in U.K.;

Re Summoning of Parliament (See Memo. by Mr. Edwards,

Deputy Minister of Justice).

In U.K., 6 days must, by statute, clapse between
summoning of Parliament and its meeting;
No definite or minimum period fixed by law in Canada,
between summoning and meeting of Parliament;
In absence of specific law or custom in matters of
procedure, Parliament at Ottawa follows practice

Therefore intervening period could not be less than 6 days;
In view of geographical differences, would be only
reasonable for period to be longer in Canada that
in U.K.;

Fact that a quorum (20 members) might have been convoked in time to act re Abdication and Succession, is irrelevant;

a portion of membership of H. of C., summoned from eastern Canada, though sufficient to constitute a quorum, could not set in name of Parliament of Canada;

If not definitely illegal, would be contrary to whole spirit of Confederation by allowing a geographical section of Canada to legislate for Dominion as a whole.

W.L.M. King Papers, Memoranda and Notes, 1933-1939 (M.G. 26, J 4, volume 169, pages C120194-C120809)

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