

Questions

month; (g) \$70 to \$79.99 per month; (h) \$80 to \$89.99 per month; (i) \$90 to \$99.99 per month; (j) \$100 per month or over?

2. How many veterans of world war I are included in the figures given in each bracket in question 1?

3. What is the number of retired federal civil servants presently residing in each province?

Mr. MAYHEW:

1. (a) 274; (b) 512; (c) 666; (d) 771; (e) 725; (f) 709; (g) 677; (h) 756; (i) 579; (j) 2,210.

2. No information.

3. Prince Edward Island, 38; Nova Scotia, 342; New Brunswick, 139; Quebec, 1,316; Ontario, 3,566; Manitoba, 320; Saskatchewan, 176; Alberta, 317; British Columbia, 1,349.

EXCESS PROFITS TAX—REFUNDS

Mr. IRVINE:

What is the total excess profits tax which (a) has been refunded to private corporations; (b) is refundable?

Mr. WINTERS: (a) and (b). The accounting records of the taxation division are not maintained in such manner as to indicate the

amount of excess profits tax refundable to private corporations, as distinct from the amount refundable to public corporations.

As of the 31st March, 1947, the liability of the government for refundable portion of excess profits tax to all corporations (whether private or public) was estimated at \$250,000,000, of which amount \$303 has been refunded to date.

INDUSTRY OPERATED BY COAL, ELECTRICITY AND FUEL OIL

Mr. ISNOR:

1. What proportion of industry in Canada is operated by (a) steam, produced from coal; (b) electrical energy produced by hydro; (c) fuel oil?

2. By provinces, what proportion of industry is operated by (a) steam, produced from coal; (b) electrical energy produced by hydro; (c) fuel oil?

Mr. McILRAITH:

1 and 2. The sizes of industries are not capable of measurement by any one unit but the rating of power equipment will give an approximation of the relative sizes from a power aspect.

Ratio of H.P. Rating of Power Equipment of each Class to Total Rating of Equipment Installed in Manufacturing Industries, 1944

Province	Steam			Oil	Hydraulic		
	Steam engines and turbines	Electric motors operated with power purchased from central electric stations	Total	Internal combustion engines	Hydraulic turbines and water wheels	Electric motors operated with power purchased from central electric stations	Total
	A	(1) B	C = (A+B)	(4) D	E	(1) F	G = (E+F)
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Prince Edward Island.....	26.5	23.2	49.7	20.5	29.2	0.6	29.8
Nova Scotia.....	36.5	20.8	57.3	8.1	7.7	26.9	34.6
New Brunswick.....	32.7	12.5	45.2	5.2	11.0	38.6	49.6
Quebec.....	9.4	(2)	9.4	2.7	14.2	73.7	87.9
Ontario.....	15.4	(2)	15.4	3.8	9.1	71.7	80.8
Manitoba.....	10.3	0.2	10.5	5.0	0.5	84.0	84.5
Saskatchewan.....	25.7	52.9	78.6	21.4	(3)	—	—
Alberta.....	21.9	37.6	59.5	12.9	0.4	27.2	27.6
British Columbia.....	25.5	2.9	28.4	7.8	18.3	45.5	63.8
Yukon and N.W.T.....	9.6	1.6	11.2	88.8	—	—	—
Canada.....	15.7	1.8	17.5	4.5	11.3	66.7	78.0

(1) The total capacity of electric motors operated with power purchased from central electric stations has been divided here between steam engines and hydraulic turbines on basis of power generated by thermal and hydraulic equipment in central electric stations.

(2) Less than a tenth of one per cent.

(3) One hydraulic plant close to the Manitoba border is included in Manitoba where the power is used.

(4) Internal combustion engines are operated almost exclusively with gasoline and oil.

[Mr. Knowles.]