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FOR SALE

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EIGHTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING FEBRUARY 22 1913—EIGHTEEN PAGES

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HUERTA TO ROLE WITH HAND OF IRON

Firmly Determined to Restore Peace, He Will Not Scruple to Make Obstructionists Pay Price, He Declares—Troops Despatched to Quell Disturbances at Saltillo.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 21.—(Can. Press.)—That the new administration in Mexico expects to use the methods of Porfirio Diaz so far as possible in governing the country was made evident today in a conversation with the president.

President Huerta declared that no matter what the cost should be or who the men that paid it, peace would be restored in Mexico. He said it was his ambition that when he left the presidency, people would say of him: "He has restored order through Mexico, made safe the investment of money and rendered secure the lives and interests of all, both foreigners and Mexicans."

Calmly and dispassionately President Huerta outlined his program for the use of the army in restoring and maintaining order. He admitted that in many parts of the republic where the news of the change in government had not been received, all was not in accord with peace.

He said he would send emissaries to the country that all the diplomats will feel that their nationals are secure.

The president declared that he favored a free press in Mexico, saying that even antagonistic organs were desirable since from them the administration might learn of evils that otherwise might be hidden.

An emissary of President Huerta left today for Saltillo, capital of the State of Coahuila, bearing a letter to Governor Venustiano Carranza, who is reported to be raising an army to fight against the new government.

In this letter a final effort is made to secure the governor's adherence to the new regime. A train loaded with troops is also on its way to Saltillo.

Gen. Felipe Angeles, former commander of the army operating at Cuernavaca, and Gen. Joaquin Huerta, former commander of the federal army at Vera Cruz, are to be subjected to an inquiry by the military court.

Gen. Beltran will be tried for the part he played in attacking Vera Cruz last year at the time of the ill-starred uprising fomented there by Gen. Diaz.

He is accused of misuse of the white flag in capturing Vera Cruz and making a prisoner of Gen. Diaz, who later was brought to the capital and remained incarcerated until the recent revolt which ended in the downfall of Madero.

Suffragists Given Reverse in N.B.

FREDERICTON, N.B., Feb. 21.—(Can. Press.)—In the legislature today the resolution of Donald Munro, M.L.A., of Carleton County, for permission to introduce a bill amending the New Brunswick Election Act, so as to give women the same right to vote at provincial elections they now enjoy in municipal elections, was defeated 21 to 10.

Mr. Munro, who was supported by Messrs. Grimmer, Fleming and Hon. Mr. Wilson were the only members of the government supporting the resolution.

Many ardent suffragists from St. John were at the capital lobbying for the bill and were sorely disappointed at the result, particularly as they asked that the franchise be extended to widow and spinster property owners.

MRS. PANKHURST NEARLY MOBBED

Police Protection Alone Saves Her From Hostile Crowd—Taunts Authorities Because of Inaction.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—(Can. Press.)—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the militant suffragette, who has declared that she was responsible for the dynamite explosion which recently wrecked the home in Surrey of David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, met with a mixed reception at a meeting held tonight in the Chelsea Town hall under the auspices of the Women's Social and Political Union.

When Mrs. Pankhurst appeared on the platform she was greeted with groans, hisses, yells and cheering, and only a large force of police in the hall prevented the hostile section of the audience from attacking.

When she left the hall Mrs. Pankhurst twitted the authorities for being afraid to take advantage of her assumption of responsibility for blowing up Mr. Lloyd-George's house and sending her to jail.

She declared that short of taking human life, the militant suffragettes intended to do everything possible to settle once for all the political status of the women of this country.

THREAT TO KIDNAP MISTERS. LONDON, Feb. 21.—(Can. Press.)—How to deal with the militant suffragettes has become a problem which is being discussed anxiously by the public, and suggestions of various kinds occupy many columns of the daily papers.

The latest plan of the militant wing, according to The Standard, is to kidnap the cabinet ministers, and the police are taking the precaution to shadow the ministers whenever they appear in public.

Suggestions are made by serious public men that women who are arrested and go on hunger strike should be left to starve rather than be permitted to defy or evade the laws with impunity.

Milder suggestions include the necessity to pass new laws to meet exceptional cases to deprive the hunger strikers of drinking water or substitute milk for water, and to inflict heavy fines upon lawbreakers, and thus deplete the funds which support the militant campaign.

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CEMENT DUTIES REDUCED THROUGH INTRIGUE

So Charged an Indignant Independent Manufacturer in Bitter Letter to the Premier, Who Had Told Him He Was Needlessly Alarmed About Outlook.

OTTAWA, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—Echoes of the controversy in which the government found itself involved respecting the cut in the cement duty last summer came to public attention today, when a return was tabled by Finance Minister White containing a great deal of correspondence on the subject.

It now appears that the somewhat stinging letter addressed to Mr. Borden by an independent cement manufacturer, and republished in the Canadian Courier last summer were written by Mr. Geo. McIntyre, of the Superior Portland Cement Company of Orangeville, Ontario.

The McIntyre letter, after the cement duty went into effect, reached Ottawa subsequent to Mr. Borden's departure for Europe, but it was deemed such good Liberal campaign material that Sir Wilfrid Laurier read it into Hansard when speaking to the house on the address on November 26, 1912.

Another "Independent" Protest. Although the return tabled today shows strong pressure from all the western cities for a remission of the cement duty, the proposed cut was bitterly opposed by many of the independent manufacturers, and a somewhat caustic letter to the prime minister from William Kennedy of Owen Sound is included in the return.

Mr. Kennedy, writing to Mr. Borden on June 18, 1912, said: "On behalf of the Imperial Cement Co. of this place and on my own behalf I wish to enter a respectful but emphatic protest against the action of the government in this matter."

He objected particularly to the reduction applying to the entire Dominion. He said that if it had applied only to the west, as did the reduction in duty on coal in 1911, he would not object.

If this reduction were allowed to stand he said that it meant the wiping out of the independent companies. "If the duty on coal for the manufacture of cement had been removed it would have been a slight compensation on which we can conclude peace."

He said that he had been disappointed in Mr. Borden, who had turned against old friends, because he thought he would maintain the tariff.

Premier's Reply. Mr. Borden replied to this letter on June 22, stating that the reduced duty on cement was much higher than that on other important products. He stated that he considered 30 per cent. ad valorem duty a fair protection to the manufacturer.

The McIntyre correspondence begins with a letter from Mr. McIntyre dated May 10, 1912, in which he protests bitterly against rumored reduction of duty. He claimed that it was to be enacted with the sole object of helping the Conservative party in the Saskatchewan election.

After appealing to Mr. Borden to uphold a domestic statute which should be found last yesterday afternoon, a letter in a purse found nearby furnished the only means of identification.

The note was from a clerk at the Dineen's. Here you will find hats found a home for Mrs. Jarvis' boy.

W. J. Pennell, 1550 Yonge street, by whom Mrs. Jarvis was employed as a domestic servant, stated she always appeared to be a quiet woman and reserved in her conduct. As far as he could learn she was married, and had two boys in some orphanage in Toronto.

On Thursday the woman left to go down town, and that was the last time he saw her alive.

Two little boys, Reginald Robinson, Neville Park place, and Bertram Woolridge, 7 Monro Park avenue, were chasing a wounded duck along the shore when it flittered into an opening under the ice. They followed, and found the body of the woman.

Coroner Dr. Graham is investigating, and an inquest will likely be held.

TERM IN PRISON PENALTY FOR CARRYING DANGEROUS WEAPONS

OTTAWA, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—A deputation from the Chief Constables' Association, consisting of Col. Percy Sherwood, superintendent of Dominion police; Joseph Rogers, chief of provincial police of Ontario, and Inspector Stark of Toronto, waited upon the minister of justice today to urge some amendments to the criminal code.

They asked that the law against carrying dangerous weapons, especially revolvers, be made more stringent, both as to search and seizure, and also as to punishment, and recommended that imprisonment as well as a fine should be imposed for violation of the laws on this subject.

Legislation is also asked in the matter of wife desertions. Complaints are being constantly received, especially from England, of men deserting their wives and families and coming to Canada. The deputation suggested that wife deserters be subject to deportation.

Judge Doherty, in his reply, promised sympathetic consideration. He said that a number of amendments to the criminal code would be made at the present session.

TURKEY WANTS TO MAKE PEACE

Has No Interest in Continuing War, as Lost Territory Cannot Be Recovered.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—(Can. Press.)—Hakki Pasha, the Turkish ex-Grand Vizier, in an interview here today said he had no official mission to perform in London as a peace delegate, but that he had been sent here unofficially because he would be able to think of possible means of doing so in an official capacity.

"Peace as a result of direct negotiations between the belligerents seems out of the question," said Hakki Pasha. "Therefore we have addressed ourselves to Europe. We have had happy success in our business in the hands of the conference of ambassadors. We have every confidence in the ability of the ambassadors to develop some formula on which we can conclude peace."

It must be obvious, however, that the formula should contain all the bases of a treaty of peace, so that the dismantling of the law by officials in sympathy with law enforcement and the elimination of political influences from the administration of the law, and regulation and inspection of houses of public entertainment, so as to ensure reasonable accommodation for the traveling public.

WOMAN'S BODY FOUND IN ICE

Mrs. Kate Jarvis Committed Suicide by Drowning Herself in Lake Off Munro Park.

Frozen so firmly in the lake at the foot of Munro Park avenue that men had to chop the ice away before it could be moved, the body of a woman, supposed to be Kate Jarvis, aged about 37, 1550 Yonge street, was found last yesterday afternoon.

A letter in a purse found nearby furnished the only means of identification. The note was from a clerk at the Dineen's. Here you will find hats found a home for Mrs. Jarvis' boy.

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PRISONER OF STATE IN CARLETON JAIL

OTTAWA, Feb. 21.—R. C. Miller, prisoner of the state, was this morning removed from the Carleton County jail, and was assigned to one of the upper corridors on the sunny side of the jail, but will not be confined in a cell except at night.

The jail authorities, it is understood, propose to treat him as a prisoner on remand, even though the warrant specifies that he is to have no privileges save exemption from hard labor. A person on remand is allowed to have meals sent in from outside, but cannot have smoking material or liquors. He will be allowed to see his counsel as frequently as he desires, and to exercise in the jail yard every day.

SECOND VOTE ON NAVAL BILL TO BE REACHED ON THURSDAY PARTIES EFFECT AN AGREEMENT

MEANWHILE DEBATE DRAGS ITS WEARY LENGTH—OPPOSITION MAY LATER TRY OBSTRUCTION TACTICS—HON. T. W. CROthers and A. K. McLEAN of Halifax Cross Swords.

OTTAWA, Feb. 21.—(Special.)—The naval debate dragged on somewhat languidly today in view of the agreement to vote on the bill at its second reading on Thursday next. Whether the Liberals intend in the end to obstruct with a view to bringing a general election, cannot yet be fully determined, but the naval bill will certainly get into committee before the end of next week.

Today Hon. T. W. Crothers, minister of labor, presented the case for the government, and was followed by Mr. A. K. McLean of Halifax, who spoke at great length in support of a Canadian navy and in opposition to the proposal of the government. A reply, which was brief on account of the lateness of the hour, was made on the government side by Mr. Stevens of Vancouver.

People Have Decided. Mr. Crothers said that the Liberals were basing their opposition on the ground that the government had not consulted the people. The government, he declared, had laid the bill before the people in 1911, and the late government had laid its policy before the people at the same time. The result showed what the people would do. "The government was now merely carrying out the mandates of the people."

Mr. McLean (Halifax): "Why is it taking so long to carry out those mandates?" Mr. Bennett (St. Joseph): "It is not taking so long. It only seems long to the members on the other side of the house." (Laughter.)

Land Mandate. Mr. Crothers pointed out that Sir Wilfrid Laurier in 1907, at the Imperial Conference, had declared that Canada would do nothing to increase the naval forces of the empire. In 1903 Sir Wilfrid had received the commands of the people to do nothing in regard to naval defence, but he disobeyed those mandates, and in 1910 formulated his naval service act. Mr. Crothers then dealt with the emergency which confronted the empire. The memorandum of the British admiralty demonstrated beyond controversy that great danger existed, and that England was looking to Canada for help. Referring to the great doubt which this country owed Britain and Canada's failure to contribute as yet to imperial defence, Mr. Crothers declared that a Canadian dared to look an Englishman in the face.

Gift Better than "Loan." Mr. A. K. McLean favored a Canadian navy, but said it was nonsense to believe that we were founding a Canadian navy by presenting the bill. Personal he would prefer a frank gift of money in preference to an alleged loan of ships. Mr. McLean then took up the emergency argument. There was, in his opinion, no condition of affairs which made it expedient to change the principle of the day to formulate a permanent policy of naval defence.

Mr. McLean then took up the charge of disloyalty so constantly hurled against the Liberal party. Few, people he said, understood the meaning of the word "loyalty" when they meant devotion to the political institutions of the country, but had nothing to do with patriotism. Nevertheless, our politicians never tired of offering lip loyalty when they were in England.

English Paper's Burlesque. He said that the present prime minister in this particular regard when he was in England last summer. The paper quoted Mr. Borden as saying that the loyalty of Canadians was of "limitless height, of immeasurable depth, and incandescent fervor." According to this paper some old lady, whose name and address was given, became so excited over Mr. Borden's speech that she at once presented to him a museum containing royal relics of great antiquity, including certain crockery ware.

Mr. McLean said that he did not require the prime minister of this country to certify to his loyalty. "It is quite likely," he added, "that my leader, when prime minister, made just as many foolish speeches of this kind in England as his successor. I am speaking not as a partisan, but as a Canadian, when I say that it is high time our public men refrained from this kind of talk when they are in England. They make themselves, and as far as they are able they make Canada, ridiculous."

Scouts Emergency Idea. Mr. McLean scouted the idea that an emergency existed beyond the emergency which confronted the government by reason of the Conservative-National Alliance. He said that the speech made by Lord Roberts which had seemed so alarming, had been completely answered by Mr. Churchill. The Conservative party, in Mr. McLean's opinion, had committed a crime against Canada and the empire by dragging the question of national defence into the mire of party politics.

Mr. Stevens, Conservative member for Vancouver, made a pointed speech in reply. He said from Mr. Churchill's speech on October 30 to prove that the first lord of the admiralty shared the views of Lord Roberts.

A Powerful Play Well Acted. In "The Attack" the latest successful play by Henry Bernstein, author of the "The Thief," "Samson," etc., John Mason is seen at his best. In fact, it is a powerful play well acted. The local engagement closes with the matinee this afternoon and tonight's performance.

EBBS CHOICE IN S. LANARK

Nominated by Conservative Convention by Single Vote Over Ex-Mayor Hall of Perth.

PERTH, Ont., Feb. 21.—The Liberal-Conservative convention, held here this afternoon to select a candidate to represent the riding of South Lanark in the Ontario Legislature in succession to the late provincial treasurer, Hon. A. J. Matheson, was largely attended. Three candidates offered themselves: Simpson Gould, prominent business man of Smith's Falls, John C. Ebbs, a prosperous farmer of the Township of Drummond, and ex-Mayor F. W. Hall of Perth. On the first ballot Mr. Hall secured sixty-nine votes, Mr. Ebbs fifty-nine, and Mr. Gould fifty-seven. On the second ballot Mr. Ebbs had a majority of one vote over Mr. Hall.

The new Conservative standard-bearer is a young farmer who has had much experience in municipal affairs, and is a present member of the Township of Drummond and has served as warden of the County of Lanark. He is an ardent Orangeman.

When the convention opened a silent brother's resolution of condolence to the bereaved family of the late member, Hon. Mr. Matheson, was passed.

Bank Will Double Capital. In "The Attack" the latest successful play by Henry Bernstein, author of the "The Thief," "Samson," etc., John Mason is seen at his best. In fact, it is a powerful play well acted. The local engagement closes with the matinee this afternoon and tonight's performance.



Price of Furs

Not in a generation will we see as low a price as we now see for those of us who remember the robes of our youth will stand the reason. While the price is steadily increasing and is even more rapidly rising. Added to this is the fact that a permanent possession is doubly urgent to buy now. It's an investment, bringing large returns.

Making in the Shirt Section

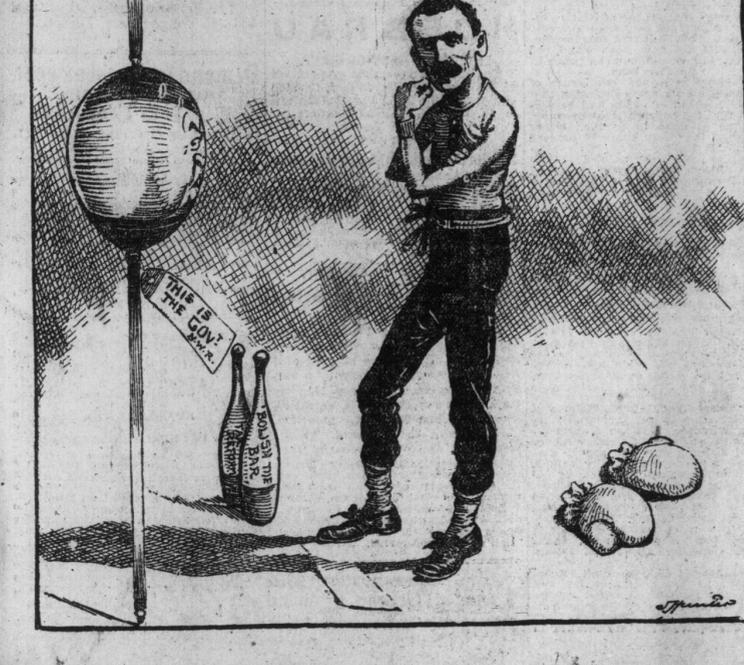
Goods arriving daily mean the older lines at greatly reduced prices. Here are two special offers for Saturday—\$1.00 for \$2.00, for \$2.00 for \$3.00.

Al Bargains in Odd Sized Dinnerware

Vegetable Dishes, various styles, each \$1.00. Fruit, various styles, each \$1.00.

GROCERIES

Fresh Creamery Butter per Pound, 10c. Fruit, various styles, each \$1.00.



If you want to get an idea of the stylish variety there is in men's hats, visit Dineen's. Here you will find hats from England, France, Italy, Germany and the United States. This selection does not mean exclusiveness at a cost. Dineen's hats are no overpriced ordinary kind. To be well fitted, visit Dineen's, 140 Yonge st., corner St. Lawrence.