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RHEUMATISM

MANY CHARGES
FELL THROUGH

Progress of the East Lambton Election Trial.

Liberals Already Congratulating Mr. Pettipiece, the Sitting Member, on the Result.

Winnipeg, Oct. 6.—The trial of the East Lambton election petition began before Mr. Justice Osler and Mr. Justice Ferguson at the court house here Tuesday afternoon. The Conservative petitioners had formulated 57 charges against Mr. H. J. Pettipiece, the sitting member, and when court rose comparatively small progress had been made. Mr. Pettipiece was represented by Messrs. A. B. Aylesworth, Q.C., and Mr. R. A. Grant, while Messrs. Wallace Nesbitt, W. D. McPherson, of Toronto, and W. E. Fitzgerald, of Watford, looked after the petitioner's case. After the argument by counsel, Mr. Nesbitt then added the name of John Adam Govenlock, of Boeshaquet township, as joint petitioner.

In charges 9 and 10 it was sought to show that Allan Cameron and Robert Douglas, college students, of Toronto, had been induced to vote by being given railway tickets to Watford, but Mr. Justice Ferguson made the statement that the evidence of the two witnesses had not proved agency.

Charge 35 was to the effect that on election day, Samuel Dew, Forest, had been given a load of cordwood by Montague Smith, the president of the local Reform organization. Witness Dew swore that he had been seen by Mr. Pettipiece, who had been with him on the morning of election day. Mr. Montague Smith had also canvassed him.

"Did you get a load of wood that day?" asked Mr. Nesbitt.

"Mr. Hillock delivered a half-cord to me; I bought it from Mr. Smith a little while after I voted."

"Have you paid him yet?" demanded Mr. Nesbitt.

"I was to pay him in work, and am ready to pay him when he asks me to. He generally has me in the fall to cut and split wood for him," answered Dew. Decision on this charge was reserved.

WEDNESDAY'S SITTING.

As thickly as the leaves on the trees outside the court house swirled down to the square this windy day, have fallen the charges in the election petition against H. J. Pettipiece, M. P. P. for East Lambton. Messrs. Nesbitt and McPherson, without attempting to justify them, abandoned seventeen cases at yesterday's sitting of the court, and after more or less show of trying to prove thirteen others, they, too, were crossed off the list of particulars. One case has been reserved for judgment, that in which Mr. Montague Smith is alleged to have given Samuel Dew, of Forest, a load of wood, when Dew was out of work and in actual want. Four cases remain to be abandoned, which, if report be true, would never have been gone on with if the same counsel had been concerned in it for the petitioner as now have charge of it. Mr. Pettipiece is receiving many congratulations, which are mingled with expressions of regret that Mr. Montague Smith, who was his member's right-hand man in the election, had been deprived of a much-needed holiday by the bringing on of the case. Mr. Montague Smith was spending a few weeks in the North-west, and although the Conservatives did not subpoena him, he voluntarily journeyed 1,500 miles in order that he might be present to give categorical answers to any questions that the opponents of the sitting member might ask him. The petitioner's box, so that all he will get as a reward for his self-denial will be the consciousness that every man in Lambton, Liberal or Conservative, must know that he is ready at all times to give any information asked concerning the contest of March last.

Lawyer Saunders, of Watford, was put in the box yesterday. Mr. Pettipiece had asked him whether under the law he could pay the expenses of

speakers, and the witness had replied in the affirmative. He had heard that there had been a free ticket given to somebody, but so far as he knew there had only been one given to Allan Cameron, the medical student from Toronto.

The next witness was Mr. H. F. Williams, secretary-treasurer of the East Lambton Liberal Association, who swore that he did not know anything about the free transportation which Cameron is alleged to have received. Mr. Williams, as secretary-treasurer, had in his possession \$11.63 at the time the last audit was taken, and the sum was subsequently increased to about \$22.

William Douglas, a Camlachie farmer, the father of Robert Douglas, the student, said his son was the only voter that he knew of that had arrived from any distance on or about election day. The witness said he did not know how he got home, and had been told that a fellow student, William Rae, had given him a railway ticket.

Mr. McPherson asked that he be allowed to add a charge against William Douglas of having promised his son to vote.

"If you don't make any better progress than you have made with the original charges," said Mr. Justice Ferguson, "I don't see any use in adding charges." Mr. Justice Osler concurred in refusing Mr. McPherson's request.

John McKertchner followed, and told how he had driven Allan Cameron from Watford to his polling place on election day. The witness said he did not know who bought Cameron's ticket, and in fact, as far as he knew, Cameron might have purchased it himself.

The judges refused Mr. Nesbitt permission to have Rae, the ex-student, examined at his home in the North-west.

The judges also dismissed two charges against Dr. Brodie—one of remitting an account against James Chivers, of Wyoming, and the other of bribing Sylvester Whitwell, of Wyoming. Both charges were utterly groundless. Two other charges against Dr. Brodie were withdrawn without evidence.

John Dew swore to having had a drink in Roche's hotel, Forest, the night before the election. The petitioner's counsel wished to add a charge that Roche had bet \$25 on the election, but it was not allowed.

Stanley Rawlings was charged with offering \$5 to David Coultis, of Forest, to vote for Pettipiece. Rawlings said he was only having fun with Coultis and never paid him the money. Mr. Pettipiece said he always considered Rawlings a supporter of Mr. McCollum, the Conservative candidate. The judges held that agency was not proven.

CANADIAN PRODUCTS

Quality and Price Govern the Demand—Growth of Our Perishable Food Exports.

Extract from report of commissioner of agriculture:

The activity and extent of the demand for perishable food products depends very largely upon the excellence of the quality and relative highness or cheapness of price. I am informed by retail merchants that when a family uses fresh-made creamery butter during the winter, the total quantity of butter consumed is more than twice larger than when the same family purchased butter held over during the winter, as it is used to be in cellars and other unsuitable places. When Canadian creamery butter, Canadian turkeys, Canadian tender fruits and Canadian eggs are delivered in Great Britain through the use of cold storage conveniences in a perfectly preserved condition, the increased demand which they will create for themselves will more than equal the capacity of the Canadian farmers to increase the production of these things. It is to be hoped also that by that means a large class of consumers of relatively high priced foods will prefer Canadian products to all others, and thus there will be a demand for Canada a fair proportion of the price paid by the wealthy classes there for very dainty products. Then such preservation of the quality of products will lead to such increased production that there will be a very rapid and great extension of the export trade. As an instance of what has already resulted largely from the cold storage service, which was provided in even a primitive way on steamships for the season of 1895, it may be cited that the total exports of butter from Montreal during the season of navigation have been as follows:

1894 32,055 packages
1895 63,664 packages
1896 107,321 packages
1897 220,290 packages

Another instance may be cited. In the autumn of 1897, a shipper of apples from Western Ontario divided a lot of 592 barrels into two shipments. The apples were reported to me to be of the same varieties, of the same sort and packed in the same way at the same time. One shipment of 267 barrels was forwarded in cold storage and they were reported to be landed all in good condition, and were sold at 18 shillings per barrel. The other part of the lot containing 325 barrels was sent without cold storage, and 205 barrels of them were reported as landing in slack or wet condition. The whole lot was sold at an average of 8 shillings per barrel. In the former case when the apples were sent in cold storage, none of them were reported as arriving slack or wet, whereas in the latter case no less than 63 per cent

were reported as arriving in a damaged condition. The apples were early fall varieties, and were forwarded in the autumn to Glasgow and Liverpool. —Prof. Robertson.

THE MAGAZINES
FOR OCTOBER

A Mass of Good Reading From Our Brightest Current Periodicals—Every Topic of Interest.

THE OUTLOOK.

Mr. Joseph Conrad is known to most novel readers as the writer of the extraordinary study of sea life called "The Children of the Sea"—a book which has both imaginative and realistic qualities of the highest. The same qualities are found in the curious and fascinating story called "Youth: A Narrative," which appears entire in The Outlook's Magazine Number for October. \$3 a year. The Outlook Company, 287 Fourth avenue, New York.

THE CANADIAN MAGAZINE.

Rather lighter than usual is the verdict which a reader is likely to give after cutting the leaves of the October "Canadian Magazine." The lightness is due to short stories and photographs in abundance. Among the heavier articles is one by Principal Grant, on "Newfoundland and Canada," in which he advocates the confederation of Newfoundland and the extension to her of more liberal terms on the part of Canada. S. T. Wood, of the Toronto Globe, writes on "Social Amelioration," or the difference between doing good and doing right. R. W. Shannon has a short article on "Misquotation"; J. Macdonald Oxley reviews Mr. Light's new novel; and John A. Swan summarizes in his brilliant style the foreign events of the month. Among the illustrated articles is one on "Rowing in Canada," which will please all lovers of sport, another on "Recent Premiers of Newfoundland," and the last of Sir John G. Bourinot's articles on the "Makers of Canada." This latter contains three splendid illustrations of the monuments at Ottawa to Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George Cartier, and the one at Toronto to the Hon. John G. Bourinot. Among the other portraits in the issue are pictures of Gaudaur and Johnston, who rowed at Vancouver in August; some amateur photographs showing scenes on the outskirts of Toronto; and photographs of all the provincial legislative buildings.

THE LIVING AGE.

With the first number for October, the Living Age, the weekly eclectic magazine which for more than 50 years has been a favorite with American readers, begins a new series and appears in a new and attractive dress, suggesting the Atlantic Monthly in the clear legibility of its page. The familiar cover is to be retained, but it has been newly engraved, and otherwise modernized.

MCCLURE'S MAGAZINE.

Our fellow-citizen, Cy Warman, has one of his racy short stories in McClure's Magazine for October. Mr. Stephen Bonnel, in an article in the same magazine entitled "The Fight for Santiago," describes the campaign as it affected the American soldier, writing from his own observation and experience; while for the experience of the panic-stricken and half-starving people shut up in the city of Santiago we have a very remarkable diary kept by the British consul at Santiago, who was all the time in the closest relations with the Spanish authorities, and was expending, as it later proved, his very life in relieving the general suffering.

EVERY MONTH.

Within the new and improved cover of Every Month, we find the usual departments: "Interesting Women" and "Men of the Month." Under the latter is the best collection of portraits and the most succinct summary of the American peace commission that we have as yet seen, together with photographs and biographical notes of M. Cambon, the signer of the peace protocol; Hon. John Hay, the new secretary of state, and George N. Curzon, the recently appointed viceroy of India. Lovers of handsome women will appreciate the illustrations of Maxine Elliott; Attale Claire and Ethel Barrymore, which appear in this number. An excellent descriptive article of the coronation of Queen Wilhelmina, by an eye witness, under the apt title of "Little Holland's Great Celebration," is profusely illustrated; this is followed by "Dog Miniatures on Ivory," with examples of the artist's work and an account of her methods. There are other charming features, literary and musical.

TABLE TALK.

For reliable and new recipes—for a cursory and condensed outline of the many interests of the woman of today, read Table Talk. The September number gives in the departments, menus, decorations and suggestions for the dining-room and kitchen—fashions, entertainments, and so forth, to aid the hostess; and among its leading articles are "Amateur Illustration," by Mrs. Burton Kingsland; "Treasure," by Martha Bookes Flint; "The Dollar Luncheon," by Grace V. Kerr; "Below Stairs," by Minna C. Hale; "Catalina Sea Food," by Isabel B. Winslow, an article on books by Miss Mary Lloyd. Truly, the Table Talker should not be without it. A sample copy should be secured free by our readers if they send their name and address to the Table Talk Publishing Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

ST. NICHOLAS.

The October number of St. Nicholas opens with two articles on Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, both of them illustrated from photographs. The articles are written by Annie C. Knipfer and Jeannette May Fisher, and contain many pretty stories about the merry girl-queen. "Under the Sea" is a paper about diving, and the perils and experiences that divers meet, contributed by James Cassidy. Charles F. W. Mielatz gives "A Boy's Recollections of the Great Chicago Fire," vividly recalled despite the lapse of years. Several times the author was almost hemmed in by the rush of flames. Gustav Kolbe writes of "Battling with Wrecks and Derelicts," those constant menaces to navigation. Appropriately following this is a story of the West Indies, "The Triton's Chase of a Derelict," by Kate Upson Clark, telling how an enterprising boy picked up a rich prize.

FRANK LESLIE'S POPULAR MONTHLY.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for October is an admirable example of a seasonable and up-to-date illustrated family periodical. Its leading article is "The Rank and File of the Navy," by Joseph C. Groff, supplemented by Lieut. Hobson's spirit words in praise of the "Jackies." "The Last Days of Bismarck" are interestingly described.

were reported as arriving in a damaged condition. The apples were early fall varieties, and were forwarded in the autumn to Glasgow and Liverpool. —Prof. Robertson.

OAK HALL

The Great One-Price Clothiers.

For Friday and Saturday,

Special Bargains

100 Pairs of Men's All-Wool Pants, \$1 90,

Regular Price \$2 75.

70 Pairs of Men's All-Wool Pants, \$1 50,

Regular Price \$2 50.

MEN'S SUITS.

First Lot, \$7 50 - - -

Regular Price \$10 00

Second Lot, \$9 00 - - -

Regular Price \$11 00

Third Lot, \$9 50 - - -

Regular Price \$12 00

Fourth Lot, D.-B. Suits, \$9, -

Regular Price \$11 50

The finishing touch is always given to our superior line of Ready-Made Clothing when backed up by our reputation.

More styles to select from—Superior in workmanship and finish—Unsurpassed in fit and style.

OAK HALL,

The Popular Clothing House of Canada,

154 Dundas Street, London.

ALFRED TAYLOR,
Manager.

PERMANENT CURE

OF

RHEUMATISM.

Burdock Blood Bitters Cured Mrs. C. Allard Eight Years ago, and she has had no Return of the Disease Since.

From the tortures of Rheumatism who would not give his all to get release, even though it were temporary. But when, for a small outlay, not only temporary but permanent relief can positively be procured through the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, who need endure the agony of this terrible disease.

The case of Mrs. C. Allard, of Pembroke, Ont., is another of those instances, some of which we are publishing from time to time, where B.B.B. not only gave relief for the time being, but made a cure so lasting that after eight years there has been no return of the disease.

This is the letter written by Mrs. Allard, Jan. 16th, 1894:

"About three years ago I was troubled with Rheumatism in my arm and shoulder, and a queer, sleepy feeling in my arms so that they pained me a great deal at night.

"I tried different doctors and a good many remedies, but found no relief. I was advised by a lady friend to try B.B.B., and after using one bottle I felt so much better that I continued using it until I had taken in all three bottles, when I was completely cured.

"B. B. B. I consider a splendid remedy, and I cannot speak of it too highly."

(MRS.) C. ALLARD.

This letter was received July 6th, 1893:

"Since I was cured by Burdock Blood Bitters some eight years ago I have never felt any pains or aches in my arm or shoulder. I still have the same confidence in B.B.B. now that I had then. It gave me so much relief and made such an effectual cure that I never fail to praise it."

(MRS.) C. ALLARD.

POULTRY POINTS

An English Authority Gives Some Information—The Advantage of Marking the Birds.

From an article by Mr. Edward Brown, F.L.S., a renowned author and authority on poultry matters in Great Britain, I condense the following:

Fowls should be killed off after they have completed their second year. Birds may be marked so as to be easily distinguished, by putting a ring on one leg when they are pullets.

The best time is when the pullets are from five to six months old. A round India rubber ring such as those used for umbrellas, or a ring of copper or any soft flexible metal, is suitable.

The ring should be put on to fit fairly close, but not tight enough to injure the leg.

An examination should be made of every fowl a fortnight after the ring has been put on.

In order to distinguish between the fowls one year and two years old, it is a good plan to put the rings on the left legs only in one year, and the rings on the right legs only next year and so on in the alternate years. If the rings are put on the right legs in 1898, then all hens in the flock with rings

on the right legs will be ready for killing in 1900. If the rings are put on the left legs in the autumn of 1899, then those hens will be ready for killing in the autumn of 1901.

It is desirable that a written record should be made of the facts, as the memory is apt to be faulty.

The advantage to the poultry keeper from marking the fowls, far more than compensates for the trouble which is involved.—Prof. Robertson.

CLEANING THE UTENSILS.

In the washing of churns and all other vessels for milk or cream, they should first be rinsed with cold or tepid water. The addition of washing soda, or a small quantity of borax to the water, will increase its cleansing properties. They should then be washed with warm water, and scalded with water "boiling hot." The use of a brush for the cleansing of dairy utensils is much preferable to the use of a dishcloth.

All wooden utensils and vessels should be scalded, cooled and dipped into cold water before they are used. Small wooden utensils should be kept floating or immersed in cold water.

Where closed drains flow from a dairy or creamery, they should be flushed out occasionally with a solution of crude carbolic acid followed by hot water.—Prof. Robertson.

The Fly has come to the front. 34 11

CONVICTED FOR INFRINGING

UPON

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

A Toronto party who refilled Apollinaris bottles bearing the genuine labels, was convicted before the Police Magistrate.

Under the Criminal Code such offenders, likewise those who use counterfeit labels, or otherwise sell spurious Apollinaris, are liable to imprisonment for two years with hard labor, and fine.

Complaints will receive vigorous attention.

THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON.