Weekly Colonist

FRIDAY, JUNE 29TH, 1888.

THE FREE DELIVERY.

By advertisement in another column it will be seen that the free delivery of mail matter by letter carriers will be established within the limits of this city on Tuesday next, July 3rd. There will be two deliveries daily, Sundays excepted, the first commencing at 8:30 o'clock in the morning and the second at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The public are requested to assist in the successful operation of the new system, first, by requesting their correspondents to add to the address on letters and papers the street and number, and second, by providing a drop letter box in a convenient place. Boxholders should notify the postmaster in writing whether or not they desire to take advantage of the new system. While the department is willing and anxious to deliver as much matter as possible through the free delivery, yet it does not undertake to deliver any other than correspondence addressed to the proper street and number. Citizens are requested to notify the postmaster promply of any irregularity that may occur in the delivery as well as any change in address. The public should avail themselves as much as possible of the facilities offered by this free delivery which in other places has been found to work very successfully and to afford a large amount of accommodation. Should success attend it here the system cannot fail to extend itself, in which event we may confidently look forward to a more frequent delivery.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The result of the examinations of the city schools has been satisfactory in the extreme. A higher average has been reached this year than ever before, and the progress made has been really remarkable. Teachers and pupils would seem to have entered into their work with a zest that tells of hearty enjoyment of each others company and love for learning. This is well. It is good that there exists an *esprit de corps* which unites both those who instill education and those who receive it, to the end that the fullest advantage of the opportunities afforded be attained. Boys and girls cannot value too highly the great gift of a free education, which is within their reach. In equipping themselves for the battle of life they have material at hand which was denied their fathers, for the march of intellectual progress has been a marked feature of this latter quarter of the nineteenth century. That "there is no royal road to learning" is a trite saying. It is an arduous journey, abounding in difficulties, but the earnest seeker can always surmount these if he tries. It must be remembered that difficult things are, in fact, the only things worth doing, and they are done by a determined will and a strong hand. In the world of action will is power; persistent will, with circumstances not altogether unfavorable, is victory; nay, in the face of circumstances altogether unfavorable, persistency will carve out a way to unexpected success. We should advise the young people, during the vacation, to read the life of Frederick the Great, of Prussia, if they wish to understand all that this means. But beyond doing such pleasant reading as this, we make no demands on their time. Rather, with the Ven. Archdeacon Scriven we would have them give full fling to their playful longings. They should forget school for the time, and on the cricket ground, by the river, wherever honest sport can be had, enjoy to the full these lovely summer days. When they grow older they will look back lovingly, aye, and longingly, to the but too fleeting moments of this time. "The end crowns the work," and the examinations just concluded have proven a worthy completion to a year's studious toil.

TWO LOANS.

At a recent political meeting the in adjacent district Mr. McIlmoyl is reported to have energetically combatted a statement made by Mr. Tolmie that he (McIlmoyl) had voted to relieve cities of taxation and to raise the impost on districts for governmental purposes by a species of discreditable legerdemain, in the case of delinquency, 43 per cent. He urged at the meeting that no division was had on the measure, and taking advantage of the fact, said that he had not voted for the bill. It is true that no division was had; but the Opposition candidate cannot produce a single line in a newspaper of the day or the journals of the session of 1879 to show that he opposed the measure. On the contrary, we happen to know that he not only did not oppose the bill, but voted for it—nay, more, that after its passage he continued to support the government at whose instigation the bill was passed, until the death of the House—when his indignant fellow-electors politically scalped him. Yesterday we exposed the fallacious statement of the same candidate, that property is over-taxed to the extent of depopulating the farming districts and showed that he of all men had the least reason to complain of being over-taxed, since he draws annually from the treasury a sum $130 in excess of the paltry amount he pays into it. At the same meeting Mr. McIlmoyl sought to convince his hearers that the borrowing of $1,000,000 for public improvements was equivalent to tying a millstone around the necks of the people, from which they would not be freed for many years to come. It is remembered that when Mr. McIlmoyl stood for the first time he favored a loan for a similar amount for the same object for which the late loan was obtained—the prosecution of public works. But there is a striking difference in the *personnel* of the lenders. The parties who advanced the loan that McIlmoyl favored were the Dominion government, who at the time owed the province about $100,000,000 in the form of an overland railway, as stipulated in the terms of union, —and in the construction of which they had made default. The acceptance of this large sum by the debtors of the province placed the province entirely in the hands of the Dominion; and instead of the railway being finished in ten years, as agreed, it was not completed until five years later, successive governments toying with the scheme until the angry remonstrances of British Columbia threatened the permanency of the empire. Had the country remained foot and hand free by refusing to accept a financial favor at the hands of the Dominion, there is reason to believe that the terms of union would have been kept to the letter instead of being violated almost from the start. The loan to which Mr. McIlmoyl objects was floated in London, on terms as favorable as were ever obtained by any province or colony, and without a federal guarantee. The money is being expended mostly in country districts (like Victoria) where roads, bridges and schools are urgently needed. It is no secret that since the completion of the railway population has poured in at a rate faster than the ordinary revenue could provide for. As hitherto unoccupied lands are settled easy means of communication and educational facilities became necessary. It is to provide for these sudden but very proper demands that the loan was floated. Does Mr. McIlmoyl object to the immediate and judicious expenditure of $1,000,000 on public works? Or would he have the country stand still until the ordinary revenue shall have reached proportions that will enable improvements to be made without resorting to a loan? Delay now would be equivalent to starving out scores of valuable settlers; and we are surprised to find that the Mr. McIlmoyl of 1888 is a less progressive and sensible person than the Mr. McIlmoyl of 1874. Fourteen years ago the Opposition candidate wanted money spent so badly that he assisted to put the province in the jaws of the Dominion lion by borrowing money from it. Now, he weeps and will not be comforted because the government in accordance with their progressive policy have raised $1,000,000 at 4 per cent. in London. We confess to a feeling of sincere gratification that there is not the slightest prospect of Mr. McIlmoyl, who seems to be passing through a sort of mental eclipse, being selected to represent the important constituency of Victoria District. No man with his peculiar ideas on taxation, loans and public improvements, should be permitted to represent a body of enlightened electors. The district wants bright, not stupid, men to guard its interests.

HANGING ABOLISHED.

Last year the various methods of capital punishment were inquired into in New York State, and correspondence had with a host of judges, sheriffs and others, a large majority of whom recommended the abolition of the gallows, and the substitution of death by electric shock. Acting upon this testimony, and some scientific opinions obtained, the State legislature passed an act providing for execution by electricity. Governor Hill has sanctioned the measure which has now become the law of the State. The new method is recommended on grounds of humanity, being absolutely instantaneous, and consequently painless. It may also be hoped to rid the executions of the revolting features too often connected with death by hanging. Unfortunately it cannot be very long in a large and populous state like New York before the new method must be tried. There are a number of murderers under sentence of death now awaiting execution. An enterprising New York journal has inquired of them as to their preferences, and their answers are unanimously in favor of the new method. The reasons given by these unfortunates were that death by electric shock would be instantaneous and also less disgraceful and disfiguring than by hanging. It may be that these features, thus approved by the murderers themselves, will not be found so satisfactory to society. If the terrors of the execution are quite removed the deterrent effect which capital punishment is intended to have upon the criminal class may be in a large measure lost. If the abolition of capital punishment leads to multiplied murders, may not painless executions have a like tendency? This is a feature in connection with the new law that will be watched with interest in the future.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

THE phrase "dark horse" owes its origin to Lord Beaconsfield. It occurred in his "Young Duke," in this paragraph: "The first favorite was never heard of, the second favorite was never seen after the distance post, all the ten-to-ones were in the rear, and a dark horse which had never been thought of rushed past the grand stand in sweeping triumph."

The very many friends of Mr. Murray Dodd, ex-M.P. for Cape Breton county, will be pleased to hear that he has been appointed to the county court judgship, rendered vacant by the superannuation of Judge Tremain, who has filled the position since 1876. Judge Dodd comes of a good English family. His grandfather, Hon. Archibald Charles Dodd, went to Cape Breton in 1786, and was shortly after appointed President of the Council of the Island of Cape Breton, which was not then united to Nova Scotia. Subsequently he was appointed Chief Justice, and as such administered the government of the island for a short period. His honor is yet a young man, having been born in 1843. He was educated at Sydney and Sackville College, N.B., and was called to the bar in 1865. He was elected at the general election of 1882, but was not again a candidate at the last general election. Mr. Dodd was the Conservative whip of the Maritime Provinces for several years, and as such was extremely popular with members on both sides of the House.

Get The Best.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is the best, most prompt and safest cure for Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Sick Stomach, Cramps, Cholera, Diarrhœa and Cholera Infantum, that has yet been discovered. Its popularity increases each year. All medicine dealers sell it. tu-th-sat-dw

From THE DAILY COLONIST, June 27.

CLOSING THE SCHOOLS.

The High and Central Schools Closing Exercises Held in Open Air.

Distribution of Prizes to the Winners—Reading the Promotion Lists and Standing of Pupils—Addresses to the Assemblage.

The closing exercises in connection with the various departments of the High and Central schools were held at ten o'clock yesterday morning in front of the Central school building, the addresses, distribution of prizes, etc., taking place from the steps. At ten the classes were marshalled under the large shed and the gathering of six or seven hundred pupils was a pleasant sight to look upon. There was a very numerous attendance of visitors, several hundred being present, among them the Hon. John Robson, minister of education; Supt. Pope, Inspector Wilson, Mayor Grant, Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, Rev. P. McLeod, Rev. Dr. Reid, Rev. D. Fraser, Rev. D. McRae, Rev. A. Beanlands, Rev. Mr. Rugg, Rev. Mr. Parker, Trustees Heisterman and Wolfenden, Surveyor-General Gore, the teachers of the ward schools, and representatives from almost every family patronizing the schools.

The weather was unpropitious for an outdoor gathering, and during the exercises umbrellas were brought into requisition by speakers and audience, and the affair was considerably shortened as a consequence.

The standing of pupils and promotions were read by the teachers of each division. Hon. John Robson distributed the prizes to the senior classes, the Ven. Archdeacon Scriven to the girls' school, and Rev. Mr. McLeod to the boys' school.

The Governor-General's medal, presented for competition between the boys' department was won by Charles R. Carlyon.

A. Baker was awarded a prize for passing first into the Senior division.

Trustee Dennis R. Harris presented a silver medal for mental arithmetic, which was won by Charles R. Carlyon, who received the highest number of marks obtainable.

C. N. Winsby received the prize awarded by Rev. Dr. Reid for writing.

Walter Gibbs, the young man who stood at the head of the High School at the Christmas examination, again occupied that enviable position.

Supt. Pope read the record of recent examinations held, and highly complimented Master Gibbs for a second time standing at the head of the senior division of the High School. Mr. Pope read a communication from the secretary of His Excellency the Governor-General, stating that his application for annual medals was under consideration, and that the medals would doubtless be forwarded at an early date. The Superintendent said he was in daily expectation of receiving the same. Having declared Master Baker head of the high school, the prize offered by the Hon. Mr. Robson for competition, consisting of the nucelus of a library, was presented to him by that hon. gentleman. To those who had been unsuccessful in their application for promotion he would say that they had but themselves to blame. Their teachers had been faithful and if they had exercised the necessary diligence, they would have undoubtedly secured what they sought.

The Hon. Mr. Robson, at the request of the superintendent of education, then proceeded to address the assembled pupils. He said they had, so to speak, reached another mile-stone in their scholastic career; and it was exceedingly gratifying to him to have such a good report of the work done and the progress made in all the city schools as had been presented by the superintendent. Yes-terday he had been present at the examination of the four ward schools; and he could only describe the progress made there as wonderful. In the central and high schools the record for the past term was also highly creditable to all concerned. The Governor-General's prizes had been carried off by those who the year; but the girls should not be discouraged on that account. They had made a splendid "second" in the race; and they ought to remember that, having carried off that coveted prize for several successive years, it was only fair that the boys should have their turn. But defeat this year should only nerve them to greater effort next. He referred to the great importance of making the most of the educational advantages they now enjoyed, and admonished them to go home determined to so deport themselves during their holidays as to bring joy to the hearts of parents and home circle, and, if spared, to resume their school work more than ever resolved to excel in everything that was good and praiseworthy. He referred to the inroads death had made during the past term. Some of them had lost playmates. This should have its lesson to every boy and girl, teaching them that they are not too young to die, and, consequently, not too young to prepare for an event which must sooner or later happen to all. He heartily wished that all would enjoy their holiday, and be spared to return to their work with improved health and renewed vigor.

Rev. Mr. McLeod delivered an able and encouraging address to the pupils, and expressed the gratification it gave him to witness the closing exercises, which were a surprise as well as a pleasure to him.

Ven. Archdeacon Scriven advised the boys to play as hard as they had worked, and to spend their holidays not in propping up the street corners, but in cricket, baseball, etc., and the girls in some healthy amusements which would strengthen them for the work of the coming term.

Mayor Grant, who is suffering from a severe cold, also addressed a few congratulatory remarks to the gathering, but was very brief owing to the downpour of rain. However, in the short address he made, he did not fail to express the gratification he felt at the interesting programme presented, and the presence of so many pleasant faces.

The exercises came to a close by the pupils giving three rousing cheers for the teachers.

Other gentlemen present would have addressed the assemblage, but they felt it was not desirable to prolong the event on account of the rain.

Following are the list of prizes, and other honors gained, promotion lists, etc., names being in order of merit:

High School.

SENIOR DIVISION.

J. P. McLeod, Teacher—Reading—Miss Powell 96, Miss Johnston, 92, Misses Hicks and Workman 90.

Writing—Miss Pickard 92, Miss Lee 90, Misses Ure and Kermode 88.

Dictation and spelling—Miss Lee 96, Miss Johnston 95, Miss Pickard 92.

Geography—Miss Johnston 74, Master Gibbs 67, Master Francis 63.

English grammar—Miss Fraser 69, Master Gibbs 68, Miss Johnston 67.

Composition—Miss Pickard 72, Miss Johnston 67, Misses Lorimer and Withrow 60.

Rhetoric—Miss Lee 70, Miss Powell 61, Miss Pickard 54.

English History—Miss Lee 80, Miss Mebius 76, Master Gardiner 72.

Canadian History—Master Gibbs 86, Miss Lee 81, Master Gardiner 80.

Mental arithmetic—Misses Lee, Pickard, Mebius and Master Gardiner 100.

Written arithmetic—Miss Lee 83, Misses Christie and Pickard 80.

Mensuration—Master Gibbs 86, Miss Lee 85, Miss Christie 67.

Algebra—Master Gibbs 88, Miss Pickard 84, Miss Lorimer 80.

Music—Miss Carr 91, Miss Hicks 85, Miss Christie 77.

Geometry—Master Gibbs 89, Miss Mebius 86, Miss Lee 85.

Trigonometry—Master Gibbs 85, Master Lawson 60, Master Powell 40.

Natural Philosophy (including problems in Statics, Hydrostatics and Dynamics)—Miss Lee 56, Miss Pickard 55, Master Gibbs 48.

Book-keeping — Misses Pickard and Workman, 55, Miss Lee and Master Miller 46.

History of Rome—Master Gibbs 46, Miss Powell 44, Miss Carr 36.

History of Greece — Master Gibbs 55, Miss Powell 50, Master Powell 32.

Latin—Master Gibbs 44, Misses Johnston, Fraser and Master Powell 33.

French—Master Gibbs 65, Miss Johnston 51, Miss Lettice 48.

Greek—Masters Gibbs 55, Lawson 35.

Anatomy—Misses Lee 91, Christie 90, Master Gibbs 88.

Botany—Misses Workman 83, Lee 71, Carr 75.

Geology—Misses Lee and Pickand 68, Master Gibbs 67.

English Literature—Miss Lee 87, Miss Pickard 83.

Order of Merit—1, Francis Burgess Gibbs, 1646; 2, Alice Greenwood Lee, 1393; 3, Millie Pickard, 1226; 4, Amelia E. M. Powell, 1161; 5, Alice Leonora Johnston, 1132; 6, Alice Mary Carr, 1075; 7, Jeanette Mebius, 1036; 8, Isabel R. Christie, 983; 9, Elizabeth Josephine Workman, 982; 10, Ernest Arthur Powell, 974; 11, William Alexander Lawson, 973.

Prizes, etc.—1, Governor-General's medal—Francis Burgess Gibbs, head of school and first in Latin, Greek, French, trigonometry, mensuration, geometry, algebra, history of Greece, history of Rome, Canadian History. 2, Dr. Helmcken's prize—Alice Greenwood Lee, first in geology, English literature, English history, anatomy and hygiene, natural philosophy, written arithmetic, mental arithmetic, English history rhetoric, dictation and spelling, writing. 3, Prize for third in order of merit—Millie Pickard, first in geology, bookkeeping, mental arithmetic, composition, writing. 4, Reading—Amelia Powell. 5, Geography—Alice L. Johnson. 6, Music—Alice M. Carr. 1, Philosophy and arithmetic (second prize)—Isabel R. Christie. 9, Botany and bookkeeping—Elizabeth J. Workman. 11, English grammar—Flora C. Fraser. Prizes for general proficiency—12, Georgie P. Storey; 13, Sarah Kermode; 14, Christina T. Lorimer; 15, Annie H. Hicks; 16, Mary C. Austin; 17, Edith Lettice; 18, for industry, Julia Askew; 19, for deportment, Cora M. Watson; 20, for punctuality, Henry E. A. Courtney; 21, special prize for spelling, Alice G. Lee; 22, Dr. Milne's prize for physiology, Alice G. Lee; 23, for proficiency, William McDowell.

Roll of Honor—1 for proficiency: Francis Burgess, Gibbs; 2, for punctuality and regularity, Clara Etta Ure; 3, for deportment, Earnest Arthur Powell.

List of Donors—Mrs. T. E. Storey, Dr. Helmcken, Dr. Milne, Mayor Grant, Mr. Calder, Mr. M. W. Waitt, Mr. R. Jamieson, Mr. J. B. Ferguson.

JUNIOR DIVISION.

R. Offerhaus, Teacher—Roll of Honor—Deportment, Joseph West Wilson; punctuality, Kenneth Munro; proficiency, Albert Richard Baker.

Second Prize—Regularity, Albert Haynes; proficiency, Albert Richard Baker; dictation and spelling, Lucy Davey; English grammar, 1st prize, Frank Higgins; 2nd, Martha Anne McConnell; English history, May Elliot Stephens; written arithmetic, Frederick Hall; mental and written, Ernest Hayward, (Hibben & Co.); mensuration, 1st, Albert Baker; 2nd, James Ure; geometry, 1st, Albert Baker; 2nd, Joseph Phillips; (Mr. Kay); and left; lay skin as clear and my blood as pure as a child's.

IDA MAY BASS, Olive Branch P. O., Miss.

From 145 Pounds to 172 Pounds.

I have taken several bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT with all the results I could wish for. About this time last year, when commencing its use I weighed 145 pounds, and to-day I weigh 172 pounds.

GEO. CAMPBELL, Washington, D. C.

NOTE.—The CUTICURA RESOLVENT is beyond all doubt the greatest blood purifier ever compounded.

CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of Skin and Blood Disease, from Pimples to Scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c.; SOAP, 35c. RESOLVENT, $1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

☞ Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by CUTICURA MEDICATED SOAP.

HOW MY BACK ACHES! Back Ache, Kidney Pains, and Weakness, Soreness, Lameness, Strains and Pain relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The best and only pain-killing Plaster. 30 cents.

ELECTION CARDS.

VICTORIA DISTRICT.

To the Electors of Victoria District:

GENTLEMEN,—I withdraw as a Candidate for Legislative honors, in favor of MR. JAMES TOLMIE, the Government candidate, and hope that on him you will bestow your confidence and support.

Respectfully yours,

IRA WILSON.

Cadboro Bay, June 8th, 1888. jun3-2w

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria:

I respectfully announce myself as a Candidate for the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. R. F. John, and solicit your votes and influence to secure my return as a supporter of the present Government. I will at an early date visit you personally and explain my views on the chief questions of the day.

JAS. TOLMIE.

Dated, Cloverdale, June 4th, 1888. jun5-d-w

VICTORIA DISTRICT.

TO THE ELECTORS:

Gentlemen:—Having received the unanimous nomination of the Convention of Electors held at South Saanich on Friday, the 8th inst., as a Candidate for the representation of the District in the Local Legislature, I have accepted the same, and respectfully ask your votes and influence.

J. T. McILMOYL.

Victoria District, June 9, 1888. je12-td-dw

COMMONS CANDIDATE.

We are authorized to state that Mr. DeCosmos is a Candidate to represent this constituency in the House of Commons, and will shortly issue an address to the Electors. jun12

Public Meetings.

Messrs. McILMOYL and TOLMIE will address the Electors of Victoria West at the following places:

NORTH SAANICH INSTITUTE—Tuesday, 19th June
SCHOOL HOUSE, West Road—Thursday, 21st "
ROYAL OAK SCHOOL HOUSE—Saturday, 23rd "
BURNSIDE, " " —Monday, 25th "
CEDAR HILL, " " —Tuesday, 26th "
AG'L HALL, S. SAANICH, —Thursday, 28th "
jun12-td

Stolen on Board "Barbara Boscowitz."

THE FOLLOWING REWARDS will be given to anyone bringing the undermentioned articles, which a gang stolen amongst other things on board the "Barbara Boscowitz," on the 13th May, 1888, to Mr. Redfern, Government Street, Victoria:

Ten Dollars reward for Silver Watch.
Five Dollars reward for Silver Chain and Locket.
One Dollar reward for Ivory Foot Rule.

je27-1wd-ltw

SUNNYSIDE!

100 Cormorant Street.

COMFORTABLE FAMILY BOARDING HOUSE.

TERMS MODERATE.

NOTICES.

[L.S.] HUGH NELSON.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith, etc., etc., etc.

To the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of Victoria.

WHEREAS a vacancy has happened in the Legislative Assembly by the acceptance of office of Robert Franklin John, Esquire, a member for the Electoral District of Victoria. We command you that, notice of the time and place of election being duly given, you do cause election to be made according to law, of one Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, for the Electoral District of Victoria, and that you do cause the nomination of candidates at such election to be held on

and do cause the name of such member when so elected, whether he be present or absent, to be certified to Our Supreme Court, at the City of Victoria, on or before the Thirtieth day of June instant, the election so made, distinctly and openly under Our Seal duly endorsed upon this Our Writ.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, under the Great Seal of Our said Province of British Columbia:

WITNESS the Honorable HUGH NELSON, Our Lieutenant-Governor, at Our Government House, at Victoria, the Fourth day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

By Command,
JAMES C. PREVOST,
Registrar Supreme Court.

NOTICE.

SITTINGS OF THE COUNTY COURT OF Cariboo will be held:—

At Lillooet, on Wednesday, 30th May, 1888.
At Clinton, on Wednesday, 13th June, 1888.
At 150-Mile House, on Thursday, 28th June, 1888.
At Soda Creek, on Saturday, 30th June, 1888.
At Quesnellemouth, on Tuesday, 3rd July, 1888.
At Richfield, on Friday, 6th July, 1888.

By Command.
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
16th April, 1888. ap20-td

EDUCATION BRANCH.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

VICTORIA, June 4th, 1888.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Examination of Candidates for Certificates of Qualification to teach in Public Schools of the Province will be held in the Legislative Hall, Victoria, commencing on Saturday, July 7th, at 10 a. m.

Intending candidates are required to notify this Department and furnish testimonials prior to June 27th.

S. D. POPE,
Superintendent of Education.

NOTICE.

A COURT OF ASSIZE, NISI PRIUS, OYER AND Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will be held at Donald, on Monday, the 23rd proximo.

By Command.
JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
12th June, 1888. jun15-1m-dw

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Bridge over the Coquitz River, on the cross road between the Burnside Road and Craigflower, has been closed for repairs.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B.C., 23rd May, 1888. my24

TAX NOTICE.

ASSESSED and Provincial Revenue Taxes for the year 1888 are due and payable at my office, Treasury, James Bay.

Real Property Tax, if paid on or before June 30th, ½ of 1 per cent.

Personal Property Tax, if paid on or before June 30th, ½ of one per cent.

Income Tax, if paid an or before June 30th, ½ of one per cent.

Wild Land Tax, if paid on or before June 30th 7½ cents per acre.

Real Property Tax, if paid on and after July 1st, ¾ of one per cent.

Personal Property Tax, if paid on and after July 1st, ¾ of one per cent.

Income Tax, if paid on and after July 1st, ¾ of one per cent.

Wild Land Tax, if paid on and after July 1st 8¾ cents per acre.

Provincial Revenue Tax, in each case, *per capita*, $3.00.

C. BOOTH,
Assessor and Collector.
ap8-june30

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, and Oyer and Terminer, for the Year 1888.

SPRING ASSIZES.

[On Vancouver Island.]

Victoria.....Monday ....21st May.
Nanaimo.....Tuesday ....5th June.

[On Mainland.]

New Westminster. Wednesday. 2nd May.
Kamloops.....Monday ....4th June.
Clinton.....Monday ....11th June.

FALL ASSIZES.

[On Mainland.]

Richfield.....Monday ....10th September.
Clinton.....Wednesday. 26th September.
Kamloops.....Monday ....1st October.
Lytton.....Monday ....8th October.
New Westminster. Wednesday. 14th November.

[On Vancouver Island.]

Victoria.....Monday ....26th November.
Nanaimo.....Tuesday ....4th December.
ap27-td

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Tenders for Gaol Supplies.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO the 29th June, 1888, for

SUPPLIES

—FOR—

Victoria Provincial Gaol,

—CONSISTING OF—

Bread, Groceries, Clothing, Coal, Wood and Coke, Meats, Fish and Vegetables,

FROM 1ST JULY, 1888, TO 30TH JUNE, 1889.

Samples of Groceries and Clothing may be seen at Victoria Provincial Gaol, Topaz Avenue.

Tenders to state price of Wood per cord, and Coal per ton of 2,000 lbs.

All Supplies to be delivered at the Provincial Gaol, Topaz Avenue.

All articles of home manufacture will be preferred.

Tenders to be addressed to—

H. B. ROYCRAFT,
Sup't Prov. Police.
Victoria, June 3rd, 1888. jun1-td

NOTICE.

TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Saturday, 30th instant, for the erection of a School House at Sooke Bay.

Plans and specifications can be seen, and forms for tender obtained, at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 20th June, 1888. je21

NOTICE.

TO ROAD CONTRACTORS.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS WILL BE received by the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, up to noon of Saturday, 30th instant, for the construction of a Bridge on the West Saanich Road, near Hogan's; for grading Garbally Street, Victoria District; and for the construction of a continuation of the Beecher Bay and Sooke Road, Esquimalt District.

Specifications can be seen and forms for tender obtained at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE,
Surveyor-General.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 20th June, 1888. je21

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Offices of the Provincial Government will be closed on Monday and Tuesday next, the 2nd and 3rd proximo.

JNO. ROBSON,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
26th June, 1888. je27-td

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that commencing on Tuesday, the 3rd July next, a FREE DELIVERY of letters and papers by carriers will be established in this city. There will be two deliveries daily (Sundays excepted), the first commencing at 8:30 a. m. and the second at 4 p. m. All letters and papers for delivery by carriers must be addressed to street and number, and a letter box or other proper receptacle should be provided. Persons who desire to have their correspondence delivered must notify the Postmaster, in writing, to that effect. The Postmaster should also be notified of any change of address, etc., as well as of any irregularities that may occur.

No correspondence will be delivered outside the city limits.

E. H. FLETCHER,
Postoffice Inspector.
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Victoria, B. C., 26th June, 1888. je27

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This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test short-weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall Street, New York. ans 1y

per cent. interest afterwards on the amount due, the tax fell due in the most inconvenient time of the year when, as was well known, every farmer needed all his money to get in his spring crops. Mr. McIlmoyl had also failed to oppose the measure relieving municipalities from paying provincial taxes on real estate, thereby placing a greater burden on the districts. He (Mr. Tolmie) again touched upon the million dollar loan, and said, if elected, he would use his best energies on behalf of the district. (Cheers.)

Mr. G. W. Anderson was the next speaker, and he thoroughly explained all the questions touched upon by Mr. McIlmoyl, in a concise and straightforward way which carried conviction to his hearers. He occupied the attention of the electors for upwards of half an hour, being frequently applauded.

Mr. Sluggett aired his grievances about his fences, his speech being of interest only to himself. Instead of singing the 43rd psalm he tried to tell an amusing story about an Irishman with two wives; but his *forte* being psalm-singing, and not story-telling, the attempt was a failure.

There being no further speakers, a vote of thanks to the chairman brought the meeting to a close.

SORE FROM KNEE to ANKLE

Skin entirely gone. Flesh a mass of disease. Leg diminished one-third in size. Condition hopeless. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

For three years I was almost crippled with an awful sore leg from my knee down to my ankle; the skin was entirely gone, and the flesh was one mass of disease. Some physicians pronounced it incurable. It had diminished about one-third the size of the other, and I was in a hopeless condition. After trying all kinds of remedies and spending hundreds of dollars, from which I got no relief whatever, I was persuaded to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and the result was as follows: After three days I noticed a decided change for the better, and at the end of two months I was completely cured. My flesh was purified and the bone (which had been exposed for over a year) got sound. The flesh began to grow, and to-day, and for nearly two years past, my leg is as well as ever it was, sound in every respect, and not a sign of the disease to be seen.

S. G. AHERN, Dubois, Dodge Co., Ga.

Terrible Suffering from Skin Diseases.

I have been a terrible sufferer for years from diseases of the skin and blood, and have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors. Have had the best of physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, but got no relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin as clear