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not return to the foul brood colony, but go into the new hive. Mr. Baldrige uses that and says it is always successful. I have used it in several instances and have found it successful. There are other cases where some of them are rather weak. There may be a considerable number, and you may want to cure them by the shaking method. Provide your hives for as many colonies as you desire to make out of the diseased ones, which will generally be somewhat less than the number which have the disease, because a good many of them, unless in a very favorable time of the year and early, will not be sufficiently strong to build up into a good colony. You want to make the new colony sufficiently strong to build-up. You select from these diseased colonies one or two colonies, if your brood is worth anything, upon which to put the brood that you take from the rest of the diseased colonies. Then you shake off the bees into new hives, taking such colonies as you think will do best and setting the brood from which you have taken the bees upon one or two of these diseased colonies and allowing it to remain there a week or two, so that a good deal of the brood, the healthy brood, in these diseased colonies will be saved.

Now, I think these methods, with an intelligent understanding of the dangers of handling the disease and of the danger of weak colonies being robbed, will be sufficient, and those colonies upon which the foul brood has been put, of course, will be treated in a week or two afterwards the same as the previous ones were treated.

Mr. Holtermann—Would you cage the queen in these colonies that you put the brood on?

Mr. Taylor—I would shut her below. I have never caged her, but I confine her one part of the hive.

Mr. Moore—What would you do with the combs?

Mr. Taylor—If I had conveniences for

taking care of the combs so that I could be perfectly sure they could be cared for without the bees getting at them, I would boil them up and get the wax out of them. But if I had a colony that had been cleaned of foul brood and I discovered an infected comb or two, the best course would be to burn them right up. Burn them or bury them unless you have conveniences in which you can take care of the combs securely. There is where the danger comes.

Mr. Holtermann—If you had one hundred colonies, would you do that?

Mr. Taylor—It would depend on the man. A good careful man could save his bees and save the wax in the combs. If he was not a careful man he had better burn them up.

Mr. Lewis—Mr. Taylor says put the diseased brood over a queen-excluder. Now, I have tried that with four hives and have had two of them block up the escape so that the bees above smothered to death.

Mr. Holtermann—Were there many drones in your brood?

Mr. Lewis—No, it wasn't from that cause.

The President—Did you use a bee-escape?

Mr. Lewis—Yes, a regular bee-escape. That seemed to be all filled up with cappings and then the bees had crowded in and blocked it right up so that it was just solid and the bees were dead. Now, take a good clean comb that never had foul brood in it, but that had honey from a foul brood hive below, and above a bee-escape. I had one hive of that kind, and I wanted to save that comb badly. How I could get the honey out that remained in those combs after extracting was a problem. I saw that every cell was uncapped on both sides of the card; it was about two-thirds full above when I discovered the old hive was full of foul brood. So I took them one by one and I soused each card up and down in water, turning it over and throwing