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GIANETTI A SUICIDE IN WEST END HOTEL HEAD NEAR SEVERED

Italian Alleged to Have Robbed His Compatriots Found Dead at Midnight With His Throat Cut.

"I HAVE BEEN DISHONORED" HE WRITES POLICE CHIEF

The body of a man with the throat cut, believed to be that of A. Gianetti, for whose arrest the police hold a warrant for alleged theft, was found at midnight in a room in the Hotel Cecil, at Queen-street and Beaconsfield-avenue.

He had registered during the afternoon as H. Lescerance of Vaudreuil, Quebec, but his appearance and other circumstances lead the police to believe he is Gianetti.

A note addressed to the chief of police, but not signed, read:

I have been dishonored and intend to commit suicide.

A letter addressed to Gianetti was found in his pockets, and Norman H. Craig, the West Queen-street undertaker, said at 2 o'clock this morning that the man's description tallied exactly with that of Gianetti as issued by the police department.

A sum of $1400 in Canadian money and about $600 in foreign notes was found on the body.

Gianetti registered at the hotel at 2.30 yesterday afternoon. He was dressed in black, with a straw hat and had no baggage. He spoke good English, paid in advance and was shown to a room. He asked for writing paper and ink and enquired if drinks were served in a guest's room. Informed that they were not, he said it was all right.

About 8 o'clock the proprietor, Michael Clancy, knocked at the door of the room to see whether his guest desired to take supper. He got no reply and thought the man was asleep.

After closing the bar and passing the room at 11.30, he knocked again.

Alarmed because of the strange silence, he got assitance and the door was forced open.

The man was found stretched out on the bed, dead. The pillow was saturated with blood and a razor lay on the floor.

From end to end clear around the neck the razor had passed and but for a few inches nearly severed the head. The neck had been literally hacked in the mad frenzy of the dishonored man. His wrist was also cut in several places.

He wore a white shirt, which was red with blood, and the room where he was found resembled a slaughter house, the blood being splashed five feet high on the ceiling with pools all over the floor.

The dresser had been shifted so that the man, while resting on the bed could look in the mirror, evidently to assist him in his dread deed.

The police were called in and the remains taken to Craig's rooms at 1253 West Queen-street.

Four letters were found on the dresser. One was to the chief of police, two to women in Montreal and one to a woman in New York.

Italians in a Frenzy.

The announcement in yesterday morning's papers of the supposed "shortage" in the funds of the so-called Banco Gianetti created an intense feeling of alarm in the Italian colony in the city. It will probably have the same effect in many of the "camps" of railway navvies in the province.

Nothing new developed yesterday that would tend to relieve the anxiety of the depositors who had entrusted their hard-earned savings to the Front-street establishment for transmission to the home land. These deposits range from a few dollars to, in one case, $3500.

From early in the morning until late in the evening there were crowds of Italians waiting around the closed doors of the office. During the morning Charles Campbell of the Grand Union Hotel, landlord of the premises, put in a bailiff to seize the contents for rent due. The police, previously, entered the place and seized $70 in money that was displayed in the window.

Chief Clerk Gone, Too.

Early in the day it was intimated that Gianetti would return in time to hold a conference with Inspector Duncan at 4.30 p.m., but he failed to arrive. The lawyer who is acting for F. E. Martirani of New York, who is connected with the "Banco," made this statement:

"The chief cause for complaint seems to be that money was held here an unusually long length of time, but was sent to New York finally for transmission to Italy. For instance, money deposited here by Italians in March did not reach New York till July. I understand that the chief clerk here, A. Corineo, is gone.

"The directors in New York are here in response to a telegram from him, which stated that he was here in jail. We have not been able to find this to be true, and don't know where he is. The inspector says as much as $20,000 may be involved.

"Last night we went over the receipts he holds of money deposited here, and comparison with the bank books shows that all the money actually complained of has been sent on to New York. From New York the money is forwarded to Italy, where the Italian Government undertakes its distribution.

"The directors have assured me that if there is any shortage or loss the bank in New York will stand good for it."

Hundreds of Complaints.

The warrant was issued on the complaint of Vitto Massielto, 27 Teraulay-street, who states that in April last he deposited $200 and has never heard of its safe arrival. An Italian also came from Fort William to make a complaint.

Inspector Duncan said yesterday that money received here in March and April, to the extent of thousands of dollars, was not transmitted till July to New York, and in fact began to move only when the police received complaints from depositors, "and we hear of hundreds of complaints," he added.

One man, Ginarro Garrosi, says he entrusted $3500 to be forwarded to Italy. Another fears that $2000 of his hard-earned coin is gone. A third man said he had in March last forwarded $100 to his mother, who had written him that she was on the verge of starvation. He has not heard from her since and fears she is dead.

Dr. Harley Smith, Italian consul in Toronto, told The World last night that about four months ago he received instructions from Consul-General Mazza in Montreal to not place too much confidence in the institution. The attorney-general of the province was then notified and the latter promised to inform the city crown attorney.

KNIVES USED FREELY IN FOREIGNERS' FIGHT

John Shath Slashed and Cut by Fellow Countryman.

HAMILTON, Aug. 21.—(Special.)—There was a lively row amongst the foreigners employed at the Steel plant to-night. Knives were used freely. John Ouze covered with cuts and bruises, was arrested on the charge of committing an aggravated assault on John Shath, who was marked up much in the same way.

At the fire and water committee this evening Mayor Stewart made the announcement that he had been assured by the government that the city would run no danger in cutting thru the road separating the two filtering basins if the roads at both ends of the basins were put in good shape. A statement was presented showing that the sandsucker, including the price paid for it, had cost the city $15,665. John Craig was appointed to the fire department.

It was decided to send deputations to Buffalo, Montreal and other cities to inspect electric waterworks pumps. County residents who live along the line of the mains will be supplied with water. A meter will not be placed on the sprinkler service of the Canadian Westinghouse Company's sprinkler supply.

EDDY CASE ABRUPTLY CLOSED BY CHANDLER

Claims That "Next Friends" Have Nothing Immediately to Gain From Suit.

CONCORD, N.H., Aug. 21.—A sudden tho not wholly unexpected ending of the masters' hearing in connection with the suit in equity brought by relatives for an accounting of the property of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, leader of the Christian Science faith, came in the superior court room here to-day, when Wm. E. Chandler, senior counsel for the relatives of the "next friends," announced to the board of masters that they had filed a motion with the superior court to dismiss their action.

The suit was brought on the ground that Mrs. Eddy, being incompetent on account of age and infirmities to manage her own affairs, was the victim of persons associated with her in Christian Science work who were named as defendants.

With the termination of the proceedings before the masters the case reverts to the superior court on the question of petition to dismiss the original suit. There is little doubt among those interested that Judge Chamberlain, before whom the action was brought, will grant the motion.

TAKES LAUDANUM.

Thomas Brady Nearly Succeeds in Killing Himself.

After purchasing a two-ounce bottle of laudanum at McDermitt's drug store, Queen and Sherbourne-streets, Thomas Brady went to his home at 106 Shuter-street and emptied one and one-half ounces down his throat.

Brady's wife found him in a stupor and knowing that her husband often resorted to drugs, she suspected the cause of his condition. Dr. McConnel was called and Brady was taken to St. Michael's Hospital and at a late hour it was reported he would live.

Last December Brady took an overdose of laudanum and almost succumbed.

Young Unmarried Men.

There is no chance or accident, or liability to contagious illness that is not provided for in our accident and sickness policies. Unmarried men who have no occasion to insure their lives should at least protect themselves against the monetary loss caused by sickness and disability. So small an amount as $10 a year premium will insure one's earning capacity during even the most protracted illness, such as typhoid fever. Drop a postcard for particulars, or phone Main 1642. London Guarantee and Accident Co., Confederation Life Building, corner Yonge and Richmond-streets.

ROOSEVELT ATTRIBUTED WITH THE DEPRESSION

Paris Believes Attacks on Trusts Ill-Advised—Americans Losing Liberal Spirit.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—Great interest is taken here in the speeches delivered by President Roosevelt yesterday and by Secretary Taft Monday. The Journal des Debats, after sketching the powerful corporations the president is fighting, expresses fear that his methods are dangerous, saying:

"The role of the archangel killing the financial dragon presents dangers which a man less wedded to his purpose would perceive. The president has already contributed largely to the depression from which the New York Stock Exchange is suffering. Capital is hyper-sensitive and may be dangerously paralyzed by the most virtuous intentions. The president's theory of central control runs the risk of substituting for the plutocracy a demagogic socialization. President Roosevelt, who above everything is an honest man, has perhaps failed to realize what prey he is throwing at the feet of less disinterested politicians. The leveling idea, from which he does not shrink, may impregnate the American masses, who with the foreign influx are rapidly losing their old liberal American spirit.

"An evil like the trust evil should be handled skilfully, so as not to ruin the country. In following President Roosevelt's attack on the trusts it is impossible not to fear that he may overshoot the mark and justify those who regard the president as the John the Baptist of American demagogism.

"It already can be foreseen that politicians will surpass his honest intentions, and Republicans and Democrats alike will now consider it to be their duty to assail the trusts during the coming presidential campaign.

HAS FAILED TO ENFORCE NEW INSURANCE LAWS

Charges Against New York State Superintendent Are to Be Investigated.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 21.—Convinced after thoro consideration of the force of the charges made by The New York World against Otto Kelsey, superintendent of insurance, Gov. Hughes ordered an investigation into the condition of that department. He designated Matthew C. Fleming of New York City to begin an investigation of Mr. Kelsey's management of the insurance department. Mr. Fleming will begin his enquiry after he returns from his vacation on Labor Day, and is expected to make his report to the governor some time in October.

The charges made by The World are briefly that Mr. Kelsey has failed to reorganize the insurance department and that many of the evils alleged by Gov. Hughes continue; that he has failed to enforce the letter and spirit of the laws drawn by Gov. Hughes as counsel of the Armstrong committee; that he has ignored the fact that dividends to policyholders have been smaller since the passage of the new laws than before; that he has failed to compel the companies to make an apportionment of assets; that false bookkeeping by the companies has been permitted; that bonuses and prizes are still paid to agents by the companies in violation of the law; that the "Nylic" is still perpetuated by the New York Life, tho forbidden by law; that the companies still practise discrimination against policyholders; that policyholders are still subject to the prohibited forms of robbery in vogue before the new laws were passed; that wrongdoing by the companies has been concealed; that false and misleading advertisements representing that the companies are paying increased dividends have been inserted in periodicals; that the companies are still investing the money of policyholders in stock not countenanced by law; that money was used to buy votes for "the administration tickets" in the New York and Mutual Life elections; that industrial insurance has not received attention and that the mutualization of the so-called "mutual" companies has not been accomplished.

SENTENCED FOR ASSAULT.

Married Man, for Common Assault, Given Only Fifty Days.

TRENTON, Aug. 21.—(Special.)—A married man, John Stinson, was sentenced to-day by the magistrate to 50 days for assault on a 5-year-old little girl. He had been charged with indecent assault. The evidence showed he had attempted to strangle her and then drown her in a five-foot ditch, while he was under the influence of liquor. The court decided it was merely a common assault.

TUG TURNS TURTLE.

Engineer and Fireman Are Drowned in Canal.

BUFFALO, Aug. 21.—The Tug Gee turned turtle in the Blackwell Canal this evening and sank in 15 feet of water. William Whalen, engineer, and Michael Malone, fireman, were drowned.

Hard Coal Prices.

During the month of August we will book your winter's order at summer prices and deliver it in ton lots as you require it thruout the winter. We are not in any combine or association, but are direct selling agents for an independent mine. To deal elsewhere is absolute extravagance. The Connell Anthracite Mining Co., Ltd. Head office, corner Queen-street and Spadina-avenue. 24

PUBLIC EXACT PENALTY INSURANCE MEN FIND

Colorado's Commission Says Policyholders Will Not Stand for Being Fooled.

University Convocation Hall yesterday presented an appearance not unlike the hall of a state or national convention in the United States. An effort to remedy the acoustic properties of the hall to suit the delegates found aesthetic expression in great strips of bunting entirely shutting off the galleries. On the floor were innumerable poles, each supporting a large white cardboard on which appeared the name of the delegation. Thus: "Maine," "Iowa," "Cincinnati," "Canada," "New England Women," etc.

After an invocation by Rev. Dr. Potts, an address of welcome from the mayor, and responses by David Burke, president of the Life Officers' Association of Canada, L. Goldman, managing director of the North American Life Insurance Company, and H. C. Cox, president of the Canadian Underwriters' Association, the annual address was delivered by Frank E. McMullen of Rochester, N.Y., president of the National Association.

Referring to the rebate and kindred evils, he said:

"I repeat, we are and have always been opposed to high commissions and in favor of moderate first-year commissions and liberal renewals. But we must oppose the present extreme reductions in compensation, not merely because they cut it too low for present agents, but because they leave no provision of the cost of developing new agents. Long experience has demonstrated that the general agency system of developing agents, in vogue among nearly all of the companies, is the most effective and economical. The present general agency contracts provide little or no margin either in first-year or renewal commissions to compensate the general agent for the time and money necessary to develop new agents, and therefore is economically unsound. The agency force in this country has been depleted fully 30 per cent. and the recruiting stations are dormant.

Recruits Scarce.

"Never in the history of life insurance has the flow of new blood into the agency force been at such a low ebb; and it is patent to all possessing knowledge of the business that new recruits to the agency force are quite as necessary to the healthy growth of our companies as are new policyholders. Old agents who are said to be doing fairly well had their tuition and tutelage paid under entirely different conditions and are now, in many cases, attached to the business by forfeitable renewals, which sustain and enable them to go ahead, ever hoping for the dawn of a brighter day.

At the afternoon session an address was delivered by F. E. Rittenhouse, deputy commissioner of insurance for Colorado. His subject was, "Fooling the public—the Penalty."

Mr. Rittenhouse said, in part:

"We cannot fool the public in insurance without paying the penalty. The cost of state supervision and the loss of public confidence are two of the penalties we are now paying for this offence. If our insurance laws and state supervision have proved annoying and burdensome to insurance officials and to policyholders, it must be remembered that they were made necessary and called into existence by insurance men who did wrong, altho, as usual, the burden falls with equal severity upon those who did right.

"From data gathered from the different departments I find that the cash penalty paid thru insurance departments in the United States last year in fees and special taxes was, in round figures, $12,000,000.

"That portion of this enormous annual penalty which exceeds the cost of operating the insurance departments, is, to my notion, uncalled for and unjust. It discriminates against those who are trying to save and provide for the future of their dependants by making them pay double taxes.

"But the people themselves have levied these double taxes and seem to be satisfied with them.

Unfair Inducements.

"Among the present-day schemes to fool the public which have attracted more than usual attention during the past two or three years are the special contract and agency stock plans.

"Owing to the initiative taken by life underwriters in securing in many states the adoption of the anti-rebate law several years ago, and largely to the activity and influence of the members of your organization in recent years, the special or advisory board contract has been prohibited in nearly all the states. This plan embodied the twin evils of rebating and unjust discrimination. These evils were so adroitly concealed that it took several years for our lawgivers and commissioners to discover and actively oppose them. The companies that have used these inducements find that they become a very heavy financial burden in a very few years. It cannot be said that danger from these sources is entirely eliminated, for certain companies have included a special contract provision in some of their policies. Such of these contracts as have come to my attention still contain the element of unjust discrimination. While you are to be congratulated upon the splendid fight you have made against this scheme to fool the public, the tail of the snake is still wriggling and needs watching.

The Agency Stock Plan.

"The agency stock plan of fooling the public which has also been ruled against by a number of commissioners, is more modern, more plausible, and, therefore, more dangerous than the special contract. The success of the agency stock plan is based upon the theory that by placing the agency department of an insurance company under another corporation economies will be effected in the production of business and that these savings will go back to the policyholders in the form of large, luscious dividends upon the agency stock. Another theory, which is still more plausible, is that by scattering special contracts or stock among the policyholders they will develop extraordinary zeal in securing new business."

A Chinese woman and her infant were "curiosities" at the Union Station yesterday.

The late Francis O'Rourke, locomotive engineer, left an estate of $7800.

THOMAS WOMAN CHARGED WITH GILBERT'S MURDER

Inquest Results in Verdict That Victim of Wiarton Shooting Was Killed by Pistol Fired by Her.

WIARTON, Aug. 21.—(Special.)—The coroner's inquest to-night resulted in the following verdict being given:

We, the jury, find that Philip Gilbert came to his death from a bullet from a pistol fired while in the hands of Agnes Thomas.

Stella Lamont goes free. The hearing of the Thomas woman will be held at 10 o'clock this morning.

The funeral of the victim, Philip Gilbert, takes place at 3 o'clock to-morrow.

The Thomas woman, together with a girl, "Stella" Lamont, occupied the tent of ill-fame on the outskirts of this city, which was attacked by Gilbert and a crowd he had organized.

The women are not strangers in Wiarton nor indeed in the vicinity. Two years ago they pitched their tent at Four-Mile Point, and the Township of Keppel tolerated their presence there a long time. In fact, when they were routed out of the township it was by intimidation from Wiarton, which had no jurisdiction in the matter.

Philip Gilbert was one who had laid a complaint against them, with this result.

Last Friday they returned to town and pitched their tent in the outskirts of the north ward, and life in that section had become intolerable to the residents and they decided to take the law in their own hands, which was, under all the circumstances, thoroly justifiable, but which was unfortunately carried out with fatal results.

Just how many were in the raid is not known. It is claimed the women were both drunk at the time. Philip Gilbert was English by birth and was a constable for years in South Africa. He had lived about 20 years in Wiarton. Gilbert was an honest and law-abiding citizen and his sad death is sincerely regretted by everyone who knew him.

Immediately after the shooting the mayor swore in about thirty special constables, as he thought there might be men in the tent. The arrest was then made.

The Inquest.

The town hall was packed by hundreds of people to listen to the coroner's inquest. County Crown Attorney Dixon of Walkerton was on hand to press the prosecution and A. G. Mackay, Owen Sound, represented the woman under arrest.

Andy Hasling, a day laborer who resides in the north ward, stated that he heard shots and that he was near the tent when the last discharge of the revolver was made. He stated that there were between 30 and 40 among the raiders and that some had their faces blackened.

Robert Lancaster, in whose house the body was taken and carried there by four men, unfortunately appeared to know very little and none of the people there. Tho he had lived among them all his life. His evidence did not amount to much, and the impression of sincerity which he made upon those present amounted to less.

Dr. Albert Fisher made his report upon his post-mortem examination. He stated that the wound corresponded to what might be made from a bullet of, say, 32 calibre. The bullet went into the right lung. From the nature of the wound he did not think that Gilbert had lived more than a minute, because a large blood vessel had been burst. He stated that the wound showed that the man had been in a stooping position when the shot was fired, but in answer to the defendant's counsel he admitted that if the arm of the one discharging the revolver had been lowered it might account for the downward tendency of the bullet.

Chief Hull, who made the arrest, stated that Agnes Thomas wanted to know why she was arrested. The chief informed her "for killing Philip Gilbert," whereupon she replied, "Surely to goodness I did not shoot anybody." She begged to be taken over to where Gilbert was so that she would be convinced that he was shot. He took her to the street, where he met the mayor, who gave instructions that she should not be taken in where Gilbert was. She told the chief that she had only shot to scarce them so they would quit tearing the tent down and that the last time she fired someone had struck her on the arm and knocked her arm down.

The chief said that the woman had told him that when the men came she went out and asked what the men wanted, but instead of answering they began tearing the tent down. She simply shot in the air to scare them away.

Mrs. Stella Lamont, the associate of Agnes Thomas, was then called and stated that her home was in London. They had arrived here last Friday and had been warned on Tuesday afternoon that there would be a crowd there that night to tear the tent down. She told the story of Mrs. Thomas, who advised her to get a revolver, as she had to protect herself and her property and if she would fire in the air a few times it would scare them away.

At 9.30 p.m. there must have been about 50 men, some with faces blackened, standing on the road in front of the tent. Mrs. Thomas, who went out, asked them what they wanted. They did not reply, but someone of the crowd said, "Come on, boys, now is our chance." Gilbert lead the raiders, who ran into the tent, cut the guy ropes, pulled the tent down, upset the furniture and then she ran towards the road.

Threw Eggs and Stones.

She just got on the road when a number of men came from a house on the opposite side of the road and threw eggs and stones at her, one stone hitting her on the back. She went to a creek to wash her face, when the shots were fired and upon returning found Mrs. Thomas lying on the bed, crying. In a few minutes the chief came and placed them under arrest.

Mrs. Thomas' Story.

Agnes Thomas corroborated the evidence of Mrs. Lamont in every detail. When she learned that there was a number of men outside the tent she took the revolver from under the mattress, put it in her stocking, walked out to the road and asked what they wanted. They did not answer, but made a dash for the tent. Before she could return they had torn it down and were tearing it to pieces. She had fired shots from the revolver in the air with the intention of scaring them.

When she fired her first shot she was about fourteen feet from the tent. She stood still and fired three shots; when she fired the third shot some man struck her hand down and then the men began to run away.

In the meantime someone had struck her in the mouth with his hand and knocked one of her teeth out. She was on the bed crying when the chief came and placed her under arrest.

Chief Hull, upon being recalled, stated the tent had been pitched within the corporation; and that there was a bylaw against the use of firearms, but he admitted that there were no doubt exceptional cases when this could be done.

The crown attorney and A. G. McKay both addressed the jury, the latter emphatically maintaining that the shooting had been justified and that there had been nothing intentional, and that the killing of Gilebrt was accidental.

SQUAW MURDERS "BRAVE" IN A ROW OVER WHISKEY

Assaulted, She Turned and Choked Him—Body Buried in Badger Hole.

SHOAL LAKE, Man., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—The arresting of a squaw charged with murder, and the finding of the body of John Assinwassis of Rolling River, has cleared up the peculiar disappearance of that Indian about a month ago. The squaw is on trial here for the murder of her husband.

The squaw made a confession, stating that her husband had been drinking and brought home two large bottles of whiskey, which she had hidden from him. He threatened to kill her if she did not give up the hidden whiskey. He chased her, and she laid down her child, threw him down and choked him. She did not intend to kill him, but he died shortly after.

Early in the morning she dragged his body to a big knoll nearby and wrapped him in his blanket and buried him, putting his drinking cup under his arm.

NORWAY NEUTRAL

Russia and Germany Will So Regard That Country.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—It was learned in diplomatic circles to-day that one of the principal questions discussed by Emperor William and Emperor Nicholas during their meeting at Swinemunde was the neutrality of Norway.

An agreement was reached under which Germany and Russia undertake to regard Norway as neutral territory. This is in accordance with the desires of Great Britain, which has been supporting Norway's endeavors to secure guarantees in this direction.

CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE IN ESSEX EXPLOSION

Michigan Central Will Be Charged With Delay Thus Causing the Catastrophe.

WINDSOR, Aug. 21. — (Special).—Crown Attorney Rodd states that he has the strongest kind of a case to present for the crown against the Michigan Central when the inquest into the Essex explosion resumes Friday.

He will be able to trace the car from the time it left Buffalo until it reached Essex, and will attempt to prove an inexcusable delay. The shippers have admitted the car contained dynamite, but claim it was properly manufactured and regular precautions were taken with regard to the shipment on their part.

The crown attorney says the fault clearly lies with the Michigan Central, and that the company will have to bear the damages, and that they will be lucky if they escape charges of criminal negligence.

TO IMPEACH JUDGE MARTIN.

He Has Refused to Accept the Sittings Made by Chief Justice.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Legal circles in Vancouver and British Columbia are in an uproar over the refusal of Judge Martin to accept Chief Justice Hunter's appointments for sittings thruout the province.

As a result Vancouver is without a judge.

This is only the culmination of a long series of quarrels between Hunter and Martin. The Bar Society of Vancouver is discussing a proposal to have Martin impeached. A resolution has been passed by this law society to that effect.

FROST IN WEST AND WHEAT GOES UP

Grain Men Fear That Extensive Damage Will Result From the Premature Cold Wave.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 21.—(Special.)—The last few days have been nervous ones for the west, as the weather has been dangerously cool. Last night the freezing point was touched in Alberta. The probabilities, however, are warmer now, and the outlook is more encouraging.

The crops are looking good, but warm weather is needed to ripen the wheat. Oats cutting is general in southern Manitoba.

Wheat took a jump of some 4 cents to-day, reaching over 96c, as a result of the frost reports last night thru all parts of the west. The lowest reported is from Kamsack, where the thermometer dropped to 28. Brandon was 29, while Regina, Moosomin, Virden and many other points had two and three degrees of frost.

Reports are very conflicting as to damage.

The C. P. R. reports claim there was practically no damage, while many grain exchange men claim it will be very heavy.

FRENCH REINFORCE ARMY BY 1000 AT CASABLANCA

Sultan's Troops Again Defeat a Great Force of Tribesmen—Situation Grave.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—The government has sent instructions to Oran, Algeria, to send 1000 men to reinforce the present French force at Casablanca.

CASABLANCA, Aug. 21.—The arrival to-day before this town of three new columns of warring tribesmen, who have joined the army of the fanatics besieging Casablanca, has rendered more serious the problem undertaken by France and Spain to "restore order." The new arrivals constitute an imposing opposition to the French force now wearied with their long vigil.

TANGIER, Aug. 21.—The sultan's troops are reported to have again defeated a great force of the Kmass tribesmen, in whose territory Caid Sir Harry Maclean has been held captive. Many of the Moors were killed and several of their villages were burned.

Whenever the men on board the cruiser Gloire off Casablanca sight groups of Arabs they open upon them with shell fire, and during all last night there was a constant rattle of rifle fire from the French sharpshooters directed against Arabs who were trying to steal in toward the town under cover of darkness.

DETROIT BUSINESS MAN ACCUSED OF "FLIMFLAM"

Said to Have Gotten $10,000 to Invest and Only Made Use of $6000.

WINDSOR, Aug. 21.—(Special). — A sensation was created here to-day when it became known that a warrant had been issued for the arrest of Edgar A. Davis, a prominent member of Windsor's summer colony, on a charge of larceny by conversion.

Davis, who occupied a prominent position in the Wolverine Fish Company of Detroit, is charged by Gitson Williams, a wealthy stock broker of Buffalo, with having "flim-flammed" him out of $4500 on a mythical deal.

The information against Davis was laid before Justice Jeffries of Detroit this morning, and alleges, among other things, that Davis, acting in the capacity of a promoter, induced him to become a party to a deal for the purchase of the Johnson Chemical Company of Detroit. O. E. Fleming, a local politician, was to put $2500 in the deal, Williams $7500 and Davis the balance. Cheques were sent to Davis by Williams and Fleming aggregating $10,000, but it now develops that but $6000 of this money was paid over to the owners of the chemical company.

Davis is out of the city, it is said, at his residence here, and no arrest has yet been made.

MAYOR KILLS HIMSELF.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 21.—Paul C. Barth, who was recently deposed as mayor of this city, shot and killed himself here to-day.

NOW IS THE TIME.

One Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

Dineen's to-day and for the rest of the month of August, are selling fur garments at a discount of 25 per cent. It is because there is a slow season at the present time, but even that does not necessitate any qualm in buying goods, because the discount offer is a genuine one and the goods will be stored by Dineen's after you have bought them, until you want them.