POULTRY YARD

We Want Eggs This Winter (Continued From Last Week)

5. No matter how well we can quality in the foregoing points, let our pullets be from a good laying strain, and healthy stock, hat-hed at the right time and kept growing and vigorous. If they are not kept healthy after they go in to winter-quarters, they are not likely to produce many eggs during the cold months. It, this country, where winters are long and severe, it requires attention to keep mullet how were he for mullet. If they mullet how were he for mullet in the contract of the c 5. No matter how well we can qual-

hens in the best of health. If the pullets, however, have gone into their winter quarters in a good thrifty con-dition, the poultryman, under ordin-ary conditions, should keep them so. Plenty of fresh air and exercise during the day, with comfortable, well-ventilated quarters to roost in at night, are no small 'actors in contin-uing the healthy condition of the lay-ing pullets throughout the winter. So-called exp-producine food; of a

So-called egg-producing food, of a stimulating nature, may have their place in some flocks, but I would prefer not to be obliged to depend on them. The same may also be said of hot mashes—especially where hens

of hot mashes—especially where hens are housed in cold quarters. Neither of these are necessary to health, and, in fact, are usually detrimental. 6. Just what is the ideal food for laying hens. I am not prepared to say. This is where the judgment of the feeder must come in. We hear a good deal about "balaneed rations" for our laying hens—in fact some writers make it so complicated that writers make it so complicated that no person but a chemist can understand what to feed. Den't let such writers scare you. The easiest way out of the difficulty is: Let the hen balance her own rations. Give her a variety of good, wholesome, clean food and you may have no doubt the hen will make a wise choice.

the hen will make a wise choice.

In the artificial conditions in hens are placed during the months, it is, of course, necessis of a supply certain elements in the food-if or instance; the grit, the lime in the oyster-shell, the animal food in the beed-scrap, or milk, the green food in the vegetables. Keep up the appetite of the hen by giving her this variety of the henself of the henself of the henself or much be afraid of giving her too much a suring her too much the second of the henself or much the second of the henself or much the second of the henself of the second of the s a laying hen

SYSTEM OF FEEDING

The system of feeding is, to a certain extent, important. There are so many systems, however, that one need not be at a loss to find a method, need not be at a loss to find a method, or a combination of methods which suit conditions. The method used at Macdonald College is a corebination of the hopper system and feeding in the litter. In the hopper is placed dry bran, which insures a regular supply of food to the hens at all times. I do not like to see a hen going to bed hungry—especially on cold ni_chts her crup should be full. She then can the better stand the low temperature. This hopper, as well as a small hopper containing grit, oyster-shell and beef-scrap, is

Black Watch

Chewing Tobacco

The big black plug.

accessible at all times. Once a day, between two and three o'clock in the afternoon, a liberal allowance of mixed grain is thrown into the litter. The hens scratch for this, fill up their the contract of th crops before retiring, and, when morning comes, there is still sufficient grain left in the straw to keep them scratching until the next feed m the afternoon.

The advantages of this system are The advantages or this system are two-fold. The grain in the litter en-courages the fowl to exercise, which is very essential, and, as they prefer the whole grain to the bran, they will scratch in the litter as long as there is any grain left. Should the supply be exhausted before they are fed again, they go to the hopper, and need never be very hungry.

The quantity we feed to each hen

Some hens eat more than Hens eat more some days varies. others. Hens eat more some days than they do others. The only stand-ard we have is the standard of the hens's capacity. We like to keep a lit-tle grain in the litter, so that if a hen the grain in the litter, of that if a hen is hungry she is not discouraged by scratching and not getting anything. On the other hand, if there is too much left in the litter, she gets it too much pert in the litter, she gets it too easily, fills up too quickly and does not require to work for it. Let h r have then all that she will scratch for, and, when she gets too lazy to scratch for her living, reduce her rations.—F. C. E.

A Proper House

If we want eggs in the winter time, and have the stock and the feed, it is also necessary to have a proper house. By a proper house, I mean (a) a house in the first place that is dry. Damp houses never hold healthy stock. (b) A house with plenty of ventila-tion but without drafts. During the day the house should be opened up, a that the hens, while they are ratching in the litter, enjoy an amosphere as fresh as out-doors. (c)

Don't put on double-windows in the hope of reducing the dampness in the house. It but adds to the humidity. Open up the windows, give the house a chance to become pure, and, no matter how cold the house is, if the air is pure and dry, the hens will not

At night, especially in the extrem cold, have a curtain to drop down be-fore the roosts to give them an extra cover. (d) The house need not be expensive. A cheap house need not be ex-pensive. A cheap house, simply con-structed, so that it will be easily cleaned, without drafts, gives the best results.—F. C. E.

Annual Meetings at Winter Fair

All meetings, unless otherwise spec-fied, will be held in the northwest All meesings, alliess valet are short was fined, will be held in the northwest wing of the City Hall, Guelph, (upstairs), opposite the council chamber.

Western Ontario Poultry Association.—Thursday, December 10th, at 1:30 p.m.

American Leicester Breeders' Association.—Tuesday, December 8th, at

Orpington Club of Canada.-Wednesday, December 9th, at 10 a.m. Canadian Barred Plymouth Rock Club.—Wednesday, December 9th, at 1:30 p.m.

130 p.m. Canadian Game and Game Bantam Association.—Queen's Hotel, Guelph, Wednesday, December 9th, at 2 p.m. Canadian White Plymouth Rock Club.—Wednesday, December 9th, at 3:30 p.m.

3:30 p.m.
Canadian White Wyandotte Club.—
Thursday, December 10th, at 10 a.m.
Turkey and Waterfowl Club of Canada.—City Hall (Main Hall), Guelph.
Thursday, December 10th, at 10 a.m.

Three Don'ts For Turkey Breeders

In my eight years of turkey raising,

we find there are three dont's we must observe. These are:
First.—Don't over-feed the parent stock, or the little ones.

If the breeders are too fat, they will not lay nearly so many eggs and the eggs are ap: to have rough or soft shells. An over-fat hen will likely break her eggs when sitting. If we over-feed the little ones, it spoils their digestion and causes bowel trouble. Second .- Don't inbreed.

Second.—Don't inbreed.
We always introduce new blood
into our flock at least every two years,
and sell all the pullets the first year.
In this way our birds are not related,
and we never have any little, puny
turkeys, as there are sure to be if we
carry the lines too close.
Third.—Don't allow lice or mites in

the flock.

Commence fighting them when you set the hen. Dust her well with insect powder. When she is done hatching, I grease her back with lard and sulphur. When the little ones are three days old, I clust them, and I am particular to get the powder among their little wing quills on the outside of the wings, as the quill liee, as we call then, are the first to make their appearance.—The Shandard.

Indigestion in Turkeys

What can I do for indigestion in tur-keys?-Mrs. Leigh, Richmond Co., Que. Give a dose of epsom salts, two tea-spoonfuls to a grown bird. Give in water, or mash, or spoon fed directly into the mouth.—F. C. E.

Sitting Incubator Now

Do you thing that " would pay me to start my incubator now so as to have early chicks to sell as broilers?—D. H., Hastings Co.,

No. Unless you have a good brooder house and even then it may be doubtful.—F. C. E.

Short Courses in Poultry Where are short poultry courses given that one could attend this winter?

You might write Agricultural Col-lege, Guelph, Ont.; Macdonald Col-lege, Quebec; Agricultural College, Truro, N. S. I am not sure whether or not the Winnipeg College offers one.—F. C. E.

A New Poultry Paper.—We have re-ceived the first copy of "The Standard, of the Poultry World Bi-weekly," printed at Quincy, III. The first appecrance types promise of an up-to-date poultry satisfaction. Try and win one.

paper, made up in the neat, attractive style characteristic of the editor, Mr. Frank C. Hare, first chief of the poul-try division at Ottawa. Mr. Fare will be remembered by many, and he has the best wishes of his Canadian friends.—F. C. E.

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