THE FREDERICTON HERALD

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Having a large circulation in the Central Counties of New Brunswick, THE HERALD is an excellent advertising medium for the business men of Fredericton.

JOB PRINTING

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Address THE HERALD, Fredericton, N.B.

THE HERALD.

FREDERICTON, SEPTEMBER 28, 1895.

CALL FOR A CONVENTION.

The friends of the local Government in York county are requested to meet in convention at Temperance Hall, Fredericton, on Friday, October 4th, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of selecting candidates to contest this constituency in the pending election.

W. WILSON,
THOS. H. COLTER,
JOHN ANDERSON.

Fredericton, Sept. 27th.

A GENERAL ELECTION.

The local legislature of this province has been dissolved and a general election ordered, nomination on Wednesday Oct. 9th and polling in contested constituencies on Wednesday Oct. 16th. The contest therefore, must be short, and three weeks from to-day, THE HERALD will be able to announce the result.

In another column we publish the address of Hon. A. G. Blair, premier, to the electors of New Brunswick, setting forth some of the chief reasons why the Government should be sustained in this fresh appeal to the country, and we think it will convince every man whose mind is open to conviction, that the administration of public affairs has been in the hands of a wise, prudent and economical government. It is with the utmost confidence, therefore, that Mr. Blair and his colleagues can appeal for a favorable verdict in the present instance. When the government came into power in March 1883, it found that many abuses had crept into the public service; there was a strong demand for economy and retrenchment; that the governmental machinery was too great for a small province such as this; that new legislation bearing on some of the most important interests of the country was urgently required, and the government backed by the legislature, set immediately about to effect the desired reforms. The old executive council consisted of nine members, the number has now been reduced to seven, effecting quite a large saving. Mr. Blair believed the legislative council to be a useless and expensive branch of the legislature, and after a determined fight he abolished it, reducing the legislative expenses some $10,000 annually. There was a demand for an enlargement of the franchise, and the government, ever awake to the public necessities, passed a law which substantially conferred the boon of manhood suffrage on the province.

Mr. Blair went into power with the promise of carrying out many other important reforms and he has more than redeemed all the pledges he made in the declaration of policy, which he made when in opposition. Perhaps if there is one point more than another on which the government can fairly claim the support of the electorate, it is in its management of the crown lands. Under previous administrations the public lands of the province had been indiscriminately sold to speculators, and a few years more of such a policy would have denuded the crown in this province of its most valuable heritage. The change to ten year leases of lumber lands has also conserved the public property and increased the revenue from this source by a very large amount. The developement of the mineral interests of the country has been due to the present government's legislation, and the policy of the administration in relation to the inland fisheries has been a wise and popular one. Both these interests have added to the revenue THE HERALD might continue at almost any length in review of the many acts of the government which deserve the substantial recognition of the constituencies, but Mr. Blair has so fully dealt with the principal points in his manifesto, that it is not necessary to repeat them here. Look at the great mass of useful and progressive legislation passed since 1883, observe how faithfully the great services of the country—education, roads and bridges, etc., have been attended to, and tell us if you do not think the government is deserving of the warm support of the electors in this contest. The thirteen years life of the present administration has been one of advance and development all along the line; it has been a period of honest administration, of economical government, and the cordial endorsement of the electors, which Mr. Blair and his colleagues are to receive on the 16th of October, will be the voice of the country in praise of honorable and successful effort to give this province a good, clean, faithful and efficient administration.

But what have we had on the other side of the house. During the last three years, particularly, an opposition with nothing to oppose; a party, if it can be dignified by that name, without aim or policy except to get into power; an organization whose chief plank was to keep alive a sectarian agitation, aroused in the first instance without reason or sense; an aggregation of political waifs and strays unfitted for the serious business of legislation, its members quarrelling among themselves, and representing only the meaner methods of political warefare. A party (?) whose chief diet was scandal, whose leading lights did not hesitate to stoop to the most despicable means to injure the government, but without avail. Dr. Stockton and his supporters cannot point to one useful piece of legislation which bears the stamp of opposition genius; not only have they failed to originate and carry through any measure for the benefit of the country, but the records show that measure after measure introduced by the government for the best interests of the people, was violently opposed by the men who in the next two weeks will be appealing to the electors to send them to Fredericton to undertake the task of governing the country.

We have no fear of the result. The opposition are disorganized, discordant and utterly helpless in this campaign. Their best men are gone from them, and they have no hope of success. They may carry a few constituencies by side winds and the raising of false issues, but the great heart of the country beats true to the government, which in the new legislature will command as good, if not better support than it possessed in the house just dissolved.

This, however, is more the season for work than talk. The issues on which the elections will turn have been freely discussed in the press and on the platform, and are fully understood by the electors. Immediate organization should be the watchword of the government's friends in every constituency. Candidates should be selected at once, and every county contested. Over confidence is the most dangerous element from the government's standpoint. It was that which lost York to the administration in the last election. There will be no mistake this time, but let the hard, active work commence at once, and never let up till the polls are closed.

AROUND THE CONSTITUENCIES.

There will be no lack of good candidates on the government side in the coming local election, but of course it is impossible to state at this early date the personnel of all the tickets which will represent the administration. In Restigouche we believe Hon. C. H. LaBillois and Mr. Mott will again be nominated, and their opponents are likely to be Wm. Murray and J. C. Barbarie, both of whom were beaten in the last election. Gloucester without doubt will again return Mr. Sivewright and Mr. Veniot, and in Northumberland it is probable that the "big four," Messrs. Tweedie, Burchill, O'Brien and Robinson, will have an easy run. We have not heard the names of the probable government candidates in Kent, but our advices are that Mr. Phinney will have a very hard struggle if he gets back to the legislature. In Westmorland Mr. Wells and Mr. Richard will certainly be on the government ticket and their colleagues will be known after Monday when the government convention is to meet. Chief Commissioner Emmerson and Dr. Lewis no doubt will again run in Albert, and their success is assured. In King's there has been a talk of Mr. Flewelling's retiring and Geo. W. Fowler, the Orange leader, succeeding him with the Solicitor General and Mr. Scovil, but we cannot say definitely how much truth there is in the report. The government candidates in Kings are safe. St. John county will return its old representatives, Messrs. Dunn and McLeod. In the city Dr. Alward it is said will retire, the government will put up a strong ticket and will make an effort to win, with fair prospects of success. Mr. Blair and Mr. Ferris will carry Queens without a struggle, and in Sunbury parties have scarcely got straightened out yet. The Provincial Secretary and his whole ticket may be safely booked for success in Charlotte, and even the opposition themselves believe that York will repeal the silly verdict of 1892, when the county turned its back on the best friend it ever had. The government ticket will be announced in this county in due season, and will be one to command the warmest support of the electors. It seems to be conceded on all hands that the opposition here are making every effort to rid themselves of Mr. Pitts, and the name of John Black has been mentioned for the former's place on the ticket. It is also said that Mr. Allen would just as leave retire, the prospects for his party succeeding to power are so wretchedly poor. However, a few days more will show how the cat jumps. In Carleton several names are mentioned as probable colleagues of Mr. Dibblee, and it is probable that D. H. Keswick may be one of them. A noteworthy point about Carleton is that no straight opposition man has yet shown himself. Since Dr. Atkinson's death Dr. Stockton's party in that county are in a condition of complete disorganization. We suppose no one will dispute that the government's prospects of carrying all four seats in Victoria and Madawaska are excellent. The names of the candidates will probably be definitely announced next week. We may add that the friends of the government go into the contest with every prospect of achieving a notable victory, and it ought to be general all along the line.

PITTS AND JONAH.

The wailings of Mr. Pitts over the rough fortune about to overtake him are pitiful to read. He has begun to realize that the gentlemen who made use of him to serve their own ends have decided to cast him overboard. Mr. Pitts is a church goer, a bible reader, and is no doubt familiar with the story of Jonah, who took his own head for it against better advice. He got on board the ship to go to another port, when he should have remained at Nineveh, and the threatened wreck alarmed the sailors so much that they threw him overboard, believing him to be the cause of all their troubles. It is true a friendly whale was in the wake of the ship and furnished Jonah with a temporary protection, but here the simile between Mr. Pitts and Mr. Jonah ends. When the crew of the opposition craft cast Mr. Pitts into the political sea he will not rise again, and it is this view forcing itself home on the great Liberator, that so depresses him. Our opposition friends conclude that they have furnished for three years the "funny man" for the legislative show, and it is somebody else's turn, so Mr. Pitts will be dropped.

EVERY friend of the University will regret Dr. Bridges' decision to resign his chair of classics in that institution and remove to St. John. He has been a valued member of the faculty for fourteen years, and has discharged his duties with singular ability and success. The HERALD voices the general feeling that Dr. Bridges' moval will be a distinct loss to the University as well as to this community. Mrs. Bridges too has enjoyed equal popularity with her husband, and socially both are favorites. While we commend the excellent judgment of the St. John trustees in securing so worthy a gentleman as the head of their best schools, we very sincerely regret that they have been able to persuade Dr. Bridges to accept their flattering offer.

MR. FENETY'S ATTITUDE.

Says the Sun: "The effect of Mr. Fenety's control is easily visible in the political columns of the Record. He is out squarely against the Blair government. There are not a dozen men in the province who have had a better chance than Mr. Fenety to study the character of the provincial ministry."

No, and there is not one other man in the universe who has tapped the provincial treasury to the same extent, and with as little effort, as the same Mr. Fenety. He was Queen's printer for thirty-two years, and in that time must have drawn at least $400,000 of public money. His profits in some years reached the enormous sum of $6,000, and his poorest years did not fall short of $4,000. It was to effect a saving to the province that the present local government made a change in the method of doing the public printing, and as a result of the change the office of Queen's printer has been abolished and Mr. Fenety retired from the government service. Possibly the explanation of his opposition to the government may be found in the fact that he no longer enjoys an income of thousands of dollars from the provincial treasury, and in the additional fact that the legislatue and government declined the suggestion of a $1,500 pension for him. The government can stand lots of opposition like Mr. Fenety's, so long as the electors understand the motives behind it. The Record is now completely in Mr. Fenety's control, as indeed it always has been, for it was his money, or rather the money he was able to command from the office of Queen's printer which started that newspaper. In the last few years Mr. Fenety was in office he had two strings to his financial bow, the Royal Gazette at the Fredericton end and the Record at the other end, and by means of both he was able to reap very rich rewards. Now it is different, and we shall not be surprised if Mr. Fenety and his newspaper develop into oppositionists of the most extreme type. Men who have been relieved of their offices generally do, and we suppose Mr. Fenety, who is a wealthy man from his long record of office holding, will prove no exception to the rule.

A CHEQUERED CAREER.

The announcement that Hon. A. R. Angers, late Minister of Agriculture in the Dominion Government, has settled down to the practice of law in Montreal recalls the chequered public career of that gentleman. He has filled many important positions, and is yet a comparatively young man, having been born in 1838. He was admitted to the bar in 1860; he was a member of the Quebec legislature, 1874–79; solicitor general of that province, 1874–76; attorney general, 1876-78. It was in the latter year that the ministry of which he was the leader was dismissed by the then Governor Letellier. Two years later Mr. Angers was appointed a judge of the Superior Court of Quebec, holding that position until 1887, when he succeeded Mr. Masson as governor of the province. Mr. Angers in the gubernatorial chair became a Tory hero by his dismissal of the Mercier government, and when his term at Spencer Wood was finished, he was appointed to the Senate of Canada, and Sir John Thompson becoming premier, the lucky Angers was given the portfolio of agriculture in the Dominion government, a position he held until last July when he resigned on account of the government failing to put through remedial legislation on the Manitoba School question. From the bar to the legislature, from the legislature to the premiership of Quebec, from the premiership to the bench, from the bench to the governorship, from the governorship to the Senate and a cabinet position at Ottawa, thence back to the bar, is the route which Mr. Angers has made since 1874. He still continues a senator, and no doubt will take an active part in politics. He is said to be a keen lawyer, was a good judge, and has certainly shown considerable independence as a politician. The members of the bar of Montreal are congratulating themselves that they have associated with them, an ex-premier, ex-judge, ex governor, and ex cabinet minister all in the person of Mr. Angers, who hangs out his legal shingle as head of the firm of Angers, De Lorimer & Godin.

IN THE DUMPS.

Mr. Phinney's paper, the Richibucto Review, takes a very gloomy view of local opposition prospects. It complains that "the administration has not been attacked with much vigor in any considerable section of the country by the press" and that "the local opposition seem not possessed of initiative, or the instinct of attack in any large degree," which goes to show that the Government record is so excellent that even the newspapers which are bitterly opposed to it are not capable of finding a vulnerable spot. Mr. Phinney seems discouraged and no wonder. All the vitrol he has been able to throw on the Government the past six years has failed to effect it. Mr. Phinney evidently considers the opposition a lost cause, and candidly admits it. With Mr. Powell out of the legislature, Dr. Atkinson dead, Dr. Alward likely to retire, Mr. Pitts getting kicked and cuffed by his opposition friends, with Mr. Fowler's defection, and Mr. Phinney in the depths of despair, Dr. Stockton's party is in a very bad way. The heavenly twins, Pinder and Crocket, are about all that are left of his once alleged powerful party organization. It is even hinted that the doctor himself would like to come into the Blair Government with the office of solicitor general.

THE local government came to a reasonable conclusion in calling on the elections before the country is precipitated into the excitement and strife of a federal contest which must come within the next few months. Another reason which no doubt influenced the government to reach its decision lies in the fact that there are at present four vacancies in the legislature, and that by the redistribution bill of last session five additional representatives were added to the strength of the house. These are divided between Kent, Carleton, Gloucester, Victoria and Madawaska.

THE Gleaner is very much exercised at the manner in which the bye-road money is expended in York, and makes an entirely uncalled for attack on Mr. Colter, ex-M. P. P. Doubtless the Gleaner would like to see the money again in the hands of its friend, Mr. J Kossouth Pinder, whose returns, or rather absence of returns, in the auditor general's reports, gave rise to much discussion a few years ago.

MR. GIBSON'S newspaper declares that "the Bathurst School question can not be an issue in the approaching campaign, it having been relegated to the courts for settlement," and thus confirms the report that the opposition managers have no use for Mr. Pitts. They found him handy in the last election, but now drop him with a cold thud, which must cause the shivers to run through Bro. Pitts' frame.

HON. Edward Blake, M.P. was to have been given a public reception by his Toronto friends on Monday next, but he has written them that his health will not permit. He is troubled with insomnia and nervous prostration.

THE three violent opposition organs are the Sun, Record and Gleaner, controlled by Ezekiel McLeod, M.P., George E. Fenety and J. H. Crocket and all three are spiteful and malignant because in the interests of the country Mr. Blair has felt compelled to discharge them from the public service. Mr. McLeod was attorney general for six months till Mr. Blair's want of confidence motion in 1883 sent him out of office. Mr. Fenety had nothing to say against the government until he was relieved of the office of Queen's printer, and Mr. Crocket, while permitted to pull $4000 or $5000 annually out of the treasury, while his father enjoyed a $2000 income from the same source, could hardly find sufficient complimentary things to say of Mr. Blair and his government.

SOME of the Opposition tickets proposed in York are: (1) Black, Jordan, Bliss and Nealis; (2) McFarlane, Jordan, Pinder and Howe; (3) Jordan, McFarlane, Pinder, Black, McFarlane, Jordan, Pinder, etc.

Mr. Pitts is not counted in and Mr. Allen is not wanted on what the managers would like to make a Conservative ticket.

THE St. John Exhibition, which was formally opened on Tuesday by Governor Fraser, is a great success in all its departments, and the attendance of visitors from all parts of the province and from Nova Scotia is quite satisfactory. The exhibition will remain open until Friday next.

The Municipal Elections.

The biennial municipal elections in York county will be held in contested parishes on Tuesday next, but in several parishes there was no opposition. The returns so far available are as follows:

Maryland, Couns. Nason and Fisher by acclamation.

Kingsclear, Couns. A. E. Cliff and J. C. Murray by acclamation.

McAdam—Couns. Hoyt and Baskin by acclamation.

The candidates in other parishes are:

Prince William—Coun. Graham, Coun. McMullen, Jared Smith and——Porter.

Southampton—Couns. Pinder and Lockhard both retire and the fight is between J. W. Akerley, Timothy Smith and James T. Masten.

Bright—Dr. Morehouse, Coun. McKeen, Frank Bird and James L. Clayton.

Douglas—Coun. W. H. Lawrence, George Seymour and Jacob Estey, Coun. Kinghorn retiring.

Queensbury—Coun. McNally, R. M. Bailey and Fred Knox.

North Lake—Couns. Inch, Cropley and ex-Coun. Saunderson.

There is no news at Sec'y Treas Black's office as to Canterbury, Manners Sutton, Stanley or Dumfries.

A lively fight is in progress in St. Marys between Luther Goodspeed, Spencer Inch, Wm. H. White and Mr. McCallum, of Marysville, with the chances largely in favor of Goodspeed and Inch.

A Wedding at St. Anns.

A large audience gathered at St. Anns church at 10 a.m. Wednesday morning, to witness the wedding of Frank B. Slipp of Lower Woodstock, brother of Mrs. Geo. J. Colter of Keswick, to Miss Sarah M. Brundage, daughter of Ezra Brundage of Oak Point, Kings county. The bride, who is a half-sister of Mrs. S. A. Belyea of this city, was attended by Miss Marley of Kings county, and A. L. Slipp, barrister of this city supported the bridegroom. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Canon Roberts, and the choir rendered the usual music. Mr. and Mrs. Slipp went to St John and Nova Scotia on their wedding trip.

Harvey Station.

SEPT. 25—The long continued drought is now being felt very severely, the pastures are getting dried up and feed for cattle is very scarce. Some difficulty is also being experienced in getting water.

Fires are doing much damage to the green woods in almost all parts of the parish. A fine strip of green woods on the northwest of Bald mountain has been almost totally destroyed this week. Little Settlement is also the scene of much destruction. A large quantity of stacked hay in the meadows near Prince William station is in great danger of being destroyed in spite of all efforts which are being made to prevent it. All this destruction is caused by people carelessly setting fires to clear up land. Parties who do this in a time of drought ought to be dealt with as the law directs.

The parish election, which takes place next Friday, is becoming quite exciting, the old councillors, Mowatt and Thompson, are opposed by Messrs. T. R. Speedy and Thomas Robison; the contest will be very close.

S. B. Hunter has a crew of men engaged loading tanbark for the Boston market. He has several car loads to ship.

There is very little being done in the potato trade this season. Thos. Robinson has bought up one car load for shipment. The price is 55 cts. per bbl. Oats are selling at from 28 to 30 cents.

Mrs. W. G. Chamberlain, who has been very low for some time past from pneumonia, is now slowly recovering.

The sacrament of the Lord's supper was dispensed in the church on Sunday last. Rev. Mr. McLeaan was assisted in the services by Rev. Mr. Ross, of Prince William, who preached a powerful sermon from Matt. 13, 47-50. Quite a number of visitors from Prince William attended the service.

A very pleasant event took place this morning at the residence of Geo. Herbert, when his youngest daughter, Maggie, was married to Mr. Wm. H. Hunter, of Smithfield. Only the nearest relatives of the parties were present. The young couple will reside at Yoho.

BORN.

At the F. C. Baptist parsonage, Fredericton, Sept. 21st, to the wife of Rev. F. C. Hartley, a daughter.

MARRIED.

At St. Ann's church in this city, on the 25th inst., by the Rev. Canon Robers, Frank B. Slipp of Lower Woodstock, to Sarah Matilda, daughter of Ezra Brundage, of Oak Point, Kings Co.

In this city, on the 24th inst., by the Rev. Geo. B. Payson, Timothy E. Tierney of Marysville to Hannah A. Carle of Fredericton.

In this city, on the 25th inst., by the Rev. Geo. B. Payson, Isaac S. Burns of the Military School to Elizabeth Ridland of St. Marys.

At Calais, Me., Sept. 25th, by Rev. A. S. Ladd, David Oliver, of St. George and Miss Emma J. Robbins, of Magundy, York Co.

At the Queen Hotel, St. John, Sept 25th by the Rev. Thomas Allen, William A. Jones of Nashua, New Hampshire, to Martha J. Sinclair of the same place.

At the residence of the bride's parents, Sept. 22nd, by the Rev. T. G. Johnston, William E. Johnstone to Miss Lavinia B., daughter of Joseph Storey, of Doaktown.

DIED.

At McAdam Junction, York Co., on the 23rd inst., Mrs. Thomas Martin of this city.

In this city on the 23rd inst., Christopher Robinson.

At Victoria Hospital in this city on the 23rd inst., Mrs. John Schleyer, aged 39 years.

CHERRY RIPE.

This is made from the juice of sound, ripe cherries, and is only one of the many delicious syrups that we are serving at our Soda Fountain this season. They say we have the best Soda Water in the city. Our drugs are as good as our soda.

C. FRED. CHESTNUT,
APOTHECARY.
2 doors above Barker House,
Queen street, Fredericton.

MADE

LONG BOOTS,

—AT—

Lottimer's Shoe Store.

We Have on Hand a Large Stock of..... Men's Long Boots,

—In—

Cowhide, Kip and Calf.

Also a few Pairs of Men's Driving Boots,

—At—

Lottimer's Shoe Store.

Rhone, the colored porter who pleaded guilty of robbing two passengers on the I. C. R. train from Halifax on Saturday last, as mentioned on our first page, has been sent to Dorchester penitentiary for three years.

The Fredericton Market, Sept. 28, 1895.

Corrected Saturday morning by SAMUEL COOK, Market Clerk.

Butter, per lb.	18 to	20
Honey in comb per lb	00 "	14
Eggs, per doz	13 "	14
Hay, per ton	00 "	9 00
Straw, "	00 "	5 00
Oats, per bush	00 "	35
Potatoes, per bbl,	75 "	80
Turnips " "	00 "	40
Carrots, " bbl.,	00 "	70
Cauliflowers, per head,	06 "	10
Cabbage, " "	05 "	06
Apples, " bbl.,	1 00 "	1 50
Beef, per lb	04 "	05
Lamb, per lb.,	05 "	07
Veal, " "	04 "	05
Mutton "	04 "	06
Chickens, per pair,	40 "	50
Duck, " "	40 "	60
Buckwheat, per cwt	00 "	1 50

Sheriff's Sale.

There will be sold at Public Auction, in front of the County Court House, in the City of Fredericton, County of York, on

Saturday, the 12th day of October,

next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon,

All the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand, either at law or in equity, of James Gibson, in, to, or out of the following described lands and premises, viz.:

The lands and premises mentioned and described in the Deed thereof from Mary Ann Bradley and Thomas Goodspeed, executrix and executor and trustees of and under the last will and testament of the late Amos Arnold, bearing date the nineteenth day of November, A. D. 1889, to the said James Gibson, as follows: The lands and premises described in the deed thereof from Calvin L. Goodspeed and wife to said Amos Arnold, bearing date the first day of March, A.D. 1879, registered in Book L3, page 452 of the York County Records, as

"ALL those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate in the Parish and County and Province aforesaid, the first lot, piece or parcel of land being the largest Island formerly owned by the late Joseph Gilmour, deceased, surrounded by the waters of the Nashwaak River, being a part of the portion of his estate assigned to his daughter, Ann, now deceased, and while living was the wife of Cornelius Arnold, and by the said Cornelius Arnold and Ann, his wife, conveyed to said Amos Arnold by deed bearing date July 10th, A. D. 1840, and therein more particularly described, and by the said Amos Arnold conveyed to the said Calvin L. Goodspeed by deed bearing date the first day of September, A.D. 1865, containing by estimation seven acres, more or less. The second lot, piece or parcel of land being formerly owned by Edward Barrett, and by him and his wife deeded to the said Amos Arnold and by him deeded to the said Calvin Goodspeed by deed bearing date the first day of September, A. D. 1865, and bounded as follows, that is to say: Easterly by the Nashwaak River or that part of it which runs on the western side of the said Island before described; southerly, by lands owned by and in possession of Charles Wade; northerly, by lands owned by the said Charles Wade; westerly, by the rear line of said lot, containing by estimation two hundred acres, more or less. Also, the lands and premises described in the deed thereof from James Gilmour and wife to the said Amos Arnold, dated the twenty-eighth day of March, A.D. 1837, registered in Book S of the York County Records, page 241, as all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of St. Mary's in the County and Province aforesaid, known and distinguished as follows, to-wit: bounded on the west end by the River Nashwaak and by land at present occupied by Rebecca Clark and Edward Barrett, and on the east by the River Nashwaak and land now in possession of Hezekiah Estabrooks, and on the south by the River Nashwaak and partly by land in the possession of the heirs or assigns of the late Nathaniel Price. Also, two small Islands lying and being in the River Nashwaak aforesaid, containing in the whole about eighty acres, more or less, excepting thereout and therefrom that portion of the last described piece or parcel of main land described in the deed thereof, from David Brown and Margaret, his wife, to Thomas Goodspeed, bearing date the twenty-ninth day of May, A. D. 1840, and registered in Book S of the York County Records, page 246, as all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being on the eastern side of the River Nashwaak, in the Parish and County aforesaid, known and described as parts of lots from Number 42 to 48, both inclusive, granted to the late Joseph Gilmour, deceased, bounded southerly by the Nashwaak River; northerly, by land owned by Amos Arnold; westerly, by land owned by Samuel Peters, and easterly by land owned by Thomas Sheales containing thirteen and a half acres, more or less, being the full share or portion of David Brown and Margaret, his wife, of, in and to the real estate of the late Joseph Gilmour, deceased, and excepting also thereout and therefrom all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Saint Marys aforesaid, described as follows, viz.: commencing at the angle where the line on the northwest side of property owned and occupied by Luther Goodspeed, formerly owned by one David Brown and wife, meets the side line of land owned and occupied by the said Luther Goodspeed, and formerly owned by one Samuel Peters, and running along the said line of the said Peters lot, a distance of thirty-two rods; thence at right angles to the said last mentioned line in a north-east direction twenty-five rods; thence at right angles and parallel to the said line of the said Peters lot, a distance of thirty-two rods; thence at right angles a distance of twenty-five rods to the place of beginning, containing five acres more or less. Together with all and singular, the buildings and improvements thereon and appurtenances to the said lands and premises belonging." Also

"All those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being on the eastern side of the Nashwaak river, in the said parish of St. Marys, in the said County of York, the first lot, piece or parcel of land having been deeded by one William Ladds and Margaret his wife to one William W. Manzer and Joseph Manzer, and deeded by the said William W. Manzer to the said Joseph Manzer in the division of their lands, and bounded as follows: On the upper or northern side by lands formerly owned by the late William W. Manzer, and by the other piece of land hereafter described; at the rear or on the east side by Crown lands, on the south side by lands owned by Luther Goodspeed. The front to be bounded by the Nashwaak river. The other piece or parcel of land to commence at a certain cedar stake at the rear of the lot of land formerly owned by the late William W. Manzer and to include all the lands in the said lot from the said stake to the rear line of the grant to Denis Lyman and others, and bounded on the upper or north side by lands owned by Marvin B. Dunphy, on the south or lower side by the lot or piece of land hereinbefore described. The said two lots hereinbefore described and hereby conveyed being all the lands and premises deeded to one Archibald Manzer by Joseph Manzer and wife, by deed dated the thirtieth day of October, A. D., 1874, and registered in the records of the said County of York, in Book C, No. 3, pages 208 and 209. Together with all buildings and improvements thereon or in any wise appertaining. The same having been seized under and by virtue of several executions issued out of the County court of the County of York, and also out of the Supreme court of this Province, at the suits of George Palmer, Joseph C. Risteen, Henry Chestnut, Havelock Coy and others, against the said James Gibson.

A. A. STERL NG,
Sheriff York County

Sheriff's Office, Fredericton, N. B.,
July 10, 1895.

Money to Loan.

$25,000 TO LOAN on approved security, at lowest rates of interest. Apply to

WESLEY VANWART,

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Household Furniture——

Lamps of all kinds
Silver plated ware
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...CARPETS...
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We supply on the Lease System, or for Cash at Lowest Figures.

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CALL AND SEE THE——NICE CLOTHS AT ANDERSON AND B. WALKER'S,

Merchant Tailor, opp. Post Office.

Pants to order, $2.50 to $8.00. Suits to order, $11.00 and upwards.

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We have them—the chairs, not the gentlemen, and many other styles as well. A carload of

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If you want a new carpet this fall, come and see our stock.

You ought to have one of our

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They only cost $3.00.

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OUR

FALL JACKETS

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GOOD GOODS,

At Low Prices is at....

OAK HALL.

See our BLUE SERGE SUITS, All Wool, Only $5.00

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Mixed Cheviots,
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The Largest Stock of FUNERAL FURNISHINGS In the City...

...Also Cabinet Work Made to Order, such as Wardrobes, Bookcases, Office Desks, etc.

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WE have sold the above Refrigerators for several years and we know from observation as well as experience they possess improvements that others do not. Many years of experience in the manufacture warrant us in saying they are superior to any now offered in this or any other market. The cold, dry air circulation is perfect. We have several sizes in stock, together with some Canadian manufacture. Call in and look them over.

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A Patent Tack Puller, a decided improvement. It is superior to the ordinary tack claws. It does better work because it is better adapted to the work. Its work will commend it. Cheap in price at

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