

SEE
MANCHESTER'S
Advt. on Page 8

VOL. 7, NO. 175,

ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1907

LATEST WEATHER REPORT

FAIR and MILD

ONE CENT.

The Star

Cyphers' Incubators

Contain all the Latest and Best Features known in the Construction of Hatching Machines.

If you think of entering the poultry business see our line before purchasing, and rest assured it is better doing your business with a responsible local house than by mail with a concern hundreds of miles away.

ALSO—Brooders, and a full line of poultry supplies, including foods.

If you cannot call send for Catalogue.

W. H. THORNE & Co. Ltd,
Market Square, St. John, N. B.

House Cleaning Time

the back-breaking time for the cleanly house-wife, is made easier by the use of

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

Paint saves half the labor of house cleaning. Painted wood-work is easier to clean than unpainted wood-work. It doesn't collect as much dirt, and what dirt it does collect comes off easier. Paint this year and you'll have less work next year.

The Sherwin-Williams Family Paint in small cans meets the hundred and one demands for a little paint about the house. Dries quickly. The girls can apply it. Can be scrubbed. Color cards for the asking.



Emerson & Fisher, Ltd
25 GERMAIN STREET.

FOR THE LADIES:

We have just received our order of Ladies' Silk and Lawn Waists. To start we will sell them at a low rate.
Ladies' Lawn Waist, regular 75c, now 56c; Ladies' Lawn Waist, regular \$1, now 76c; Ladies' Lawn Waist, regular \$1.45, now \$1.10; Ladies' Silk Waist, regular \$2.50, now \$2.75. We also carry a full line of Ready-to-Wear Skirts and Coats at a low price.

J. ASHKINS, 655 Main St. Opp. Long Wharf. Open Evenings.

MINK TIES

To Replace Your Heavy Wraps.

Special Prices.

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block, 539 Main St., N. E.

It's A Fact!

We will sell more style, more quality of fabric, and give a better fit in each garment for the price consideration than any other house in town.

Our \$10 Suits are the Best value you can find. Come in and see for yourself. You will receive courteous service, and will not be under the slightest obligation to buy.

American Clothing House,
11-15 Charlotte St.

REMEMBER--

That we have 200 SAMPLES OF CURTAINS, also 50 REMNANTS OF CARPETS. Would be very suitable for Mats. We will start to sell them Friday, 9 a. m. Come early and get your choice.

PARISIAN STORE, 47 Brussels Street. A. TANZMAN, Proprietor.

Store open till 8 Tonight. St. John, N. B., April 4th, 1907.

NO RISK IN BUYING YOUR SPRING SUIT HERE!

The average man in buying clothing must depend upon the store he buys from for value. If our store has gained a reputation for anything it is for giving values, truthful statements and honest dealing, every article sold is guaranteed to give satisfaction. In case anything should go wrong at any time we will cheerfully make it right. Buy your Spring Suit here and you'll get value and style.

Men's S. B. Suits at \$3.95, 5, 6, 7, 8.75, 10 to \$20
Men's D. B. Suits, at \$5, 7.50, 8.75, 10, 12 to \$18

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing and Furnishings, 199 to 207 Union St.

DECLARE THE CHARGES TO BE ABSOLUTELY FALSE.

Managers of St. Lawrence Hall Make a Sworn Statement Relating to Accusations Against Hon. Mr. Emerson

MONTREAL, April 4.—Managers Brown and Mr. Humphrey, of the St. Lawrence Hall, have made the following affidavit and had it published in the local papers—
"As the name of our Hall has been mentioned in connection with the accusations recently made against the Hon. Mr. Emerson, we wish to make a formal declaration that during the twenty years of our acquaintance with him, the Hon. Mr. Emerson has never been turned from the floor of the St. Lawrence Hall under any pretext of any kind whatever. This accusation is absolutely false and begins to end in so far as it concerns us.
W. H. BROWN,
Manager of St. Lawrence Hall.
JOHN HUMPHREY,
St. Lawrence Hall."

TO IMPORT LABORERS FOR CAPE BRETON MINES

Present Trouble May be Ended by the Employment of Immigrants to be Brought Out by the C. P. R.

SYDNEY, N. S., April 3.—It is understood that the Dominion Coal Company has completed, or are entering upon a contract with the Canadian Pacific Railway for the importation of labor for the United Kingdom. The Coal Company are to pay a stated sum per capita for labor landed in Glace Bay. The immigrants are to be of a superior class, and adapted for the company's work in Cape Breton. The first batch will probably arrive shortly, although negotiations to date have been going on for some time, and long before the first opening was thought of. It is believed that this contract will have a determining influence upon the settlement of the labor problem now being confronted.

FRENCH PAPERS PUBLISH THE VATICAN ARCHIVES

Documents Seized in France are Being Given Wide Publicity—Politics and Religion Mixed

PARIS, April 4.—The publication of the document seized at the Vatican by the French government, at the time the secretary, Mgr. Montagniny, was expelled from the Vatican, continues to attract little notice. The document, which is believed to be the Vatican's reply to the Pope's refusal to accept the law of association, and which was published by the Matin, is being published in various papers. The document is believed to be a confidential letter in which Mgr. Montagniny informs Cardinal Merry del Val that he thinks he can obtain certain documents that gravely compromise members of the ministry, especially M. Pelletan and M. Delcasse, referring particularly to letters showing that M. Delcasse was forced by the "Grand Orient" to arrange President Loubet's trip to Rome as a preliminary to the rupture.

The documents published by the Matin refer principally to the close relations between M. Prou and the Vatican as shown by the fact that the former submitted all his political acts for the approval of the Pope. Another report published by the Matin deals with the formation of a Catholic syndicate with a capital of \$200,000 provided by the Liberal League, which bought the Presse. The Matin publishes a confidential letter in which Mgr. Montagniny informs Cardinal Merry del Val that he thinks he can obtain certain documents that gravely compromise members of the ministry, especially M. Pelletan and M. Delcasse, referring particularly to letters showing that M. Delcasse was forced by the "Grand Orient" to arrange President Loubet's trip to Rome as a preliminary to the rupture.

The death of Mrs. Margaret Dean, widow of Thomas Dean, occurred at her late residence, Garden street, this morning. Several children survive. They are Mrs. W. H. Handford of Boston, Mrs. Geo. Miller of Moncton, Mrs. A. B. Fowler of this city, Miss Edith Dean, residing at home; P. H. Dean of South Dakota, and Thomas J. Dean of this city.

MEMBERS OF TEMPERANCE FEDERATION THINK THEY WERE NOT KINDLY TREATED.

TWENTY BURNED TO DEATH IN SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.

At a meeting of the executive of the New Brunswick Temperance Federation, held last evening, the following statements were adopted and ordered to be made public—
"This meeting of the executive of the N. B. Temperance Federation has had before it the answer of the premier, the Hon. Wm. Pugsley, in the House of Assembly, to a question of Mr. R. Maxwell, regarding the government's answer to the request for the passing of a prohibitory law, at the present session of the house. The Federation would place on record the several steps taken by it—
On February 7th the deputation met with the government at St. John and were promised an answer in a few days, and on asking how long that meant, the premier answered, probably within ten days. Mr. Tweede continued in office for over ten days after this, but no answer was given. We waited until March 9th, and then the attention of the Hon. Mr. Pugsley was called to the fact that our request for a prohibitory law, our complaint against the government officials had not been replied to. The premier replied on March 12th, and closed by saying "you may expect an answer in the course of a few days."
Weeks passed without the reply and Mr. Maxwell a member of our executive, was requested to ask the question in the house. The premier's answer is that "the trusts he will be able to do so shortly, perhaps not before the close of the session, but very soon afterwards."
The Federation does not consider the government's answer at all satisfactory as to the reasons for not carrying out the promise to the Federation made by both premiers.
The delay in answering the request until after the session closes, is a direct refusal of the Federation's request for a law at the present session. The Federation does not consider the government's course as marked by reasonable courtesy. If after promising an answer there were reasons why the twice made promise could not be carried out, the persons to whom the promise was made were reasonably entitled to a statement of the difficulty in the way.
2. In respect to this statement of the Premier, "that no complaints have been made to the government respecting the Inspector or commissioners of St. John," the Federation expresses both amazement and regret. At the

THREE HUNDRED HOUSES DESTROYED IN BITLIS

And Many Others Damaged in the Recent Earthquakes—Twenty-Eight Shocks Were Felt

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 4.—The following despatch was received here today from Rev. R. M. Cole, head of the American mission at Bitlis.
"At ten o'clock in the forenoon of March 29, there burst upon us unannounced the worst earthquake in forty years in these parts. At first it seemed as if the city was in the grip of some monster who had shaken us as a man might shake his game. Down came houses, cracks were opened in strong walls, roofs were shattered, and rain poured in. During the first day there were fourteen shocks and they still continue. There have been altogether twenty-eight shocks. Of the 4000 houses here over three hundred have fallen and half the remainder have been seriously damaged, about fifty dollars to five hundred dollars being needed to repair each house. The official report that eight persons were killed by falling walls, but they are all unknown in Bitlis.
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YOUNG PEOPLE KILLED AT RAILWAY CROSSING

AMESBURY, Mass., April 3.—Miss Carrie Dow, of Newburyport, was instantly killed and her companion, John H. Robinson, of Newburyport, very seriously injured in a grade crossing accident at Rocky Hill, on the Amesbury branch of the Boston and Maine R. R. tonight. Robinson and Miss Dow were on their way from Newburyport to Amesbury and were driving over the Rocky Hill crossing of the Boston and Maine tracks at Elmstree, when their carriage was struck by a passenger train. Miss Dow was killed instantly and her body, badly mangled, carried 100 feet along the track, while Robinson was thrown to one side of the track and sustained internal injuries.
Robinson was removed to the Homeopathic Hospital. His chances of recovery are considered slight. The horse which was killed and the carriage demolished.
Miss Dow was 15 years old, the daughter of David Dow, a shoe-maker. Robinson was employed in a Newburyport shoe factory. He is 17 years old.

RAILROAD RATE WAR APPEARS PROBABLE

Unless American and Canadian Lines Give Up the Readjustment Idea

CHICAGO, April 4.—A freight rate war between American and Canadian lines for the Atlantic seaboard route from their announced intention to apply the same basic rates via Atlantic ports as now prevail via lake and rail lines, through Lake Erie ports to Chicago. The transportation committee of the Chicago Commercial Association has entered a protest against this action, as it will be detrimental to Chicago commercial interests. The expressed intention of the ocean and rail lines via Atlantic and apply the same rate via either route. This will prove advantageous to Chicago shippers as ocean rail lines via Norfolk and Newport News practically are as fast as the rail line. The reduction of rates to all portions of the country south and the rates to Chicago remaining steadfast will have the effect of giving other commercial centers an advantage over Chicago they do not now enjoy.

EXPECT PARLIAMENT TO PROROGUE ABOUT APRIL 20th

Members Gave the Ministers a Send-off Today—More Pay for Postmasters.

OTTAWA, April 4.—In the commons this morning a bill was introduced to provide for criminal trials in unorganized districts. The postmaster general announced that the government was considering proposals to increase the pay of postmasters. Mr. Monk moved that Mr. Beddoe, accountant of the interior department, be brought to the bar and asked who were the agents in Europe for the North Atlantic Trading Company, a question he had refused to answer to the agricultural committee. Mr. Oliver said this was the matter which had really been disposed of a year ago and while it looked like a censure on an official, it was a censure on the government. He refused to accept the motion.
There was a Liberal caucus this morning to say good-bye to Laurier, Brodeur and Borden, who left the house at noon and will go to the conference, sailing from St. John tomorrow. It is expected the session will close about the 20th.
The C. P. R. steamer Montford arrived in port about noon today from Bristol and docked at Sand Point. She has a good general cargo on board.
Our success was the result of hard work, careful planning, good advertising, and unmatchable values.—Chas. A. Stevens & Bros., Chicago.

BEHRING SEA TUNNEL NOT WANTED BY RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, April 4.—The cabinet yesterday rejected a proposal made on behalf of an agrarian syndicate for the construction of a railroad tunnel under Behring Straits, by which it was hoped ultimately to connect the trans-Siberian with the Canadian Pacific Railroad.
The scheme for a tunnel under Behring Straits and an all-rail route between America and Europe has been under consideration for some time and the matter has been pressed in Russia by Baron de Lobel, who represented the American Trans-Alaskan-Siberian Company. A year ago despatches from St. Petersburg said the Russian government was disposed to consider the plan favorably.

At a Meeting Held Last Evening a Lengthy Reply Was Prepared to Premier Pugsley's Recent Statement at Fredericton.

meeting with the government on Feb. 7th, a written statement setting forth that they had made representations to the Liquor License Commissioners in St. John, and offers of aid and evidence were given and statements of violations of the law were made with offers to prove them, but that so far as we know, no action has been taken. This was supplemented by a verbal statement as to the character of the evidence. We offered to prove to the government the rest of our complaints. That the Hon. Mr. Pugsley then understood that we had made complaints is clear from his indignant enquiry as to why we had not made the complaints earlier, and had we done so, said he, it would have at once been enquired into. In the conversation regarding the Federation's action, we stated that it was the general opinion in St. John that the officials were enforcing the act as well as the government wished it done and that they were really responsible for its not being carried out. The newspapers at the time published the report of the meeting and said we had made a complaint. The Inspector, in two St. John papers, published his defense against our complaints, proving our statements by his own words, but saying that he was not afraid of the government taking action in the matter. As late as March 8th, the Premier's attention was called to the memorial containing the complaints and he promised a reply in a few days. The above facts all make it impossible for us to be satisfied with the answer made by the Premier in the house.
3.—In publishing this statement the Federation would desire to express its conviction that no measure before the House is of more importance to the country than the question submitted by us to the government. We feel ourselves in duty bound to those who interest us are representing, to present these facts in full to the public for their intelligent judgment and for the decision. The electors irrespective of party will eventually have to decide this matter, and we leave it in their hands assured that the many counties in this province which have adopted the Scott Act, will not for all time continue to allow the license law to be a covering from under which the Scott Act is made easy to be violated and that a province which by a large majority voted for prohibition will not allow their wishes much longer to be overridden by any political party.

LUNACY COMMISSION WILL REPORT TODAY.

NEW YORK, April 4.—With today the Thaw case enters upon its final stage. The commission in lunacy appointed by Justice Fitzgerald to inquire into the present mental condition of the young man who shot Stanford White, has completed its work and will report this morning to the court. If the commission finds that Thaw is competent to realize the character of the proceedings against him and capable of consulting his lawyers the trial will go on. If, on the other hand, the commission reports that the defendant is insane, he will be committed to an asylum. In any event the most fateful day in Thaw's history cannot be very far distant. If he is declared sane District Attorney Jerome will find himself rather peculiarly placed. He will have to prosecute Thaw to the end, despite the fact that he believes him a paranoiac and so expressed himself in the court-room.
So convinced are Thaw's lawyers that the trial will be resumed from the point where it was so abruptly stopped owing to Mr. Jerome's statements as to Thaw's mental condition, that Delphin M. Delmas, Thaw's senior counsel, put in a hard day's work yesterday in his office upon his address to the jury. When the commission first met it was stipulated among counsel that should it declare Thaw sane no more witnesses would be called and Mr. Delmas would sum up. The end of the commission's work brought much relief to Thaw, his wife and family, his counsel, and to Mr. Jerome. The last mentioned person has devoted his days and many of his nights to the case for ten weeks and he sees at last an end of his labors. When Thaw's ordeal was over Daniel O'Reilly, one of his counsel, joked with him about it and the prisoner was so elated over what he believed had been a successful test of his mentality that he replied that he was to undergo another like it.
In anticipation of a verdict by the commission in lunacy, which has been inquiring into the present mental state of Harry K. Thaw, a large crowd gathered at the criminal courts building today.
The commission sat until late last night considering the evidence adduced before it by District Attorney Jerome and counsel for the defense. It was reported early today that there had been a division of sentiment in the council, the two lay members, Messrs.

ORANGE GRAND LODGE

NEWCASTLE, N. B., April 4.—Seventy-seven delegates registered at the Orange Grand Lodge last night. Some thirty came this morning.
Reports from County Masters indicate a general increase in membership. Four hundred initiations took place last year. A committee appointed by this Grand Lodge to confer with similar committees from P. E. Island and Nova Scotia concerning Maritime Provinces Orange Orphan's Home, reported progress and were continued in office. The question of financial aid to the proposed institution was handed to the finance committee and will come up this afternoon again. Victoria County Lodge was granted permission to change the time of meeting. No appeals were reported from Grand Lodges decisions.

MOROCCAN REBELS DEFEATED THE TROOPS

TANGIER, April 4.—A son of Gen. Dabiri, governor of the Spanish fortresses of Alhucemas, on the Moroccan coast, was recently defeated and captured by tribesmen at Devasa, Morocco. Some soldiers in the service of the rebel leader Joghli came up during the disturbance and made every-day prisoners. The Spanish general in command at Mellilla is making representations to Roghi for the release of the prisoners, but so far without success.