SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

LONDON, July 8-Lord Carrington was up before the Police Court to-day charged with assault and provoking Farwell and Murray to fight a duel. The trouble between these two gentlemen arose from certain articles said to have been written by Murray for the Examiner. Lord Carrington was bound over to keep the peace, and held to bail on a second commitment. After these proceedings a disgraceful and remarkable force: attempted to seize a box of papers which had been stolen. In the melee which ensued blows were freely exchanged, and the Magistrate's table overturned; twelve policemen were called in and order was restored.

This morning's Star says the British people have no right to indulge the Peers without depriving them of the luxury of being just. Scarcely one of the amendments to the Bill, agreed upon by the House of Lords, can be tolerated by the country.

BREST, July 7 .- Up to Wednesday noon the Great Eastern had run 1639 knots from Brest and had paid out 1740 knots of cable, The heavy sea was going down and the signals were good.

MADRID. July 7 .- There are fresh complications in regard to the Ministry, and it is likely the whole Cabinet will resign.

LONDON, July 9 .- The Times to-day observes that the spirit in which the House of Commons lately discussed the Trades Union Bill speaks volumes for an exact, impartial and exhaustive inquiry. The increased attention given to the subject is not the effect of the pressure of the Union leaders in legislation, but is due to greater knowledge and wiser experience of the members. Although the bill is not likely to pass, the provisions

it contains wi the basis for Government measures to be introduced at the nex session, which will repeal all laws making combination illegal; release workingmen from special penalties for Trades Union offences and bring their company funds within the provisions of the Friendly Societies Act. The Times, in conclusion, says the Trades Union will continue to exist whether protected by Parliament or not, and that true statesmanship will seek neither to augment nor reduce their influence.

The Birmingham Chamber of Commerce have petitioned against the Trades' Union Bill. The petition takes the ground that the propositions of the Bill lead to remove the protection against the intimidation hitherto possessed by the masters.

The expedition with the Bermuda floating dock touched at Porto Santo and made the island on the fourth of June, and then proceeded in good condition.

Governor A. Musgrave of Newfoundland, has been appointed to succeed the late of the people, Governor Seymour of British Columbia.

Senor Rances has been appointed Minister

from Spain to Great Britain.

The News to-day in an article on the International Yacht race says there are no yachts, not counting schooners, except the Cambria, which have proved themselves worthy to try their metal with the Dauntless or any American antagonist, across the Atlantic. It says the nice questions of admeasurement should not impose any serious difficulty and suggests that English scale be accepted in England and the American waters.

Paris, July 9-The Pays to-day says the Emperor has written a letter from which it quotes the following declaration in regard to the Corps Legislatif : "On the 19th of January I committed a great fault by accenting with a majority. I have cause to regard with regret my sentiments towards it; all my efforts should tend to regain its confidence." The Pays does not give the address or date of the letter.

London, July 10.—The Times regards the postponement of the debate in the Alabama claims as satisfactory. The discussion now would produce no good. A general sense of weariness with respect to the subject is apparent on both sides. An interval of considerable time should elapse before the subject should be resumed. The debate could only be useful if a party disapproved of the conduct of the Ministry or wished to obstruct it as regards future negotiations; but there is no dissatisfaction; the only charge against Lords Stanley and Clarendon is that they are too yielding, but the House of Commons is not likely to advise the withdrawal of the concessions made; but if they were prepared to lay down a plan for future negotiations the results of discussion are likely to be most imprudent. They are for declining discussion, as a due regard for the national dignity torbids approaching the American Government on the question. Public opinion is unanimous on this point. The late treaty was an American one for it was made, altered and realtered by Seward and Johnson, and rejected as much through party antipathies as from discontent with its provisions. It was probably forcordained, and whatever its prodisions might have been, in all liklihood they would have met the same fate. England is ready to listen to any proposals from America, but to display a desire to receive favorably would be to increase not lessen the demands. When Motley considers the feeling of America to be such

England will satisfy America, he can address the Government for a renewal. Only such a treaty will have any chance of actual transform the deformed.

The Lords have done their best tober to recruit his bealth. He is temporarie to spoil the measure. The Commons by relieved of the duties of President of the Council, but will continue to transact the ceptance. Nothing more is desired than to live in peace and good will with the kindred nation, but no less a disposition exists to not sacrifice the interests and dignity of the country. the country. Any unjust proposition the public would not approve, nor any eager-ness for negotiations which seems to forbode weakness: Discussion of the Queen's neutrality proclamation, which was dropped out of sight will be abandoned, owing to the discovery that England will not con-cede beyond a certain point, This resolu-

tion is not likely to be shaken. Paris, July 9-Ic the Corps Legislatiff, a reply to some remarks of Jules Favre, Repisor said the Government and Chamber would always agree in opposition to revoluscene occurred in the court-room; the parti-sans of Murray, who were present in great continues, and the Emperor has decided to give way to a liberal system of Government, grand event is expected within a week. A new Ministry will emerge from the centre gauche party, which occupies a position be-tween the radical minority and the adherents of the Emperor. The centre gauche are for the Empire but insist on responsible Ministry and a parliamentary Government, same as

> MADRID, July 9-The Republicans approve the refusal of the members of their party to join the Ministry. They declare they can await the triumph of the Republican principles and policy.
>
> Paris, July 7—The Patrie denies that

> Ministerial changes are imminent. La France denies the story of the contemplated evacuation of Rome by the French

> London, July 13-The debate on the Irish Church Bill in the House of Lords was resumed last night. Earl Hancy moved that the third reading be postponed three months. Earl Derby still opposed the bill but favored amendments and the motion was withdrawn. Derby then gave notice that he should offer a protest against the bill. The bill was then read a third time and the amendments adopted; 180 to 82, omitting the clauses permitting the Bishops to retain their seats. A provision was adopted 121 to 114 providing for furnished residences and glabes for Catholic and Presbyterian Clergymen, and adopting the principles of concurrent endowment The bill was then passed. Derby's protest was presented, and the Lords adjourned after

Eastern States.

an exciting session.

NEW YORK, July 9-The Herald's London special says the action of the House of Lords on the Irish Church Bil causes intense excitement. Gladstone and Bright are in daily receipt of letters from persons favoring the reform league agitation. express the belief that the Lords will consent to compromise on the basis of postponement of the disestablishment bill till January 1872, by paying a half million pounds in a lump, in lieu of private donation and by computing lite interests at fourteen years.

A letter has been circulated privately among known processionists asking, in view of the failure of the Irish Church Bill through the opposition of the House of Lords to the Government, Commons and the country, whether they will permit the use of their names in a public call for a mass meeting in the event of a defeat of the Irish Church Bill, to consider the best constitutional mode of getting rid of this obstruction to legislation based on the expression and will

California.

San Francisco, July 13.—Hon. Secretary Seward and party sailed on the steamer Active for Victoria and Alaska this morning. An immense crowd was at the wharf to wish the party bon voyage. Miss Anna Dickin-son's lectures was attended by about 2000 people, and gave general satisfaction.
Gold in New York 137½, closed 136½.

Sailed 13th-Ship Windward, Burrard Inlet; bark Fremont, Seabeck. SAN FRANCISCO, July 8-Sailed, bark Dub-

lin, Victoria. The next steamer for Portland will be the Moses Taylor, to sail on Thurs-

Oregon.

PORTLAND, July 13-Steamer Oriflamme arrived Sunday night at 7 o'clock and will ail for Victoria and Puget Sound to-morrow. The Committee of Ways and Means have also arrived bere.

rived from Hongkong yesterday with 279 Chinamen. Considerable excitement has prevailed in the city on account of its being eported that there were several cases of mall-pox on board. The city authorities prevented the landing of the passengers. Physicians set to examine the vessel reported that four cases occurred during the voyage, one resulting fatally. At present the Captain

alone has the small-pox in a light form. Steamer Oriflamme arrived last evening with the Committee of Ways and Means, and will sail for Victoria and Puget Sound on Wednesday with the Committee.

A meeting on Saturday evening, for purpose of organizing a system for encouraging and promoting immigration to this State was largely attended. A committee of five prominent citizens was chosen to perfect a plan of permanent organization.

DELAYED DISPATCHES.

Europe.

Paris, July 7 .- The Patrie denies that Ministerial changes are imminent. La France denies the story of contemplated evacuation of Rome by the French London, July 7.—The London Daily

News says the Irish Church bill will leave the House of Lords with a very different character from that of which it entered and be much less acceptable to the country. It will be quite impessible for the Commons to accept the amendments made by the Peers, and it will be their that a treaty consistent with the honor of duty to restore the bill to its original

must transform the deformed. The Times commenting on last night's debates says that the last act of the House of Lords has completed the transformation of the Ministerial scheme. They have refused by a majority of 70 to approve the clause appropriating the surplus funds of the Church. They have preferred to reserve the question for future consideration. Argyle condemaed the vote as an attempt to reverse the vote by which the Duke of Cleveland's amendment proposed concurrent endowment was rejected. Although we agree with the Marquis of Salisbury that the Lords can scarcely have the provision for the residence of Catholic priests at heart, we must acknowledge the justice of the Dake of Argyle's general conclu-He meets great difficulty in the effort to of the Duke of Argyle's general conclu-complete the new combination; but the sion that the vote unquestionably reverses in spirit if not in form, the decision against the Duke of Cumberland's scheme. The Times believes the country ready and willing to support the grant of ecclesiastic; if the opportunity to make it is rejected it will be because the governing power is unable to rise above the words of party and dare not look openly and courageously at the truth.

The telegraph purchase bill now before the House of Commons propose to raise seven millions pounds in bonds to purchase the lines and make the service a monopoly, commencing its existence Jan. 1, 1870.

MUNICH, July 6 - Prime Minister Prince Hoplintosh has issued a circular to foreign powers on the continent, warning Governments of the principal dangers they ought to guard against and particularizes a decision which the Council may announce in regard to the infallibility of the Pope and the disposition it may make of the question of Church property and other points likely to come up essentially of a political nature. He believes all the States having Catholic subjects are intimately concerned in the proceedings of the Council and ought to take a common attitude. He suggests that it might be well for the Powers to

its decision. Paris, July 8-A rumor has been current in Spain, that some Americans have applied to France requesting her to advise the Government of the United States to preserve strict neutrality in the case of Cuba, but it

hold a conference and not leave the Coun-

cil in doubt of their position as regards

is entirely untounded. Notwithstanding the official denial, a modification of the French Minis'ry is imminent. Rouher, representing the system of personal government, will surely retire and give place to a new combination in accord with the principle of Parliamentary govern-ment. When this purely constitutional revolution is effected, it may be considered almost certain that Olivier will be chief of the new Ministry. The Emperor says he is willing to abandon the arbitrary power which he has wielded since the coup d'etat, and share the burden of government with the country and Legislature. The Senate will soon assemble to carry out the necessary organic changes.

LONDON, June 30 .- In the House of Comthe treatment of Fenian prisoners, and mov- to Havana, mutined off the Straits of ed a resolution that the government ought Sunda; some of the coolies were killed, to institute public inquiry into the subject of penal discipline and reclassification of prisoners, to enquire how far political prisoners should be retained as a desperate class, etc. Moore said he believed a majority of Irish people sympathise with the Fenians, though in willing to subvert the existing Government but no class was content with the present etate of affairs Be strongly condemned the treatment of Fenians both before and after trial, and urged public enquiry therein.

Lord Bruce, Home Secretary, was not pre pared to defend the treatment of the Fenians but said in general the law was insufficient to deal with political prisoners. The statements of cruelty were, however, exaggerated. At present the treatment was extremely lenient.

Sullivan defended the conduct of the present Government respecting Fenianism. He accused Moore of endeavoring to make political capital by pandering to the passions of those who had been convicted. He hoped PORTLAND, July 12-The bark Onward are the time would soon arrive when such discussions shall cease, and no political prisoners remain in custody. The motion was negatived and the House adjourned.

> The Times, commenting on the debate in the House of Commons last night, says the consideration of the Government is the probable effect which a release of the Fenian prisoners will have. It must be remembered that all those who are guilty in an inferior degree have been set free. Only the prime movers or active agents remain, all of whom have been sentenced to long periods of im-prisonment, of which a small portion only has elapsed, and the misery brought upon individuals and society and the check to the prosperity of Ireland which they caused, foroid their release. If justice requires satisfaction, men who planned and in some cases executed murder, cannot be set free while others whose offences are as nothing in comparison, drudge on. A distinction between political and other offenders cannot be admitted in the case of those who, with insufficient cause and no prospect of success, carried out their designs with great treachery, cruelty and murder. It was not less murder when accomplished by treason. There was nothing connected with the murders committed or attempted by the Fenians which should give the perpetrators the dignity of osurgents.

John Bright and W. E. Forster resigned their memberships in the Reform Club, in consequence of the failure to elect as an honorary member a gentleman whose name

they proposed. MADRID, June 30-Admiral Topete, Minister of Marine, and Senor Feguerola, Minister of Finance, will probably soon resign. BERLIN, June 30-Bismarck has gone to his estates, where he will remain until Ocbusiness of the Federal Chancellorship.

London, June 30-In the House of Commons to-night, Mr Brace, alluding to demonstrations expected in Ireland on the 12th of July, said party processions were always pro-verbial of disturbances and ought to be prevented. The Government was obliged to enforce the law against them and prevent any breach of the peace.

Canadian News.

MONTREAL, July 7-Letters from Jeff. Davis, at Paris, render it doubtful if his health will ever permit him to return. The Government is about to attempt a system of artificial propagation of salmon

in the maritime provinces.

QUEBEC, July 7—Sir John Young, and suite, have arrived, and had an enthusiastic reception. The Parliament House has been fitted up for a grand ball and dinner.

A Pekin corrispondent of the Shanghae Recorder gives the following account of insult to the French Charge d'Affaires : The French Charge d'Affaires somehow

or other jostled against the cart containing Prince Kung's brother as they were returning from the races. The Prince struck the Frenchman across the face. An apology was demanded and refused, so the tricolor was hauled down from the French Legation. The other ministers have taken the matter up, and have, I learn, given the Chinese Government three days to make a apology. Should such not be given, all the foreign flags will be hauled down and intercourse broken off, Whichever way the matter goes, it will at least show the absurdity of putting the Chinese on the same footing as civilized Governments. It is rumored that Tseng . Kwo-fan is at the bottom of the bottom of the ill-feeling which led the occurrence and that he is trying to urge on the rupture which must come sooner or later with foreign Powers.

The Hongkong News says: According to advices from Shanghae. dated the 13th instant, the reports from the silk country are that everything is going on satisfactorily.

TIENTSIN, May 12th.—Dust storms have been prevalent and but little rain has fallen.

A Russian man-of-war is in port from

the Corea, where, it seems, they have had a difficulty with the Coreans, in which several men were killed and wounded. HANKOW .- No hing but the anticipations as to the new tea season are rife

now. A little latter time is given than last year for the commencement of trade. The following items are from the China

The Recorder states that a military official from Pekin is at present in Shang. hae offering large premiums to Europeans of military experience to join the Imperial forces. The Pekin Government it is believed, are in great fear of further encroachment by Russia.

The three hundred emigrant coolies of mons last night, Moore called attention to the French vessel Tamaris, from Macao but eventually the officers and crew took to the boats, leaving the Captain and interpreter on board, but first disabled the rudder. Steamers have been dispatched from Batavta in search of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this ex-cellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous dis-ease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were ag-gravated by the scrofu-lous contamination until

disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this Sarsaparilla is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and other eruptions or visible forms of Scrofulous disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and the various Ulcerous affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. Leucorrhæa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. Rheumatism and Gout, when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, This SARSAPARILLA

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass. Practical and Analytical Chemists. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE,

COAL EXPORTS

From Nanaimo, for the month ending July 31, 1869.

> Total Tons .. . 3149 00

Shipping Intelligence PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

22... tmr Merrimac, — 18 10... Own use 23.. Stmr Sir James Douglas, Clrrke 17 10... Own use

ENTERED

July 10—Slp Leonede, Thornton, San Juan
July 11—Stmr G S Wright, Rogers, Portland
Stmr Gussie Telfair, Jones, Portland
July 12—Stmr Gussie Telfair, Jones, Astoriu
Stmr. Geo S. Wright, Rogers, Astoria
gtmr Otter, Lewis, N W Coast
July 13—Stmr Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend
Stmr Wison G Hunt, Waitt, Port Townsend
Slp Ledy Franklin, Pritchard, San Juan
July 14—None July 14—None
July 15—Slp Thornton, Warren, Barclay Sound
Stmr Emma, Holmes, Sitka
Stmr Isabel, Devereaux, Nanaimo
Slp Hamley, Hollins, Nanaimo

CLEARED. July 10—Slp Leonede, Thornton, San Juan Slp Lady Franklin, Pr tchard, San Juan July 12—Stmr Geo S Wright, Rogers, Nanaimo Stmr Gussie Telfair, Jones, Astoria

July 13—None
July 14—Stmr Anderson, Finch Port Townsend
Stmr Wilson G Hunt, Waitt, Port Townsend
July 15—Stmr Isabel, Deversaux, Burrard Inlet Slp Hamley, Hollins, Nanalmo Stmr Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster

PASSENGERS.

Per GEO S WRIGHT-Mrs B F Dennison, Miss L Gurtong, Miss E Doyle, Miss M Doyle, Hon F Dodge, Captain Myrick, J R Stewart, Mr Pocock, Mr Francis, Mr R Heath Mr Lloyd, P Evans, R Alby, P R Chambers, W Holmes, E H Jackson, P O'Dwyer, 1 Chinaman

Per GUSSIE TELFAIR—Mrs Col Bird, nurse and infant, Miss Bowman, Mrs John Higgins and 2 chdn, H B Hoard, A Fraser, Niel Kelly, H R Roberts, J Harper, D Driscoll, J Padden, T J Hansoom, J R Black

Per W G HUNT. Capt Ainsworth, T Canfield, Mr Wil-kinson, Barnes, Milner, Roberts, Moorhead, Johnson, Capt Lawson, Jameson, Alexander, Stevens, Geo Francis Train, Hon HC Corbett, P Ritz and wife, Mr Coggin and wife, Hon E Evans, Hon B F Dennison, Ex-Gov Moore, J G Swan

Per Wisson G Hunt, from Puget Sound—Gov Flanders, Lowe, Waddle, Schewartz' Cherry, Robtnson, Bolon, Mc-Kay, Hawley, Mewman, Sutherland, Jarvis Duke of York Dr A H Steele, lady and daughter, Mrs E Huggins and children, Mrs Grreish and son, Mrs Thain and son, Grif-fiths, Crarey, Ward, Baldwin, Turner, Robertson, Irvin, Smith, Hubbard, 2 Chinamen, 24 Indians Per stmr ELIZA ANDERSON from Puget Sound-Mrs King, Mrs Gen. McKenny, servant and 3 children, Mesers Lyons, McKay, Knapp, White, More, Allen, Little, Evans, roctor, Danslow, Cooper, O. Brown, W. J. Brown, But er, W. Snider, J. Snider, West Carter, and 17 others.

Per stmr. G S Wright, from Portland.—L&Co, TL, JH, JC, P&S, RC, EM, H, FC, M, JR, JE, CB, TL S, TS.

Per GUSSIE TELFAIR—D Driscoll, F R & Co, Mrs Hig-rins, S N, S, V & Co, Y & W, Wells, Fargo

IMPORTS

Per NORTH GERMAN BARK ALTMARK, to Burrard Inlet. June 8—10 cs boots and shoes, 100 100-lb sks barley, 23 cs drugs, 50 hf sks flour, 25 qr sks flour, 7 pkgs glassware, 131 pkg bardware, 87 bales hay, 1 bale paper 4 cs 14rd, 3 bbls beet, 6 bbls pork, 1 cs chees, 10 fks butter, 2 bbls Syrup, 2 cs saleratus, 3 cs tobacco, 3 pkgs woodenware, 4 nests tubs, 2 cs yeast powder, 1 pkg oilcloth. Value, \$4,565

Per stmr G 8 Wright from Portland-1528 sks flour, 6 sks wheat, 407 sks middlings, 194 sks bran, 1 cs hams, 6 kgs dried apples, 9 pkgs farming implements. 6 cross-cut saws, 1 pkg circular saws, 6 bales paper, 20 bxs apples. Per GUSSIE TELFAIR—14 pkgs furniture, 364 pkgs flour, 138 sks malt, 58 sks chopped feed, 4 bbls iron, 13 pkgs express matter, 8 mail bags

In this City, July 9th, 1869, of convulsions, Mary Margaret, daughter of A and D Driscoil, late of Vancouver, W T.
Vancouver Register and Oregon papers please covy. ouver Register and Oregon papers please copy.

At the residence of her mother, Billside, Victoria dis-trict, on the 1th inst, Catherine, wire of Chasw Wallace, Eq. and sixth daughter of the late John Work, Chief Factor Hudson Bay Company, aged 27 years On board the stur Emily Harris, on the morning of the 12th inst., George Greenwood, of heart disease

Ayer's Cathartic Pills, For all the purposes of a Laxative Perhaps no one medi-



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have not, know that it cured them; those who have not know that it does once it does always — that it never fails through any fault or neglect of

not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable on harm can arise from their use in any quantity. They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:—

For Dysepsia or Indigestion, Listlessmess, Languor and Loss of Appetite, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For Liver Complaint and its various symptoms, Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For Dysentery or Diarrheea, but one mild dose is generally required.

For Rheumatism, Gont, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change the diseased action of the system.

disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a **Dinner Pill**, take one or two **Pills** to promote direction and relieve the stomach. As a Dinner Pill, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it soften advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these Pills makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists LOWELL. MASS., U. S. A.

VOL 10.

THE BRICIS PUBLISHED DAVID W. TER

WEEKLY BRIT PUBLISHED EVE

THE American a new and comp threatens to enter i very considerable litical "platforms" striving for ascende We allnde to the tion question which self in so many ph commercial and po the negro is nearly heat of the discuss upon this new so California and Nev many thousand Ch Pacific Railroad 10,000 coolies, wit bor the railroad c finished for years. charged from serv wards the East i are obtaining wor tations at a rate of rather than accept gro would wholly 500 of these discha like herrings in a Mississippi river were eagerly enga Agents of Chinese traveling through to "lay down" any Chinese farm lal \$75 per head. The accepted. 10,000 mised" before the 50,000 before the in view of this vas are being arranged ties to turn the hea citizen and voter amendment to the United States was all discrimination citizens of the I right to hold office the elective franch color, nativity, pre creed." Here, the a simple declaratio Chinaman to secu suffrage and render though he be a "w Gods" and pract with the language try. The Chinan States will thus f adapting himself cumstances, and as a counter check he will assume his and as he increase crease in influence quire the political

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