LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

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47th YEAR, NO. 20413 | THE WEATHER. Tomorrow—Showery. | LONDON, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1911. TEN PAGES. | Sun Rises Tomorrow 6:16. Sun Sets Tomorrow 5:56. | PRICE TWO CENTS.

BOMBARDMENT OF TRIPOLI HAS COMMENCED FOLLOWING THREE DAYS' NOTICE TO QUIT

Turkey Complains That Italy Broke Rules of Warfare.

KAISER WORKS FOR PEACE

Advises Sultan to Submit to the Enemy's Occupation of Tripoli.

Paris, Oct. 3.—A dispatch to the Temps from Rome this evening says that according to information derived from an official source, the bombardment of Tripoli began at 10 o'clock this forenoon.

Glasgow, Oct. 3.—A private message received today from Jerba, an island off Tunis, says:

A heliograph message from Tripoli says that the bombardment has begun. The ships are bombarding several places. The inhabitants are leaving.

London, Oct. 3.—A news dispatch from Rome received here says that the bombardment of Tripoli by the Italian fleet began at 11.30 o'clock this morning.

London, Oct. 3.—A dispatch to a news agency here from Rome states that the bombardment of Tripoli by the Italians fleet "has begun." The message is timed at the Italian capital at 11:30 o'clock this morning, but the hour at which the bombardment began is left in doubt.

Up to early afternoon there has been no confirmation received here of this report, though last night's advices indicated that the attack on the Tripolitan forts might begin today.

A message to Italy from an Italian warship off Tripoli, under Sunday's date, quoted the Italian consul as [illegible] that the bombardment would begin three days after the notification to the population to evacuate, which was given on Saturday.

Another dispatch to a paper at Rome from Malta last night also set forth that the bombardment would begin today.

Italy Too Quick.

The Turkish ambassador Tewfiki Pasha, presented a note from his Government to the foreign office today complaining that contrary to all international rules of warfare, the declaration of war against Turkey have been preceded by hostilities upon the part of the Italian warships.

For this reason Turkey, both lawfully and by reason of the existing situation, had the right to employ against Italy not only measures arising out of a state of war, but also any measures which the present situation might permit her to decree. Notwithstanding this right Turkey had postponed such measures while making a fresh appeal to the powers in the conviction that it was still possible to end the war.

To Expel Italians.

Salonika, Oct. 2. — The Young Turks committee has been in continuous session for 24 hours, and it now seems certain that an order will be issued for the expulsion of all Italians from Turkey, in addition to the placing of a boycott on all Italian goods. The latter, owing to an order from the Turkish customs officials, have already been excluded from entry into Turkey. It is announced that the commander of the Turkish army corps at Adrianople has received orders to be prepared to move at a moment's notice. All officers have been denied leave of absence. News has been received here that the Bulgarian newspapers declare that the first shot fired by the Turks on the frontier of Thessaly will be the signal for the Bulgarian army to enter and occupy Macedonia.

Kaiser Offers Help.

Constantinople, Oct. 2.—The German Emperor telegraphed today recommending Turkey to accept the Italian ultimatum, adding that Germany will stand by Turkey, later circumstances permitting. A responsible government official informs me that the Government is pessimistic, as peace seems only purchasable by an impossible surrender. The replies of the powers to the last Turkish note give no hope of intervention.

Attitude of Germany.

Berlin, Oct. 2.—The position in regard to German intervention between Italy and Turkey is, as far as ascertainable here, as follows: Germany is actively endeavoring, through her ambassador at Constantinople, to persuade Turkey to accept terms which Germany could propose to Italy with some prospect of success. There will be no acceptance of mediation until Italy has fulfilled the object for which she went to war—namely, the military occupation of Tripoli. Official quarters are most emphatic on this point. No power can or will commit what Italy would undoubtedly consider an act of hostility by seeking to frustrate her long-cherished ambition to establish herself in North Africa, but Germany is already preparing ground, and there is every reason to believe that as soon as Italy occupies the Tripolitan coast she will be ready with an offer of mediation based on full knowledge of the minimum Italy will take, and the maximum Turkey will give. It is believed that the Kaiser's telegram to the Sultan was in reply to a telegraphic request from the Sultan that he intervene to prevent bloodshed, and contained encouragement and assurance that Germany was doing what she could.

THE RESISTANCE AT TRIPOLI A PLAY TO THE "GRAND STAND"

Leading Turk Admits That the Sultan Must Eventually Evacuate the City.

[Canadian Press.]

Constantinople, Oct. 3.—An influential member of the committee of union and progress stated to the Associated Press today that he realized that Turkey had been forced by untoward circumstances to submit to the Italian proposal to evacuate Tripoli, but account must be taken of the fanaticism of the people, and a show of resistance made.

At present there are only 93 deputies in Constantinople, a number insufficient for a quorum, but as soon as the required 140 members arrive the chamber will be convened.

The German consulate is stormed by anxious Italeians, who are asking for passports that will permit them to leave the country. Yesterday six hundred left the city, and today the consulate still had six thousand applicants with whom to deal. Those remaining are subjected to heavy taxes.

The Turkish cable to Tripoli has been cut and the officials are ignorant of what is going on there. All officials and officers have been ordered to return to their posts.

An Egyptian notable has offered to organize a force of thirty thousand Egyptians to march against the Italians at Tripoli.

THE WILY GAME OF TURKISH FLEET

Reported in Dardanelles in Order to Deceive Italians.

SHIPS HAVE SCATTERED

Arabs Are Being Armed to Carry on a Guerilla Warfare.

[Canadian Press.]

Rome, Oct. 3.—The commander of an Italian cruiser which is cruising in the Aegean Sea with instructions to watch for the Turkish fleet, confirms the suspicion entertained here that the announcement from Constantinople that their warships had entered the Dardanelles was untrue, and was made with the intention of deceiving their pursuers in the hope that the Italian vigilance would be relaxed.

According to the message received here from the Italian commander the vessels of the Turkish fleet separated off Samos, a Greek island off the coast of Asia Minor, 42 miles southwest of Smyrna. The several ships proceeded in as many directions, the better to escape the watchfulness of the Italians.

Rear-Admiral Aubrey in command of the Italian fleet at Tripoli, has reinforced the ships watching for Turkish vessels, between Greece and the African coast. Additional warships have been stationed between the mainland of Greece and Cerigo, the southernmost of the principal of the Ionian Islands, between Cerigo and Crete, and between Crete and Tripoli.

Many Craft Seized.

According to official reports a total of 57 Turkish steamers, yachts and craft of various sizes have been seized in Italian ports or captured by the Italian fleet at sea, while the Italian vessels taken by the Turks number only three.

Wireless messages were received here today from the Italian fleet off Tripoli. They state that the city is now practically deserted outside the Turkish garrison.

The only Italians remaining are the apostolic delegate and a few Franciscan Monks who refused to escape.

Arming the Arabs.

The natives have retired to the interior, transporting with caravans of camels 6,000 Mauser rifles received from the Turkish military authorities and 12,000 Mausers which were landed by the Turkish transport Derna.

The plan adopted evidently is to arm the Arab tribes of the interior for a guerilla warfare against the Italians.

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE IN NORTH SEA GALE

Forty Five Vessels Wrecked Nearly All of Crews Perished.

[Canadian Press.]

Amsterdam, Holland, Oct. 3. — A heavy loss of life and considerable damage was caused in Zeeland and other provinces with which communication was restored today, by the storm that broke over the North Sea coast on Sunday.

Of 1330 mussel fishing boats belonging in the village of Bruinesse 120 were lost or damaged. Forty-five vessels were wrecked in the waterways between Dordrecht, a city on an island in the Meuse, and the North Sea. Most of the crews were drowned.

Twenty-eight bodies have been washed up near Steenbergen.

HAND CAUGHT IN FAN MAN LOST 3 FINGERS

William Hayes, of Bruce Street, Met With Serious Accident.

While working around an exhaust fan at the McClary downtown factory yesterday afternoon, William Hayes, of 153 Bruce street, in some manner got his hand caught in the fan with the result that three fingers of his right hand were cut off. The injured man was quickly taken to the hospital, where the hand was dressed, and he was later removed to his home. Just how the accident happened cannot be learned, as no one was near Mr. Hayes at the time. He will be laid up for some time.

WESTERN FAIR SURPLUS SMALL

In Fact the Board May Do Well to Break Even This Year.

RAIN CAUSED A LOSS

Noticeable Falling Off in the Receipts of the Big Exhibition This Year.

The financial statement of the Western Fair is in process of preparation, and will be ready within a few weeks.

From present indications, the surplus, if any, will be comparatively small.

Some of the directors are of the opinion that the board will do well to break even.

The audit committee have not gone into the matter sufficiently to say definitely, but they are not looking for a surplus of any size.

"We will do well to break even," said Secretary Hunt. "The rain on Thursday night of the fair cut us out of several thousand dollars, and we were unable to get it back on Friday. However, I am hopeful that we will do better than break even, even if the amount is small. Our expenses were increased or else we would have had a tidy surplus. We have not been able to state definitely what balance we will have. This we will know some time later, possibly within a month's time."

ALD. TANCOCK WANTS THE MILITARY CAMP

Would Ask People to Say How Much They Would Pay to Have Soldiers Back.

The city council will assist in the efforts being made to bring the military camp back to London permanently.

At the council meeting last night, Ald. Tancock gave notice of motion that he would at the next session of the council move to memorialize the Government to purchase a tract of land near the city for the purposes of a military encampment.

"My idea is that London is the most centrally located, in fact, the logical place for the military encampment," he stated to The Advertiser. "For years it was held here, and I think the visitors appreciated the advantages we had to offer to the fullest.

"We want to get it back. My motion means that we should memorialize the Government, and bring all the pressure to bear we possibly can to have them purchase a large tract of land near the city for permanent camp purposes.

"They have done this in other places, and why not London? The city council could pay a rental each year for the purpose of using the grounds as a recreation park, while the camp was not in progress. I would favor submitting a plebiscite or by-law to the people in January to find out how much they would give towards the camp. This could either be expended in rental, or towards the purchase of the land.

"There are many available sites that we could obtain. On the south bank of the river there are several, while on the north there are others. The location could be near the new driveway soon to be constructed by the water commissioners. It would form another point of interest for the citizens.

"I have not fully developed my plan, but I expect to have it fully prepared for the next meeting of the city council."

FATAL STRIKE CLASH ON SOUTHERN PACIFIC

Strikebreaker Killed, and Two Injured at Houston, Texas.

[Canadian Press.]

Chicago, Oct. 3. — The pension system, which was put in effect several years ago, is expected by officials of the Harriman lines to deter a large number of shopmen from joining the strike.

Nearly all the men who have been in the employment of the companies for a number of years, and who soon would be entitled to retire on a pension, have remained at work, the railroad officers say.

A clash between strikers and strikebreakers on the Southern Pacific occurred early today at Houston, Tex. One of the strike-breakers was killed and two were injured.

ALD. RICHTER OUTLINES PLAN

Says the Present Form of Civic Government in London Is a Mistake.

ABOLISH THE COUNCIL

Substitute a Commission to Conduct All Branches of the City's Business.

Ald. Richter has at last succeeded in bringing before the ratepayers something for which he has worked for a long time—government by commission.

At the city council meeting Monday night, Ald. Richter convinced the aldermen that it would be the proper thing to submit to the people a plebiscite in January next on the question. That will be done.

Today, Ald. Richter explained his plan in full to The Advertiser, and came out unequivocally in its favor.

"I am convinced that the present form of government is a mistake," said Ald. Richter. "It has not given results such as one interested in the development of the city would expect, and that is one of the reasons I have brought forward this proposition.

Abolish the Council.

"It is my idea that the council, as it is constituted today, should be abolished, and in its place a commission substituted.

"I am convinced, too, that a commission will make for bigger men—that it will induce the best we have in business and professional life to enter enthusiastically into the government of the city.

"The number of commissioners will depend entirely on the work to be undertaken. The plebiscite to be submitted to the people will have a rider attached, asking the citizens whether or not they are in favor of taking over the duties of the board of education, the water commission, the hospital trust, the board of health and the police commissioners. As at present constituted, it requires 43 men to do the business of the above five boards and the city council. In other words, we have five spending bodies, who

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LAURIER WILL NOT GO TO THE HAGUE

Intends to Stay in Canada and Become the Leader of the Opposition.

WANTS G. P. GRAHAM

And Seat Will, It Is Expected, Be Found For Him Very Shortly in the House.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—There has been a thinning out of the Conservative delegation here, and Mr. R. L. Borden has experienced a good deal of relief. There was a delegation yesterday urging the selection of Mr. G. W. Fowler as the cabinet representative for New Brunswick, but it is understood that the portfolio is almost certain to go to Mr. O. S. Crockett.

It is understood that an arrangement has been made by which Mr. F. D. Monk will be taken in to represent, with M. T. Chaise Casgrain, the French of Quebec.

The report that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is going to the Hague as permanent head of the Peace Conference, is not regarded seriously here. He is too fond of Canada and dislikes salt water too much to consider any post which would take him out from home. Sir Wilfrid wants to lead the Opposition in the House for some years at any rate, and get some enjoyment in the place where he has had so much worry. He wants Hon. G. P. Graham as his first lieutenant, and a seat will probably be found.

It is understood that a number of ministers have offered to retire in Mr. Graham's favor. With Mr. Graham, A. K. MacLean, E. M. MacDonald, Hon. Wm. Pugsley, Hon. Mr. Lemieux, Hon. Mr. Beland, Hugh Guthrie, A. H. Clarke and Dr. Clarke as aids. Sir Wilfrid feels that he has a strong Opposition fighting line.

THE WEATHER.

FORECASTS.

Tomorrow—Showery.

Toronto, Oct. 3—8 a.m.

Today—Strong breezes to moderate local gales; easterly to southerly; fair today; showery late tonight.

Wednesday—Local thunderstorms.

Following are the highest temperatures yesterday, the lowest this morning and weather conditions:

Stations.	Max.	Min.	Weather.
LONDON	60	35.5	Fair
Calgary	58	34	Fair
Winnipeg	58	48	Rain
Port Arthur	50	34	Clear
Parry Sound	58	34	Fair
Toronto	60	40	Rair
Ottawa	54	32	Clear
Montreal	44	34	Clear
Quebec	52	30	Clear
Father Point	50	34	Clear

WEATHER NOTES.

Pressure is high from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces, while a marked disturbance covers the Eastern States and Provinces. Rain has fallen very heavily in Saskatchewan and Manitoba, and more moderately in Alberta. Elsewhere in Canada the weather has been fine.

Today's Probabilities.

Western Ontario—Moderate to fresh easterly winds; fair, not much change in temperature.

Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence—Fine and cool.

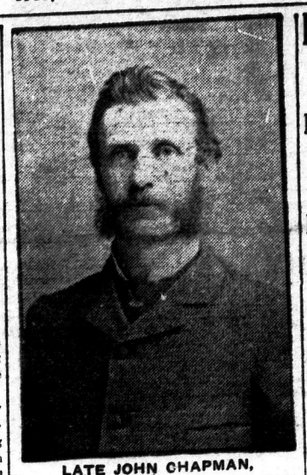
Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate to fresh northwesterly and northerly winds; fine and cool.

Maritime—Moderate to fresh northerly winds; fine and cool.

Superior—Strong easterly winds; becoming showery at night.

Manitoba—Cool and showery.

Saskatchewan—Cool, with occasional showers.



LATE JOHN CHAPMAN,
Pioneer Photographer of London Who Died Today.

D. S. PERRIN & CO. PLAN BIG ADDITION

Six-Story Structure To Be Erected On Carling Street In Spring.

Another big factory extension for London is planned by the D. S. Perrin Biscuit and Candy Company, who, it is stated, will as soon as possible next spring erect on Carling street a new six-story factory.

The new building will be located close to the present factory, which runs back to Carling from Dundas street now. The work of measuring up the land is being done at the present time, and it was stated to The Advertiser that plans for the big factory will be prepared immediately.

TALK OF INJUNCTION TO BLOCK PAYMENT

Increase to Vulcan Iron Co. May Be Cause of Legal Battle.

It was rumored about the city hall today that an injunction will be taken out to prevent the city council paying the Vulcan Iron Company an increase of 20 cents a hundred pounds on their tender price for castings for the city.

Ald. Eckert, chairman of the finance committee, stated to The Advertiser that the expenditure was illegal, and that he would not be responsible for it.

"I have sympathy with the company, but a contract is a contract, and I can see no reason why it should be voided," he stated. "We have no power to pay more than the price stipulated in the tender, and I cannot see how we can authorize the payment of the money. I do not think it will be paid over."

The members of the council in favor of the increase state, however, that it can be made owing to the exceptional circumstances governing the case.

"The firm is a new one," said Ald. Donnelly. "It has no bonus, nor has it asked any favors whatever of the city. It settled the strike and kept a number of citizens in London who are now paying taxes. Even if it were not exactly legally, it is morally right, and I do not see why the company should not be given the advance."

INLAND REVENUE GOES UP IN SEPTEMBER

An Increase of Over $6,000 Is Shown Over Same Period in 1910.

The London inland revenue returns for the month of September, 1911, show an increase in receipts of nearly $6,000 over the returns for the same month in 1910.

Below are comparative tables for the same month in both years:

	Sept., 1911.	Sept., 1910.
Spirits, ex-warehouse	$7,011 73	$7,488 10
Malt, ex-warehouse	6,703 31	5,201 25
Raw leaf, ex-wareh'se	17,850 56	13,533 52
Cigars, ex-factory	5,290 40	3,517 73
Cigars, ex-warehouse	1,490 80	1,854 73
Methylated spirits	205 41	65 97
License fees	50 00	.....
Other revenue	2 96	2 48
Totals	$38,605 17	$31,663 22

GOVERNOR CARTER HAS A NEW RESIDENCE

Head of the County Jail Now Resides on the Ridgeway.

After several years of most disagreeable home surroundings, Governor Carter of the county jail this morning removed his family to the new residence provided for him by the city and county councils, at No. 2 Ridgeway.

The place was selected from a number offered by tender, and is the former residence of the late Thomas Westby. The monthly rental is $25.

Governor Carter, since his appointment, has resided in quarters provided for him in the jail building at the rear of the courthouse. This was found most undesirable, as inebriates in the "d. t's" and lunatics provide anything but beautiful home conversation.

The language heard in the corridors at times would blister the paint on a barroom, so the councillors decided to improve conditions.

LONDON WIDOW GIVEN $2,500

Mrs. Mary McEachen Secures Judgment Against the Grand Trunk Railway.

HUSBAND WAS KILLED

Victim of Accident at Toronto Resided at No. 7 Pearl Street, East London.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Oct. 3.—Mrs. Mary McEachen was given judgment against the Grand Trunk Railway yesterday afternoon in the assize court by Chief Justice Meredith for $2,500 for the death of her husband, the late Allan McEachen, an employee of the company, who was killed on Dec. 21, 1909, by an engine, a few miles west of Toronto.

Mrs. McEachen sued on behalf of herself, her son Ronald, and her daughter Catherine, asking for $15,000. The plaintiff claimed that her husband's death was due to negligence on the part of the company, but Chief Justice Meredith exonerated the company on this count.

At the time of his death Mr. McEachen resided with his family at No. 7 Pearl street, East London.

$6,000 VERDICT AGAINST C. P. R.

Mrs. Gilbert Jones Secures Big Judgment for Loss of Husband.

COMPANY WILL APPEAL

Jury Found That the Railway Was Guilty of Negligence, in Not Having Competent Man in Charge of Snowplow.

A verdict of $6,000 in favor of Mrs. Gilbert Jones, the widow of a Canadian Pacific Railway employee, who was killed in a collision on that road at Guelph Junction in February last, was returned by the jury in the case after two hours' consideration this morning.

Justice Clute addressed the men at the opening of court today, the evidence having all been taken yesterday afternoon, and the following answers were made by the jurors to questions propounded by his lordship:

The Jury's Finding.

1. Were the defendants' guilty of negligence that caused the death of Gilbert Jones? Ans.—Yes.

2. If so, what was the negligence? Ans.—By not having a competent employe in charge of the snowplow train.

3. Did the defendants permit Weymark to engage in the operation of the train on which Jones was when he came to his death without first requiring such employe to pass the examination on train rules and undergo a satisfactory eye and ear test by a competent examiner? Ans.—Yes.

4. Did the plaintiffs suffer the damage complained of thereby? Ans.—Yes.

5. Did the deceased come to his death by reason of the defendants operating their railway by a negligent system? Ans.—Yes.

6. If so, what was the negligent system? Ans.—By allowing Weymark to operate snowplow train without having passed the eye and ear test.

7. Might the deceased Gilbert Jones have avoided the accident by the exercise of reasonable care? Ans.—No.

8. At what sum do you assess the damages? Ans.—$6,000; to be apportioned as follows: (a) to the widow, $3,500; (b) to the daughter, $500; (c), to the son, $2,000.

The daughter is about 21 years of age, and the son about 12.

An Appeal Likely.

Mr. Angus McMurchy, of Toronto, who, with Mr. Hellmuth, conducted the case for the defence, stated to The Advertiser that an appeal will in all probability be taken.

ALD. WILSON ISSUES WRIT FOR LIBEL

Asks Unstated Damages From the London Free Press.

Alderman William A. Wilson this morning commenced an action for unstated damages for alleged libel against the London Free Press, through his solicitor, Mr. J. M. McEvoy.

The alderman claims that the defendants have wrongfully and persistently libelled him in the London Free Press, and that they have failed to retract such statements, notwithstanding that they were notified to do so.

Mr. Wilson's chief complaint arises out o fan article published some weeks ago in which he alleges that it was stated that he had used language of a shameful character toward members of the city council, that he had addressed unseemly language toward the defendant's city hall reporter, and that he had made threats of violence on numerous occasions. It is also claimed that the article stated that the reporter "landed heavily" on the alderman's jaw, and that only the intervention of other members of the council saved Ald. Wilson from a severe pummelling. The writ was served this morning.

GOTHAM CHURCH UNION

Federation of Presbyterian and Congregational Bodies Planned.

New York, Oct. 3.—Steps toward a federation of the Presbyterian, Reformer Congregational, United Presbyterian, Reformed Presbyterian and the Reformed Episcopal Churches in New York city and vicinity are being taken here under the direction of the presbytery of New York. The plan, as outlined, provides that the denominations, "while maintaining their present position as integral elements of their respective communions, shall unite loyally and pray, plan and work together as one church in this city."

RESIDED IN LONDON FOR 55 YEARS

Death of Mr. John Chapman, of 76 Dundas Street, West London.

A MEMBER OF COUNCIL

Sat as Councillor Before the Amalgamation With the City in 1898—A Pioneer Photographer.

Mr. John Chapman, for 55 years a resident of West London, and one of the city's pioneer photographers, whose place of business was on Richmond street, died this morning at his home, 76 Dundas street, after an illness extending over some time. Deceased was 73 years old.

He was born in Norfolk, England, and coming to Canada in 1856 settled in London. His first wife died as a result of an illness brought on by the great flood of July, 1883, which caused great damage and loss of life in West London. She left two sons and one daughter, John, of this city; Arthur, of Brooklyn; Lillian, of Washington, D.C., and Pearl, of Oklahoma. Mr. Chapman later married Miss Manning, daughter of the late James Manning, J.P., of Toronto, who survives him.

Member of the Council.

Mr. Chapman always took an active interst in the affairs of West London. He served on the council board for some years prior to the amalgamation with the city. He was chairman of the board of works, and was a prime mover in the building of the West London breakwater. He also was strongly in favor of joining with London, and when the question came up did a great deal toward bringing the amalgamation about.

Deceased was a member of King Solomon Lodge, A., F. and A. M., and the funeral which will be held on Thursday afternoon to Mount Pleasant Cemetery will be a Masonic one. Mr. Chapman was also a member of the A. O. U. W., and was one of the oldest members of St. George's Anglican Church.

VERY DIFFICULT TO KNOW WHO TO HELP

Inspector McCallum Is Brooding Over a Fakir Who Interviewed Him.

Inspector McCallum, while not a hard-hearted man, sometimes has his faith in human nature so badly shattered that it would be small wonder if the milk of human kindnes in his make-up was somewhat curdled. Every day the inspector has an experience that hamkes him sit up and wonder.

Monday a man walked into his office, asking for aid. He told a pitiful tale, a well-told tale, of how he had been rolled down a mountain side in British Columbia, and was nearly killed. He had a mother and a crippled brother in Hamilton to support. He could not do heavy work, but would be glad to do some light work.

Inspector McCallum took an interest in his case, and telephoned the London Bolt Works for a position for the man. The foreman said he would be pleased to give him a position. Inspector McCallum then arranged for a boarding-house for the stranger, and saw to it that he would not have to pay in advance. He then gave the man instructions as to where he was to go, and started him off on his job.

The stranger grasped Inspector McCallum's hand fervently as he went away, and with tears coursing down his cheeks, expressed his gratitude for the position.

The inspector went back to his office, feeling that he had done something for an unfortunate member of the human race.

Then he thought he would inquire about his protege. He telephoned, and found that the man had never gone near the bolt works. He telephoned again today and still he had not been seen. Then it began to dawn on the inspector that a smooth individual had "put one over on him," as they say on the streets.

"Now, what do you think of that?" asked the inspector today, in a manner expressing the fact that he was not tickled to death. "Is it not enough to make a man lose faith in human nature. It is the limit.'

MANY INJURED IN BIG QUEBEC FIRE

Women and Children Had To Jump For Their Lives.

[Canadian Press.]

Quebec, Oct. 3.—Fire broke out suddenly in the hayloft of a lower town fire station today at noon and enveloped the entire building before the firemen in the lower part of the building were aware of the blaze. Several women and children who lived over head had to jump for their lives, and were painfully injured. It is feared some of them may die, as well as two of the several firemen injured. The fire is still raging, and will likely destroy the building completely.

LONDON OLD BOYS WILL MEET TONIGHT

Affairs of the Late Reunion Will Be Wound Up.

A meeting of the Old Boys' Association will be held in the city hall tonight to wind up the business of the association.

A meeting of the finance committee will be held prior to the general meeting to adjust a few accounts, and then the financial statement as passed by City Auditor Jewell will be presented.

There will be a small surplus. There are a few outstanding accounts, and until they are gone over this afternoon the exact amount will not be known definitely.

"There will be a surplus," said City Treasurer Bell. "We will not need to ask the city council for a cent."