

HOTELS. QUEEN HOTEL, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

THIS HOTEL has been REBUILT AND REPAIRED in the most ATTRACTIVE style. AN EXCELLENT RESTAURANT PARLOR OFFICE and BEAUTIFUL BREAKFAST ROOM on Ground Floor. PERFECT VENTILATION and SEWERAGE throughout. LARGE and AUSTERE BEDROOMS. COMMODIOUS BATH ROOMS and CLOSETS on each floor; and is capable of accommodating ONE HUNDRED GUESTS. It is rapidly growing in popularity, and is today one of the LEADING, as well as the MOST COMFORTABLE HOTELS in the DOMINION. The Table is always supplied with every delicacy available. The Cooking is highly commended, and the Staff of Attendants are ever ready to oblige. There are two of the largest and most conveniently situated LAFRERE ROOMS in Canada, having street entrances and also connecting with Hotel Office. ROOMS and CARRIAGES of every style are to be had at the LAFRERE STABLES of the Proprietor, immediately adjacent to the Hotel. THE "QUEEN" is centrally located, directly opposite to the Steamboat and Office Ferry Landings, and within easy access to the important Buildings, County Registrar's Office and Cathedral. A FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP in CONNECTION.

WILSON & WILSON, Attorneys-at-Law, SOLICITORS and CONVEYANCERS. Offices: Carleton St., East Side. Directly opp. Dr. Coulthart's Office. Accounts Collected and Loans Negotiated. WILLIAM WILSON, M. P. P. GEO. L. WILSON.

H. B. RAINSFORD, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC. Clerk of the Peace and Division Registrar, East Coast. Loans Negotiated. Office: Lower East of County Court House. Fredericton Nov. 16th, 1891. Geo. A. Hughes, B.A. Jno. W. Wetmore, B.A.

HUGHES & WETMORE, Attorneys and Solicitors, NOTARIES, CONVEYANCERS, &c. OFFICES: WILLY BUILDING, Opp. Normal School, Queen St. Fredericton, N. B.

WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH, MASON, Plasterer, - and - Bricklayer, SHORE ST., NEAR GAS WORKS, FREDERICTON, N. B.

WORKMANSHIP first-class. Prices satisfactory. RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY ATLANTIC DIVISION. ALL TO BOSTON, &c. RAIL THE SHORT LINE TO MONTREAL, &c. ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS In Effect Oct. 3rd 1892.

LEAVE FREDERICTON. EASTERN STANDARD TIME. 6.15 A. M.—Express for St. John and Intermediate points: Vancouver, Barrow, Portland, Boston, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Halifax, Woodstock, and Pointe Fort. 10.30 A. M.—For Fredericton Junction, St. John and Pointe Fort. 2.05 P. M.—For Fredericton Junction, St. John, &c.

RETURNING TO FREDERICTON FROM St. John, 6.25, 8.00 a.m., 4.40 p.m. Fredericton Junction, 8.15 a.m., 11.35, 6.25 p.m. McAdam Junction, 10.40 a.m., 2.50 p.m. Vancouver, 10.10 a.m., 2.15 p.m. St. Stephen, 7.45, 10.00 a.m. St. Andrews, 7.10 a.m. Arriving in Fredericton at 9.15 a.m., 1.15, 7.10 p.m.

LEAVE GIBSON. 4.00 P. M.—Mixed from Woodstock, and Pointe Fort. ARRIVE AT GIBSON. D. McNICOLL, C. B. McPHERSON, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. John's, N. B. MONTRÉAL.

W. E. SEERY, Merchant Tailor, Has just received a splendid new stock of CLOTHS AND TWEEDS, SPRING OVERCOATING, Suits, and Trousers, Which he is prepared to MAKE UP in the LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES AT MODERATE PRICES.

W. E. SEERY, WILMOT'S AVE.

HEALTH FOR ALL! HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

THE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD, correct all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys and Bowels. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the Aged they are preferable. THE OINTMENT Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous in Gonorrhoea and Rheumatism. For Disorders of the Chest it has no equal. FOR SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases, it has no rival; and for Contracted and Stiff Joints it acts like a charm. Manufactured only at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment, 78, NEW OXFORD STREET, LONDON E.C. 4, 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON. And sold at 14, 24, 34, 44, 54, 64, 74, 84, 94, 104, 114, 124, 134, 144, 154, 164, 174, 184, 194, 204, 214, 224, 234, 244, 254, 264, 274, 284, 294, 304, 314, 324, 334, 344, 354, 364, 374, 384, 394, 404, 414, 424, 434, 444, 454, 464, 474, 484, 494, 504, 514, 524, 534, 544, 554, 564, 574, 584, 594, 604, 614, 624, 634, 644, 654, 664, 674, 684, 694, 704, 714, 724, 734, 744, 754, 764, 774, 784, 794, 804, 814, 824, 834, 844, 854, 864, 874, 884, 894, 904, 914, 924, 934, 944, 954, 964, 974, 984, 994, 1004.

STEAMSHIPS. ALLAN LINE. Liverpool, Quebec and Montreal Mail Service, 1892, Calling at London and Kingston. From Liverpool, Steamship, Montreal, Quebec. Oct. 15 - RARDINIAN... Oct. 29 Oct. 30. 17 - FARRIAN... Nov. 4 Nov. 5. 27 - FARRIAN... Nov. 19 Nov. 20. 37 - CERCANIAN... Nov. 29 Nov. 30. Last sailing of the season.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. UNLIKE ANY OTHER. Originated by an Old Family Physician. Think of It. Years and still holds the name. Every Traveller should have a bottle in his valise. Every Mother should have a bottle in her chamber. Every Man should have a bottle in his pocket. Every Woman should have a bottle in her dressing case. Every Child should have a bottle in its toy chest. Every Soldier should have a bottle in his knapsack. Every Sailor should have a bottle in his chest. Every Farmer should have a bottle in his tool chest. Every Traveller should have a bottle in his valise. Every Mother should have a bottle in her chamber. Every Man should have a bottle in his pocket. Every Woman should have a bottle in her dressing case. Every Child should have a bottle in its toy chest. Every Soldier should have a bottle in his knapsack. Every Sailor should have a bottle in his chest. Every Farmer should have a bottle in his tool chest.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP. Rich in the long-healing virtues of the Pine combined with the soothing and expectorant properties of other potent herbs and bark. A PERFECT CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS. Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Croup and all THROAT, BRONCHITIS and LUNG DISEASES. Coughs which resist other remedies yield promptly to this pleasant syrup.

CAUTION. EACH PUFF OF THE Myrtle Spray IS MARKED T. & B. IN BRONZE LETTERS. NONE OTHER GENUINE. GILLET'S PURE POWDERED LYE. PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST. Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Bleaching, Dyeing, and all household purposes. Sold by all Grocers and Druggists. W. W. GILLET, Toronto.

FREDERICTON JUNCTION. Nov. 3.—The store in this place formerly run by Nason & Noble is now under the proprietorship of Messrs. Nason, who are having dissolved partnership by mutual agreement. Mr. Nason has refitted his store, and as he is very obliging and reasonable in his prices, he is very much liked by the people. George Hoyt of this place, started for Boston Sunday night. He was one of our school trustees, and he was in the habit of visiting the school quite frequently; the pupils as well as teachers will miss him very much.

ADAMS BROS. FUNERAL AND— FURNISHING - UNDERTAKERS, OPP. QUEEN HOTEL, FREDERICTON. Caaskets, Coffins, Robes, Mountings, &c. and everything required in the Undertaking Business kept in stock. Special Prices for Country Orders.

ADAMS BROS. Freehold Property for Sale. VALUABLE property at St. Mary's, known as the John McCOY property, at present occupied by H. Edgar and John Taylor, consisting of a block of land fronting on the main street leading from the old ferry landing and extending back to Jeffrey street, with hotel, shop, the building known as the building, occupying a portion occupied by the building, and a valuable one for any business. For terms and particulars enquire of the undersigned, or of A. S. Murray, Fredericton. JOHN McCOY, 41 Waterloo Street, St. John. April 2nd, 1891-4.

HOEGG'S CORN SYRUP. English spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ring bone, swellings, stiffness, sprains, and swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save \$20 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Warranted by Davies, Staples & Co.

HOEGG'S GOLDEN SYRUP. English spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ring bone, swellings, stiffness, sprains, and swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save \$20 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Warranted by Davies, Staples & Co.

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FARM AND FRESIDE. Timely Hints Useful to the Farmer and His Household.

It is better to save animal heat than to generate it extra. Stock ought to have its choice, to remain in doors or to go out. Packing in salt and storing in a cool place is the cheapest way of keeping eggs. Foul drains, cess pools, stagnant pools near the house are better friends of the doctor than of the family. A letter received at Ottawa from a Manchester, England, says that is a steadily increasing demand there for Canadian butter. By growing average crops a farmer can keep just about even with the world. By growing just a little better ones he may begin to get ahead. Give the boy all the hard jobs and the chores that you don't want to do yourself if you want him to leave the farm. It is a pretty sure way to accomplish this. The result of work done at experiment stations should be taken as a suggestion for further individual trial on the farm rather than as a final settlement of the matter in hand. Gentleness in a cow implies a well balanced nervous system. A brutal manner never possesses a quiet beast long. He soon changes her disposition and her value for the farmer. Every really good farmer is a scientific farmer. He may not know it, but he applies scientific principles to his work, and his neighbors point to him as a successful, common-sense farmer. If you get the hens to lay well from November to March, you will find plenty of satisfaction in the egg business. A well housed, good ventilated, plenty of sunshine and good food are fine preservatives for this. The wear of farm machinery is first from exposure to weather, and second from lack of proper attention. If kept in good order, and the farmer himself will last longer and be more effective while he works for himself. A man may over-reach himself in making close bargains with the people who work for him. The farmer who says a dollar more per acre than his neighbors always has the pick and gets the best that the better man can do. There are some things worth more than money in this world, and one of them is honesty and integrity of character. An upright farmer, whose word is as good as gold, and his character is of the most material aid to him in every walk of life. A farmer once asked his local paper the question: "How can I secure the best market for my butter?" He received the following reply: "Make butter that is better than that is made by your neighbors and the market will soon come to you so fast that you can't beat it with a club, or keep it off with an umbrella." It will be too late to think next spring about having a good garden. Fall is the time to begin to make sure that it will be what it should be. Manure the land now, plow it just before frost locks it up for winter, and put another dressing on in spring. The best treatment will be in every part of the year. Lard is no longer the prime factor in estimating the value of a fat hog. Medium sized porkers with plenty of lean, and are now most in demand. Hogs, such as used to be fattened until they were too weak to get up and eat, cannot make healthful pork, and as lard no longer brings a much better price than estate meat, there is no reason for thus fattening them. The first thing to be done to restore an orchard to productiveness after it has ceased bearing, is to manure heavily. This is best done in the fall. Let it lie on the surface all the winter, and in spring plow lightly, just enough to give a coating of soil to the manure. Cultivate without cropping the next season, and by fall the trees will be filled with fruit buds. If too much growth is being made, pinch back the leading shoots.

MERCER'S TRIUMPH. He is Made the Subject of a Great Oration. QUEBEC, Nov. 4.—In the Mercier trial when the arguments of counsel were concluded the judge charged the jury. He said there was no possibility of their having been any conspiracy to defend the province of \$60,000. What the jury had to decide was whether or not there was a combination between Mercier and Pacaud to defraud the Caisse d'Economie. The jury retired, and in ten minutes returned with a verdict of not guilty. Mercier, on the announcement of the verdict, became pale. His lawyers and friends pressed around him shaking his hands and showing congratulations upon him. Outside in the corridors hurrahs for the ex-premier rent the air, while the thousands of persons assembled in the streets before the court house shouted at the top of their voices. When Mercier appeared four burly fellows hoisted him upon their shoulders, and the crowd forming in procession proceeded along St. Louis street shouting "Hurray for Mercier." "Down with the judges." "Down with the provincial excursions," and other fervent cries. Mercier retired at F. X. Lemieux's residence, but the noise was kept up, however, until he appeared at a window and made a speech in which he thanked the people, and said: "The prosecution I was subjected to originated at Spencerwood, the residence of the lieutenant-governor of Quebec, and was continued by men unworthy of the high position they occupy; but thank God that the great voice of the people has spoken and I am still a free man. I am glad to return to my friends, the friends whom I have known in my trouble and who have adhered to me. The first blow has been struck and it will be heard at Spencerwood. My enemies took my fortune and all I had, except my liberty and my sacred honor, but they could not deprive me of that." QUEBEC, Nov. 5.—The members of the provincial national party are jubilant over the result of the Mercier trial. Mercier will be launched upon a second political career by a great demonstration in St. Roch's suburbs to-night. His friends are particularly pleased that the judge in his charge to the jury pointed out that the count in the indictment charging Mercier with conspiracy to defraud the government could not be considered by them, as there was no proof supporting them. The only count they could consider was that of conspiracy to defraud the bank which cashed the letters of credit. Judge Wurtzel's decision on the points of law in every case are directly opposed to decisions on the same points by Judge Chauveau during the preliminary investigation.

DIDN'T CARE A RAP. But the Old Spirit Worked in Both of Them. "Are you going to take much interest in politics this year?" "No, I don't think I shall." "That's my case. I don't care a rap who's elected." "Neither do I. I don't think I shall care who takes the trouble to vote." "Does it make any difference to you?" "First-class. I'll be satisfied with either of 'em." "So'll I. Perhaps, if I have a choice, it is—" "Harrison, eh?" "No, I was going to say Cleveland." "Um—I rather lean the other way." "Oh, as I said, I don't much care. Still Cleveland's a pretty good man." "Yes, he is, and so's Harrison." "But Harrison's made a very fair—" "Didn't touch Grover's record." "Oh, you're mistaken! Why Harrison—" "There's no comparison. Cleveland is the man for me." "I'll back Harrison every time." "You'll get left if you do!" "Who'll get left?" "You will, and so'll Harrison. He won't be in it." "Oh, he won't be? Just you wait and see, you'll beat him." "Can't wait! You wait till November. He won't know what's struck him. Grover's as good as inaugurated." "As near as he ever will be; he can't carry New York." "Harrison?" "Bet you money he can!" "I'll bet you!" "Gover'll carry it by 50,000!" "Bah, you don't know what you're talking about!" "You make me tired!" "You talk like a fool!" "You are!" "Take that back, you infernal idiot!" "I won't!" "I won't!" "I'll bet you!" "Then take that!" "Ouch! Take that!" "Thud!" "Whack!" "Whack!" "And when the patrol wagon arrived on the scene of action, the officer in charge found two men who 'took no interest in politics' in each other's embrace.

ELOPED WITH HER UNCLE. TORONTO, Nov. 5.—Pretty fifteen-year-old Carrie Pearson, of Minden, Mich., eloped with her sixty-year-old uncle, Herbert Hoskin. For weeks past her parents suspected that the affection between the two was not natural and had planned to send Carrie to boarding school next week. She heard of the plan, and the two lovers at once decided to run away. They came to Toronto and put up at the St. James hotel, where they were found by William Pearson, another uncle of the girl, yesterday. The old gentleman produced a marriage certificate showing that they had been married in London, Oct. Thursday and the pursuer decided to abandon the idea of having Herbert Hoskin arrested for abduction. The trio returned to Michigan on the C. P. R. express last evening. English spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ring bone, swellings, stiffness, sprains, and swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save \$20 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Warranted by Davies, Staples & Co.

CONFESSIONS OF A SPY. How Le Caron was Brought to Ottawa as a Fenian Subject. Le Caron, in his book, "The Secrets of a Spy," gives an interesting account of a visit to Ottawa under decidedly unpleasant circumstances. He was on his way to the capital when he was arrested at Cornwall by the mayor on suspicion of being a Fenian. He tells the story: "I had no luggage save a handbag, yet I had with me documents that would reveal everything if made public. My position was dangerous—distinctly dangerous. The prospect before me was that of disclosure and imprisonment among a strange people, where I had no friend. Prompt action was called for, and so I asked the mayor for a few minutes' private conversation. Suspicious, and yet curious, he brought me into the ticket office, where we were left alone. Here I told him the exact situation. It was true, I told him, that I was a Fenian, but also a government agent. I was even then on my way to Ottawa to see Judge McMillen. To do so, however, would mean serious difficulty for the government. Let him send me on to Ottawa under guard, if he liked, and then he would prove my statements true UNDER MILITARY ESCORT. "My manner must have impressed him, for he deemed it wise to question me and send me on by the same train in which I had been travelling (which had not yet gone, all this occupying but a few minutes), under the escort of a lieutenant who, with his Canadian regiment was then returning from the scene of the invasion. The lieutenant was a Fenian, and I quickly spread among my fellow-passengers, and travelled before me on the route, and the reception I met with along my journey was most disagreeable. For safety's sake, the lieutenant transferred me to the care of a sergeant of the same regiment, and the carriage in which we travelled was the sole point of attraction in the train. Crowding round the carriage, the infuriated Canadians would hiss and hoot me, while their cries of "HANG HIM! LYNCH HIM!" gave me a very uncomfortable idea of what would happen to me if left alone among them. When, eventually, we arrived at Ottawa, I found my telegram to Judge McMillen had brought his representative to the station, and by him, myself and my guards were immediately conveyed to the police office, where the commission was awaiting me. Pretty certain of my safety now, I was quick to prepare to smile, and really did laugh when brought into the presence of my friend the judge. Not so, however, when he heard the details of my capture, received possession of my money, and a formal receipt for my custody. Armed with this, my guardians left, and the old man's genial, kindly nature asserted itself. By his instructions, I remained in his office till nightfall, when, in a cab under cover of the darkness, I accompanied him to the club to take up my quarters there for the night. In the club the Fenian prisoner of a few hours previously was made a most welcome guest, and had an exceedingly pleasant evening. Some of the officers who crowded the club some after their return from Franklin, I found myself quite the hero of the hour, and had most interesting chats over the experiences of the raid on both sides of the fight." DOCTORS DIFFER. ANNOVER, Nov. 6.—The principal facts in connection with the Scott and Kelly case are as follows: A fight occurred between Havelock Kelly and Walter Scott, both of Anover, on the evening of November day, 10th October, in Kelly's harness shop. There were a few others in the shop at the same time and most had been drinking. Kelly gave the first blow on the forehead, but he refused to go, and in order to make them he grasped a hammer and began striking with it. Scott interfered and struck a slight blow on the back of the head with the hammer. The two then clenched and tumbled over, and the first witness examined and testified that he saw Kelly coming under striking the back of his head quite forcibly on the floor. Kelly held him down for fifteen minutes. After coming to their feet they again clenched and this time Kelly was forcibly struck through the forehead by the hammer. Kelly's left hand was raised and he scratched his forehead with the broken glass. This ended the fight. The next evening the wrist began to swell and get painful. Blood poisoning had set in, and in a week the man was unable to get up. A fight occurred before Justice Cameron on Sunday, the day after the man's death. The following jury were empanelled: T. P. Waite, C. L. B. Miles, W. Watson, H. Tibbets, E. Hoyt, G. Bell and F. Brown. Dr. Welling was the first witness examined, and testified that he had examined the body and that he had seen blood poisoning originating from the scratch in the arm; that there were no indications of brain injury. Herbert Turner, about the only other man in the shop at the time of the fight, was the next witness. He testified that he saw the man in the case given above. Dr. Janeway of New York, who was called in consultation two days before Scott's death was not so sure of the cause of death, and gave the impression that his idea was that there must be some other cause of death besides that which started at the wrist. The verdict was death from blood poisoning, and that blood had been received on the head from a hammer in the hands of Kelly. Kelly was arrested and gave bail to appear before Police Magistrate McQuarrie on the following Thursday. No new facts were shown at the trial, excepting that Dr. Janeway was still more pronounced in his belief that the blow on the head had caused the death than was thought. The body was raised on Saturday night and an examination of the brain made by Dr. Boone of Presque Isle. He found no injury that might be caused from a blow. There was some evidence that the scalp had been injured at the back of the head, which might, in his opinion, have been caused by the head when it came in contact with the floor. Kelly is bound over to appear at the next sitting of the county court. INDIGESTION CURED. Gentlemen—I was thoroughly cured of indigestion by using only three bottles of B. B. B., and truthfully recommend it to all suffering from the same malady. Mrs. DAVISON, Winnipeg, Man.

I LOVED MY OLD WIFE. Another Phase of Married Life.

There was a dead silence at The Orchard Farm, near Alton, when Tom Morrison announced to his mother and sisters that he was going to marry Christina Cram—she was generally called Kirsty Cram. There was nothing about the woman but her age. She was good enough looking (for her age); she was a splendid housewife, having done for her brother George for twenty years. But Tom was twenty-five and Kirsty just twenty-two years older! Mrs. Morrison and she had attended the same day-school, and afterwards the same finishing classes in Edinburgh. A man may not marry his mother; I believe the law also extends to his grandparents; but there is no law, canonical or civil, against joining your fortunes to your mother's friend and contemporary. Miss Cram had nursed Johnnie and had given him "sweeties." She had often stayed at The Orchard in times of sickness or gaiety. The children looked upon her as an aunt. But lately she stayed at her own place, The Whins. Tom often went over to see her, when he could get away from the farm, and she and her girls were invited to be thrown in his way. None of them fell in love with Tom. You land it is not always the absurd that occurs in life. When they next met it was at Tullibody fair. Tom on his big half-bred, Kirsty on her Scotch pony, and Tom stammered "Good-day." Kirsty blushed like a girl. Think of the ages! Tom twenty-five, Kirsty forty-seven. I have seen heaps of love at forty-seven, but up to Christina's date always on the male side. Absurd or not, they were married. Tom left The Orchard to his mother. Kirsty did the same with The Whins, George from the Big Stone, her own brother, becoming the tenant. Then they came to Australia. Many mistakes were made by waiters, stewards, fellow-passengers, and others. But Tom never laughed or got angry when his wife was called his sister, aunt, or mother. The quiet dignity of Mrs. Morrison stopped the babblers who began to praise her handsome son. At Melbourne trouble came. They stopped at a private place whilst Tom looked for a farm to buy or rent. Why, oh why, do people not mind their own business? In the office of the agent a snob who had come out with them was relating with glee how "a young man married to a hag of sixty had been in the saloon with him. Married her for her money; old enough to be his grandmother, thrown away for life; and his name is Morrison." But that was the last word the man ever spoke. A lucky or unlucky blow from behind his ear had stopped his gossip, snuffed his clapper and ended his chatter for ever. The great criminal lawyer could not talk Tom off. The evidence of the blow was clear, though the provocation was immense. The jury disagreed. At the club at the "third time of asking" the verdict was: "Guilty of manslaughter with a strong recommendation to mercy." Oh! was judge! Oh! just judge! Merciful chances and happy fortune! A man on the bench to save a man! The sentence was so light as to be nominal, but the shock killed Mrs. Morrison. She is buried with the other Morrisons in Tullibody churchyard, a resting-place where curious epitaphs and stones depict the antiquary. In the old church, disused since the hideous barn was built close by for a new service, in that old building is a tablet with strange legends: "C. M." and beneath these initials, "I loved my old wife."—Liverpool Weekly Telegraph.

STARVATION IN MEXICO. The condition of the poorer classes of Zaltaco, Mex., is extremely critical on account of the lack of food. The streets are filled with beggars of every age and description. The government is doing good work in relieving the suffering, but there are several thousand famine stricken people not within reach of this assistance and they are actually starving. A number of free eating houses have been established but the capacity of such places is limited. Instead of free distribution of corn being made among the famine stricken people there is as being done in other cities of the republic the grain is sold at a reducing price and as those in need are without money to buy they must go without. Many of the poorer people have fled to the mountains where they are living on the prickly pear, maguey plant, and mesquite bean. CHASED BY SNAKES. An engineer corps making a survey on the Second mountain near Loberrey, were compelled to flee in great haste, owing to the rapid advance upon them of the mountain fiend, which came from three directions. An army of snakes, driven from their lairs by the intense heat, also advanced upon the surveyors without warning. Picking up their instruments, the men fled down the mountain, followed by the snakes. It is believed that there were thousands of the reptiles and strange scenes were witnessed as black snakes and rattlesnake came together in mortal combat. DOUBLY COMMENDED. Sirs—I had a very bad cold and was cured by two bottles of Haygarth's Pectoral Balsam. I cannot do enough to praise it. Mrs. W. C. H. PRUZY, Sea Gull, Ont. Dear Sirs—I can highly recommend Haygarth's Pectoral Balsam as the best remedy for coughs and colds I have ever used. Mrs. F. STEPHENSON, Oakland, Ont. How on earth did Jones get his little of cold? He was never in the way. I know it, but he voted six times at the last election. Oh, stop that toothache! Johnson's Anodyne Liniment will relieve any severe pain promptly.

CASTLE SCHEDULED. A Severe Blow to an Important Trade.

The board of agriculture, of London Eng., has issued an order prohibiting the free importation of Canadian cattle. Henceforth Canadian cattle must be slaughtered at the ports at which they are landed. The Montreal Star has the following special cable from London regarding the scheduling of Canadian cattle: The worst fears of the friends of the important Canadian cattle trade have been realized and Canadian cattle have been scheduled. In other words, the privilege allowed to Canadian cattle of being permitted to land and graze on British pastures has been cancelled, and in future Canadian cattle, immediately on arrival, will be slaughtered in the byres at the sea ports, as are all the cattle imported into Britain from the United States and other countries. An influential deputation, representing all the leading Councils of Agriculture throughout the country, headed by the Duke of Westminster, waited upon Mr. Gardner, Chairman of the Board of Agriculture, and urged that the exportation of Canadian cattle on the present conditions be stopped. The recent suspected case of pleuro-pneumonia in imported Canadian cattle were made the theme of the principal argument, and in addition it was claimed that there is a great risk of cattle disease reaching Great Britain through Canada not enforcing sufficiently rigid regulations against the admission of American cattle into the Dominion. Mr. Gardner, in reply to the deputation, said that after a most anxious enquiry and a very careful consideration of the question in all its bearings, the board of agriculture had concluded that the facts of the recent outbreak among Canadian cattle was inconsistent with the reasonable security contemplated by the law, which exempted Canadian cattle from the provisions of the quarantine laws. In consequence of this decision, the board felt that it had absolutely no alternative but to withdraw the privilege of the importation of stockers or grazing cattle from Canada. "Indeed," Mr. Gardner continued, "the order to that effect has already been signed." The news had caused great excitement among Canadian live stock exporters, who declare that it will be a bad blow to the trade, which was one of the most profitable in the Canadian list of exports. A large portion of the Canadian cattle sent to England are stockers, who are fed on British pastures, and realize a large volume. Nearly 3000 head of these cattle are now on their way from Montreal to England, and if the government's decision is put into force they will be almost a total loss, as the only thing of any value about them will be their hides. The Canadian government sent strong representations to England that no pleuro-pneumonia existed in Canada, but these were without avail. WOODCOCK, Ont., November 7.—The cattle dealers in this section are not displeased to view with alarm the recent action of the British board of agriculture in scheduling Canadian live stock. The order came at an opportune time, when nearly all the stockers, especially in western Ontario, have been shipped, and should be receding before the trade of next spring sets in. This is the view of many exporters in this section. John McCulloch, a well-known dealer, stated that he believed the scheduling of Canadian cattle would realize a benefit rather than a loss to the farmers of the Dominion, provided they made a proper application of the lesson. It was a great mistake for them to go so extremely into the raising of stockers. A farmer will sell a stocker for \$25 or \$30, while fat calves are worth from \$5 to \$55 a head. These stockers are fattened in Scotland, the dealer there making one pound in five on his investment. If the Canadian farmers would feed their own stock they would double their money, thereby not only benefiting themselves, but also a great deal more money in the country. He had no doubt if the farmers raised less stock and had the stock fat it would be far more profitable. This view of the situation is generally endorsed here.

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