the officers of the government and the Grain Growers, that just as soon as things were not to my satisfaction. I would immediately resign. Up to a few weeks ago things went all right, but since then I have seen that they could not continue so, so I sent in my resignation."

CANADIAN FARM BALLOT

The post card ballot on the reciprocity question, being conducted by the Canadian Farm, of Toronto, shows up to last week 1,399 votes in favor of the agreemen and 788 against.

While a young chap was walking along a business street with a very pretty girl, he happened to glance into a couple of windows where the latest styles of men's overcoats and suits were, displayed. The girl noticed it. She stopped and exclaimed, "What a dandy overcoat Why don't you get one of those, Boh? You'd look fine inside of that."

She looked at everything in that window and the young chap was delighted at her interest in men's clothes. "You're all right, Grace," said he. "That's what I like about you. Most gris would rather look at lingerie waists than at a man's overcoat and suits." The girl laughed. "Well, Boh," said she, to be perfectly honest, the mirrors in that window are something to cry for. I was trying to see if my hat was on straight."

GIRLS! THIS WATCH GUARANTEED SEVEN YEARS

