

ation should not be practised"; and from Dr. R. H. Bakewell, thus: "I have very little faith in vaccination even as modifying the disease. Personally I contracted smallpox less than six months after a most severe re-vaccination." We have seen testimonials for the meanest sort of patent medicines from persons claimed to be doctors. The foregoing statements are easily answered as merely expressions of opinion, or the ordinary fact that a vaccinated person may contract smallpox.

But apart from the power of efficient vaccination as a preventive of smallpox, there is the fact that should the disease be contracted it is greatly modified. Many years ago we had some cases of smallpox in Toronto, and a number of doctors came into contact with these cases. The only one who fell a victim to the disease was Dr. Little, who did not believe in vaccination. He had a severe and confluent attack and died.

The following quotation from the circular letter is positively criminal:

"Every man who has been in the army knows that, while every man was a picked man, physically when he joined the forces, after the vaccinations for smallpox and typhoid there was a great deal of sickness ranging all the way from a low fever for a day or two to rheumatism, and influenza, to tuberculosis and meningitis."

The meanest of all lies is a half truth, or an inuendo. The vaccinations against typhoid fever and smallpox did not cause low fever, rheumatism, influenza, tuberculosis, or meningitis. To circulate such a statement with the object of frightening people so that they may not avail themselves of protection against one of the most loathsome of diseases, is really a crime against humanity. There ought to be some way of imposing fitting punishment. Among the multi millions who have been vaccinated no such results have been met with. There is absolutely nothing in vaccination to cause rheumatism, influenza, tuberculosis, and meningitis. The man brands himself as a fool or knave who claims that it could do so.

Vaccinia in the cow or calf and smallpox in man are the same disease. So that when a person is vaccinated he has a form of smallpox, such as is common to cattle. This is a mild disease compared with the average smallpox cases, and, yet, being the same disease, gives protection, as a mild attack of scarlet fever yields immunity as well as a severe attack. Vaccination does, therefore, prevent.

If a person who is bitten by a rabid dog is promptly and properly treated with a preparation from the rabid animal, he will escape the horrid disease; whereas if he is not treated he will most assuredly contract the disease, and almost without fail will die. The antitoxine for