

COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER IS PURE, HONEST GOODS Will do MORE WORK for SAME COST than any other composed of equally safe Ingredients. McLAREN'S COOK'S FRIEND THE ONLY GENUINE.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

UNITED STATES.

The Farmers' Alliance of Kansas has decided to take the election of a United States senator into its own hands.

Benjamin F. Shaw, creator of the idea of the seamless stocking and inventor of the loom to make it, died at Lowell, Mass., on Thursday, aged 58.

United States secret service officers have captured a gang of seven counterfeiters who have been making and passing spurious \$10 bills. Their headquarters were at Palestine, Ohio.

The Pittsburg Dispatch says the Oliver Iron and Steel mills will be closed for an indefinite time. No explanation is given and the excitement is great on the south side. This concern has been running five mills and employed 3,000 men.

A Kansas City paper says a company of English and American capitalists, known as the America Type Foundry Company, is negotiating for the purchase of all the type foundries in the United States. The capital is placed at \$20,000,000.

CANADIAN.

Mr. James Crossen, owner of the car works, at Cobourg, died in Montreal last week.

Mr. James Stratton, collector of customs at Peterboro', died of apoplexy last week.

Mr. Duncan Morrison, of Owen Sound, has been appointed junior judge for the county of Grey.

The powder magazine of the Government steamer Newfield blew up last week while the vessel was off the coast of Yarmouth, N.S. One man was killed and six badly injured.

Dr. Abrams, M.P.P. for North Perth, was unseated by the Election Court last week, his counsel having agreed to a judgment against him, without costs, rather than fight it out on a doubtful point.

At the nomination at Lindsay, Ont., on Thursday, i.e., South Victoria, Charles Fairbairn, of Lehigh, was nominated Conservative candidate, and William Lownsbrough, of Mariposa, Reform candidate.

EUROPEAN.

The Spanish Government has officially recognized the Brazilian Republic.

Four hundred families on Achill Island are compelled to eat diseased potatoes to keep from starving.

The Porte has sent an engineer corps to lay torpedoes at Benghazi, Tripoli, in anticipation of an attack by Italy.

Chinese advisers say that over twenty Christians were killed at Loong Tay Tsun by members of a heathen society.

The National Council of Switzerland has agreed to grant applications from other countries for the extradition of persons charged with political offences.

The freedom of the city of Edinburgh, which was recently presented to Parnell, has been withdrawn. At a meeting of the municipal council Parnell's name was erased from the roll of burgesses.

The Duke of Nassau, who succeeded King William of Holland on the throne of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, has taken the oath to maintain Luxembourg's national independence and territorial integrity.

IRISH NOTES.

Dr. Koch's method of cure in tubercular diseases is being adopted by several of the Dublin hospitals.

A weekly newspaper, The Irish Labor Advocate, has just been issued in Dublin as the organ of the Irish Labor Union.

The Most Rev. Dr. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin, officiated recently at an interesting function at the Church of the Sacred Heart, Kildare, Co. Kildare, of which the Rev. M. P. Langan is P.P. This was the blessing of a new bell, cast by Mr. Byrne, of Dublin, and the gift of Mr. Ralph Bowen, of the Curragh, and the opening of a chapel dedicated to Our Lady of Good Counsel.

A unique purchase has been made by the Messrs. Hopkins, the well-known jewelers of Dublin, whose establishment faces O'Connell Bridge and the Liberator's monument. It consists of a rare set of dies used by another eminent jeweler, the late Mr. Johnson, in the manufacture of the fac-similes of such famous pieces of antiquarian work as the Tara brooch, the Ardagh chalice, the Cross of Cong, and many other beautiful reproductions of antique Irish art.

Sir John Pope Hennessy, says the Dublin Freeman, has been unanimously chosen for the representation of Kilkenny in the popular interest. It is not a little significant at the present juncture that the choice of Sir John was placed before the convention which accepted him at the instance of Mr. Parnell, and it is also significant too that, at the present crucial moment, that the Kilkenny electors had not the slightest hesitation in giving the seal of their sanction to what Mr. Parnell suggested.

At Ennisceorthy, the police summoned Thomas Whitney, who was formerly an emergency cartaker on the Cranree evicted farm, for willfully entering the Cathedral and doing damage to a lamp on one of the altars. Whitney appeared in custody, and there was also another charge listed against him for stealing twenty head of fowl from Mr. Daniel Swaine, Mile house. The bench first took up the hearing of the charge against Whitney or entering the chapel and breaking the

altar lamp, inflicted a fine of 20s., compensation 10s and costs, or in default one month in jail. He pleaded guilty to the charge, after which he was sentenced to one month's imprisonment.

A special jury have placed on record their solemn finding that District Inspector Carter and the gang of cowardly ruffians who on the streets of Tipperary deliberately shot down the poor boy Hefferman are guilty, if not of murder, at least of manslaughter. In any civilized country the police in such a case would be compelled to answer from the criminal dock for their lawless act, but in this instance Carter and his braves will not only have their legal expenses paid, but probably they will be rewarded with favor by the Government of Ireland.

Eighty-five thousand dollars arrears swept clean away. This is the first provision in the award of the arbitrators on the Draper's estate in the county of Londonderry. All evicted tenants are to be restored and allowed compensation in the form of a half year's rent for their loss by eviction. The £500 which the evictions cost is to be borne by the company. Finally, purchase is arranged in each case on a basis that will reduce the annual instalment on an average to half the poor law valuation of the holding.

The Collooney and Claremorris railway will be commenced with the least possible delay, the government providing the necessary funds for the portion between Claremorris and Tubbercurry. This portion of the line as passing through the poorest and most congested part of the district is to be first made. This was the reply of Mr. Balfour to the deputation from Swinford and Charlestown recently. If the Grand Jury of Sligo at the March assizes give a limited guarantee the government is likely to provide the balance for the extension to Collooney.

The erection of two new and beautiful stained glass windows in the Franciscan Church, Wexford, has just been completed. One is the gift of the Brothers of the Third Order, while the donor of the other wishes his name to be unknown. The former window, on which a figure of St. Louis is represented, is placed on the right hand side next the altar, and the latter, in which the founder of the Third Order is represented, in the transept. The inscription on the window, the gift of the Brothers of the Third Order, is as follows: "Presented by the Brothers of the Third Order of St. Francis, Wexford, A.D. 1890. Very Rev. S. B. Gore, Spiritual Director. Father Gore deserves to be congratulated on the many valuable improvements which have been made in this church during his Guardianship. The windows were executed by Leopold Lobin, of Tours. It was this firm which supplied the magnificent memorial window erected to the late Most Rev. Dr. Furlong, in the Cathedral, Ennisceorthy."

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

A Round Robin—The Legislative Council—The Finances.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TRUE WITNESS.)

QUEBEC, December 12.—Last Wednesday a passage of arms took place over the famous "round robin," in which an increase of indemnity was asked, and Mr. Mercier challenged Mr. Leblanc to "step outside," but he did not. After a furious and useless discussion the speaker intervened, and the House proceeded to business. The difficulty arose as to how many members of the House were to be paid eight hundred dollars, and during the next session, after an informal meeting of the members of the Opposition and Ministerial sides, a Ministerial member was asked to use his influence in having the sessional allowance increased to a thousand dollars, the same as in Ottawa. To this the member appealed to had no objection, and after obtaining the demand in writing from the speaker, he then stated in the agreement that the transaction should remain perfectly secret, he saw the Premier, who was averse to the scheme, but intimated that there might be some chance if the demand was a little less. It was finally decided to ask for eight hundred dollars, and the signatures of twenty-six members on the Ministerial and Opposition sides were obtained. In consequence of which the increase was granted. At the evening session a discussion arose as to the administration of our forests and mines. Thursday was largely occupied with routine business, a number of orders for papers being made. In the evening Mr. Leblanc, for the abolition of the Legislative Council was killed after some frothy talk. A bill to prevent workmen being paid in kind instead of money was referred to the legislation committee. Friday was occupied by a further discussion of the financial state of the province, after which the House proceeded to pass the estimates. The House sat for the first time for a Saturday session, and night sessions were the subject of discussion, it being alleged that they were not being conducted as well as they might be. On Monday Mr. Leblanc moved the second reading of a bill to extend the Election Act so as to extend the right of suffrage by giving a holiday to laborers to vote and to amend the municipal code respecting the valuation rolls. He said that one of the objects of the bill was to extend the right of suffrage to everyone who received a salary of at least \$500.

Mr. Mercier said the bill was another demand to extend the suffrage. We legislate before a great modern problem, but we are advancing steadily towards universal suffrage. No Government could resist the pressure that is brought to bear on us. Why should we not do what they have done in Ontario? We may wait ten years but we will reach it. Mr. Leblanc said the bill was proposed by those who are not in sympathy with the Government. Mr. Pelletier said the workmen had suffrage enough, and had shown this by defeating one of the most distinguished men in the City of Montreal. The bill was sent back for reconsideration. The business of the session is being hurried with the intention, it is possible, of adjourning before Christmas.

Mr. Laurier by the Sea.

ST. JOHNS, N. B., Dec. 15.—Mr. Laurier addressed a large meeting to-night. He talked about reciprocity and all that sort of thing, but gave no particulars on a party standpoint. He was disinterested, not pertinent. Mr. Davy, of Prince Edward Island, followed in denunciation of the Government's policy, but, like his leader, failed to detail the Liberal platform. The meeting was not at all enthusiastic, even from a Grit standpoint. Messrs. Choquette and Fisher, M.P.'s, were on the platform and the latter said a few words.

The N. W. Troubles.

OTTAWA, Dec. 15.—The claims of Charles Brennan, the Battleford half-breed, for losses incurred during the rebellion, will be reopened shortly by the Government. Before leaving for England Sir Frederick Middleton declared that on no condition would he pay any compensation to Brennan. Mr. Stewart Henderson, solicitor for the claimant, has interviewed the Minister of Justice several times during the past few weeks. Mr. Henderson recently sent the Government general counsel a bill containing the names of the various claims, and on behalf of his client, damages of \$16,753. The claim includes losses of furs, cattle, poultry, and implements. The furs comprise 472 beavers, 10 fishers, 20 muskrats, and 200 mink skins. Mr. Henderson proposes to press eight other claims.

BOOK NOTICES.

THE ENGLISH ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE; Christmas number, 1890. Macmillan, New York.

This magazine appears in its usual Christmas beauty and double its customary size. The illustrations are fully up to the high standard of art and execution which characterize all that appears in its pages. As a frontispiece it gives the head of Washington, from Stuart's noted painting, executed for the first Marquis of Lansdowne, and now owned by Lord Rosebery. It accompanies a pleasingly written sketch of Sulgrave, the English seat of Washington's ancestors. Inns and taverns of Old London" takes the reader into many curious and almost forgotten nooks of the modern Babylon. A finely illustrated article on the always new attractions of Westminster Abbey, by Dr. Farrar, and a sketch of English convent life, may be noted as among the most striking of the charming series which go to make up this number. The English Illustrated stands in the front rank of such serials and increases in attractiveness as the volumes go on.

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW, November. New York: Leonard Scott Publication Co.

This number opens with a most lame and inconclusive article which wrestles with the absurd idea that the Church is an enemy to home rule. It is not worthy a place in so noted a serial. A better article, by S. R. Van Campen, on the Political Position of Holland, gives an account of the political system of that country and a forecast of the probable effects of the retirement of the king from inability to conduct the government. Walter Lloyd reviews the famous book "Lux Mundi," which he does not think accomplishes its aim save to those already within the Church. Geoffrey Mortimer has a brief but thoughtful paper on the Intellectual Cowardice of Women. C. J. Rowe relates some amusing House-keeping Experiences in the Australian Colonies, telling of the difficulties which beset mistress and servants in this remote part of the earth. The other articles are very well written.

FOUR ANCIENT CAROLS, with French and English words and four-part music by R. Oct. Pelletier, Montreal; D. Dussault, 59 Berri street.

In these three pages are presented "Les Anges dans les Campagnes," "Noel des Berges," "Il est ne le divin enfant," and "Dans cette etable," four simple, but admirably arranged carols for Christmas. They will be found valuable and charming for home use as well as in churches. Many will learn from this edition that the music of Gounod set to Fannie's words, "Cradled all Lowly," is an ancient "Noel," and merely adapted by the great composer.

Anarchist Prosecuted.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—It has been decided to prosecute the Anarchist, De La Bruyere, the accomplice of Gregoire, for conspiracy to defeat justice in assisting Padlewsky to escape. The Argentine Republic, whether Padlewsky is supposed to have fled, will be asked to extradite him.

A cut and dried affair—A load of hay.

Light results—A heavy gas bill.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

CURE SICK HEADACHE. Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure!

ACHE. Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE. Is the name of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CONSIGNMENTS

CARPETS

OPENED THIS DAY,

will be marked and placed in Consignment Department for

Monday Morning's Sale

THOMAS LICGET'S

184 NOTRE DAME STREET

(Glenora Building, Montreal.)

Good News For Farmers.

The Montreal ice bridge took yesterday, followed by the first crossing of the season, when a man crossed on foot and pronounced the ice splendid for walking purposes. The first crossing from Longueuil last season was not before the 23rd of January. The present date is said to "beat the record" for early crossing. It is generally conceded, however, that there will be a shove or two before the ice bridge forms properly. Opposite the city the indications are that the ice will be firm in the course of two days giving the present frost continue, thus giving ice communication between all the villages on the south shore and the city before Christmas Day. The ice is said to be in excellent condition. The water registers twenty-seven feet and a half, or a foot higher than yesterday. On Lake St. Peter the ice is of poor quality. A man and horse went through it on Saturday last while crossing, but the report does not say whether they got out again. At Sorel and Verennes there is good crossing for horses and men and it is being taken advantage of to a large extent. At Beloeil the ice is thirteen inches thick and is being cut. In the canals it is fully two feet thick. Altogether the prospects for a good winter's trade are very encouraging if the river is any criterion.

C. M. B. A.

Supreme Deputy Campaign, of Ottawa, called a meeting of the French C.M.B.A., members in Montreal, at the hall of Branch 83, Mignone street, last night, for the purpose of forming a Grand Council for the Province of Quebec.

The Ship Laborers.

QUEBEC, December 15.—The members of the Quebec Ship Laborer's Society are vigorously opposing the movement to cancel their charter. They have presented petitions to the Legislature denying all the allegations of the petition presented against them, asserting that the signers of the same do not represent the commercial body of Quebec; that those more directly interested, the lumber merchants, distinctly refused to sign the said petition. The petition stated that the decline of the Quebec trade has not been due to the rules and regulations of the Society, but to the want of enterprise of the Quebec business men.

Sitting Bull Killed.

ST. PAUL, Minn., December 15.—A report of the death of Sitting Bull has been confirmed by advices received by Gen. Miles, who is now in this city, at his military headquarters here. He received two dispatches this evening, the first from Pierre, S.D., stating that Sitting Bull and his son had been killed, but giving no particulars. The other dispatch was from Standing Rock Agency, and stated that the Indian police started out this morning to arrest Sitting Bull, having understood that he proposed starting for the Bad Lands at once. The police were followed by a troop of cavalry under Captain Touchett, and infantry under Captain Drum. When the police reached Sitting Bull's camp, on the Grand river, about forty miles from Standing Rock, they found arrangements being made for departure. The cavalry had not yet reached the camp when the police arrested Bull and started back with him. His followers quickly rallied to his rescue and tried to retake him. In the melee that ensued the wily old chief is said to have been killed, and five of the best of the Indian police were also killed. One of the police jumped on one of Sitting Bull's horses and rode back to the cavalry and infantry, telling them to hurry to the support of the police, and then hurried on to the agency with the news of the battle. Nothing later than this has yet been received, but the death of Sitting Bull and of at least five of those who had captured him seems undoubtedly true.

Ballooning.

BERLIN, December 15.—A gentleman who has just returned from Thorn, west Prussia, tells of a balloon ascent in which he took part with an officer of the garrison, and during which a very interesting experiment was made. The balloon was fifteen by thirteen metres, and required 1,000 cubic metres of gas to fill it. The car was connected by telephone with the fortresses. The apparatus worked splendidly both ways and the voice of the commandant of the garrison could be distinctly heard at a height of 600 metres. The war balloon departments, attached to all the German fortresses on the Russian and French frontiers, are well developed, and they could give scientific aeronauts valuable hints if military instructions could be made subservient to the advancement of science.

A Simile.

"History repeats itself," and the humiliating stampede of the McCarthyites is but a repetition on a small scale of the disastrous panic of Kinsale. In December, 1601, the English army, which had been besieging the Spanish in Kinsale, was itself besieged by the advancing Irish army under the great Hugh O'Neill. On the 24th of December the Irish army decided to attack the English from the plains, while the Spaniards would assail them from the city. The English, weak, demoralized, and surrounded, were apparently doomed to defeat. Suddenly, and without any assignable cause, a panic occurred in the Irish ranks when they were within musket shot of the English ranks. Neither English nor Irish historians can account for it; but both versions agree that the Irish ranks "broke in confusion" before the English fired a shot, and in a few minutes their advance became a disorderly retreat, and the battle was lost. O'Neill rallied his cavalry and prevented the retreat from becoming a slaughter, but was compelled to retreat to Ulster. There, with his few but resolute followers, he carried on the fight for eighteen months, and finally, on the 30th of July, 1603, compelled the English commanders to grant him an honorable peace on terms far more favorable than was accorded to the panic-stricken fugitives of Kinsale. The present panic is fortunately limited to London. It will not extend to Ireland or to America, but even if it had cast its fearful shadow there there is comfort in the knowledge that more than enough undaunted spirits

have rallied around Parnell to protect the stragglers, and to continue the combat until an honorable peace is concluded.—Freeman.

FATHER KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

In its Worst Form. BENTON, LAY, Co., Wis., Dec. 1890. Rev. J. C. Bergen writes for the following: James Rooney who was suffering from Vitus Dance in its worst form for about 14 years was treated by several physicians without effect, two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic cured him.

A member of my congregation used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic with good results. The patient was so nervous that he could not find sleep for weeks. He suffered from the most intense anxiety which bordered on insanity. I gave the person some of Koenig's Nerve Tonic and he continued to use it. The appetite returned gradually, the anxiety disappeared, the headache left, and to day the sufferer, who had almost despaired, is enjoying excellent health. Born, Elakump, Pastor.

Our Pamphlet for sufferers of nervous diseases will be sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge from us. This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by the KOENIG MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price \$1 per Bottle. 6 Bottles for \$5.

"Indigenous Bitters" The most economic and at the same time the most effectual stomachic, and aid to digestion.

The INDIGENOUS BITTERS owe their popularity to the most important qualities which any medicinal preparation could have: an efficacy at all times certain, the absence of any dangerous ingredient and a moderate price. The INDIGENOUS BITTERS consist of a combination in exact proportions of a large number of roots and barks, highly valuable, on account of their medicinal virtues, as tonics, stomachics, digestives and carminatives. HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA and GENERAL LAZINESS, are most frequently the result of derangement of the stomach, and in such cases the INDIGENOUS BITTERS never fail to afford prompt relief, and most frequently even a cure. The INDIGENOUS BITTERS are sold in retail, in all respectable Drug Stores in the Dominion, in 25c. boxes only, containing sufficient quantity to make three or four half pint bottles. SOLE PROPRIETOR:

S. LACHANCE DRUGGIST. 1538 & 1540 ST. CATHERINE STREET, MONTREAL.

FURNITURE!

For the Finest and Best assortment of FURNITURE in Montreal, go to the reliable House of Renaud, King & Patterson, (Successors to Wm. King & Co)

652 Craig St. Montreal.

Stop that CHRONIC COUGH NOW! For if you do not it may become consumptive. For Consumption, Scrophulous, General Debility and Wasting Diseases, there is nothing like SCOTT'S EMULSION Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES Of Lime and Soda. It is almost as palatable as milk. Far better than other so-called Emulsions. A wonderful flesh producer. SCOTT'S EMULSION is put up in a salmon color wrapper. Be sure and get the genuine. Sold by all Dealers at \$1. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

KNABE PIANOS. UNEQUALLED IN Tone, Touch, Workmanship and Durability. WILLIS & CO., Sole Agents, 1824 Notre Dame St., Montreal. JOHN FOSTER, Practical Sanitarian, PLUMBER, GAS and STEAMFITTER, TIN and SHEET-IRON WORKER, 117 College Street. Telephone 2682

Carsley's Column.

ABOUT KIDS! Useful Four-Button Kid Gloves, all sizes, new colors, from 25c per pair. Kid Gloves at 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c, \$1, \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$2.15, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50, \$5, \$5.50, \$6, \$6.50, \$7, \$7.50, \$8, \$8.50, \$9, \$9.50, \$10, \$11, \$12, \$13, \$14, \$15, \$16, \$17, \$18, \$19, \$20, \$21, \$22, \$23, \$24, \$25, \$26, \$27, \$28, \$29, \$30, \$31, \$32, \$33, \$34, \$35, \$36, \$37, \$38, \$39, \$40, \$41, \$42, \$43, \$44, \$45, \$46, \$47, \$48, \$49, \$50, \$51, \$52, \$53, \$54, \$55, \$56, \$57, \$58, \$59, \$60, \$61, \$62, \$63, \$64, \$65, \$66, \$67, \$68, \$69, \$70, \$71, \$72, \$73, \$74, \$75, \$76, \$77, \$78, \$79, \$80, \$81, \$82, \$83, \$84, \$85, \$86, \$87, \$88, \$89, \$90, \$91, \$92, \$93, \$94, \$95, \$96, \$97, \$98, \$99, \$100.

NOTE THIS. Our Kid Gloves will be found to be from 100 to 150 per pair, on cheap qualities, lower than regular market rates, and from 150 to 250 lower in good qualities.

IN ADDITION. In addition to the extra value in our Kid Gloves, during the whole of this month we will give a bottle of good perfume with each pair sold at 45c per pair and over that price. S. CARSLY.

BUSY. BUSY. Selling Hundreds of all sorts at moderate prices, for Christmas Presents, at S. CARSLY'S, Notre Dame St.

A large number of Short Jackets and Short Dolmans to be sold at great reductions next week, for Christmas Presents, at S. CARSLY'S, Notre Dame St.

Visit the Bazaar at S. Carsley's. SHAWLS! SHAWLS! A large assortment of New Shawls now exhibited in our Mantle Department, at special quotations, for Christmas Presents, at S. CARSLY'S.

LENGTHS. Remnants of Beaver, from 1 to 4 yards. Remnants of Tweeds, from 1 to 4 yards. Remnants of Cloakings, from 1 to 4 yards. Remnants of Ulsterings, from 1 to 5 yards. Remnants of Fancy Cloakings, from 1 to 4 yds. Remnants of Black Cloakings, from 1 to 5 yds. Remnants of Colored Ulsterings, from 1 to 4 yds. At great reductions next week. S. CARSLY'S, Notre Dame St.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. Buy for Christmas presents SHORT DOLMANS, at CARSLY'S. Buy for Christmas presents SHORT JACKETS at S. CARSLY'S. Buy for Christmas presents LONG PALETTES at S. CARSLY'S. Buy for Christmas presents FUR LINED CLOAKS at S. CARSLY'S. Buy for Christmas presents SEALETTE CLOAKS at S. CARSLY'S, Notre Dame St. Buy for Christmas presents CLOTH DOLMANS at S. CARSLY'S.

Novelties at S. Carsley's Bazaar.

REMEMBRANCES. To save heads of families and others who are bound to give Xmas Presents the worry of selecting what is the most suitable we publish the following list:

- TO FATHERS. Make your daughter a present of A FASCINATOR, or A GLOVE, or A FUR CAP, or A SILK APRON, or AN EMBROIDERED APRON. TO MOTHERS. Make your son a present of A CAPE OVERCOAT, or AN ETON SUIT, or A TWEED SUIT, or A HAZEL SUIT, or A TRAVELING SUIT. TO SONS. Make your mother a Present of A LACE CAP, or A BREAKFAST SHAWL, or A KNITTED HOOD, or A SEAL CAP. TO DAUGHTERS. Make your father a Present of A DRESSING GOWN, or A SMOKING CAP, or A TRAVELING CAP. TO UNCLÉS. Make your niece a present of A REPEL JACKET, or A KNITTED BESS, or A GLOVE, or A FUR HOOD, or A KNITTED SCHOOL JACKET.

TO AUNTS. Make your nephew a present of A REPEL JACKET, or A KNITTED BESS, or A GLOVE, or A FUR HOOD, or A KNITTED SCHOOL JACKET.

TO HUSBANDS. Make your wife a present of A TEA GOWN, or A BATH WRAPPER, or A MORNING WRAPPER, or A TEA JACKET, or A TRIMMED BONNET.

TO WIVES. Make your husband a present of A SMOKING CAP, or A SEAL WEDGE, or A SMOKING JACKET, or A DRESSING GOWN.

FOR MOTHER-IN-LAW. Make your mother-in-law a present of A MOB CAP, or A SATIN APRON, or A DRESSING JACKET, or A FUR PLAIN HOOD, or A SATIN SKIRT.

FOR COOK. Make your cook a present of A LINEN APRON, or A COOKING WRAPPER, or A KITCHEN PLAIN HOOD, or A QUILTED SKIRT.

FOR NURSE. Make nurse a present of A DOZEN GAPS, or A DOZEN APRONS, or A DUSTING WRAPPER.

HUNDREDS. We have hundreds of other useful presents; the list would be too long to give all. We have picked out what we think as being the most useful. S. CARSLY'S, Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.

CLAPPERTON'S POOL COTTON. Always use Clapperton's Thread. Then you are sure of the best thread in the market. Clapperton's Pool Cotton never breaks, never knots, never unravels, and every spool is warranted 300 yards. Always ask for CLAPPERTON'S POOL COTTON. S. CARSLY'S, 1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL. Carsley's Column.