

called "good men," by the "swell-mob"; they are neither good in the physical nor in the moral sense; they are no good for religion, society, the home-circle, the state, or for any element of politics or otherwise.

It is certainly a relief to know that the trade—not profession—of making money by such means is likely to die out in the United States. That these people may find refuge for a time in Mexico, or in the Southern portion of America, is quite possible; but it can never pay down there as it would up North, and once it is evident that "there is no money in it," we may rely that its days are numbered. No men, call them sports, or what you like, are so depraved as to travel thousands of miles for the mere purpose of watching two fellows pounding each other. If the "Almighty Dollar" is not to be seen, at the end of the show, they are not sufficiently interested in the fame of either a Corbett or Fitzsimmons to spend money and time for such people's benefit.

We can heartily congratulate the Governor of Texas and the members of the State Legislature upon the course pursued; we trust that their action may eventually serve to bring Texas greater material gains than all the prize-fights that could take place in a hundred years could ever procure.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

We understand that during the next few months pilgrimages will be made to Rome by persons from Vienna, North Italy, Portugal, Belgium, Mexico and other countries. The hollowness of the recent demonstrations, on the 20th September, will be the more apparent when the world beholds the influx of Catholic pilgrims all rushing to Rome to place their petitions at the feet of the Sovereign Pontiff, and to give evidence of the faith that is so universal despite the attempts of infidelity to prove the contrary.

We desire to call special attention to the St. Ann's Bazaar, which opens tomorrow, in the St. Ann's Hall, corner of Young and Ottawa Streets. The splendid rooms occupied so often for similar purposes, is being tastefully decorated, and great activity is being displayed by all the promoters. The Bazaar will continue until the nineteenth of this month. We trust that the energy and zeal displayed by the generous ladies who are doing the good work will meet with the reward of a general and effective encouragement. We wish them all manner of success.

By the death of the famous Doctor Pasteur France loses one of her most prominent men and the world a great scientist. Pasteur gained the greatest portion of his fame as the discoverer of inoculation as a cure for rabies. Over twenty thousand people attended the obsequies. The service was held in the church of Notre Dame, Paris, and the remains were buried in a specially reserved plot in front of the Pasteur Institute. He was one of the many great public men that France has produced in this century; nearly all his contemporaries have gone before him.

The Czar of Russia has founded a fund of \$250,000 for aged or sick journalists and widows of journalists. This speaks well for the "autocrat of all the Russias." In less despotic countries such a movement would be highly appreciated; but it is not of journalists that the benevolent world thinks the most. The journalists of Russia must surely feel grateful to the Czar for his consideration; but probably they would be more thankful if the press of the country had a little more freedom, and if journalists were not in constant danger of being sent to Siberia the moment they dared express opinions that did not correspond with the Czar's views.

The report of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General of the United States shows that the number of post-offices in the Republic, on June 30, 1895, was 70,064. This figure gives us a faint idea of the enormous amount of correspondence that must pass through the mails every year. Quite a change from the days when the postage-stamps and envelopes were unknown. Were it not for the telegraph and telephone we believe that the matter handled by the post-office officials would be even still greater than at present. The world is moving on rapid wings—they are steam and electricity. We trust it will not get too high a speed on our time; it would be unpleasant to feel that the old-time brakes were no use.

We call the special attention of our readers to the article on "Freemasonry" that appears in this issue. It is from the pen of one of the most gifted writers and deepest thinkers of our day. We take it from the columns of the "London Tablet," and in our next issue we purpose continuing the subject. Probably there may be a few amongst our readers who are carried away by the phosphorescent light that shines around the secret societies, and who may mis-

take its lustre for the beams of truth; if so, we trust that they will carefully and honestly study the facts and arguments set forth in these articles. It is time that our people should know exactly what is to be expected from the Masonic combination. It is widespread, and the world is full of its roots that dig down into almost any soil; the Rock upon which the Catholic Church is built alone resists them.

THE Vicar-Apostolic for Denmark, Mgr. Eueh, has been given charge of a mission in Iceland. Two missionaries will proceed to the island this autumn. One of them will be the Rev. Father Socinason, a Jesuit and a native of Iceland. From all quarters of the earth are the Jesuits recruited, and in all lands, where missionary work is to be done, are they to be found. It matters little to the follower of St. Ignatius whether he is called; be it amongst the sands of Africa or the glaciers of the north, the Jesuit is always in the vanguard of civilization and is the first to plant the cross of Christ amongst the infidels and savages.

WE learn that the recommendation of the Sacred Congregation of Rites at its session on August 13th, confirming the cultus of Venerable Thaddeus McCarthy, Bishop of Cork, Cloyne and Ross, has since been formally sanctioned by His Holiness Leo XIII. The decision adds a new name to the Irish calendar. The Venerable Bishop was appointed Bishop of Ross in 1882. In 1890 he became Bishop of Cork and Cloyne. He died on October 23, 1892, at Ivrea, in Italy, on his way to Rome. He was interred in the grave of St. Eusebius, honored in Italy as a Venerable Bishop and martyr. The ancient cultus has now been approved and extended. The news has been joyfully received by Catholics of the dioceses over which the saint ruled.

LA GRANDE TRAPPE, the parent of all the Trappist monasteries, was lately thrown open to women for the first time; it was on the occasion of the consecration of its new church by the Bishop of Sees. Heretofore only three women ever crossed the threshold of that monastery. The first woman to visit the holy house was Mary of Modena, the Queen of James II., who was accompanied by her husband there in 1696. In 1847 Queen Amelia and the Duchess de Nemours visited the convent with Louis Philippe. The Order of La Trappe is about the most severe one in the Church. In Canada we have now a couple of branch houses of Trappists; one is at Oka, the Mitred Abbot of which was in attendance at the opening of the present Provincial Council of Bishops for Montreal.

THE recent bush fires have caused an enormous amount of suffering and destruction of property along the south shore of the St. Lawrence. Apart from the great sympathy for the unfortunate victims of such conflagrations, there is a lesson that the authorities should learn from these events—not sufficiently unfrequent in Canada. Bush fires, particularly towards the close of summer, when the earth has undergone a lengthy dry season, are exceedingly easy to start. The burning of the underbrush and the clearing of land by setting fire to stumps should be punishable by the law, and officers should be appointed to visit the dangerous sections of the province and to warn the farmers and report infractions. More of our forests have been destroyed by fires, the result of carelessness, than ever fell beneath the axe of the lumberman.

It has been argued, time and again, that drunkenness is the fruitful mother of lunacy. There is nothing that better substantiates this truth than statistics. In glancing over the last report of the Commissioners on Lunacy, in England, it appears that there has been an increase of 2,014 on that of 1894. During the years 1889 to 1893, inclusive, "intemperance in drink" was found to be the cause in 1,675 male and 690 female patients. The proportion per cent. to the yearly average number admitted during the five years was 20.8 in male cases and 8.1 in female cases. Amongst the "general paralytics" the proportion was still higher, being 25.6 in males and 19.9 in females. In the classes of patients with a "suicidal propensity" the per centage was 20.6 in males and 7.4 in females. The cause "intemperance in drink" has produced more than any other one of these unfortunates.

THE young Archduke Laidislaus, of Austria, was recently killed by the accidental discharge of a gun when he was hunting. The Hapsburg family seems to have been unfortunate in this regard during the last half of this century. In 1864, Maximilian, brother of the Emperor, was shot. In 1867, the Archduchess Mathilde, daughter of the late Archduke Albert, was burned to death. The Archduke Rudolph, heir to the throne, came to an untimely end in 1889. The Archduke Johann Salvator, known as Johann Orth, is supposed to have been drowned off the Cape of Good Hope,

about the same time; and last year Archduke William was killed by a fall from his horse.

MR. GLADSTONE has generally something new and surprising to say. He is old, but he keeps up with the times. Often his expressions are startling in their great truthfulness. Mr. Robert Crombie, of Belfast, author of "The Crack of Doom," drew Mr. Gladstone's attention to the contemporary position of science and religion as represented in that book. Mr. Gladstone sent him the following reply:—"Dear Sir,—I thank you for your courtesy, and I am reading the work with interest. You will, I am sure, forgive me for saying that I am grateful to science for all that it has done and is doing, but Christianity stands in no need of it, and is as able now as ever to hold its own ground." Never did the Grand Old Man express a more emphatic and generally accepted truth.

THERE are many important feasts kept by the Church during the month of October. The feast of the Holy Rosary, of which we spoke editorially last week, falls on the sixth of the month. On the second is that of the Guardian Angels; in another column we draw particular attention to this subject. On the fourth is the feast of St. Francis of Assisi; on the tenth that of St. Francis Borgia; on the thirteenth that of St. Edward; on the nineteenth that of St. Peter of Alcantara; on the twenty-fourth that of St. Raphael; and on the twenty-eighth that of Saints Simon and Jude.

A SISTER OF CHARITY is the first woman to receive a decoration in Holland. She was made a Knight of the Order of Nassau-Orange by the two Queens of Holland during their recent visit to Overysal. While the Catholic world feels proud that the humble virgins, who offer up their lives for the glory of God and the well-being of the human race, are recognized in the person of one of their number, and in such a signal and significant manner, still we know that the decoration of knighthood is not the honor that the Sister of Charity seeks. It is a reward far beyond any that earthly sovereign can bestow that she covets; and certainly this distinction is only the emblem of the unending one that is promised to the "good and faithful servant."

WITH the exceptions of England and the United States of America, no other nation that has representatives in Rome displayed its colors on the Italian "National" festival. The truth is that Italy's right to remain and rule in Rome has never been officially recognized by any European power. We can understand England's very well—there is a kind of alliance between the two countries. That of America can be explained in the fact that the "spread-eagleism" of American representatives causes them to flaunt the "Stars and Stripes" on every public occasion, and in every land, without much regard to the appropriateness of the event or the opportuneness of the celebration.

VICTOR EMMANUEL was a fine example of the hypocrite. When he entered Rome, in 1870, he professed no intention of permanently occupying the Eternal City, nor did he claim that such was necessary to Italian national unity. He thus wrote on that occasion to Pius IX.—"Prostrating myself at Your Holiness' feet as your most devoted son, I beg to announce to you, Most Holy Father, that in order to protect your sacred person from the violence of disorder, in order to preserve your sovereignty from the attacks of the seditious and to assure the maintenance of your spiritual and temporal power, I, at the head of my troops, will, to aid you, enter Rome." Was ever such an example of duplicity known?

THE following story is told by a contemporary. It beautifully illustrates how deeply interested the Holy Father is in all whom he ever knew and how faithfully he preserves bright memories of the past:

The Bishop of Brindisi, who recently arrived in Rome, was questioned by his Holiness as to the material and ecclesiastical conditions of his diocese. The Pope, thinking back to the time when he was Apostolic Delegate at Benevento, near Brindisi, over sixty years ago, asked the Bishop did he know Mgr. Palmieri, of that place, and several other persons whose names came glibly to the tongue of Leo XIII. The Bishop in alarm cried out: "Holy Father, I was not even born then!" an answer which was received with laughter. The Pope advised the Bishop to take while he was in Rome every means of acquiring information regarding the conducting of a seminary. This he did in view of the Bishop's determination to establish a seminary in his diocese at Gorka.

AN Apostolic School has been established at Munger near Limerick, in Ireland. A few years ago Rev. Father Roman, S.J., commenced the establishment, with a view to securing for poor young men, throughout the country, who are anxious to become priests on the foreign missions, the means of carry-

ing out their pious wishes. The Catholic Times, of Liverpool, says on this subject:

"There can be no greater or more meritorious work than to provide these young men with the means of following the call of God. So far Father Roman's work has been wonderfully successful. Already the Apostolic School has given to the Church some thirty or forty young priests, full of zeal and energy to do God's work in distant lands; and scarcely less than 200 are on their way to ordination, either as secular priests or religious. Yet, owing to the limited resources at the command of the Superiors, scarcely a tithe of those who present themselves can be accepted."

Ireland will ever be a land of missionaries and saints!

PERSONAL.

Rev. Father Kiernan, whose name is so familiar to hundreds of our readers, called upon us this week, on his way from Fredericton, N.B., to his new home at Sheenboro, in the County of Pontiac. The Reverend Father looks well and is as genial and kindly as ever. Were it not that our forms, for this week, were too far advanced, we would give our readers the account of the touching farewell that marked his departure from St. Mary's, Fredericton. As it is, we reserve that pleasure for our next issue.

ST. ANN'S BAZAAR.

Today St. Ann's Poor and Orphans Bazaar, under the auspices of the Redemptionist Fathers and the supervision of the Ladies of Mercy, will open at St. Ann's Hall, corner of Young and Ottawa streets. The bazaar will continue until the 19th instant. An attractive programme has been arranged for each day. Elaborate tableaux, dramatic pieces, operettas, pantomimes and vocal and instrumental selections will help to make the hall a pleasant place to visit during the bazaar. There will be a contest for the most popular province in Ireland, and the palm will be awarded to that securing the most votes. The "one man one vote" principle will not be enforced; nor will telegraphing be prevented. In fact, democratization will reign, for votes will be bought and sold in the most open manner, and it is to be feared that the largest purse will carry the election. However, the proceeds will all go for the good of the friendless and the fatherless, and so no harm will be done.

CATHOLIC SEAMEN'S CLUB CONCERT.

Although the season is drawing to a close, the Concerts given by the above Club every week continue to meet with great success. Last Thursday evening Mr. Codd presided on the stage and presented the following fine programme:—Overture—"Caliph of Bagdad"—violin and piano, Master Andrew Barrow and Miss Ellen Sheehan; song—"O Heart Divine," Miss May Luan; piano duet, Miss Ellen Sheehan and Miss Lizzie Kane; Persian Minstrels; banjo and piano, Misses Cogan; song, Mr. McLean; dance, Mr. Parizeau; song, Mr. Jensen, sailor; recitation, Miss May Appleton; recitation, Miss B. Milloy; songs by Mr. Traynor, Mr. Rankin, Mr. Tanguay; duet, Messrs. Read and Milloy; and several others. The Grand Annual Concert of the Catholic Truth Society, which closes the summer entertainments of the branch society—St. Mary's College Academic Hall, basement of Gesù Church, on Monday, 28th inst. A splendid programme is in course of preparation. Reserved seat, 50c; general admission, 25c.

BELLE: Mr. Joyler is such a nice man. He said I had a voice like a bird. Nell: Yes, he told me you sang like an owl.



Catarrh in the Head

Is a dangerous disease because it is liable to result in loss of hearing or smell, or develop into consumption. Read the following:

"My wife has been a sufferer from catarrh for the past four years and the disease had gone so far that her eyesight was affected so that for nearly a year she was unable to read for more than five minutes at a time. She suffered severe pains in the head and at times was almost distracted. About Christmas, she commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and since that time has steadily improved. She has taken six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is on the road to a complete cure. I cannot speak too highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I cheerfully recommend it." W. H. FURBER, Newmarket, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today. Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c. per box.

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Prices \$3 to \$6 per Month, C. W. LINDSAY, 2268, 2270 & 2272 St. Catherine St.

COUNCIL OF BISHOPS.

The Second Solemn Session on Sunday

The second solemn session of the Provincial Council of Roman Catholic Bishops now being held, took place on Sunday. The ceremonies were similar to those of the previous Sunday, all the prelates and clergy making their solemn entrance into the Cathedral, and pontifical high Mass being chanted by the Bishop of Sherbrooke.

During the proceedings the titles of nearly a hundred decrees already enacted by the council were read in Latin from the pulpit. In the afternoon, Archbishop Fabre officiated at the pontifical vesper. The sermons were preached in the morning by the Rev. Father Duchaussois, of the Dominican order, and in the afternoon by the Rev. Father LeFebvre, of the Oblat order. Both preachers spoke on the devotion of the Holy Rosary.

On Tuesday morning, at eight o'clock, a solemn Mass was chanted in the Cathedral, on the occasion of the inauguration of the new Laval university. All the members of the provincial council and the professors and students of the different faculties of the university were present. The council is divided into five special committees, each presided over by a bishop, which have to prepare the decrees to be submitted for discussion at the general meetings.

Mgr. Decelles, Coadjutor Bishop of St. Hyacinthe, leaves on the 12th of this month for Rome. He goes to pay the Pope the visit enjoined every prelate after his consecration. All bishops have, moreover, to repair to the Vatican every ten years to render an account of their ministrations. If unable, they have to send one of their priests.

A certain eminent medical man lately handed to a publisher a treatise on the hand, which the worthy bookseller declined with a shake of the head, saying: "My dear sir, we have too many treatises on our hands already."

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S. ADVERTISEMENT.

New Dress Goods:

"IT GOES WITHOUT SAYING" that our assortments of New Fall and Winter Dress Goods embrace all the latest European Novelties imported direct from the seat of manufacture. BUT—and the BUT is important—not only in the qualities and styles, but in the prices, the prices invariably rest on the very lowest possible cash basis. We can please the eye, the taste, and the sense of fitness, without pinching the purse.

New Cheviot Costume Tweeds, all double width, new colorings, extra value, from 45c per yard. 100 Pieces New Plaid Dress Goods, in all the newest shades and colors. Prices from 30c per yard.

New Astrachan Cheviot, Black and Colored, a bargain, only 75c a yard.

Fast Dye Navy Blue Serges, the best value in the market. Prices from 30c a yard.

Silk and Wool Crepons, beautiful goods, in new colors, only one Dress pattern of a color.

Balance of a lot of Dress Tweeds, 54 inches wide. Regular price, \$1.25. Choice of the balance for only 50c per yard.

All Wool Box Cloth (Ladies' Cloth), Black and all colors. 75c per yard.

Handsome Paris Costumes, no two alike, all the latest novelties to select from.

New Striped, Cattle Dress Goods, one of the latest novelties, only 75c per yard, Black and all colors.

Novelties in Black Crepons, all prices from 50c per yard. 25 patterns to select from.

New Black Boucle Cheviots. Prices from 75c per yard.

Black All Wool Dress Serges, guaranteed fast dye, from 30c per yard.

New Black Mohair, plain and fancy, all prices from 30c per yard.

NEW COLORED CREPONS.

We have just put into stock, in evening shades, an assortment of Colored Crepons, extra value, only 65c per yard.

NEW BLOUSE SILKS

In Striped, Fancy, Plaid, Plain, Tartan and Taffeta.

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Our New Bedford Cords, in Black, Navy and assorted colors, are going well. They make up a lovely Costume.

Our New Worsted Costume Serges, in Black, Navy and other choice shades, still lead.

Our New Mottled and Fancy Boucle Cloths in Plaids and Striped effects, are leading articles of Costumes.

Our New Halifax Tweed Suitings in Brown and Gray Mixtures make up a neat and cheap Costume.

Our New Canvas Tweeds in choice colorings are quite a novelty.

Novelties in Fancy Stripes, Plaids and Checks.

And a full range of Clan Tartans, Rob Roy and Shepherd Checks.

44-in. Costume Melton in Black, Gray and Colored, 22c a yard.

44-in. All Wool Striped Dress Tweeds, 25c and 29c a yard.

44-in. Mottled Tweed Effects, 35c only.

40-in. Check Dress Tweeds in a choice selection, only 15c a yard.

And a fine range of Blouse and Dress Silks in Black and Colored and in Striped, Checked and Fancy, in Surahs, Glace and Taffetas.

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