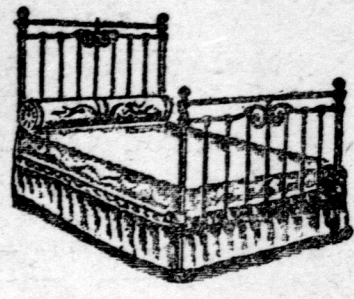


LAST WEEK of Our Great JUNE SALE

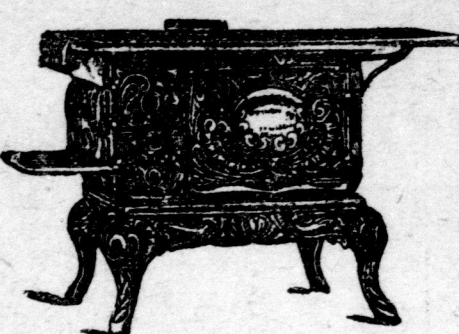
All departments offer great chances for money saving on Saturday and Monday and the balance of this month. Our goods are all generously reduced, and you can buy for either cash or credit.



Marvellous values in Metal, Brass and Iron Beds

Greatly reduced in price. Regular \$4.00 Enamelled Iron Bed, large size, for **\$2.25** 50c down and 50c per week.

All Brass Rail Bed with white chills, handsome designs; exactly like illustration. **\$3.95** Regular \$6.50, for **\$2.00** Only a few left. 50c down and 50c per week during this June sale.



Cook Stoves

Coal or Wood Cook Stoves; four lids; and one of the most up-to-date and reliable Stoves in the city for the money. Regular \$15.00, for **\$11.50** \$1 down and \$1 per week.

Wonderful Bargains in Couches

Large, Comfortable Couch, of good value. Regular \$6.50, for **\$4.95** Only 50c down and 50c per week. Large Couch, regular \$10.50, during this Great June Sale for **\$7.95** \$1.00 down and 50c per week.

We are away from the high-rent district, and can afford to sell cheaper than any other house in the city. Prices were never as low, and not likely to be again for many a day. Everything in the store reduced from 10 to 50 per cent. EASY TERMS OF PAYMENTS Open till 9 p.m. WE TRUST THE PEOPLE. Watch for our opening later, when the Harpers will play, and every lady will get a grand souvenir. Remember the name and place—644 Dundas Street.

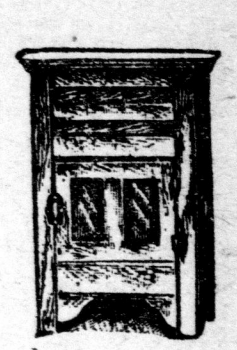
GLOBE FURNISHING CO. PHONE No 2988K **S. F. ELGAR** 644 DUNDAS ST. EAST.



COME AGAIN!

Rattan and Verandah Chairs. Come quickly if you want one. Regular \$4.00 Rattan for **\$2.37** Only 50c down, 50c per week.

Secure one—Regular \$2.85 Verandah Chairs, green or red, for **\$2.00**



Refrigerators Oil and Gas Stoves

And in fact everything for the kitchen. Reduced in price from 10 to 50 per cent during this great June sale. Refrigerators, regular \$11.00, for **\$7.75** \$1 down and 50c per week. Who would be without one?

Red Rose Tea

"Is Good Tea"

Do You Use It?

A Prince of Sinners

By Phillips Oppenheim. Author of "A Lost Leader," "The Malefactor," "A Maker of History," etc.

CHAPTER XIX.

The Marquis Mephistopheles.

"I am sorry," she said, softly, "our last evening is spoilt."

He shook his head with an effort at gaiety.

"Let us conspire," he said, "you and I at least will make a struggle."

"I am afraid," she said, "that it would be hopeless. Mother is an absolute wreck, and I saw Lord Arranmore go into the library just now with that terrible white look under his eyes. I saw it once before. Ugh!"

"After all," he said, "it only means that we shall be honest. Cheerfulness tonight could only be forced."

"How correct!" she murmured. "You are improving fast."

He turned and looked at her, smiling and graceful in her white muslin gown, her hair brushed back from her forehead with a slight wave, but drooping low over her ears, a delicate setting for her piquant face. The dark brown eyes, narrowing a little towards the lids, met his with frank kindness, her mouth quivered a little as though with the desire to break away into a laugh. The slight dusiness of her cheeks—she had lived for three years in Italy and never worn a well-pleased him better than the insipidity of pink and white, and the absence of jewelry—she wore neither bracelet or rings—gave her an added touch of distinction, which restless youth finds something like a desire to wear than sedate middle age. The admiration grew in his eyes. She was charming.

The lips broke away at last.

"After all," he said, "I think that I shall enjoy myself this evening. You are looking all sorts of nice things at me."

"My eyes," he answered, "are more daring than my lips."

"And you call yourself a lawyer?"

"Is that a challenge? Well, I was thinking that you looked charming."

"Is that all? I have a looking-glass, you know."

"And I shall miss you—very much."

"Ah!"

She suddenly avoided his eyes, but it was for a second only. "Yet Brooks was himself conscious of the significance of that second. He set his teeth hard."

"The days here," he said, slowly, "have been very pleasant. It has all been—such a different life for me. A few months ago I knew no one except a few of the Medchester people, and was working hard to make a modest living. Sometimes I feel here as though I were a modern Aladdin. There is a sense of unreality about Lord Arranmore's extraordinary kindness to me. Tonight, more than ever, I cannot help feeling that it is something like a dream which may pass away at any moment."

She looked at him thoughtfully.

"Lord Arranmore is not an impulsive person," she said. "He must have had some reason for being so decent to you."

"Yes, as regards the management of his affairs perhaps," Brooks answered. "But why he should ask me here, and treat me as though I were his social

equal and all that sort of thing—well, you know that is a puzzle, isn't it?"

"Well, I don't know," she answered. "Lord Arranmore is not exactly the man to be a slave to, or even to respect, the conventional, and your being what you are, naturally makes you a pleasant companion to him—and his guests. I don't think that it is strange."

"You are very flattering," he said, smiling.

"Not in the least," she assured him. "Nowadays birth seems to be rather a handicap than otherwise to the making of the right sort of people. I am sure there are more impossibilities in the peerage than in the nouveaux riches. I know heaps of people who because their names are in Debrett seem to think that manners are unnecessary, and that they have a sort of God-sent title to gentility."

Brooks laughed.

"Why," he said, "you are more than half a radical."

"It is your influence," she said, demurely.

"It will soon pass away," he sighed. "Tomorrow you will be back again amongst your friends."

She sighed.

"Why do one's friends bore one so much more than other people's?" she exclaimed.

"When one thinks of it," he remarked, "you must have been very bored here. Why, for the last fortnight there have been no other visitors in the house."

"There have been compensations," she said.

"Tell me about them!" he begged.

She laughed up at him.

"If I were to say the occasional visits of Mr. Kilgour's broom for me, her eyes no longer met his. She moved a little on one side and took up an ornament from an ornate table."

"I wish that you meant it," he murmured.

"I do!" she whispered, almost under her breath.

Brooks suddenly forgot many things, but Nemesis intervened. There was the sound of much rustling of silken skirts, and Lady Caroom's poodle, followed by herself, came round the angle of the drawing-room.

"My dear Sybil," she exclaimed, "do come and see the Balfour's ribbon for me. Marle has no idea of making a bow spread itself out, and pink is so becoming to him. Thanks, dear. Where is our host? I thought that I was late."

Lord Arranmore entered as she spoke. His evening dress, as usual, was of the most severely simple type. Tonight his sombreness was impressive. With such a background, his pallor seemed waxen-like. He offered his arm to Lady Caroom.

"I was not sure," he said, with a lightness which seemed natural enough, "whether tonight I might not have to dine alone whilst you poor people sat and played havoc with the shreds of my reputation. Groves, the cabinet Johannesburg and the '34 Heileleek—though I am afraid," he added, looking down at his companion, "that not all the wine in my cellar could make this feast of farewells a cheerful one."

"Farewell celebrations of all sorts are such a mistake," Lady Caroom murmured. "We have been so happy here, too."

"You brought the happiness with you," Lord Arranmore said, "and you take it away with you. Tonight will be a dull place when you are gone."

"Your own stay here is nearly up, is it not?" Lady Caroom asked.

"Very nearly. I expect to go to Paris next week—at the latest the week after, in time at any rate for Bernhardt's new play. So I suppose we shall soon all be scattered over the face of the earth."

"Except me," Brooks interposed, "I shall be the one who will do the vegetating."

Lady Caroom laughed softly.

"Foolish person! You will be within two hours of London. You none have the slightest idea of the place we are going to. We are a day's journey from anywhere. The morning papers are twenty-four hours late. The men drink port wine, and the women sit round the fire in the drawing-room after dinner and wait—and wait. Oh, that awful waiting. I know it so well. And it isn't much better when the men do come. They play whist instead of bridge, and a woman in the billiard-room is a lost soul. Our hosts always hide my cue directly I arrive, and pretend that it has been lost. By the bye, what a dear little room this is, Arranmore. We haven't dined here before, have we?"

Lord Arranmore shook his head. He

held up his wineglass thoughtfully as though criticizing the clearness of the amber fluid.

"Not!" he said. "I ordered dinner to be served in here because over our dessert I propose to offer you a novel form of entertainment."

"How wonderful," Sybil said. "Will it be very engrossing? Will it help us to forget?"

He looked at her with a smile.

"That depends," he said, "how anxious you are to forget."

She looked hastily away. For a moment Brooks met her eyes, and his heart gave an unusual leap. Lady Caroom watched them both thoughtfully, and then turned to their host.

"You have excited our curiosity," Arranmore. You surely don't propose to keep us on tenterhooks all through dinner?"

"It will give a filip to your appetite."

"My appetite needs no filip. It is disgraceful to try and make me eat more than I do already. I am getting hideously stout. I found my maid in tears tonight because I positively could not get into my most becoming bodice."

"If you possess a more becoming one than this," Lord Arranmore said, with a bow, "it is well for our peace of mind that you cannot wear it."

"That is a very pretty subterfuge, but a subterfuge it remains," Lady Caroom answered. "Now be candid."

[To Be Continued.]

Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.

NO. 8461—LADIES' THIRTEEN-GORE SKIRT.

No matter how simple or elaborate one's wardrobe may be, the practical skirt for street wear is always necessary. The model here shown is sheath fitting, and may be made with or without a band fold. Among the materials suited to its development are smooth-faced cloths, Panama, voile, linen, veillings, and supple satins. The pattern is cut in 5 sizes, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 inches, waist measure.

A pattern of this illustration will be mailed to any address upon receipt of 10 cents in stamps or silver.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

Name

Street Address

Town

Province

Measurement—Bust

Waist

Age (if child's or misses' pattern)

CAUTION—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is sent, please mark 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. If a misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "Neck" or "Yours." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT, LONDON ADVERTISER.

MARCONI MAKES SPLENDID OFFER

Will Send Wireless Cables for Two Pence a Word.

REDUCTION IN RATES

The Pacific Board Announces Tariff to Antipodes Cut in Half.

London, June 25.—The Imperial Press Conference met today to consider the report of the committee on cable rates, Hon. H. L. W. Lawson presiding. The chairman submitted the committee's recommendations, which urged the Governments of the Empire to increase the means and reduce the cost of Imperial electric communications, and asking Premier Asquith to receive a deputation; it also emphasized the necessity of linking up the different parts of the empire with wireless services.

One positive result, said Mr. Lawson, had been reached, Mr. Baxendale, on behalf of the Pacific Cable Board, had stated that the board would unconditionally reduce their rates on press messages by half. The New Zealand Government would do the same regarding terminal charges. It is believed the Australian Government will do the same. Mr. Lawson added that it is the general opinion that nothing would meet the necessities of the case except a general reduction of press rates.

Marconi's Splendid Offer.

Signor Marconi thought it would be injudicious for governments to enter into a scheme for state-owned cables without first investigating the merits of wireless communication. The cost of equipping two stations for communication over a distance already tested of 3,000 miles, would be £100,000. The speed of transmission at present is 26 words a minute, but by duplexing he hoped to make it fifty (apause) if service increased. His company would be prepared to reduce the cost of press messages to twopence a word (apause).

Messrs. Kinn, Thomas, and Cunningham opposed the resolution, and Mr. Fink supported it, pointing out the danger of cable companies also gaining a monopoly of wireless.

Intolerable Discrimination.

Mr. J. S. Brerly, of Montreal, said this was very largely a Canadian question. The reduction announced by the Pacific board was the strongest argument in favor of Ross' resolution. They could not look for a reduction across the Atlantic under present circumstances. They should not pay exaggerated respect to the question of competition with companies. (Hear! hear!) How long would it be tolerated for Canadians to pay five pence across the Atlantic while Australians are paying twopence across the Pacific?

Mr. Dufosse said that what they wanted was a rate of five cents a word, if by wireless well and good, if not, then by cable, (apause). The shortest road to get that rate was by state-owned cable. (Hear! hear!) This was an Imperial question in the widest aspect and significance. While being tender for vested interests let them not forget the rights of the public. (Apause.)

All Supported Motion.

Mr. J. A. Macdonald, of Toronto, remarked that he had no fear of socialism and no sensitiveness for the commercial either here or in Canada. The papers in Canada paid for all they got and sometimes for things they didn't get. (Laughter.) He was prepared to vote for the resolution, knowing that the system of Marconi would be probably in the fullest working order long before the governments did anything. It certainly would be longer than August before they got on the work. (Laughter.) He agreed with Mr. Dufosse that this was an Imperial question, and remarked that every Canadian paper not entangled in some telegraphic company was in favor of the resolution. (Apause.) Mr. Dufosse seconded the resolution (Mr. Temperley withdrawing) at the request of the chairman. Thirty-six persons voted for the resolution and none against.

Maitland, Park proposed a resolution in favor of state-owned electric communication with South Africa, and said the union government would certainly

CITY AND COUNTY COME TO TERMS

Regarding the Educating of the County Pupils at the Collegiate.

At a conference between representatives from the county council and No. 1 committee of the board of education held yesterday afternoon, relative to the cost of maintaining county students at the Collegiate Institute, a compromise was reached, and the difficulty settled.

New Agreement.

Last year it will be remembered that the city and county got together to draw up a new agreement for the maintenance of county pupils. The county agreed to pay 65 per cent of the cost of each pupil figured on the cost of the year previous. The Government grants made up the difference. When the agreement was sent to City Solicitor Meredith, he informed the board that they could not make any such agreement, as the question was covered by the school act, and by that law the county must pay 80 per cent.

Bill Presented.

The county council was informed of the arrangement. The bill for the county was presented at the recent June session, covering the last four months of 1908, September, October, November and December, and in accordance with the instructions of the city solicitor it was made out on the basis of 80 per cent.

The county objected to that, and yesterday's conference was the result.

The Compromise.

After considerable discussion the county members stated they would pay 80 per cent after Jan. 1, but in the light of the agreement entered into in good faith by the county, they did not think they should be charged more than 65 per cent for the last four months of 1908.

The board of education agreed to that yesterday, and the question was settled. The bill amounted to about \$1,200.

Those present were Trustee Weekes, chairman, Trustee Westervelt, Teasdale, Hamilton, and Secretary McElheran, representing the city, and County Councillors Morris, Udens, Jackson and Hodgins, and County Auditor Stanley, representing the county.

Laid a Corner-Stone.

Montreal, Que., June 25.—The laying of the corner-stone of the statue to the memory of Sir Louis H. Lafontaine in the park bearing his name, took place this morning. The principal address was delivered by Senator Dandurand, who reviewed the life of the statesman, and what he accomplished in the struggle in the early days of representative government in Canada, for responsible government. Sir C. A. Pelletier, the lieutenant-governor, and a notable party participated in the event.

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Maitland, Park proposed a resolution in favor of state-owned electric communication with South Africa, and said the union government would certainly

give a subsidy for the purpose. This also carried.

Mr. Nelson then pointed out that Mr. Baxendale's offer depended upon the reduction of terminal rates by the New Zealand and Australian Governments, and moved that a resolution urging upon those governments the desirability of co-operation. This carried unanimously.

Wisely Direct Emigration.

Sir Hugh Graham moved a resolution concerning emigration. He said there was not a question of greater importance than the maintenance of British sentiment in Canada, which was the keystone of an Imperial arch. The majority of the population in Canada was now overwhelmingly British. The French-Canadians were contentedly British, but foreign emigration was seriously threatening that majority. Canada wanted good people from all lands, but the Dominion wanted more from Britain. He announced that a serious effort would be made in Canada to commemorate the conference by organizing an association of leading journalists and public-spirited citizens to strengthen and stimulate existing organizations in order that desirable emigrants may receive the utmost encouragement. He moved a resolution to the effect that the press should co-operate in the wise direction of emigration. (Hear, hear.)

The chairman and Mr. Macdonald (of Toronto) gave the proposition the warmest sympathy. Mr. Nicholls, of Winnipeg, declared that the foreign emigrants in Western Canada as citizens were absolutely all right. (Hear, hear.) The resolution carried unanimously.

CRAZED WITH DRINK MAN KILLS BROTHER

Dreadful Deed of a Farmer in Presence of His Family.

Norwich, N. Y., June 25.—Crazed by drinking and jealousy, George White, a young farmer, living in the town of Pharsalia, 14 miles north of this village, slayed his brother, Walter White, across the street with a large jackknife, about 10 o'clock last night, inflicting a wound that proved fatal early today. George White had been cultivating potatoes yesterday and indulged freely in hard cider. In the evening there was a family gathering at his house to celebrate Mr. White's birthday, and more hard cider was partaken of. The guests included Walter White, a young brother of George.

During the evening George White quarrelled with his mother and attacked her. Walter interfered and after quiet was restored lay down on a couch. George was sitting in the door whittling a stick, when he suddenly wheeled around and struck his brother in the abdomen with the knife. George, after committing the crime, disappeared, but walked to the house of a neighbor today, and was arrested by Coroner Crumb, of South Otselic, and was lodged in jail.

The accused man is married and has several children, who were witnesses of the crime.

TO COST TEN MILLIONS

Hearsts May Even Spend Fifteen on Mills in Newfoundland.

Ottawa, June 25.—Mr. Ray, Canadian commercial agent in Newfoundland, reports that the pulp mills to be erected by the Hearst interests will cost from ten to fifteen million dollars. The scheme embraces the exploitation of one of the most valuable timber areas in Newfoundland. Recently a Syracuse syndicate has purchased another Newfoundland timber area of 250,000 and will erect mills at a cost of three million dollars.

Mr. Ray reports that Canadians are losing their boot and shoe trade in Newfoundland to Americans owing to their failure to advertise.

CANADIAN CASES BEFORE PRIVY COUNCIL

London, June 25.—The following cases have been set down for hearing by the privy council:

James Bay Railway vs. Armstrong. St. John pilot commissioners and the Attorney-General of the Dominion vs. the Cumberland Railway Coal Company.

Sprague vs. Booth. Fulford vs. Hardy. C. P. R. vs. R. H. Bryce, deceased.

now represented by his executor, W. H. Johnson.

Dominion Natural Gas Company vs. Collins.

Dominion Natural Gas Company vs. Perkins.

Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, owners of the steamer Prescott, vs. G. B. Taylor, owner of the steamer Havana.

DEPORTED.

Quebec, Que., June 25.—Seventeen foreign immigrants, Russians and Gailians, who have been inmates of the immigrant hospital for some time past, were put on board the steamer Wilhelms last evening for deportation as being undesirable.

THE NEW HAVEN CASE.

Washington, June 25.—By a resolution introduced today by Mr. Cullerton and passed by the Senate, the Attorney-General is instructed to inform the Senate whether legal proceedings against the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, and the Boston and Maine Railroad Companies, for violation of the Sherman