Miscellaneous.

How George Eliot Came to be a Novelist.

Mr. Lewis had noticed her matchless powers of observation and memory, and one day an idea struck him.

'My dear,' he said, 'I think you could write a capital story.'

Shortly afterwards there was some dinner engagement, but as he was preparing to go out she said: 'I won't go out this evening, and when you come in don't disturb me. I shall be very busy.'

And this is how the 'Scenes of Clerical Life' came to be written. On being shown a portion of the first tale, 'Amos Barton,' Mr. Lewis was fairly astonished. No one could tell who wrote these tales, and they were attributed to many distinguished persons.

Mr. Blackwood, the famous publisher did not know George Eliot and repeatedly expressed a desire 'to see him.' Mr. Lewis invited him to dine one day, before the appearance of 'The Mill on the Floss.' No one was present at the dinner table besides Mr. Lewes, Marian and Mr. Blackwood himself. The dinner was an extremely pleasant one, but when it was over the guest could not help expressing his regret that George Eliot himself could not have been present.

'Here he is,' said Mr. Lewes introducing the quiet, low-spoken lady who had presided at the table, not without enjoyment at the sensation he had produced, as the astonished publisher shook hands with his contributor.

A Wonderful Lake.

A person who is now in Washington Territory recently visited Medical Lake, in the vicinity of Spokane Falls, and describes his impression of that singular body of water. He says: The healing qualities of this lake were first descovered by an old Frenchman named LeFevre, who had been palsied so that one side was useless, and he had to be fed by the hand. He went and paddled in the lake every day, for he lived close by it, and soon began to feel life in the benumbed part of his frame, and in a few weeks he was wholly restored to health and sensation. I saw a man there, now in perfect health, who when he came to the lake was a scab or tetter from head to foot, and who had been under the care of the army surgeons for more than a year, was pronounced incurable by them and discharged from the army for that cause.

Even his hair had all slouched off. He and others told me that by bathing eighteen days in the water and by drinking it he was wholly cured. I saw persons there and in Cheny who had been cured of rheumatism, and the record of cures of many diseases by the water is wonderful, and I believe true. I bathed in the water myself. It is soft and peculiar, leaving the skin as soft and smooth as a fine kid glove, and, although I used to soap my hair, it lathered like a nice shampoo. One hundred gallons of the water boiled down results in about three or four pounds of solid matter, which contains, I am informed sixteen ingredients.

The lake here has no outlet, is about sixty feet deep, is rock-bound by basalt—which is the underlying rock of this great Columbia basin—and is surrounded by a beautiful growth of pine trees and nutritious grasses. It is about one and one-fourth miles long and one-half a mile wide. The product of evaporation is said to contain the medical qualities of the water, and, as one of the evaporating works is now producing seventy-five pounds daily, people may be benefited by using the powders without visiting the lake, though it is now resorted to by invalids from all parts of Eastern Washington.

—Rev. C. H. Spurgeon says to the boys:—Water is the strongest drink. It drives mills: it's the drink of lions and horses, and Samson never drank anything else. Let young men be tee totallers, if only for economy's sake. The beer money will soon build a house. If what goes into the mash tub went into the kneading trough families would be better taught. If what is spent in waste were only saved against a rainy day, workhouses would never be built. The man who spends his money with the publican, and thinks the landlord's bow and 'how do you do good fellow?' mean true respect is a perfect simpleton. We don't light fires for the herring's comfort, but to roast him. Men do not keep pot houses for labourers' good; if they do, they certainly come short of their aim. Why, then, should people drink 'for the good of the house.?' If I spend money for the good of any house, let it be my own, and not the landlord's. It is a bad well into which you must put water; and the beerhouse is a bad friend, because it takes your all and leaves you nothing but headaches. He who calls those his friends who let him sit and drink by the hour together is ignorant, very ignorant. Why, Red Lions, and Tigers, and Eagles, and Vultures, all are creatures of prey, and why do so many put themselves within the power of their claws and talons? Such as drink and live riotously, and wonder why their faces are so blotchy and their pockets so bare, would leave off wondering if they had two grains of wisdom. They might as well ask an elm tree for pears as look to loose habits for health and wealth. Those who go to the public house for happiness climb a tree to find a fish.

A. Curious Prophecy.—There is a well-known and rather vague worded prophecy which declares 'that in France no son or kinsman of a sovereign shall succeed to the crown until after his forty eight year; that other claimants shall die by violence, and that one only shall escape death and sit on the throne.' The prediction, which it is believed dates from pre-Revolutionary days, has of late been extensively referred to in connection with the coming of age of the Prince Victor Bonaparte. Of the 'heirs of France' since the beginning of the century, the Duke of Berry was assassinated in 1830 by Louvel; the Duke of Reichsta it died of poison at Schonbrunn in 1842, and the Prince Imperial met his death in Zululand in 1879, and all these failed to attain the age of forty-eight.

Agricultural.

Apples for a Cold Country.

Professor Gibb, of Quebec, Canada, who has recently returned from a horticultural tour through Russia, says that the Antonooka apple is the leading variety of the Russian steppes—the king apple of a vast prairie region from Kozl to Kiev. It is the leading apple over a larger section of the country than any other in Europe. In the cold climate of Teuki, it is looked upon as the best. In Toulo, in latitude 54 deg. about 120 miles south of Moscow, yet 580 miles further to the north than the city of Quebec, it is considered the hardiest and most productive apple tree. At Warsaw, where the climate is a cold North German rather than a steppe climate, the Antonooka is one of the leading apples; it is the 'commercial' apple, noted for its average annual bearing, its hardiness in the extreme climate, its length of life and fruitfulness in old age.

The Aport is another highly prized variety in thes northern regions. It may be stated that both of these varities were imported from Russia over twelve years ago, by the Department of Agriculture, and have been largely distributed during these years.

Cabbage Worms.—W. B. Applegate, writing to the *Farming World*, recommends for the killing of cabbage worms the following: Capsicum (cayenne pepper ground fine and dusted on the leaves when the dew is on is sure destruction to the pest. Alum as large as a hen's egg, dissolved in two gallons of water, and the mixture made nearly boiling hot and sprinkled on the cabbage with a whisk broom or through a watering pot is also sure and beneficial to the growing cabbage. A doctor told me that after Paris green had remained twenty-four hours on any vegetable the poison would be so absorbed, that there would be no danger in it; that the plants drink it as they do carbonic acid gas. I don't recommend it, however. Powdered white hellebore is a sure remedy for currant worms, if dusted on when the dew is on the leaves.

—A writer in an exchange says that he was troubled with the smell of garlic or wild onion in his milk. To obviate this he put the cows in the stable at about three o'clock each afternoon, and fed on hay and gave them grain as usual. The result was all he anticipated; rest of three days allowed this scent to pass off in the other secretions, though previously it very strongly flavoured both milk and butter. The same course would probably be an advantage when the milk tastes of other foul weeds in the pasture.

—The surest way to ascertain the age of sheep is by their front teeth. They are eight in number and appear the first year all of one size. The next year the two middle teeth fall out, and in their stead grow two large ones. The third year a smaller tooth appears on each side of the two large ones. During the next (or fourth) year, there are six large teeth. In the fifth year all of the front teeth are large. After that the only way to determine the age of sheep is by the worn appearance of the teeth.

—In regard to killing weeds on gravel walks, the 'American Cultivator' says: 'Cover the surface with salt, as if a slight shower of snow had fallen on it. If the salt lies a week before being dissolved by dew or rain, so much the better. This long contact with the salt will kill every living thing, weeds, grass, moss, snails, worms, and slugs, and when the salt at last disappears all the vegetation will go down with it, and the gravel will also as it were, be polished to a sparkling brightness by its chemical and and mechanical effects upon it.'

—The *Live Stock Indicator* says:—'A farmer in Illinois, who says he has no time to hand-pick the potato bugs that infest his vines, and don't like to use Paris green, concluded he might utilize some of the most pugnacious species of ants to do the business. To this end he carried into his potato field pieces of wood in which ants had established their homes, and he says the ants that were in the two old fence posts sufficed to clean all the bugs from the quarter-acre patch, although there seemed to be millions of them.

—A prominent New York farmer whose crops are proverbial for their abundance, uses no other fertilizer than land plaster and clover. His plan is to sow clover, plaster it so as to secure a rank growth and turn under for his other crops, wheat included. He has kept up this plan for over fifty years, and claims that his farm is growing more valuable each year.—*New York Herald.*

Flat Culture of Potatoes.—Very careful experiments made in New York last season, show that the flat culture of potatoes produces the finest tubers and the largest yields. The best results followed the Dutch method of planting which consists in keeping the surface of the ground level, planting a single eye in a place, covering it six inches deep, and allowing but a single stock to grow in a hill, which are a foot apart each way.

—A writer in the *Massachusetts Ploughman* advises mixing meal with the food of cattle instead of with their drink. If mixed with the hay, or cut feed, it does not pass directly into the stomach, where digestion takes place, but stops with the hay in the first stomach, and with the hay is brought back to the mouth and masticated, thus more fully mixing it with the hay, and also giving it more time to change into flesh and fat forming substances.

—Take special pains at this season of the year to prevent any weeds from going to seed. If they have got above ground, pull and throw them into the brush heap for burning.

—Pears that rot at the core after picking are usually not picked soon enough. Many varieties are subject to the weakness. Watch them and pick when hard.

DYE WORKS,

GILBERT'S LANE, - - SAINT JOHN, N. B.

MEN'S CLOTHES, of all kinds, CLEANSED or RE-DYED and Pressed, equal to new LACE CURTAINS, BLANKETS, CARPETS, &c. Cleaned by a NEW PROCESS, every week day. SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, DRESS MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS DYED. FEATHERS, KID GLOVES, TIES, &c., &c., CLEANED OR DYED.

All Orders left at the following places will receive prompt attention. PRICES LOW Macauley Bros. & Co, 61 Charlotte street; W. P. Moses & Co., Yarmouth, N. S.; W. H. Killer, Truro, N. S.; P. H. Gleadenning, New Glasgow, N. S.; Wm. Shannon, Annapolis, N. S.; Chipman & Etter, Amherst, N. S.; Miss Wright, Digby, N. S.; Robt. Young, Charlottetown, P. E. I., or at the DYE WORKS, GILBERT'S LANE, ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. L. LAW, Proprietor.

H. S. PIPER, AGENT, BRIDGETOWN.

J. G. H. PARKER,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, CONVEXANCER, and REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Practise in all the Courts. Business promptly attended to.
OFFICE—Fitz Randolph's NEW BUILDING, Bridgetown. 71y

J. M. OWEN,
BARRISTER - AT - LAW,
Notary Public, Real Estate Agent.
United States Consul Agent.
Annapolis, Oct. 4th, 1882—1y

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 12th October, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, twelve times per week each way, between Tupperville P. O., and Railway Station, under a proposed contract for four years, from the 1st January next.
Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of the proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Tupperville, or at the office of the subscriber.
CHARLES J. MACDONALD,
Post Office Inspector.
Post Office Inspector's Office, Halifax, 31st Aug., '83. 3it25

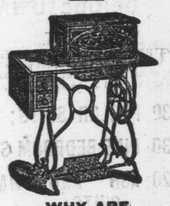
EYE, EAR AND THROAT!
Dr. J. R. McLean,
Corner Hollis & Salter streets, HALIFAX.
Sept. 5th, 1882.—tf

Edmund Bent
LICENSED AUCTIONEER,
Sales attended to promptly in any part of the County. Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made.
Bridgetown, N. S., May, 1880. n5tf

BRIDGETOWN
Marble Works.
ENCOURAGE HOME MANUFACTURE.
THE subscribers are still importing and manufacturing
Monuments & Gravestones
Of ITALIAN and AMERICAN Marble.
ALSO:
Granite and Freestone Monuments.
Having erected Machinery in connection with J. S. Reed's Steam Factory, we are prepared to Polish Granite equal to that imported.
Give us a call before closing with foreign agents and inspect our work.
OLDHAM WHITMAN.

NOTICE.
THE Subscriber is ready to receive orders for STONE CUTTING and PLASTERING, and also for GRAFTING. He has received a number of choice scions of the following standard sorts—Lady apple, Newton Pippin, Seek and Canada Red. All orders promptly attended to.
WM. M. MILLER.
Cleveland, March 1st, 1882. tf

DON'T READ ANYTHING BELOW THIS CUT!


WHY ARE MILLER BRO'S
SELLING THE
Improved Raymond Sewing Machines Faster Than Ever?
Because the people are finding out that it is *THE BEST* Family Machine.
All kinds of S. Machines kept in Stock, (having about 20 different kinds, American and Canadian) and if after trying the Improved Raymond it does not give perfect satisfaction, will exchange for any other kind.
First Class REPAIR SHOP in connection with each office, where all kinds of Sewing Machines are repaired.
ALSO:
Agents for several first class makes of
PIANOS & ORGANS.
Address:
MILLER BRO'S.
Middleton, Annapolis Co. or, Charlottetown, P. E. I. or, Moncton, N. B.

MONEY AT 6 PER CENT.
Can be obtained from the
N. S. P. B. Building Society and Savings Fund,
On real Estate Security, payable in Monthly instalments extending over a period of about eleven years.
For particulars apply to
J. M. OWEN,
Agent for County of Annapolis.
Annapolis, Feb. 27th, 1883.—6m

NOTICE.
ALL persons having claims against the late JOSEPH R. LONGMIRE, of Young's Cove, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same, as soon as possible from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said Joseph R. Longmire will make payment to
MARTIN LONGMIRE,
or BENJAMIN R. LONGMIRE.
Young's Cove, Anna. Co., Aug, 20, '83. [3m

For Sale at the
Drug Store,
LAWRENCETOWN,
The Methodist Hymn Book, the Psalmist, a fine selection of Bibles and Testaments, Gospel Hymns Nos. 1, 2, 2 and 4 or combined; Welcome Tidings, Carmina Sacra, Dulcimer and Standard.
Mrs. Pinkham's Pills and Compound, Mack's Magnetic Medicine, Kendall's Spavin Cure, Diamond Dyes, Burdock Blood Bitters.
Also—Thorley's Improved Horse and Cattle Food.
L. R. MORSE, M. D.
Lawrencetown, March 10th, 1883. 1y

THE UNION MUTUAL
Life Insurance Company of Portland, Maine, U. S.,
INCORPORATED IN 1844.
JOHN B. DeWITT, President.
Government deposits at Ottawa,...$130,000.00
Assets, about...$6,500,000.00
Surplus over all Liabilities,...$678,545.53
Dividends to Policy holders, to 31st December, 1881,...$4,032,915.54
Total payments to Policy-holders,...$18,579,285.07
This is the only Company that issues all Endorsement Policies, giving the benefits of the Maine non-forfeiture law, and specifying in definite terms by its Policy Contract, that there can be no forfeiture of the insurance by non-payment of premium after three annual premiums have been paid, until the value provided for is exhausted in extended Insurance.
Head office for Nova Scotia and P. E. Island: Queen Insurance Building, 177 Hollis St., Halifax, N. S.
F. B. K. MARTER, Manager.
ALBERT MORSE, Bridgetown, Special Agent.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of WILLIAM T. CLARK, farmer, late of Granville, deceased, are requested to render accounts, duly attested to, within three months from the date hereof. And all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to
JOSEPH. H. GRAVES,
CHARLES W. PARKER,
Executors.
Granville, April 3rd, '83. 3m06

Encyclopedia Britannica.
Subscriptions will be taken at this office. Payments are made very easy and extend over a period of five or six years, enabling a person of very moderate means to secure this invaluable work.

PLOUGHS. PLOUGHS.
THOSE IN WANT OF
First-Class PLOUGHS
of different patterns, should call at once on
JOHN HALL,
LAWRENCETOWN.
TERMS, SIGHT. tfn40

Windsor & Annapolis Raiw'y.
Time Table.

Miles.	GOING EAST.	Express Daily.	Pas. and Freight Tue. Thurs. and Sat. only.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
0	Annapolis—leave	2 20	6 15	.....
6	Round Hill	2 40	6 43	.....
14	Bridgetown	3 00	7 11	.....
19	Paradise	3 13	7 31	.....
22	Lawrencetown	3 22	7 45	.....
28	Middleton	3 38	8 10	.....
32	Wilmot	3 50	8 28	.....
35	Kingston	4 00	8 42	.....
42	Aylesford	.....	9 10	.....
47	Berwick	4 31	9 40	.....
59	Kentville—arrive	5 00	10 35	.....
	Do—leave	5 12	11 15	6 15
64	Port Williams	5 27	11 36	6 37
66	Wolfville	5 34	11 45	6 45
69	Grand Pre	5 44	11 57	6 59
			P.M	
77	Hantsport	6 08	12 30	7 26
84	Windsor	6 30	12 55	7 50
116	Windsor Junct	7 47	3 20	10 05
130	Halifax—arrive	8 25	4 30	11 00

Miles.	GOING WEST.	Express Daily.	Pas. and Freight Mon. Wed. and Fri. only.	Passengers and Freight Daily.
		A.M.	A.M.	3 00
0	Halifax—leave	7 45	.....	P.M.
14	Windsor Junc—leave	8 21	7 55	.....
46	Windsor	9 37	10 27	3 40
53	Hantsport	10 01	11 33	5 45
			P.M.	6 31
61	Grand Pre	10 25	12 05	.....
64	Wolfville	10 37	12 22	7 03
66	Port Williams	10 43	12 30	7 16
71	Kentville—arrive	10 58	12 50	7 25
	Do—leave	11 15	1 15	7 40
83	Berwick	11 46	2 03	.....
88	Aylesford	12 00	2 25	.....
		P.M.		
95	Kingston	12 15	2 53	.....
98	Wilmot	12 22	3 05	.....
102	Middleton	.....	3 2	.....
108	Lawrencetown	12 53	4 02	.....
111	Paradise	1 02	4 16	.....
116	Bridgetown	1 15	4 38	.....
124	Roundhill	1 35	5 04	.....
130	Annapolis—arrive	1 55	5 30	.....

Steamer leaves Annapolis for St. John every Tu. Wed. Thurs. and Sat. p. m.
For Digby daily.
Steamer New York, leaves Annapolis for Boston every Mon. p. m.
P. INNES, General Manager.
Kentville, 1st Jan., 1883.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time, $66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

NOVA SCOTIA STEAMSHIP CO.
(LIMITED.)
Yarmouth
AND
ANNAPOLIS LINES,
FOR
BOSTON!
Three Trips a Week.
EVERY
Monday, Wednesday, & Saturday.
MONDAY FROM ANNAPOLIS;
WEDNESDAY AND
SATURDAY FROM YARMOUTH.
Passengers by these Lines leaving in the Afternoon arrive in Boston THE NEXT AFTERNOON.
TICKETS FOR SALE AND
Baggage Checked Through,
At the Station of the Windsor and Annapolis Railway, Bridgetown.
The elegant STEAMER EMPRESS leaves Annapolis for St John every Monday, Tuesday and Saturday, and daily for Digby after arrival of Halifax Express Train.
E. F. CLEMENTS,
Genl. Manager,
Yarmouth, N. S.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
IN order to meet the demands of our numerous customers, we beg to announce that, we have added to our extensive
Slipper and Larrigan Factory
the necessary Machinery for the Manufacture of
Men's, Women's, Misses', & Children's
BOOTS AND SHOES
in all the leading styles.
By continuing, as in the past, to use first quality of material, we hope to merit a liberal share of public patronage in our new branch of business, as well as a continuance of public favor in our old business.
Vincent & McFate,
240 Union Street, St. John, N. B

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of DANIEL WOOD, late of Wilmot, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested to, within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
EDMUND WOOD, O. M. TAYLOR, } Executors.
Wilmot, July 1st, 1883. 3m

AT PRIMROSE'S
Drug Store
ANNAPOLIS,
Will be found the best assortment of
FANCY GOODS!
PERFUMERY, SOAPS, and all TOILET ARTICLES, EVER OFFERED IN THE COUNTY.
tf36 F. PRIMROSE.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.
ADONIRAM J. SAUNDERS,
of Tremont, Aylesford, shoemaker, did on the 14th of May, 1883, assigned and set over to me all his property of whatever description, for the benefit of his creditors, certain preferential creditors named therein, to be first paid.
Said deed has been duly fyled at the office of Register of deeds for Kings County, and a duplicate thereof lies at my office in Wilmot, where it is open to inspection and signature by all parties interested therein, or desiring to execute the same.
Parties failing to execute the same within three months from above date, will not be entitled to any benefit arising therefrom.
HENRY MUNRO,
Assignee.
May 15th, 1883.

Dudley & Co.,
100 South Market St.,
BOSTON, MASS.
Wholesale and Commission.
POTATOES, EGGS, APPLES, ETC.
PARTICULAR attention given to shippers sending orders to us for Flour, Grain Groceries, and anything and everything, will be filled at lowest market price, and in short best possible time. Consignments carefully attended to and quick returns made.
Reference:—Metropolitan Bank, Boston, Mass.
mch 14tf

Celebrated Rubber Bucket
CHAIN PUMPS!
ORDERS ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY.
Pumps Complete,
or in parts to suit.
FLOUR AND MEAL AT 25 CENTS ADVANCE ON COST.
LAWRENCETOWN PUMP CO.
per N. H. PHINNEY.

Notice of Assignment.
CAPT. JOSEPH REAGH,
of Middleton, in the County of Annapolis, has this day assigned to me all his real and personal property and effects for the benefit of such creditors as may sign the deed of composition within three months from the date thereof, a certain preferential claim mentioned therein being first paid.
Said deed has been duly fyled and recorded at the office of the Registrar of Deeds for Annapolis County. A duplicate thereof lies at my office, in Middleton, where it is open to inspection and signature of any person interested therein.
All parties failing to execute the same within the time named, will not be entitled to any benefit thereunder.
O. M. TAYLOR,
Assignee.
Middleton, May 18th, 1881.

NOTICE.—The Canada Advertising Agency, No. 39 King St., West Toronto, W. W. Butcher, Manager, is authorized to receive Advertisements for this paper.

Health is Wealth.

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six bottles for five dollars sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by M. F. Eagar for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, he will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued, and medicine sent only by M. F. Eagar, Druggist, Halifax, N. S. 25

NOTICE.
ALL persons having legal demands against the estate of Benjamin Phinney, late of Wilmot, are requested to hand the same in within three months duly attested. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
MARY ANN PHINNEY, Executrix.
DAVID BENT, Executor.
June 27th, 1883.

NOTICE.
ALL persons having claims against the late Charles Hoyt, of Bridgetown, in the County of Annapolis, will please render their accounts, duly attested to, within three months from the date hereof, and all those indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber.
M. C. HOYT.
Bridgetown, July 3rd, '83.

SUMMER ANNOUNCEMENT!
Thankful for past favors, I beg to announce to the people of the Town proper as well as adjoining districts, that I am now carrying in stock a large and bountiful supply of
Choice Groceries,
ALL KINDS AND VARIETIES OF CANNED GOODS,
PURE CONFECTIONERY, PICKLES, NUTS, RAISINS,
TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c., &c.
In addition to the above, I am able to supply my patrons with
Fresh Beef, Corned Beef, Lard, Pork, Butter, Vegetables, &c., &c.
Goods delivered in town free of charge. Orders filled with promptness, and at lowest figures for cash.
Thomas J. Eagleson,
Bridgetown, May 29th, 1883.

KIDNEY-WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.
Does a lame back or a disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use KIDNEY-WORT at once (drugists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action to all the organs.
For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weakness, KIDNEY-WORT is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.
Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to the curative power. (15)
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
Liver and Bowels. Kidneys. Stomach. Bladder. Nerves. Blood. Skin.
KIDNEY-WORT

By Universal Accord,
Ayer's Cathartic Pills are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, proves them the best and most effectual purgative Pill that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use, and being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other Pills can be compared with them; and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them, when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakened constitutions, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required.
For sale by all druggists.

ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE
SUPERIOR EXTENSION
Dining Tables,
Just received and for sale very low. Also on hand a good supply of
Spring Beds,
which will be sold at a small advance on cost
Parlor and Drawing-Room Suits, a Specialty.
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
ROCKING & EASY CHAIRS.
ON HAND AND MADE TO ORDER AT SHORT NOTICE.
Masonic Building opposite Post Office. Side entrance.
THOMAS KELLY.
Bridgetown, July 3, '83.

MRS. REYNOLDS
has just received a fine assortment of FANCY GOODS, in the way of
Assorted Biscuits,
Candies, Pickles,
Canned Goods.
Jellies, etc., etc.
A table is also opened on the premises at which Lemonade, Ginger Beer, Syrups, etc., together with Cakes, and other light Refreshments may be procured at all hours of the day.

BROWN'S
GRIST MILL,
LAWRENCETOWN,
IS not frozen up, but continues to give satisfaction to all who patronize it, and in addition to the supply of Flour, Corn &c., heretofore kept in stock, is daily expecting from Montreal a Carload of Grain, in which will be found by those who apply early a quantity of
SEED WHEAT,
BARLEY,
PEASE & OATS,
which will be sold for CASH only.
Will continue to fill all orders for MIXED FEED at short notice. Have purchased a SHINGLE MACHINE, and will be prepared to saw or furnish long or short tapered shingles. Are now negotiating for a
Rotary Saw and Stave Mill,
all to be in operation this spring.
TERMS AS USUAL.
John A. Brown & Co.
Lawrencetown, February, 20th, 1883

For the Ladies.

Household Economy.

Liquid glue may be made by dissolving glue in strong, hot vinegar, and adding one-fourth as much alcohol and a little alum. This will keep any length of time when placed in a closely stopped bottle and will mend horn, wood and mother-of-pearl.

To restore the beauty of defaced velvet invert a flatiron and place on it a cotton cloth folded several times and wet. Lay on this the velvet, wrong side next the cloth, and raise the pile gently with a soft brush. Two persons can do this more conveniently than one.

A wet umbrella should be left with the handle downwards to drain any dry. It will last much longer when cared for in this manner, as it will dry quickly.

Hang up cooking utensils as much as possible. It saves trouble when sweeping, and it is convenient to know just where to find things when they are wanted in a hurry.

Stoves and ironware should be heated gradually the first time they are used. Rub the rusty spots on a stove with sandpaper and then with kerosene.

To clean a browned porcelain kettle boil peeled potatoes in it. The porcelain will be rendered nearly as white as when new.

To remove paint splashed upon the window-panes, use hot solution of soda and a soft flannel.

To Sweep the Carpet.

The art in sweeping a carpet well is one requiring a good deal of practice and skill. Many never learn it properly. It is done in three different ways.

First, by those who thrust or draw a broom over it, raising much dust and leaving more than half of the dust to be ground into the fibre by careless feet.

Secondly, by those who sweep clean, but who, driving the broom in flourishes semi-circles before them, breaking off the splints and raising a cloud of dust.

Thirdly, and rightly, by drawing, not pushing, the broom, making short, quick strokes, and taking special care not to give an upward flourish at the end of each. Give a rather light touch, and not scrape the broom over the carpet. Unless the carpet is very dirty, neither tea leaves nor wet fragments of paper nor moist grass are necessary to gathering the dust. They often soil the carpet by forming minute portions of mud, and if the broom becomes moist, it defaces the base board unless carefully used.

Do not begin at one side of the room and sweep the dirt over and over until it reaches the other side, but take up on a dust pan all the heavy portions as soon as swept up together. For the same reason a dust pan should be used for each step of a set of stairs, instead of sweeping the whole from the top to the bottom. For the latter purpose a short handled broom is most convenient.

—In a few days the earliest hints of Autumn will be seen in a red leaf here or there, a significant reminder that the ripeness of midsummer has arrived. By and by maples, elms, and oaks will don their glory robes. Sparingly introduced, Autumn leaves have a lovely decorative use, which is all their own. Too many of them vulgarize it, and spoil each other, besides gathering dust and holding it. A few leaves or vines, perfectly pressed and daintily disposed, are very charming with their whisper of outdoor breeze and sunshine. No better way of pressing either ferns or Autumn leaves has been discovered than the simple device of laying them smoothly, between the leaves of an old book, or between newspapers. A heavy weight should be laid on them, and should be changed every three or four days. 'When thoroughly pressed,' says an authority on the subject, 'they should be wiped over, using for the purpose a piece of soft cloth, with a mixture consisting of three ounces of spirits of turpentine, two ounces of boiled linseed oil, and half an ounce of white varnish. Ironing, either with or without melted wax, changes the color, and makes them very brittle.

—A city physician, says the *Scientific American*, attributes a large part of the excessive mortality of children in hot weather to the failure of nurses and mothers to give them water; indeed, more children are said to die (directly and indirectly) from deprivation of water than from any other cause. Infants, he says, are always too much wrapped up, and in any case would perspire very freely. The water lost by perspiration must be supplied. As Dr. Murdoch stated in his paper on cholera infantum: The child is thirsty, not hungry; but not getting the water, which it does want, it drinks the milk, which it does not want.' The consequence is the stomach is overloaded with food which it cannot digest: and which soon ferments and becomes a source of severe irritation. Then follow vomiting, purging and cholera infantum. To prevent this the principal scourge of infancy, the doctor says: 'Have water—without ice accessible to the child, who will then refuse sour milk and will eat only when hungry. Water is the great indispensible article for the preventive treatment of children in hot weather. It is important enough to nursing children, but is life itself to those reared on the bottle.'

Children's Diet.—Whatever we may think of pastry, tea and coffee for men and women, it is certain that they are the most objectionable forms of food for children, who depend so much on proper nourishment for health and growth. A child should have plenty of pure, fresh milk, either warm or cold, and with it wheaten bread. Good oat-cake is made by saturating oat-meal with water, pouring it into a tin, and baking twenty minutes. Wholesome corn cakes are made by mixing corn meal with boiling water just stiff enough to make into cakes with the hands and baking in a moderate oven. These, and all the ripe or stewed fruit fruit they care for, should change delicate, complaining juveniles into healthy, and happy children.

Joker's Corner.

A Humorous Farmer.—'The help we get now a days don't amount to shucks. Time was when the help you hired in haying time could do a decent day's work, but this year they're wuss'n ever.'

Old Farmer Smith was getting in hay at his farm in a suburban town and had two or three new men to work with him. A city friend had called around to see him, and although the conversation was directed to the city gentlemen, the workmen did not fail to overhear it.

Disregarding their presence the old man continued: 'Tell you what it is, old as I am I can pack more hay on to a wagin than any two men of the present day can fork up.'

'Suppose you try it, old man,' suggested one of the men, at the same time tipping the wink to his mate on the opposite side to 'sock it' to the old man.

The old fellow needed no second invitation. With a bound he mounted the cart and was stowing away hay at a tremendous rate. Up came forkful after forkful, first upon one side and then upon the other. The 'help' was putting in its best licks and the old man was kept squirming around in lively style, much to the amusement of all hands.

The 'help' was rapidly getting tired; it would never do to give up and allow the old man to come off victorious. Something must be done at once.

'When I put a heavy forkful on this side give him all you can lift from the other end, and knocked him out,' said one of the men to the other in an undertone.

The plan worked well. One of the men lifted an extraordinary big forkful, just putting it upon the edge of the load, and, while the old man was leaning over endeavoring to get it in place, the fellow on the other side threw all he could lift upon the back of the old fellow, which, of course upset him and sent him sprawling to the ground.

'Hello! what are you down here for? asked help No. 1, endeavoring as well as he could to conceal his merriment.

Quick as a flash from the old man came the answer:

'After more hay, you condemned fool.'

The answer tired the help completely.

Perfectly at Home.

'What station did you say this was?' inquired a passenger of a gruff brakeman.

'Pigsty,' growled the polite employe, who was mad because his first answer was not distinct enough to be understood.

'Ah,' smiled the traveller, 'then you must be perfectly at home here.'

The brakeman slammed the door from the outside and then bit off a piece of the iron railing.—*Drake's Magazine.*

—A dying man once sent for an Arkansas editor, who went to his deathbed with more alacrity, as he had no heirs. 'I'm glad you came,' said the old man in a deathly whisper. 'Come closer.' The editor approached. 'You know that I worked hard and that I earned every cent I have got. Some time ago, you remember, I subscribed for your paper for six months. There is just one more number due me and as I am dying and can't wait till your next issue comes out, just give me a nickel and we'll call it square.'

He Wasn't Surprised a Bit.—'Has yer heered what happened last week to Gabe Snodgrass?'

'I ain't heered nuffin about him sence he luff Austin last week.'

'Two trains run togedder, and Gabe's head was cut clean off.'

'He's dead, I s'pose?'

'Of course he's dead, and he has been dead ever since.'

'Well, I ain't s'prised athit. De last time I seed him he was lookin' mighty poorly, an' was complainin' of a misery in his chist, and he had a mighty spiabous lookin' gumboil on his neck.'

—A New Yorker had a fine watch cleaned and thoroughly repaired. A week later it stopped. He then interviewed about twenty jewellers. He learned from them that it had a broken mainspring, was dirty, had broken jewels, a cog wheel was gone, he had dropped it, it had bent pinions, &c. Thoroughly disgusted he took it to the jeweller who had war