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SIXTEENTH YEAR — FRIDAY MORNING AUGUST 16 1895. — ONE CENT.

"I SAY IT'S A LIE."

Dr. Tanner, M.P., Creates a Scene in the Commons.

EXPELLED FROM THE HOUSE.

Refused to Withdraw When Requested by the Speaker.

The Fiery Anti-Parnellite Left the Chamber Shaking His Fist and Shouting "Judas" at Mr. Chamberlain—The Queen's Speech Read and the Debate on the Address Commenced—Redmond's Amendment for a Declaration of the Irish Policy Caused the Eruction.

London, Aug. 15.—The House of Commons met at 2 o'clock this afternoon and were at once summoned by the Usher of the Black Rod to the House of Lords, to hear the reading of the Queen's Speech, which was as follows:

My Lords and Gentlemen,—The communications which I receive from foreign powers assure me of the continuance of their good-will. I am happy to say that no complication has arisen in any quarter that is calculated to endanger the peace of Europe. The war between China and Japan, which was in progress at the opening of the last session, has been brought to a conclusion by a peace which, I trust, will be enduring. I have observed strict neutrality during the war, and have not taken any action in respect thereto, except such as appeared likely to be favorable to a termination of hostilities.

I deeply regret to say that most atrocious outrages upon a body of English missionaries have been reported in the Province of Fukien, China. In reply to an earnest representation addressed to the Chinese Government by my direction, active measures, which I trust will prove effective, are being taken to punish the murderers and all who were in any degree responsible for these crimes.

Internal troubles, which have broken out in the Armenian districts of Asiatic Turkey, have been attended with horrors which have moved the indignation of the Christian nations of Europe generally, and my people especially. My Ambassador and the Ambassadors of the Emperor of Russia and the President of the French Republic, acting together, have suggested to the Government of the Sultan the reforms which, in their opinion, are necessary to prevent the recurrence of constant disorder. These proposals are now being considered by the Sultan, and I am anxiously awaiting his decision. A resolution has been passed by both Houses of the Parliament of the Cape of Good Hope, proposing that the adjacent Crown Colony of Bechuanaland should be incorporated with Cape Colony. I signified that I was willing to consider favorably an act for that purpose, providing it contained proper safeguards to my interests and those of my native subjects, especially as regards their lands, the liquor traffic and the maintenance of their own system of justice. I received satisfactory assurances on the matter, and an act has been passed by the Cape Parliaments which I have every reason to expect will fulfil my requirements.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,—The estimates for the service years which were not voted by the last Parliament will be laid before you.

My Lords and Gentlemen,—At this season of the year it will probably be found more convenient to defer until another session the consideration of any important legislative matters, except those necessary to provide for the administrative charges of the year.

The commission to read the Queen's Speech consisted of Lord Halsbury, the Lord Chancellor, the Duke of Portland, the Earl of Lathom, Viscount Cross and Lord Balfour of Burleigh. All were attired in their scarlet and ermine robes of office. Lord Halsbury read the Speech, while Speaker Gully and the members of the House of Commons stood at the bar. When the reading was concluded, the Speaker and other members of the House of Commons retired to their own chamber.

The Movers and Seconders.

A short recess was then taken, after which both Houses reassembled at 4 o'clock, when the debate on the address in reply to the Speech was opened. In the House of Lords the Duke of Marlborough moved and Lord Ampthill seconded the address. In the House of Commons the Hon. T. Wodehouse Leigh, Conservative, eldest son of Lord Newton, moved the address, and his motion was seconded by Mr. T. Herbert Robertson, the new Conservative member for Hackney.

A Radical Objection.

The Speaker read the Queen's Speech in the Commons. Mr. Gavin Brown, Clark, Radical, raised an objection to the passage referring to the outrages on English missionaries, who, he said, were really Scotch and Irish.

Speaker Gully overruled the objection.

John Daly's Imprisonment

Before debating the address in reply to the Queen's Speech, Sir Richard Webster, the Attorney-General, made a motion for the production of a copy of the conviction and judgment against John Daly, who is now serving a sentence for treason and felony, and who was returned as a member of Parliament by the City of Limerick in the last election. Sir Richard also asked for the production of a certificate from the Governor of Portland Prison that Daly is still undergoing sentence there.

Mr. John Redmond, Parnellite member of Waterford City, said he recognized this motion as being merely a formal one; nevertheless it was the first step in proceedings aiming to over-ride the unanimous election of the electors of Limerick. He would protest against it by calling for a division of the House.

The motion was carried by a vote of 314 to 77.

Daly's Disqualification.

Daly was arrested when in possession of dynamite bombs. He was tried with J. F. Egan and others at the Warwick Assizes in 1884, convicted of treason and felony, and sentenced to penal servitude for life.

The pardon which was granted by the late Government to some men who were convicted of similar offences was not extended to Daly.

There is no chance of Daly ever serving in Parliament, for the reason that the acts of 1870, which abolished attainder for felony, deal with the matter in express terms. It provides that no person thereafter convicted and sentenced for a term exceeding 12 months, unless he shall have received a free pardon within the 12 months of sentence, or shall have suffered the punishment, shall be capable of being elected or sitting or voting as a member of either House.

The Policy Regarding Armenia

Sir William Vernon Harcourt said he hoped the Armenian question would not be allowed to sleep. He pressed the Government for information as to their intentions regarding the Irish question.

Right Hon. A. J. Balfour said the Government were doing their best to carry into effect the policy regarding Armenia that had been initiated by the preceeding Government, but they must guard against anything suggestive of a crusade in which Moslem would be arrayed against Christian. It did not seem to be a necessity Mr. Balfour said, that any legislation upon the land question should be had at the next session of Parliament.

Sir Charles W. Dilke, led the House that the Chinese Government had always protested against the residence of missionaries in the Empire, and said that the missionaries certainly ought to conform, in every possible way tot the customs of the country, but, he added, he feared they did not always do so.

The Government's Irish Policy.

John Redmond then moved the amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's Speech, of which he had previously given notice, calling upon the Government to declare their policy in regard to Home Rule for Ireland, the reform of the land law, the compulsory purchase of land for evicted tenants, and the industrial condition of the country. The amendment was seconded by Joseph Kenny.

John Dillon, speaking in support of Mr. Redmond's amendment, contended that the Home Rulers had returned to Parliament stronger than ever, having won from the Unionists two seats in Ireland, where the nation's opinion had not been altered by the English political revolution. Mr. Dillon admitted that there was an ominous silence in America regarding the Irish question which he confessed he could not like. It was a sign, he said, that the mighty work effected by Parnell in leading the people there to believe that Ireland's cause would be won by constitutional legislation in Parliament had been destroyed. He appealed to the Government to use their strength by showing justice.

Mr. Dillon proposed an amendment, demanding immediate legislation in relation to judicial rents.

Gerald W. Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, thanked the Irish members who had spoken for the moderate language they had used. The Government's attitude toward Home Rule was, he said, and would continue, to be one of unflinching opposition. They could not introduce a land bill now, owing to its necessarily controversial character. He did not regard a temporary bill as desirable. The question regarding evicted tenants he declared, was not nearly so urgent as it was represented to be. Mr. Dillon had suggested that it was possible to frame a non-coneentious bill in relation to the matter, and the Government, Mr. Balfour said, was prepared to consider such a bill should one be submitted.

This statement of the Chief Secretary was greeted with cheers from the Irish benches.

Continuing, Mr. Balfour said, regarding the other matter mentioned, that the Government would fairly consider them and if they were able to promote the prosperity of Ireland by the adoption of the measures proposed they would do so. Their desire was to remedy every legitimate grievance regardless of creed or class, aiming not only at a just, but a generous promotion of the industrial and material development of the country by sowing the seeds of future prosperity.

The conclusion of the Chief Secretary's remarks evoked loud and prolonged cheering.

Dr Tanner Cannot Tell a Lie.

Timothy Harrington, in supporting the amendment, referring to the attitude of the Liberal party toward Home Rule during the last election, as unknown, when a member whose identity was not discovered, exclaimed, "They ran away from it."

At this Dr. Charles K. D. Tanner, anti-Parnellite, cried ont, "That's a lie."

Amid calls for order the Speaker directed Dr. Tanner to withdraw the expression he had made use of and to apologize for having used it.

To this that member replied: "I cannot hstand up when you are in your place."

Speaker Gully: "I shall be under the necessity of naming the honorable member."

Dr. Tanner: "I cannot withdraw what I believe to be the truth."

The Speaker then named Dr. Tanner for gross disobedience of the chair and for wilful disorder.

Dr. Tanner responded: "On the contrary, sir, anything that comes to me from the chair I am only too happy to do, but I cannot tell an untruth."

Joseph Chamberlain then moved that Dr. Tanner be suspended, and amid cheers the Speaker put the question. The responses were loud "Ayes" and a few "Noes."

The Speaker's announcement of the result of the vote was challenged, and the usual course was pursued. When the tellers were asked the result of the division by the Speaker Dr. Tanner exclaimed, "I'll tell myself."

Expelled He Shouted Judas at Chamberlain

The Speaker declared the motion carried and ord ered Dr. Tanner to withdraw, but the latter did not move. Thereupon the Speaker directed the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove him. Dr. Tanner at once rose from his seat, bowed to the chair and marched down the gangway. Turning, he shouted: "I have greater pleasure in leaving than I ever had in entering this dirty House." He pointed at Mr. Chamberlain, at whom he also shook his fist and shouted "Judas." Four times before he reached the door, Dr. Tanner turned and repeated the epithet. The last words the members heard as the attendants ejected him were: "You won't try any nonsense with me."

Dr. Tanner's suspension is for a week, this being the first time he has been suspended.

Mr. Harrington having finished the debate, the House adjourned.

In the Upper House.

When Lord Salisbury entered the House at a quarter past four o'clock he was greeted with cheers by the Government supporters. There was a large attendance of members and many visitors present.

The Duke of Marlborough, in speaking to his motion, said that Parliament had never assembled under more hopeful or interesting circumstances. He referred to the cessation of the Chinese-Japanese war, and also to the acts of barbarism that had been committed in China and Armenia. He then said:

"It is not to be supposed that, because Ireland is not mentioned in the Queen's Speech, that country is to be neglected. Antipathy against Home Rule does not mean that the Government will not seek the social and industrial welfare of Ireland."

Continuing, he said he was glad to know that the Ministers intended to introduce measures for the relief of agriculture.

The Duke concluded by saying that the country's answer to the policy of demolition of the constitution, beginning with the House of Lords, had been most emphatic.

The speech was greeted with cheers.

Lord Rosebery, the late Premier, congratulated the Duke of Marlborough and Lord Ampthill upon their speeches.

In regard to the outrages in China, he would like to know whether the missionaries had returned to their posts after being warned not to go by the British Minister. With reference to the Armenian outrages, he declared that recurrence of these horrors tended to shorten the life of the Sultan's government among civilized communities. Irish affairs, to be satisfactorily conducted, must be managed by the Irish themselves.

China and Armenia.

Prime Minister Salisbury said he thought the shortness of the speech was justified, in view of the short session that was to be held.

Continuing, Lord alisbury said: "We have a right to feel the deepest indignation over the outrages in China. The Emperor of China has caused his Minister in London to convey to the British Government an expression of the extreme horror and indignation with which he heard the news of the crimes and to announce his resolve to punish speedily and condignly every guilty person, and there is every reason at present to believe that the Chinese Government are in earnest. hould any different indications as to China's intentions become apparent, Lord Salisbury said it would be the duty of Her Majesty's Government to try to supply the defects resulting from the neglect and lukewarmness shown. At present they could only wait and watch.

The Premier strongly condemned the recent cruelties in Armenia and said that England wished to maintain the Ottoman Empire and the Sultan would be committing a calamitous mistake if he declined to listen to the earnest advice of the powers. The address in reply to the Queen's Speech was agreed to.

Nationalists Indignant.

A series of metings of the Nationalist members of the House of Commons was held in the committee rooms to-day, at which the omission from the Queen's Speech of a pdomise of Irish land legislation was unanimously denounced.

The News says that Mr. Redmond's omnibus amendment shut out the one which it had been Mr. Justin McCarthy's intention to introduce, dealing with the land question in Ireland, and that this fact explains the course pursued by Dillon in amending Mr. Redmond's amendment.

NEWS FROM UNDER THE MOUNTAIN

I.O.O.F. Grand Lodge Elect Officers—Filgiano May Secure Bail—Fatality at the Beach.

Hamilton, Aug. 15.—The second session of the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Foresters opened this morning, W. H. Hoyle, Grand Master, presiding.

John Oliver, P.G.M., presented the report of the Committee on Election Returns. Total vote for Grand Master, Thomas Woodyatt, Brantford, 769; for Deputy Grand Master, H. White, Port Hope, 773; Grand Secretary, J. B. King, Toronto, 771; Grand Treasurer, William Badenach, Toronto, 74. The Grand Master declared these officers elected. There was a total of 2166 votes cast for Grand Warden, distributed among the many aspirants, as follows: S. K. Binkley, 69; J. McLurg, 107; J. A. Young, 351; W. Warnock, 170; J. E. Farewell, 176; Robert Meek, 974; J. W. Grote, 159; W. J. Saunders, 54; A. W. Cameron, 90.

The Past Grand Masters in nomination for the office of Sovereign Grand Lodge representative received the following votes: R. W. Bell, Peterboro', 187; Henry Robertson, Collingwood, 183; Rev. T. W. Jolliffe, Campbellford, 603; P. E. Fitzpatrick, Hamilton, 632. These returns showing no election, a ballot in Grand Lodge was necessary. The battle for the honors pertaining to the office of Grand Warden waged furiously for over three hours, making it necessary to extend the hour of adjournment till 1 o'clock. Prior to the last ballot, J. E. Farewell retired from the field, leaving the struggle between Robert Meek (Kingston) and J. A. Young (Thamesford). The result was a victory for J. A. Young.

Their Eyes on the Bonus.

It is said that when the H., G. & B. people ask for an extension of time for the completion of the road to Beamsville, in order that the company may earn the $5000 bonus, they will promise to complete the line past Beamsville to Jordan. To earn the bonus the company must have the extension finished by Nov. 30, and the feeling throughout the city is against giving any extension of time as the entire line should have been in operation long before this, and would have been had not the company adopted such a picayune policy.

Are There Others in It?

Fred. Filgiano, the absconding Grand Trunk clerk who was captured yesterday, will put up a big legal fight. He has stated that his defalcation did not amount to the deficit that Grand Trunk books show, and insinuations are made that there are others mixed up in the case. To-day Magistrate Jelfs agreed to fix bail—Filgiano in $3000 and two sureties of $1500 each. Bondsmen have not yet been secured.

Died in the Ambulance.

George Spence, a carpenter living in Liberty-street, fell from the roof of a house upon which he was working on the Beach Road, near Fitch's, this afternoon and was killed. He was shingling the roof, and the cleat upon which he was sitting broke away and he fell to the ground, a distance of 30 feet, lighting on his head, on a brick. Dr. Farewell ordered the man to be removed to the city hospital, but he died in the ambulance. Deceased was about 60 years old and has a grown-up family.

Notes

Ald. Colquhoun desires to express regret at the mistake which occurred on Tuesday evening by which Ald. Shaw and other members of the Toronto City Council were overlooked upon their arrival on Tuesday evening to take part in the Hayhurst demonstration.

Mayor Stewart writes from Gibraltar, which he reached on July 30, that he landed safely and had no seasickness on the voyage.

Alive Bollard's special cigars are extra mild, only 5c each. 135

Home From Europe.

Mr. J. N. McKendry of the firm of McKendry & Co., Yonge-street, arrived home yesterday after a two months' tour through England, Scotland, Ireland, Germany, and France, purchasing goods for the fall trade. Mr. McKendry called in The World office last evening, and looks well after his trip. He reports a great improvement in trade in all manufacturing centres, especially in the silk and ribbon districts of France, where looms are employed night and day turning out orders placed in anticipation of the rise in prices.

Cigars—De Munda are 10c cigars, sold at 5c, Alive Bollard. 135

Correction.

A notice appeared in The World yesterday morning stating that the Empress was running an excursion to the Thousand Islands and Alexandria Bay next Saturday. This notice was inserted by somebody without authority as the Empress never leaves her route for any outside work.

Cook's Turkish baths open all night, 204 King w.

Very old rye whiskies, matured in sherry casks. Wm. Mara 79 Yonge-street.

MR. OUIMET BUYS LE MONDE

ONCE MORE THAT JOURNAL WILL CHANGE ITS POLITICAL CREED.

All the French Ministers Now Have an "Organ"—Arrest of an Accomplice of the Montreal Incendiaries—A Lock of the Virgin's Hair Said to Be in Possession of a Montreal Priest.

Montreal, Aug. 15.—It is stated here to-day that Hon. J. A. Ouimet has purchased a controlling interest in Le Monde newspaper, which, in matters political, has been all things at times and nothing long. Each of the French-Canadian Ministers now has an organ. Sir Adolphe Caron controls La Minerve, and with the Minister of Public Works, with Le Monde at his back, the Conservative party will be well looked after in this district. Some time ago Messrs. Beausoleil and Tarte, M.P.'s, took hold of Le Monde's editorial columns and made them red hot Liberal, but now a change will have to be made.

Accessory to a Firebug.

Frederick Clark, who during examination in the arson case yesterday, admitted that he had taken part in the firing of Boyd & Co.'s premises, was arrested this afternoon. An effort is to be made to bring back Andrew Boyd, formerly a prominent merchant here, on a charge of being connected with a fire on his premises. Boyd, it is said, attempted to commit suicide shortly before leaving Montreal.

Lock of the Virgin's Hair.

Perhaps it is not generally known by wicked outsiders that Montreal posesses a piece of the Blessed Virgin's hair, or at least that such is the claim put forth by the Roman Catholic religious authorities of this city. This hair is at the little Bonsecours church and the chaplain, Rev. Mr. Lenoir, explains the presence of this interesting relic as follows: The tress in question, which is alleged to have been worn by the Virgin Mary, was formerly in the possession of the Archbishop of Florence, Italy, who gave it to the Rev. Abbe Captier while the latter was traveling in the Old World. Rev. Abbe Lenoir states that he has all the necessary papers attesting to the authenticity of this precious relic.

LAURIER TO TOUR ONTARIO.

Will Be Accompanied By Several of His Principal Lieutenants.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier will make another tour of Ontario this fall, and will speak in ridings in which he has not visited on his previous trip. The program of metings has not yet been arranged, but they will extend from the latter part of September through October. Mr. Laurier will be assisted by his various lieutenants.

An Off Day in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Aug. 15.—To-day was civic holiday, which was extended to the civil service.

Sir Adolphe Caron left for Baie de Fere, Lake Temiscamingue, the new French settlement where he speaks at a French picnic on Saturday.

TRUNK LINE ASSOCIATION.

Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson Attends the Meeting in New York.

New York, Aug. 15.—The committee of 16 presidents appointed by the Trunk Line Association and the Central Traffic Association to consider the best means for maintaining east and west bound rates in joint committee territory, that is, the territory east of the Mississippi River, and north of the Ohio River, met this morning pursuant to the call of Chairman Ingalls, in the offices of the Trunk Line Commission in the Central Building, West and Liberty-streets. The meeting took due to pass upon the agreement provided for the meeting of the subcommittee last July, to the effect that a sort of governing commission be appointed under an agreement to be entered into by all the roads. The provisions are said to be cast iron, and severe penalties are to be inflicted for any violation thereon.

Contrary to general expectation and contrary to his original intention, Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, the new president of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, attended the meeting of the committee to-day. He was accompanied by L. J. Seargeant, manager of that line, by whom he was introduced to J. F. Goddard, the chairman, and the members of the committee.

NEW SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Miss Sims To Be Principal of the New Rosedale School.

A sub-committee of the Management Committee of the Public School Board met yesterday to consider applications for vacancies caused by the resignation of five teachers and also to recommend appointments for additional teachers required by the new schools. Miss Sims of Wellesley school will be recommended as principal of the new Rosedale school, and a male assistant will be appointed for Queen Victoria school owing to the resignation of Mr. Leighton. Two additional teachers were recommended, and under the rule lately enacted entitling specified leave of absence after a certain length of service Miss Cruickshank and Miss Berth will be given leave of absence for one year.

Everything in the system depends on good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti keeps that right. Refuse imitations.

Toronto Home For Incurables.

The annual picnic was held in the grounds of the above institution, many ladies and gentlemen of the neighborhood being present. A handsome marquee was lent for the occasion by the officers of the Fort. The string band was kindly supplied by Mrs. Boiseau of the Island and donations of fruit, confectionery, etc., by Messrs. Davidson & Hay, Michie, Dawson, Coleman, Snow, etc., and cake from several young ladies of Parkdale, who kindly assisted at the tables.

ANENT THE HOT SPELL.

It Has Caused a Rush For Straw Hats at Half Their Cost.

The hot weather during the past few days has caused a brisk sale of straw hats and summer caps. Dineens', at King and Yonge-streets, have nearly cleared their summer stock. The remaining portion must be sold before September to make room for the fall goods which will be here by Exhibition time. It is the space that is wanted for this stock which induces Dineens' to make the big sacrifice of selling these straw hats and sporting caps at half their value. They are at the reduced rates the cheapest in Canada. Ladies are reminded that this is the economical time for re-making all fur garments and a convenient time for buying neck scarves and capes which are so comfortable and becoming at yachting parties and steamboat excursions.

Cook's Turkish baths, 204 King w.

For business envelopes, get samples and prices from Blight Bros, 65 Yonge-street.

Turkish Baths, Steam-Heated, 129 Yonge

M'CAFFERY'S MARVELOUS VITALITY

Fell Six Stories, Struck His Head On a Plank But Will Recover—He is a Toronto Man.

Buffalo, Aug. 15.—Last Sunday Thos. McCaffery fell from the sixth story of the Guaranty building. McCaffery stumbled from a scaffold and pitched headfirst downwards. Midway in his terrible descent he struck his head on a two-inch plank and ricocheted to the sidewalk, where he was picked up apparently lifeless by his fellow-workmen, who hastily sent for medical assistance.

Since his fall until yesterday afternoon he had been unconscious. Yesterday he was able to recognize his brother, who had come over from Toronto, and this afternoon the doctors, who consider the case a most remarkable one, say McCaffery will recover.

A 15-year-old boy named Peckley fell from the third story of the same building to-day with less fortunate results. He is dying.

George Casey, 10 years old, fell from the top of a freight car where he was playing, and 20 cars passed over his body, mutilating it in a shocking manner.

OLD SHOES AND RICE UNLUCKY.

Caused a Runaway and a Bride and Bridegroom Were Injured.

Norwich, Conn., Aug. 15.—Miss Annie Brown Young married Charles Grant, a wealthy farmer of Ledyard, to-day. Rev. Mr. Buck, brother of Dudley Buck, the composer, officiated. Old shoes and rice thrown at the bride struck and scared the horse, which ran away, throwing out the bride and the bridegroom and smashing the carriage. Mr. and Mrs. Grant were both injured internally and severely cut up. The tour was postponed.

HE STARVED TO DEATH

Owing to a Wheat Beard Lodged in His Throat While Threshing.

Lancaster, Pa., Aug. 15.—Henry McClain, a farmer of Washingtonboro, has just died a terrible death, caused by a wheat beard becoming lodged in his throat. A few days ago, while thrashing, he inhaled the beard. All efforts to remove it proved fruitless, and his throat finally festered. It swelled to such proportions that he was unable to swallow any nourishment, and he starved to death. McClain suffered terribly.

Buried Under Fifty Tons of Ore.

Buffalo, Aug. 15.—A large bin of iron ore gave way at the Buffalo Blast furnace, and buried Thomas Buckett, an employe, under 50 tons of metal. He was killed instantly.

Fourteen Were Drowned at Kiel.

Kiel, Aug. 15.—It is learned that the number of deaths resulting from the crowding yesterday on a landing stage of a number of workmen employed at the Germania dock yards was larger than was at first supposed. Divers have already recovered 14 bodies and are seeking others.

Horseman Killed By a Runaway Team.

Toledo, O., Aug. 15.—James Riordan, the well-known horseman of Detroit, was killed near Auburndale yesterday by his team running away and throwing him on the curb.

CITY CHURCH FOR SALE.

History of the Reformed Presbyterian Sanctuary in Carlton-Street—Its Varied Fortunes.

Twelve years ago a little unpretentious church was erected on the north side of Carlton-street, near Yonge, almost hidden from sight by a tenement house in front.

This white-bricked church was the spiritual home of a devoted band of Presbyterians. The church was under the control and associated with the Toronto Presbytery. But a change came o'er the spirit of the place, and the sanctuary passed into the hands of the Reformed Presbyterians, in connection with the Presbytery of Pittsburg. The church is still associated with this body, though the financial help is not so large now as when the church had a settled pastor.

In fact, it is in financial difficulties which necessitates the sale of the property. There is a mortgage of $8000, to pay the interest on which and to maintain the services with preacher's stipend has lately taxed the resources of the congregation. The situation, however, is not so very serious, as there are no arrears of interest.

In the interest of the church it is deemed advisable to place the property in the market. An upset price will be fixed, and if this realizes, a cheaper location would be chosen and an era of increased prosperity be in view with the appointment of a permanent pastor.

At the time of the secession of the congregation to the Reformed Presbytery, Rev. Mr. Wilson, for a long time a successful pastor, left the church. Since then there have been several ministers, the most popular of whom was Rev. Stuart Acheson, now of Wiarton.

For twelve months past Rev. Robert Hume has been ministering at the church.

The members are united and hopeful of better days. One of the principal tenets of the Reformed Presbyterians is that it is unscriptural to have instrumental music in divine service. They claim to be the only representatives of the true Presbyterian worship of a generation ago. There is a prosperous church at Teswater and smaller ones in other places in Canada, all connected with the Pittsburg Presbytery.

BLOWING UP BLOOMERS.

Dissimilarity in Methods of Dressing.

The newspapers have been blowing up bloomers to such an extent that if a young lady wearing them were to fall in the lake she could not sink if she tried ever so hard. Some interesting comment on this subject is made in The Canada Farmers' Sun this week. Sold by John P. McKenna, bookseller, 80 Yonge-street. The methods of dressing in high and low life being compared to the disadvantage of the former. "Small Potatoes" is a ripping criticism of an article in a Berlin paper about "Nosing Among Government Returns." "A Robber Tariff," "Our Governor-Generals," and "Abolish the Senate" are all lively articles of timely interest. A leading theme in The Sun is "Humanity and Brotherhood."

You are hale and hearty when you use Adams' Tutti Frutti. See that Tutti Frutti is on each wrapper. Refuse imitations.

The City Holiday.

Take the 5.15 train Saturday and spend the holiday at Peninsula Park Hotel, Lake Simcoe, nine miles from Barrie. This is a splendid opportunity to visit Canada's leading summer resort. Full particulars, M. McConnell, 46 Colborne-street.

FINISHED LAST NIGHT

Was the Promised Display of Bargains For Civic Holiday in Howell's Window.

On the men's side of the establishment and every ticket is as large as your head. Now, gents, if you want a snap, you can have it. Any pair in the window will be given you on request; all sizes inside. Yours, etc., George Howell, cut rate shoe dealer, 246 Yonge-street.

WALKER WAS MURDERED.

KILLED IN WINDSOR—DUMPED IN THE RIVER AT AMHERSTBURG.

Examination Showed That There Was No Water in the Lungs, That the Alleged Bullet Wound is an Old Scar, But That Death Resulted From a Blow on the Head.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 15.—A post-mortem examination on the body of Alfred Frederick Walker held at Amherstburg this morning left no doubt that Walker was killed and then thrown into the water. The body remained in the air long enough for animation to have been entirely suspended, and no water or traces of water were found in the lungs. Death was found to have occurred as the result of a blow on top of the head by which the skull was crushed in and the brain injured. The blow was given by some blunt instrument propelled with sufficient force to cut through the skull bone, probably struck from behind.

Dumped From a Rowboat.

It is thought probable that Walker was killed in Windsor Monday night, and after death carried to Amherstburg in a small boat. So far as can be learned no fights occurred in Windsor or suburbs that evening in which anyone was injured.

Early Tuesday morning two strangers landed in Amhersburg from up the river. They abandoned the small boat which had carried them to the town, had breakfast at the American hotel, skipping out without paying for their meal and being caught later. The men failed to give a good account of themselves, but were released after being questioned. One claimed to be Ed. Collins, 2248 Monroe-street, Toledo, but when questioned showed considerable ignorance of the town he called his home.

Tracing Walker's Movements.

Walker put up at the Crawford House in this city, Sunday night, and Alfred Taylor last saw him at 6 o'clock Monday night. Twenty-four hours later his body was found at Bar Point, 24 miles from Windsor. The wound on his head, which was thought to have been caused by a bullet, is an old scar, the result of a fall. Mr. Taylor says that Walker was the last man to commit suicide, as he had brilliant chances ahead of him. He was of a temperament that nothing could discourage and Mr. Taylor thinks that he got into a row and was dumped into the river. All efforts to trace Walker after Monday night have failed.

George W. Walker, a brother of the dead man, arrived from Guelph this morning, and will take the body up on the steamer Wyandotte to-morrow and thence to Guelph. The inquest was adjourned until to-night at Amherstburg.

A Verdict of Murder.

Amherstburg, Ont., Aug. 15.—The coroner's jury in the case of A. F. Kalkwhose body was found in the river here Monday, returned a verdict tonight that he came to his death by being hit upon the head by some blunt instrument in the hands of an unknown person. It is generally believed here that he committed suicide, notwithstanding the verdict of the jury. A letter was left by him to the public to the effect that he was going to make away with himself and was found in his room at Detroit to-day.

Work on the Breslau Murder Case.

Berlin, Ont., Aug. 15.—Detective Greer arrived back from Toronto this morning, and with Detective Klippert left this afternoon to resume work on the Breslau murder case. Not much weight is given here to the report that there was an accomplice in the murder. Messrs. Greene & Co. went out to the scene of the murder this afternoon to photo the spot where the dead man was found, Mr. Hagey's house and Kumchinski's home and surroundings. The ground will also be surveyed between the different points bearing on the case.

WANT A FREE SILVER PLANK.

The White Metal Wing of the Democratic Party Has So "Resolved."

Washington, Aug. 15.—The free silver element in the Democratic party, in National Convention assembled, have adopted a series of resolutions in effect that the National Convention of the Democrats should demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into primary or redemption money at the ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the action or approval of any other nation.

Resolved, That it should declare its irrevocable opposition to the substitution for a metallic money of a panic-breeding, corporation-credit currency, based on a single metal, the supply of which is so limited that it can be cornered at any time by a few banking institutions in Europe and America.

Resolved, That it should declare its opposition to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the U.S. the option reserved by the law to the Government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

Resolved, That it should declare its opposition to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the U.S. in time of peace, and especially to placing the credit of the Government under the control of any syndicate of bankers, and the issuance of bonds to be sold by them at an enormous profit for the purpose of supplying the Federal Treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometalism.

IN MEMORIAM JOHN HALL.

Forty Years in the Customs and Was Known as the Smugglers' Terror.

Mr. John Hall, who had seen 40 years' service at the Customs House at Niagara, died yesterday, in his 83rd year, at his late residence, Niagara-on-the-Lake. At the time of his superannuation, several years ago, Mr. Hall was Surveyor. His position was no sinecure. In his day smuggling was rife, and until the early hours of the morning Mr. Hall was at his arduous post. He ran many risks and secured numerous convictions. He was indeed the smugglers' terror. Mr. Hall had been ailing for two or three years, but succumbed to an attack of bronchitis. He was widely known and highly respected. He leaves two sons and three daughters. The eldest son is in business in Jersey City. The other is Mr. J. G. Hall, Secretary of the Toronto Separate School Board. The funeral of the deceased will take place on Sunday to St. Mark's Cemetery, Niagara-on-the-Lake.

CHARGED WITH TILL TAPPING.

The Woman Caught the Man, But Was Unable to Hold Him.

Philip Radnor, aged 18, living at 249 Avenue-road, was arrested last evening by Detective Harrison, on a charge of till-tapping. It is said that while on his way to work yesterday morning Radnor sneaked into a stationery store kept at 532 Yonge-street, by Mrs. Ross, and rifled the till of its contents. Mrs. Ross caught him in the act and secured the cash, but was unable to hold him.

The affair was reported to the police, and on the description furnished Detective Harrison made the arrest.

SEPTUAGENARIAN HORSE THIEF.

For Fifty Years He Has Been Lifting Nags—Posed as a Private Detective to Cover His Tracks.

The Toronto police authorities have been notified of the arrest in London of one of the most notorious horse thieves on the continent in the person of William B. Chisholm, who for more than 50 years has followed the avocation, and during that time it is confidently believed has stolen over 400 horses from farmers.

Chisholm's days are apparently few. He is now almost 80 years of age, is tall and very frail, and has a head of snow-white hair and similar colored side whiskers. The old man is also badly crippled with rheumatism and gets about with the assistance of a heavy stick. He complained when arrested that he couldn't get away with the horses like he used to.

The charge upon which he was apprehended is that of stealing a horse from Abraham C. Cornelius of Oneida and a buggy, harness, robe and whip from Charles W. Vallick, a Methodist missionary living across the road from Cornelius. A couple of days before the theft Chisholm was seen in the vicinity of Oneida prowling around in a very suspicious manner. The evening prior to the theft Cornelius found him in his hay mow, took him into the house and gave him a bed. In the morning Chisholm was given breakfast, and then left the premises. He hung around the place all day, however, but the next day was missing—as were the horse and rig. A few days afterwards Chisholm was arrested in Tilsonburg with the horse and rig.

During the olden days when the soldiers were located at London, Chisholm was put on duty with others to try and catch Slippery Jack. After Chisholm's appointment farmers around the country began to lose their horses. Three or more thefts were recorded every week, until finally an officer traced one team into Northern Michigan. The horses were recovered and the thief brought back, when it transpired that he and Chisholm were one man. Both went to the penitentiary for long terms.

About 20 years ago an old man named Speelman was sent to the penitentiary for seven years for burning the mill of George Suffell at Vienna. He was convicted on the evidence of Chisholm, who was then posing as a private detective. Speelman swore that he was innocent and threatened revenge. Whether innocent or guilty he carried out his threat. After his release he fired several buildings in the village and was again sent to Kingston. He served his term and again applied the torch, almost destroying the entire place. He was again arrested and sent to the penitentiary for life. He died in the institution a few months ago.

BRITISH SCHOONER FIRED ON.

Outrage on the High Seas By a Venezuelan Gunboat—A Schooner Riddled With Shot.

New York, Aug. 15.—Several breaches of international law have been recently reported by despatches from Barbadoes, and the latest is the firing on a British schooner in British waters by a Venezuelan gunboat. The fact was reported on July 25, that Venezuelan gunboats were cruising in British waters off the Island of Trinidad, and were seriously interrupting the sailing craft employed in the regular trade between that colony and Venezuela.

The Venezuelans seem to have had a free hand for the time being, for, though the facts of several cases where the Venezuelans had stopped vessels trading into Trinidad were reported to the Trinidad Government, no steps were taken either by the Trinidad authorities or by the Imperial Government to put a stop thereto.

The schooner Ellen, which is owned and sailed by Captain Truxillo, a Britisher, and registered at Trinidad, has passed under the muzzle of Venezuelan gunboats, and though the captain sent the English flag to his mizzen masthead, the Venezuelans simply ignored it, continued their firing, rent the sails of the British vessel in several places, and declined to cease firing till the British vessel had "hove to," and allowed the Venezuelan cruiser to come alongside.

Captain Truxillo has just reported as above to the harbor master at Port of Spain. He was asked to make a sworn statement of the facts, which he did. The captain explains that he was on a voyage out from Trinidad to the Venezuelan port of Maturin, and when within two miles of Trinidad a Venezuelan cruiser fired a shot at his vessel.

The British ensign was sent up on the mizzen masthead, but no notice was taken of it. He kept the vessel on its course, believing it would be all right, when the Venezuelans sent a shot through the schooner's sails. There were several passengers on board, and they, as well as the crew, became so frightened that they threw themselves down upon the deck to escape the shot, which was raking the vessel. He was compelled to "heave to" and the Venezuelans came alongside. Captain Truxillo, the passengers and crew were forced to enter a small boat, and were kept there for nearly four hours, when they were released. In the meantime the Venezuelans had searched the ship, but finding nothing to detain her she was allowed to continue the voyage. The Trinidad Government has reported the matter to the Colonial Office, London.

A Well-Known Actor Shot.

Andrew Byrnes, one of the trio of brothers who play "8 Bells" in Toronto every season, was shot by a man named Fenton in the lobby of the theatre at Norwich, Conn., on Wednesday night. The actor may die. His home is in the city where he was playing and his assailant is supposed to be insanely jealous of Byrnes' attentions to a Norwich girl.

Sprudel is the most healthful mineral water sold on this contin