The Toronto World.

NO 83 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO

A One Cent Morning Paper.

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Holy Willie's Measure—As Given By Himself.

At the Parks and Gardens Committee the other day an application was read from W. H. Howland for the return of $25, paid for the use of the Pavilion for a meeting held by the Anti-Sunday Car Association. Ald. Hallam strongly objected to the money being refunded, but Mayor Fleming used all his influence in favor of Mr. Howland and the request in the application was granted. This action fairly well measures up the moral calibre of the Howland-Spence-Fleming combination. Neither party in the late campaign had a right to ask the city for a single copper, or a single privilege, in carrying on the contest. The advocates of Sunday cars made no request to the council before or after the polling day for any privilege whatever. Neither did Holy Willie make any such request before the polling day. He knew very well that a request of this kind before election day would injure the cause of the antis, and he knew besides that such a request would never have been granted, as their opponents would have objected to it tooth and nail on principle. What they dared not do before the election Mayor Fleming and Holy Willie are willing to attempt after that event. They have partially succeeded in making the city pay $25 towards their recent campaign. That is the contemptible trick that these estimable gentlemen have been guilty of. What honorable, self-respecting man would have been guilty of such a petty piece of business for the sake of $25? This action of Mayor Fleming is on a par with his conduct some months ago when he used his official position to trick a certain temperance society out of the use of the Pavilion during the winter, in order that a society with which he was connected might enjoy the same advantage. The trick, however, was exposed and Mayor Fleming was humiliated and had to give up his stolen advantage. Shouter Spence was a party to this piece of sharp practise along with the Mayor. No wonder there exists a feeling of bitter hostility between two sections of the people when we find it is citizens of this stamp that oppose the freedom and liberty of half the residents of the city. The item has not yet passed the council, and we trust that some of the aldermen at its next meeting will give this matter their attention. Whoever tackles the subject ought to rub it hard into Holy Willie and his confreres, because their moral sensibilities are very much blunted and it takes sledge-hammer work to make them feel the meanness of their position. They are prepared to stand a large amount of abuse and contempt—provided they get the $25. That's what they are after. Give them more than they expect and they may, perhaps, feel the blow a little.

The N. P. in Practice.

We referred the other day to the agricultural implement business in Canada and cited evidence to show that the farmers of Canada were now purchasing their farm machines as cheaply as, or even cheaper than, the farmers of any other country in the world. To-day we refer to another business, a small one, it is true, but still proving that a 20-foot stone-wall tariff does not necessarily mean high prices to the consumer. Canada to-day manufactures nearly all the suspenders that are sold in the Dominion. The making of this article is a simple process. There is no valid reason why Canada cannot make suspenders just as cheap and just as good as any other country in the world. But to start the business it was necessary to put a wall around the Canadian market and shut out foreign competitors. Under these conditions Canadian manufacturers went to work and to-day they are selling their goods as cheap as the same goods are sold in the United States. In fact, we are informed that the workingmen of Canada get a pair of suspenders for 25 cents that is unequaled in quality and price by any similar article in any other country. There is a Canadian firm making suspenders at Niagara Falls, Ont. This firm has also a branch house on the other side of the river, in United States territory. They make exactly the same goods on both sides of the river and the prices at which the goods are sold are identically the same. Here is an instance where the N.P. has not only given us control of our own market, but it has made our manufacturers so expert in the business that they have been able to invade a foreign country and establish a successful branch house. We have a duty of 35 per cent. on suspenders. The American duty is 60 per cent. Mr. Laurier's idea is to take off our duty, the American 60 per cent. remaining as it is. The result of such a policy would be to cause a rush of American manufacturers into Canadian territory. We have to cite the rush of boomers into the Cherokee strip to get a parallel to the rush that Yankee suspender makers would make on Canada if Mr. Laurier were made its Premier.

The Conservative policy is the true one. We required a protective tariff years ago to start our infant industries. We still require a protective duty to keep the wolf out of the fold. Free trade will not reduce prices to the consumer. What it will do most effectually is to ruin our manufacturers and, if anything, increase prices. The argument that our industries have been spoon-fed long enough and should be protected no longer sounds very plausible. But really there is no reason or sense in the argument. We have big duties on our statute books to-day, but these duties injure us not. It is a case of the bush being on fire without being consumed. Let the duties stand and let the wolf be kept out.

They Call Upon Dr. Caven.

Come now, Dr. Caven, no more hiding in your shell. The World some time ago called you forth to define your position on the tax exemption question. But as The World has the reputation of being on friendly terms with that enemy of the human race otherwise known as the devil we do not expect that Dr. Caven will recognize us any more than he would His Satanic Majesty were that party himself to address the reverend gentleman. But, Doctor, other people are calling on you besides The World. There are the Baptists, for instance. They want to know how you stand on this question. See the extract we have clipped from this week's number of The Canadian Baptist. You are described there as an Equal Righter, a man with an eminently clear head, a righteous and a brave man. Being such, the Baptist people ask you to define your position on tax exemptions. The Queen-street Methodist Church are going to discuss the advisability of paying taxes the same as the Jarvis-street Church does. These people, too, would like to hear from you the arguments pro and con the exemption question. There is a responsibility resting upon you, Dr. Caven, which you ought not to shirk. You are the chief of the Equal Righters. Let the people hear your defence of exemptions.

Yesterday (Thursday) morning at 1 o'clock an exciting triple tragedy occurred in the English metropolis. The World, possessing as it does an exclusive cable service, was the only morning paper in Toronto that had any reference to the occurrence yesterday. The event has been the chief topic of conversation in London during the past 24 hours, and The World to-day gives fuller particulars of the event. We refer to this to show how close the cable brings us in touch with affairs on the other side of the water. The event occurred at 1 a.m. yesterday. It came through our ordinary channels of news, and was dished up to our readers within a few hours after the occurrence.

THE BRANDON ELECTION.

Some of the Appeals That Preceded the Liberal Success.

[Winnipeg Free Press (Lib.), Sept. 14.]

We have spoken frequently of the grossly corrupt practices which prevailed at the last general elections in this province. Ministers and their supporters set out to win by hook or by crook, and they did. Nothing half as scandalous had ever been witnessed before. Worse than the corruption itself, however, was the tameness with which it was regarded by the general public. Encouraged by their success then friends of the Government saw no danger in resorting to similar methods to carry Brandon against the leader of the Opposition. To gratify the vindictiveness of an evil-minded unscrupulous man, Mr. Clifford Sifton, it was determined to defeat Mr. Macdonald at any cost. Attempts to bribe the electors as a body were numerous, and by methods against which Liberals of Canada have been loudly protesting for years past. Government agents promised that the election of the Government candidate would secure for the city the new Normal school building. Another device of wholesale bribery was the circulation of the following card:

> $40,000.
>
> Should the present arrangement regarding our Court House be cancelled, the city stands to lose over $40,000. Is it safe to leave such a matter with an opponent of the Government?

Until this card appeared no one had ever heard that the city of Brandon was threatened with the loss of $40,000 in connection with its court house; nothing had ever been said or proposed that could possibly suggest such a thing. Another card was as follows:

> MR. ADAMS
>
> Can help us in case an attempt is made to cancel the present Court House agreement.
>
> VOTE FOR ADAMS.

Here is another:

> Adams supports the Government which has expended in Public Buildings in Brandon over $100,000 out of Provincial funds.
>
> VOTE FOR ADAMS.

And another, which is a gem in its way:

> ELECTORS OF BRANDON.
>
> Want a continuance of Expenditure of Public Moneys in this city.
>
> VOTE FOR ADAMS.

These and similar appeals were made to bribe the city as a whole. Individual bribery was extensively practised. Voters who were supposed to be friendly to the Opposition were offered and paid $20 and $25 each to go into the country for a day or two's harvesting. Others were spirited away. An unfortunate elector who last winter lost both his hands and who was regarded as doubtful was made a constable in order to secure his vote. Attorney-General Sifton had all the officials of his department at work, early and late. Noxon, the jailer, and Wilcocks, bailiff, made no pretence at concealment. Townsend, a clerk in the Lands Title office; Clements, deputy clerk of the Crown and Pleas, and Foster, Provincial constable, were active workers, although less open in their movements. Hotelkeepers were threatened, and some of them were cowardly enough to be overawed. Sifton telegraphed to Chicago ordering Kenneth Campbell, cashier, and G. Silvester, assistant commissioner at the side show, to come to Brandon to vote, and they did. Voters were got in from the Coast and from Ontario. There was money in abundance, and to ensure Mr. Macdonald's defeat it was made to flow as freely as water. But in spite of all these vile influences the Government candidate would have been defeated if it had not been for the numerous personations. Sufficient of these have already been traced to more than account for the whole of Mr. Adams' majority. It is to the credit of Brandon city, a credit The Free Press mostly gladly accords, that in the face of the temptations and under pressure of all these corrupt methods there was but the small majority of 31 recorded against Mr. Macdonald. It is doubtful if another constituency in the province would have done so well if its virtue had been as severely tested.

But no good will come of preaching these things through a newspaper. As a community we have lost political shame, and are fast becoming most vilely corrupt. Influences of the most dangerous kind are at work, that if permitted to go unchecked will make of the people something little better than serfs. With anything like an honest election Brandon would have gone against the Government by a substantial majority. The same may be said of two-thirds of the constituencies of the province. But until ministerial methods are exposed in the bright light of the court it is hopeless to expect any reform.

Dr. Caven, Why Don't You Reply?

[From The Canadian Baptist.]

We reprinted last week a short editorial from The Toronto World, which, with favorable comments in other city papers, goes to show that the noble stand taken by the brethren in Jarvis-street is beginning to have its effect. We have no doubt that the argument they are using will prove one of the most effective they could bring to bear. We only regret that the great majority of our churches are continuing to accept this form of municipal aid, which is indistinguishable in principle from state aid. The practice has grown up so insidiously that our Baptist brethren generally have not yet, we feel sure, sufficiently reflected upon the full meaning of it. When they do so, and get a clear conception of the fact that the acceptance, through church exemptions, of aid derived from the taxation of citizens is a violation of one of their cherished and time-honored principles, they will quickly resolve, at whatever cost, to put themselves right and give the people a free, not a tax-aided gospel.

We have no admiration, but the opposite, for the manner and spirit in which The World conducted its vigorous campaign on behalf of Sunday cars. But we are bound to admit the cogency of an appeal which it makes to the Rev. Principal Caven, as an Equal Righter, in regard to the matter in question. Is there not, for instance, a truth in the following extract which should come home to the judgments and consciences of many others besides Dr. Caven:

"You people who worship in one-hundred-thousand-dollar churches and who kneel on carpets worth $2 a yard, ought to be ashamed of forcing the poor man to contribute towards those fine edifices and that luxurious upholstery. He never uses them, yet you force him to bear his share of the expense. Are you so selfish and so worldly-minded that you will accept and force this tribute money from men who are working for 15 cents an hour? If your congregations cannot afford to pay their just share of the public tax why do they put up such costly churches? Congregations that are able to worship in a $75,000 church are able to pay taxes. If not, let them worship in a $50,000 edifice and pay the taxes on that. That is what they should do. Don't cry out that it is impious to tax the house of God when you are vieing with one another in erecting the most expensive and luxurious churches. You will find no authority in the New Testament for placing a $50,000 mortgage on your church, nor is there any mention in the same book of Brussels carpet or its equivalent. But there is a precept which says, 'Do unto others as you would that they should do unto you.' Study that out honestly. Reflect on the beautiful precept and try to comprehend it. If you throw aside your selfishness and your love of material display, you will make a move to do what the Jarvis-street Baptist Church did yesterday."

We should be glad if Dr. Caven, who is an eminently clear-headed as well as a righteous and brave man, would think the subject over and reply to The World's argument. It is always well to pay attention to what unfriendly critics have to say of us. But so long as most of us are ourselves living in glass houses we have no stones to throw at our Presbyterian, or Methodist, or Anglican, or Catholic neighbors.

Trolley Development.

[From The Buffalo Times.]

If anyone thinks that the electric trolley railroad is going to settle down to city and suburban traffic they are very much mistaken. The trolley roads are getting longer every day. Experimenting is constantly going on with other devices for supplying the electric current in transit, but the trolley continues to be very ambitious. A road is now projected to connect Washington and Baltimore, a good 40 miles, and when that is done it will probably be extended further. The trolley is bound to grow. Look how it has developed in Buffalo! First Tonawanda was taken in by a trolley arm. Then Williamsville was compelled to acknowledge that she was ours. Now Lancaster feels as though she were almost a part of Buffalo. We shall yet have Hamburg, East Aurora, Niagara Falls, Lockport and all the smaller intermediate points.

The same development is going on everywhere. May we not venture the prediction that the trolley is destined to be the means for local travel, leaving to the steam railroads, with their through trains, the long hauls of freight and passengers? The trolley has proved to be thus far the most practical of all the electric roads, and with all its unsightliness it is unanimously voted a success.

Have you tried Holloway's Corn Cure? It has no equal for removing these troublesome excrescences, as many have testified who have tried it.

Local News in a Nutshell.

For assaulting his wife Patrick O'Brien goes to jail for 30 days.

The corner stone of the Massey Memorial Music Hall was laid yesterday by Charles Vincent, grandson of the donor.

Patrick Daley and Michael Grainey, charged with highway robbery, were yesterday discharged by the Police Magistrate.

Clifford Bristol is under arrest charged with stealing a gold watch and chain from Robert Robbins, 110 McGill-street.

The horses, carriages and harness of George H. Goodeham will be on view at Grand's Repository all day Monday previous to sale. Also those of Mr. Sheridan and other consigners.

Sarah Hill, aged 18, of Barrie took an epileptic fit in Queen-street west at 5.30 yesterday afternoon. As she had no money nor no friends in sight she was taken to the General Hospital.

David McDonald and Joseph Wiggins were charged at the Police Court yesterday with robbing Mrs. Agnes Stewart of $15 in the subway the previous night. They were remanded.

The suspender company that failed the other day was not the Dominion Company of Niagara Falls, but the Union Suspender Company of Toronto. The former company are doing a rushing business.

James Walls, 42 Lippincott-street, arrested on a charge of betraying Jessie Hammond, will probably marry the young woman in the Police station, and further prosecution will be dropped.

Mr. George Goulding, wholesale milliner, left an estate valued at $73,291.33. His sons William and Henry are the executors, and the estate is divided among the family.

The holiness meetings conducted by Mrs. de Barritt at the Temple, Albert-street, will be recommenced on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock and continued every Friday afternoon until further notice.

At the initial meeting of the Parkdale Collegiate Institute Literary Society on Thursday these officers were elected: President, W. H. McNairn; vice-presidents, Fred. Walker and Miss A. Patterson; secretary, W. Norman Harris; treasurer, Miss F. Morgan.

The funeral of the late James Grandfield, who accidentally shot himself while hunting, took place yesterday from 16 Gifford-street to St. James' Cemetery. Rev. A. G. Baldwin conducted the religious ceremony. The Young Conservative Association, Royal Black Preceptory and Torbay Lodge, L.O.L., were largely represented.

Yesterday hundreds of ladies crowded the showrooms of James H. Rogers, corner of King and Church-streets, being the occasion of their fall opening of fine furs. It was remarked by every lady present that they had not seen such a magnificent and costly display of elegant furs since Mr. Rogers had his place decked out with sealskins the time of the Semi-Centennial.

Two officers from the British army, Major Magnold, R.E., and Major Holden, R.A., who are at the Columbian Exposition on an important mission, visited the exhibit of W. E. Sanford & Co., clothing, in company with Mr. Adam Brown, one of the British judges, and inspected the military clothing very closely. They expressed themselves most favorably, both as to the quality of the material and the workmanship.

WILL COME OUT OF THE CITY TAXES.

The Board of Works Decides That the Property-Owners Benefited Need Not Pay for Widening Streets.

The Board of Works met yesterday to decide whether the city or the property-owners should pay the cost of widening Parliament, Dundas and Queen-street east. This is made necessary owing to the introduction of the electric street car system.

Ald. Bell strongly advocated the cost being borne by the general public, and succeeded in getting a resolution passed to that effect. There was some further discussion on the subject at the meeting held subsequently, but the recommendation was sent on to the council. The cost will be $20,000.

The question of paving Avenue-road was referred to the City Engineer to report upon without discussion.

TO REPEAL THE SNOW BYLAW.

The Executive Committee Decide to Let the Public Shovel Its Own Snow.

The Executive Committee yesterday decided to remit the taxes on the Massey Music Hall site, amounting to $476.

Another attempt was made to secure a grant of $300 to the aged widow of the late Jail Steward Griffith, who is left without a dollar, but it was unsuccessful. The strongest objections were made by Ald. Jolliffe and Carlyle.

The snow-cleaning charges that were incorporated in this year's tax bills are a source of annoyance and inconvenience to everybody. The errors made in the charges are many. People who were very particular in cleaning the snow from in front of their premises every morning and evening after a snowfall have had snow-cleaning charges added to their tax bills. Many of them refuse to pay, and after running around to the various departments they finally get the amount struck off. It is not for the amount that the objections are made, but on principle. By the time the citizen gets the matter righted he has lost an hour or two in wandering around the catacombs of the City Hall. In order to obviate this in the future Chairman Saunders asked permission to introduce a bylaw to repeal the present bylaw. A great deal of the trouble was caused by the carelessness of officials in reporting the numbers of the lots where they had removed snow.

The application of Mr. Joseph Duggan to be supplied with city water was sent on to council. There was some discussion on the question, as the aldermen were afraid it would be establishing a bad precedent; but it was argued that, although Mr. Duggan lives outside the city limits, he pays taxes to the city amounting to nearly $4000.

The reports of the various committees were adopted without change.

Chairman Saunders referred to Ald. Orr's departure in a pleasing way and the committee wished the doctor bon voyage. Alderman and Mrs. Orr will leave to-day for a year's visit to Europe.

Alderman Burns' Sub-Committee.

A number of the aldermen who are in favor of Ald. Burns' scheme for a permanent waterworks sub-committee are afraid that the Mayor will persuade him to let the matter drop. It is a well-known fact that the Mayor is much opposed to the committee being appointed, as it is a decided reflection on his action in bringing about the amalgamation of the two important committees. It is not likely that Ald. Burns will withdraw his motion, as he does not make any move nor take any stand in council proceedings without giving the matter careful consideration. At the same time he does not wish it understood that he is aiming at forming another Waterworks Committee. He maintains that since the amalgamation waterworks matters have been rushed through the Board of Works without consideration or the committee having the information it should have.

More Tenders Opened.

A sub-committee of the Works Committee yesterday opened and recommended the acceptance of the following tenders: Paving of track allowance with vitrified brick on concrete, with scoria toothing—College-street, from Bathurst to Clinton, D. L. Van Vlack, at $7170; College-street, Clinton to Concord, Shannon & Whillans at $10,552; College-street, Concord to Dufferin, D. L. Van Vlack, at $10,195.

No Rebate For the Police.

Mr. Nicholas Murphy, on behalf of a number of the members of the Police Force, claims that his clients were only allowed $400 exemption from income tax instead of $700. The City Solicitor says the Assessment Act of 1892 does not apply to last year's assessment, and the police will get no rebate.

Work at Ashbridge's Bay.

The Mayor's proposal to employ an outside engineer to inspect Contractor Shields' work at Ashbridge's Bay, in reference to the Smith charges, is meeting with very little approval. Engineers Rust and Fellows are thoroughly satisfied with the work, and say that in many ways Mr. Shields is doing more and better work than the specifications call for. Instead of small stones being used as is claimed by Mr. Smith, rocks weighing 3000 and over are used in constructing the jetty. The stone will easily average a great deal more than the contract asks.

Mr. McNamee has cut through to the lake and there is now a strong current through the channel, proving the wisdom of Mr. Keating's plan.

New Pavements Wanted.

A sufficiently signed petition for a cedar block pavement in Roseberry-avenue has been sent to the City Clerk. A petition has also been sent in for a wooden sidewalk in the south side of Oxford-street from Bellevue-avenue to Lippincott-street.

A Dilatory Contractor.

As Contractor Grant has not yet signed the contract awarded him for the construction of the western jetty, nor shown any intention of going on with the work, the Board of Works yesterday decided that unless he comes to time Monday next the contract will be given to Mr. Shields, the next lowest tenderer. In this case Mr. Grant will forfeit his deposit of $750. Shields' tender was $500 higher than Grant's.

For the thorough and speedy cure of all Blood Diseases and Eruptions of the Skin take Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. Mrs. B. Forbes, Detroit, had a running sore on her leg for a long time; commenced using Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, and she is now completely cured. Her husband thinks there is nothing equal to it for Ague or any low fever.

Grand Trunk Pullmans Without Limit.

The Grand Trunk have brought from Chicago, and which arrived last night, two special trains of Pullman cars to accommodate intending excursionists to Chicago, Detroit, Port Huron, Bay City, Saginaw and Grand Rapids, leaving to-day and Saturday. The Grand Trunk intend to give their patrons the best accommodation and fast service; their six daily express trains guarantee this. On Friday and Saturday of next week, the 29th and 30th, they are running another cheap excursion to Chicago at single first-class fare for the return trip, good to arrive back Oct. 11.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion.—C. W. Snow & Co., Syracuse, N.Y., write: "Please send us ten gross of Pills. We are selling more of Parmelee's Pills than any other pill we keep. They have a great reputation for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint." Mr. Charles A. Smith, Lindsay, writes: "Parmelee's Pills are an excellent medicine. My sister has been troubled with severe headache, but these Pills have cured her."

A BRAHMIN ON THEOSOPHY.

A Professor of Mathematics From India Addresses a Large Audience in the Auditorium—Mrs. Besant's Address.

The Theosophical Society held a second entertainment last night. They presented two of the cleverest exponents of their religious teaching. The meeting was more successful than the one on the evening previous. The house was better filled and the audience was more interested.

Mr. Ganendra Nath Chakravarti, professor of mathematics at Alahabad, India, the Brahmin exponent of the system, spoke first.

He prefaced his brief address by stating that he had not abandoned the religion of his younger days, but still was true to the Brahmin Church. He was also a Theosophist and might consistently profess both doctrines.

Brahmins, Christians; Buddhists and adherents of other religious teachings had united in the Theosophical Congress held recently at Chicago.

"But Theosophy is a religion. It is the basis and finale of all religions. It is the source of all inspiration which has made religions and influenced men to die in defence of truth."

Thus Theosophy unites all religions. It sees in all an internal truth which has led to its formation. The practical result of recognizing this esoteric truth tends to soften religious antagonisms and teaches man to appeal to the divine nature which yields not to threats of impending evil.

Theosophy thus does not convert. It is not religion properly so-called. It is a great system of philosophy, and it requires of its adherents a minute search after truth.

It, however, recognizes certain underlying doctrines. It teaches the doctrine of Universal Brotherhood, not the brotherhood of man, but the universal brotherhood of all matter.

There is a trinity in man, a union of body, soul and spirit.

The doctrine of Universal Brotherhood extends on all these planes. Man influences the body. His very thought when thrown out from his mind permeates the surrounding sphere. These thoughts, if they be evil, influence men to evil deeds, if good advance the cause of right by persuading their fellows to venerate truth and right. So no man can be separate but influences his fellows. He is his fellows' brother. He is responsible for their deeds.

Mrs. Besant's Address.

Mrs. Besant took up the subject where the Indian brother concluded. She first made a brief statement of the position and the constitution of man and the universe. The theosophic teaching she claimed to be sharply opposed to the evolutionist school of Darwin. "The universe is not evolved from dead matter; consciousness does not come from unconsciousness, and life is a more systematic formation than that caused by the working of materialistic forces."

Everything is evolved out of a divine essence. There is in every atom of matter, mingled with the materialistic force, the essence of spirit. The two forces are the positive and the negative poles.

Modern science has proved this fact. An atom is not indestructible when formed, but gradually evolved and constantly altering.

Eastern science began with the higher and the divine essence in nature and has come to understand the other, the material peculiarities of force.

Western science, by careful experience, started at the other point and has arrived at a stage where they must recognize the divine element.

This element of the soul gives to the body which surrounds it other powers than those of physical. Those who study may notice, and those who do not study are bigots, when they place their own ignorance in opposition to those who are learned and will not believe.

Experiments have shown life nearly extinct, the heart's beat almost imperceptible, the brain receiving no support from the body. But physical acts were performed without the aid of physical force.

It was the soul, in the ethereal double, in its stable matrix, which caused the wonderful phenomena.

The soul may sometimes escape from the ethereal double which holds it and from this prison gate without being unlocked by the latch-key of death. Those who are educated may successfuly perform the deed.

When death comes the soul is released. After a short rest the soul returns. It has prepared itself in its last existence for the body it is to inhabit; past existence fits it for its future abode.

Two children are born into this world; one has a vicious temperament and a nature which leads him to crime and disgrace. The other has a nature and an inherent intellect which leads him on to glory and honor. Who is responsible for divergence? A divine will creating an evil body for a divine soul! You dare not say that such is the truth.

"Soul evolves. It takes body after body, gathers experience and gains knowledge.

"Reincarnation was the belief of the earlier church. It has only been recently disregarded. It is now heard once more. It is the voice of Justice. As a man sows so shall he reap. As we live so shall we be born again."

After numbers of cycles pass a genius arises.

The animal is extinct. He will be a teacher, a martyr, a saviour or an adept.

"There comes a time when the fight is over. Sorrow and pain is over. The life of spirit is complete. He may pass to a place where there is no more sorrow or pain.

"Shall the good pass away and leave the weak on the earth? No! The genius is called back. He is reincarnated. He will go on striving to ameliorate the fate of his weaker brother. When all are raised to this plane he will, with them, enter the realm of spirit."

To Columbian Exposition

Via the Wabash vestibuled trains running to Chicago every day in the year, are the finest known to the railway service. They are complete and solid vestibuled from end to end, the entire train being a moving palace of connected apartments. All Wabash trains stop at Englewood, near 60th-street entrance to the World's Fair; electric cars direct to grounds every five minutes. Get your tickets via Detroit and the banner route. J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, northeast corner King and Yonge-streets, Toronto.

The Mail Sued for $20,000.

McCrimmon, McIntosh & Macdonald yesterday issued two writs on behalf of Dr. Coulter of this city, vice-president of the Canadian Headquarters Club at Chicago, and Mr. George Dunstan, managing director of the company, for $10,000 damages each.

The suits arise out of a despatch from Chicago published in The Mail in which libelous statements are alleged to have appeared respecting the conduct of the affairs of the company.

Mrs. Martha Besant's New Treatment

Absolutely cures nervous debility, impotence and all their attendant evils. It never fails. This new medicine quickly makes itself manifest in the brightened eye, clear complexion, vivacious spirits, increased bodily strength and general feeling of buoyant health and vigor. Circular free. Weak men and women should write confidentially to Mrs. Martha Besant, Toronto. 5

The Massey Music Hall.

Architect Badgeley of Cleveland made a hurried visit to the city yesterday in connection with the placing of the organ in Massey Music Hall and other matters of minor importance. Mr. Badgeley expects to return home to-day.

WILL PROBABLY REACH $30,000.

The Losses Sustained By the Agricultural Insurance Company.

It is now believed that the losses sustained by the Agricultural Insurance Company of Waterdown, through the acceptance of the personal notes of agents in lieu of remittance by the late accountant, Mr. Sidney Flynn, will reach fully $30,000.

The company claims that these notes were accepted without the knowledge or consent of the manager, Mr. Mower, who is presently here endeavoring to straighten out affairs.

The report that the accountant's father, Mr. Joseph Flynn, who has been chief agent of the company for 22 years, had retired, is not correct. Mr. Flynn is still chief agent of the company, although on sick leave.

Serious Fire at Southampton.

SOUTHAMPTON, Ont., Sept. 21.—Fire completely destroyed the Commercial Block and partially destroyed Mrs. Ann Stanfield's confectionery store here this morning. The Commercial block was occupied as follows: Miss M. A. Harmer, glass, crockery and grocery store and dwelling; John Woods, groceries, drygoods and dwelling; B. A. Belyea, grocery, boots and shoes and dwelling; D. Teahan, Commercial Hotel. Some of the contents were saved. The block was valued at about $7000 and Mrs. Stanfield's shop and dwelling at $300. Cause of fire unknown.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m., arriving in Toronto at 10.25 a.m. Sunday leaves Toronto at 12.50 p.m.

Miss Marlowe at the Grand.

"Much Ado About Nothing" was presented by Miss Marlowe and her company at the Grand Opera House last night. Throughout it was a most admirable performance, well acted, well staged and richly costumed. The audience was neither large nor over enthusiastic, but it is doubtful if a more artistic performance all round of a Shakespearean play was ever given in Toronto. If Miss Marlowe were to take the advice of The World she would reduce her reperfoire and make "Much Ado About Nothing" her star performance.

Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House.

"The District Fair," which will be the attraction at Jacobs & Sparrow's Opera House next week, is said to be one of the best and newest of melodramas and has many thrilling situations and novel scenes. The racing scene is one of the features of the play. The horses dash across the stage several times in full view of the audience over hurdles placed across the track. The cast is an unusually strong one.

The Silver King.

There is no diminution but rather an increase of interest in the performance of the "Silver King," which will be given at the Grand Opera House next week. The rapid, graphic and fascinating play of incident, the series of strange surprises, the thrilling and powerful climaxes and the impressive moral lessons all mark this play as a dramatic construction that is in closest sympathy with every right instinct and every just purpose of humanity. The company, headed by Carl Haswin, is a most excellent one and a perfect production is promised.

The Public

Should bear in mind that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has nothing in common with the impure deteriorating class of so-called medicinal oils. It is eminently pure and really efficacious—relieving pain and lameness, stiffness of the joints and muscles, and sores or hurts, besides being an excellent specific for rheumatism, coughs and bronchial complaints.

The Fair Will Close Oct. 31.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—A World special from Chicago says: The Executive Committee of the World's Fair directory met last night and decided to promptly close the Fair Oct. 31. This practically settles all talk of extension.

"Go to Sleep," sure cure for sleeplessness, nervousness and headache. "Contains no Narcotics," it gives sweet refreshing sleep in every case. This splendid sedative is especially efficacious in cases of insomnia from overwork, excitement or alcoholic excess. Guaranteed safe, sure and effectual. In bottles 25c at all drug stores.

Sir A. T. Galt Buried.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—The funeral of Sir A. T. Galt took place to-day and was largely attended.

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. Hesitated do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

Personal.

Rev. Mr. Nattress of Kingsbridge, New York, left for home to-day after a short visit to his brother, Dr. Nattress, Carlton-street.

Mr. Alex. Patterson, jr., appraiser at the Custom House, will leave to-morrow to do the Chicago Fair.

Among the guests registered at the Queen's are Louchet Bernand, Amiens; Victor Legrand and Paul Strauss, Paris, being French engineers representing the mechanical interests of France at the World's Fair, Chicago.

Use the safe, pleasant and effectual worm killer, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; nothing equals it. Procure a bottle and take it home.

SMOKE
CRUSADER
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Delightful Flavor
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NATURAL MINERAL WATER
To Be Had of All Dealers.
Healthful. Invigorating.

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are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
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MONSTER
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HOUSE
FORCED SALE
$2 Boots for $1.
$1 Shoes for 50c.
GUINANE BROS.
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FOR RESTORING THE COLOR AND PROMOTING THE GROWTH
LUBY'S
PARISIAN HAIR RENEWER
has no equal. Cleans the scalp, gives the hair a healthy growth, stops its falling, and prevents dandruff. Sold by all Druggists, or Sent on receipt of price, $1 per Bottle.

ERRORS OF YOUNG & OLD
Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, permanently cured by
Hazelton's Vitalizer
Also Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, Night Emissions, Dyspepsia, Seminal Losses, Excessive Indulgence, Drain in Urine and all ailments brought on by Youthful Folly. Every bottle guaranteed. Call or address, enclosing 5c stamp for treatise.
J. E. HAZELTON,
Graduated Pharmacist, 308 Yonge-street, Toronto, Ont.

WATSON'S COUGH DROPS
Will give positive and instant relief to those suffering from Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc., and are invaluable to
Orators and Vocalists.
R. & T. W. Stamped on Each Drop. Try Them.

Gold Lack Sec
(Deutz & Geldermann's)
The Wine of All "Bon Vivants"
Now kept in crushed ice at all Leading Clubs, Hotels and Restaurants in Canada.
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Throughout the Civilized World.
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NERVE BEANS
NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restore the weakness of body or mind caused by overwork, or the errors or excesses of youth. This remedy absolutely cures the most obstinate cases when all other treatments have failed even to relieve. Sold by druggists at $1 per package, or six for $5, or sent by mail on receipt of price by addressing THE JAMES MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. Write for pamphlet. Sold in Toronto by NEIL C. LOVE & CO., 166 Yonge-street. 135

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE
TORONTO.
Applications with testimonials will be received by the undersigned until the 26th inst. for the position of Lecturer in Greek in University College, Toronto. Initial salary $800.
GEO. W. ROSS,
Minister of Education.
Education Department, Ontario, Toronto, Sept. 19, 1893. 345

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In affiliation with the Ontario Society of Artists.
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Term commences Sept. 25, 1893. Classes Monday, Wednesday and Friday; day 2 to 4, evening 7.30 to 9.30. For circulars or further information address George C. Downs, 173 King-street west, or W. Revell, hon. secretary, Parliament Buildings. 5613

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AUCTION SALES.

Another Consignment for
Silver's Great Sale
At Grand's Repository,
Sept. 26 and 27
By instructions from a private gentleman we will sell the following:
Grey Mare, by Princeps, out of a mare by Harkaway, one of the handsomest saddle horses in Canada, rising 5, 15.3; also makes a very handsome dog-cart horse.
Bay Mare, by Terror, an extremely well-bred mare, almost if not quite thoroughbred, good lady's saddle horse; has been hunted with Toronto hounds and can jump 4 feet; is also a very showy driver; a very gay mare although perfectly quiet.
Bay Horse, a very fine heavyweight hunter, has been hunted regularly last spring with Toronto hounds and is a very excellent safe hunter; has repeatedly jumped over 4 feet carrying 200 pounds; a good dog-cart horse. This horse will probably make a high-jumper.
Peggy, bay mare, aged, lady's saddle horse; a very perfect driving horse for a lady and can show a mile in about three minutes; a very well-bred mare.
J. E. SKIRROW, Sec.-Treas.
I. SILVER, Manager.

GRAND'S REPOSITORY
SPECIAL
All the Racehorse Fittings, such as
BOOTS,
BLANKETS,
SHEETS
of J. Sheridan, Esq., will be sold at 10.30 sharp
TUESDAY, 26th
The above lot are valued at $275 and are all in good order.
I. SILVER, Manager.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold by public auction at The Mart, 57 King-street east, Toronto, on Saturday, the 16th day of September, 1893, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, the following vacant lands, namely:

Lots Nos. 38 and 41 on the north side of Lennox-avenue (now called Marion-street) in the city of Toronto, as laid down on registered plan No. 552, each lot having a frontage of 50 feet on Lennox-avenue (now called Marion-street) by a depth of 150 feet.

The property will be sold free from encumbrance subject to a reserve bid, and the purchaser will be required to pay down at the time of sale one-t