## Zirge for tite zommy.

## BEAUTIFUL THINGS.

Beautiful faces are those that wearIt matters little in dark or fair-Whole-souled honesty printed there.
Beautiful cyes are those that show Like crystal panes where heart-fires glow, Beautiful thoughts that burn below.
Beautiful lips are those whose words Leap from the heart liko songs of birds, Yet whose utterance prudence girds.
Beautiful hands are those that do Work that is earnest, brave and true, Homent by moment the long day through.
Beautiful feet are those that go
On kindly ministries to and fre--
Down lowliest ways, if God wills it so.
Beautiful shoulders are those that boar Ceaseless burdons of homely care, With patient grace and daily prayer.
Beantiful lives are those that blessSilent rivors of happiness,
Whose fountains but the few may guess.
Beautiful twilight, at set of sun,
Beautiful goul with race rell won,
Beautiful rest, with work woll done.

## DOING AND BEING.

A young girl had been trying to do something very good, and had not succeeded very well. Her friend hearing her complaint, said:
"God gives us many things to do ; but don't you think He gives us something to be, just as well ?"
"O dear! tell me about being," said Marion, looking up. "I will think about being, if you will help me."

Her friend answored:
"God says:
"Be kindly affectionate one to another.
"Be ye also pationt.
"Bo yo thankful.
"Be ye not conformed to this world.
" Be ye therefore perfect.
" Be courteous.
"Be not wisa in your own conceit.
"Be not overcome of evil."
Marion listoned, but made no reply.
Twilight drew inte darkness.
The tea-bell sounded, bringia:g Marion to her feet. In the firelight, Elizabeth could see that she was very serious.
"I'll have a bettor day tr-morrow. I see that doing grows out of being."
"We cannot be what fior! loves without loing what He commands. It is easier to do with a rush, than to be patient or unselfish, or numble; or just, or watchful."
"I think it is," returned Marion.

## THE DYING SOLDIER

"Pat mo down," said a wounded Prussian at Sodan to his comrades who were carrving him; "put mo lown, do not take the trouble to carry ne any further; I atn dying."

They put him down and returned to the field. A few minutes after, an offleer saw the man weltering in his blood, and said to him, "(an I do nothing for you?"
"Nothing, thank yon."
"Shall I get you a littio water?" said the kind-hearted offcer.
"No, thank you, I am dying."
"Is there nothing I can do for you? Shall I write to your friends?"
"I have no friends that you can write to. But there is one thing for which I would bo much obliged. In my knapsack you will fiud a Testament; will you openit at the fourteenth chapter of Johm, and near the end of the chapter you will find a verse that begins with ' Peace.' Will you read it?
The efficor dind so, aril read the words, " Peace I leave with you. Let not your heart be tronbled, neither let it be afraid."
"Thank you sir," said the dying man. "I have that feace; I am going to that Saviour; God is with me: I want no mors." These were his last words, and his spirit ascended to be with Him ho loved.

## WHAT A CENT GROWS TO.

A cent seems of little value, but if it is only doubled a few times, it grows to a marvellous sum. A young lady in Portland caught her father in a very rash promiso, by a knowledge of this fact on her part.
She modestly proposed that if her father would give her only one cent on ono day, and double the amomet on each successive day for just one month, she would pledge herself never to ask of him another cent as long as she lived. Her father, not stopping to run over the fignres in his head, ani not s.pposing it would aurount to a large sum, was glad to accept the offier at once.

But on the thirtieth day the young girl demanded the pretty little sum of $\$ 5.369 .769 .12$.
Let some of our young readers who have a tasto for mathematies, just figure up and see whether this sum is cor-3et.

We call the Chinese heathen, and yet they have soine customs that would do credit to a Christian peopla. On every Now-year's-morning each man and boy, from the empercr to the lowest peasant: pays a visit to his mother. Ho carries her a present, varying in value according to his station in life, thanks her for all she has done for him, and asks a continuance of her favour another year. They aro taught to believe that mothers have an influence for good over their sons all throurh life.

