

POLITICAL EARTHQUAKE IN ONTARIO UPSET ORTHODOX POLITICIANS AT OTTAWA

Belief That Next Election Will be Fought Between New Forces and Upon New Political Ground.

AGRARIAN AND LABOR FORCES TO FRONT

Many Post Mortems Being Held Over Ontario Affairs, Each Guess as Good as the Other.

Ottawa, Oct. 21.—The official position of the opposition in respect to the Grand Trunk Railway question was tonight disclosed to the House. Stumped up in a word it is that the government should do nothing. House leader McKenzie, who put it forward in the form of an amendment to the governments bill, made a somewhat lengthy and not overly effective speech in which he argued against the government's proposals along three main lines:—(1) That he was opposed to public ownership under existing conditions; (2) That the question was too important to be dealt with during the present session.

These arguments and the obvious replies to them have been put forward, ad nauseam, since the debate began, and there was very little interest in the discussion that ensued. The only notable thing in connection with it was an increasingly evident antagonism on the opposition side of the government ownership principle. One member in particular appeared to interpret the defeat of Sir Adam Beck in London as proof that Ontario is turning against ownership, forgetting that public ownership is one of the foremost planks of the triumphant United Farmers.

A division will likely take place on Mr. McKenzie's amendment tomorrow at the very latest, and his defeat by an overwhelming majority is practically sure. There is still talk of a big demonstration against the measure in the senate, but this is a position to know full well that it is only talk.

Drayton Takes Seat.

Sir Henry Drayton, the new finance minister who was elected by acclamation in Kingston Monday, took his seat in the House. Sir Henry, who is expected to be a parliamentarian, will at least add something to the appearance of the front benches, was introduced by Sir George Foster and Dr. Reid and took his seat with the new comers' usual awkward dignity. Mr. McKenzie King, also acclaimed, is expected to be a House leader by the end of the week, when Mr. McKenzie, who has been steering the ship since 1917, will haul down his flag.

Watching By-Elections.

All eyes now are turned on the by-elections. The government feels that it has more than an even chance of victory in Carleton-Place, and that Mr. Tolmie, the Minister of Agriculture, will win in Victoria. On the other hand Glenora is pretty much conceded to the United Farmers, and, of course, Quebec seats in the opposition. North Ontario, owing to the sudden and tragic death of Mr. Cowan the Unionist candidate, will likely have its contest postponed.

ST. JOHN WOMEN PRINCIPALS IN DOUBLE WEDDING

Special to The Standard.
Fitchburg, Mass., Oct. 21.—Charles Parada, of Plymouth street, this city, and Miss Edna M. McHugh, of St. John, N. B., and Eugene E. Frouz, of Water street, this city, and Miss Elizabeth A. Poisson, also of St. John, N. B., were married this morning in St. Bernard's Church by Rev. Jas. J. Donnelly. Following the double ceremony the contracting parties were tendered a reception at the home of Miss McHugh's aunt, Jennie L. Flynn, of Haywood street. Miss McHugh and Miss Poisson are both natives and long residents of St. John. They both are at the same age, 27 years.

Prince Rupprecht Becomes Furious When He Learns France Wants Him

Geneva, Oct. 21.—Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, who commanded the German forces in Northern France and Belgium, learned yesterday at Davos, where he has been staying, that he is included in the French list of six hundred or more wanted by the Allies for trial for crimes against international law. He became furious and said he would never give himself up. Prince Rupprecht is accused of being the first army commander to employ poisonous gases, when several of the commanders opposed such a project. It is reported here that Count Brechtold, former Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, is on the Italian list as one of the instigators of the war. Several other officers, at present in Switzerland, appeared on the lists.

The question of extradition from a neutral country is expected to be settled with Switzerland, thus creating a precedent for Holland in the case of the German Emperor.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE FORTHCOMING VICTORY LOAN ANNOUNCED BY SIR DRAYTON

Prospectus Will Ask for a Minimum Amount of \$300,000,000 With Right to Accept Any or All Subscriptions in Excess of That Amount—Banks Will Assist Purchasers as in Previous Loans—This is Canada's Work and All Are Urged to Assist.

Ottawa, Oct. 21.—Sir Henry Drayton, Minister of Finance, today made known the terms of the forthcoming Victory Loan.

The prospectus will ask for a minimum amount of \$300,000,000 with the right to accept all or any part of subscriptions in excess of that sum.

Terms.

As in previous years, subscribers will be given a choice of maturity five-year bonds, due November 1, 1924, or fifteen-year bonds, due November, 1934. The securities will carry interest at the rate of 5 1/2 per cent. per annum, payable May first and November first, and the interest will be one hundred and accrued interest for both maturities, making the income return 5 1/2 per cent. per annum. Purchasers may pay in full on application, or in five installments, as follows:

Ten per cent. on application; 20 per cent. December 9, 1919; 20 per cent. January 9, 1920; 20 per cent. February 10, 1920; 20 per cent. March 9, 1920. The last payment of 20 per cent. covers 30 per cent. balance of principal and 1 1/2 per cent. representing accrued interest at 5 1/2 per cent. from November 1 to date of the respective installments. As a full half year's interest will be paid on May 1, 1920, the cost of the bonds will be 100 and interest. If payment is made at the time of application, the price will be 100 flat. After the initial payment, subscribers have the privilege of paying in full on any date thereafter, with accrued interest computed at the rate of 5 1/2 per cent. per annum.

Banks Assist.

Arrangements have again been made with the banks for the purchase of bonds by small subscribers on the installment card system, spreading the payment over ten months. Up to their capacity the banks will also accept bonds from small investors for safe-keeping without charge, for a period of one year.

In making the announcement, Sir Henry Drayton said:

"This is not my loan. It is not the government's loan. It is the loan of the people of Canada, backed by all the resources of Canada. It is the day of uncertainty marks industrial conference work."

DAY OF UNCERTAINTY MARKS INDUSTRIAL CONFERENCE WORK

No Further Ahead on the Road to Progress Than at the Opening of Deliberations—Collective Bargaining and Intervention in Steel Strike Killed.

Washington, Oct. 21.—After a day of uncertainty, during which President Wilson sent to Secretary Lane, chairman, a message of conciliation to be used as a "last resort," the National Industrial Conference tonight cleaned up its slate by rejecting all collective bargaining resolutions, as well as the labor proposition for intervention in the steel strike.

The public group aligned with capital on the vote against both the original collective bargaining and steel strike resolutions, although the declaration on collective bargaining was proposed by the public delegates. Prior to the vote on the original declaration, the employers' substitute, and two new amendments by Thomas L. Chabourne, Chairman of the Conference's Central Committee, met defeat. Only the employers' substitute, and labor and capital united in their opposition to the amendments.

When collective bargaining resolutions will be practically in the same position as the opening of Octo-

COLLIERVILLE MINE CONCERN AT BROOKS

Unionist Candidate in Federal Bye-Election Discussed Issues in An Effective Manner.

DESCRYS FARMERS' CLASS LEGISLATION

Reiterates His Determination to Work for the Rights of Soldiers if Sent to Ottawa.

Brookston Junction, Oct. 21.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held here this evening, delivered by Col. Melville and P. B. Squires. The candidates discussed the issues of the election in a moderate, but effective manner, and his shrewd hits at times evoked loud outbursts of applause. The colonel certainly captured the meeting. F. W. McNally was chairman of the meeting.

In opening his address Col. Melville expressed surprise at the spaciousness of the meeting hall, and at other evidences of the prosperity of the community. Turning to the issue of the election, he remarked that the United Farmers made the claim that they were going to lead the people of Canada into the promised land of peace and plenty. But their chosen prophet, Mr. Caldwell, only pretended to represent the people. He said that many farmers felt that the intrusion of politics would seriously injure the cause of co-operation. The program was for only one class. The idea of Mr. Caldwell was that the farmers should look after their own interests, and not those of other sections of the people.

Col. Melville pointed out that during the past few years he has been putting forth every effort of which they were capable to save civilization. What if they had said, "We will only go on if our own class is benefited?" Where would the farmers have been then?

NEW BRUNSWICK WOMAN DROPS DEAD AT BANGOR, ME.

Special to The Standard.

Bangor, Maine, Oct. 21.—Mrs. Bessie Raworth Gray, wife of James H. Gray, Superintendent of the Eastern Maine Fisheries Conference, dropped dead here this afternoon, aged 46 years. She had been in ill health of late. She was a native of Port Elgin, N. B., where she was married to Mr. Gray, and they have lived in Boston, Quebec, Rockport, Bonny Harbor, Hartland, Caribou, Rockland, and Bangor for the past two years. She was an officer of several of the women's organizations of the church. Mr. and Mrs. Gray were married at Port Elgin, where they resided up to the time of their coming here.

Col. Melville said he would advocate reciprocity in natural products trade with the United States. He said that he would always be talking about their local, but free traders were always in opposition. When they attain power, they forget about their rights. They had reason for so doing; free trade was not practical.

The colonel referred to the part played by Canada in the war, saying that it stood the strain as well as any and better than most countries. "If I am elected," he said, "I will consider the returned soldier problem the most important problem the country has to face." And he went on to say that his experience fitted him to deal with the returned soldier problem much better than his opponent. During the war Mr. Caldwell was able to make \$8,500 a year selling fertilizer. "Did I have that chance?" asked the colonel, and the audience roared with appreciation of his point.

Continuing Col. Melville said the men who fought and suffered in Flanders could never be paid in more money. He went on to say that he had been asked at the eleventh hour to become a candidate. He believed that the Union government had done well during the war, but he considered himself an independent, bound only to do the best he could elect.

F. B. Squires, who followed, made an interesting speech. He dealt with the issues before the voters, and the necessity of making Canada safe for democracy. At one time he had been bitterly opposed to woman suffrage, but as a result of the war he had changed his mind, and he welcomed the large number of ladies present. He did not think Mr. Caldwell was standing on a democratic platform. By a plank in the platform of the United Farmers sixty per cent. of them could demand the resignation of a parliamentary representative if they were dissatisfied with him. This was not democratic; it ignored all the other voters in a constituency. The meeting was closed by singing the National Anthem.

Joseph Calliaux To Appear Before French Senate For Trial Thursday

Paris, Oct. 21.—Joseph Calliaux, the French politician, accused of intelligence with the enemy, will appear before the French Senate, constituted as a High Court, on Thursday for trial, but it is possible that the actual trial may be deferred until after the elections, owing to the wish of many senators. The alignment of senators for and against immediate trial seems to be based on geographical and political grounds, as many senators in certain departments would be able to use a condemnation of Calliaux as an argument for their re-elections, while in other districts it would be used against them.

The prosecutor, Lescour, will request an immediate trial, merely asking to summon witnesses from America by cable, in which case November 17 might be decided upon as the date on which the debate would begin.

The vote in the Senate on the subject of postponement will afford a forecast as to the relative strength of the Calliaux and the anti-Calliaux forces in the Senate.

DOM. IRON AND STEEL COMPANY HAS LAID OUT TREMENDOUS SUMS IN IMPROVEMENTS ON PLANT

President Workman, Now Visiting Sydney, Gives Some Idea of the Vast Amount Expended to Make Equipment More Efficient—Says the Ship Plate Mill is Destined to Play Important Part in the Industrial Development of Nova Scotia.

Sydney, N. S., Oct. 21.—Mark Workman, president of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company, arrived in this city today and in the course of an interview with the Canadian Press said:

"I expect to make a thorough inspection of the whole of the company's properties before my return to Montreal. A large amount of construction work has been carried on, and I am naturally anxious to learn, first hand, of its progress. It does not seem to be generally appreciated," continued Mr. Workman, "that by far the greater proportion of our earnings during the past four years have been put back into the plant. Our surplus has not been allowed to accumulate in the form of cash, but has been used to improve the plant and promote its efficiency."

"Since the beginning of 1916 many millions of dollars have been spent in extensive additions and improvements, such as I have indicated out of earnings, so that our policy must always be one that financial man will approve and again the credit of the province is a factor that counts in a company so closely connected as we are with provincial affairs."

"I may also say that we have spent nearly a million and a half dollars in Newfoundland in order that our mines and quarries may properly balance our Cape Breton operations. It will, of course, be appreciated that all our activities are dependent one upon the other, and prosperity in the province immediately reflects prosperity in Newfoundland."

PRINCE OF WALES MAY NOT VISIT WASHINGTON

Illness of President Wilson May Cause a Change in the Royal Plans.

London, Oct. 21.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Foreign Office has received no information of the prince's visit to Washington, and it is reported that the Prince of Wales has abandoned his visit to Washington, the Associated Press was informed today.

The advisability of the trip has been under discussion here since President Wilson's illness, but no decision has been announced. Those well informed express the belief that the visit of the Prince of Wales will depend entirely on whether President Wilson will be able to receive him. In such event the Prince would go to Washington, if only to remain an hour, in order to emphasize the good relations between the two countries.

RIOTING BROKE OUT IN STEEL CENTRE TUES.

Mob of 1,000 Gathered in Vicinity of Plant and in Resultant Fighting Many Were Injured.

Pittsburgh, Penn., Oct. 21.—Rioting broke out in the steel mill districts at Braddock today shortly after noon. According to reports received by the police here, a mob of 1,000 persons gathered in the vicinity of the plants and fighting resulted, in which a number of rioters were injured. One State trooper was seriously injured and brought to a hospital here. A group of State police was rushed to the scene, and at one o'clock was engaged in driving back the crowd.

RESERVATIONS BOTHERSOME TO U.S. SENATE

Democrats Earnestly Considering Advisability of Accepting Reservations Without Opposition.

ULTIMATUM SERVED ON ADMINISTRATION

Reservation on Article 10 Such as Would be Objectionable to President Wilson.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 21.—The question of accepting Peace Treaty reservations without further opposition was earnestly considered by Democratic Senate leaders under the pressure of developments pointing to an early showdown in the ratification fight.

The Treaty opposition forces, announcing at last an agreement on a reservation programme by the Senate majority, brought the situation to an unexpected issue by serving notice that their proposal would go before the Foreign Relations Committee tomorrow, when the administration leaders would be asked to go on record definitely as accepting or rejecting it. Described by the majority spokesmen as in the nature of an ultimatum, the announcement was followed by a conference on the administration side which lasted all day, but resulted in no final decision. Senators who were present said that while some of the leaders stood out determinedly against any compromise, there was an apparent disposition on the part of Senator Hitchcock and others to consider seriously the practicability of such a step.

The reservation programme as it is to be presented to the committee for approval was not made public, but it was understood to embrace nine reservations, evolved from suggestions gathered from many sources. The subjects said to be covered were the following:

The right of this country to judge whether its obligations had been fulfilled in case of withdrawal from the League of Nations, the unimpairment of Congress to decide questions of peace or war, and Article ten, domestic decision of all delicate questions, preservation unaffected of the Monroe Doctrine; refusal to be party to the Shan Tung settlement; equality of voting power in the league; Congressional election of American representatives in the league; limitations of the powers of such provisions and those on International commissions, and nullification of the right of the International Labor Conference to challenge the eligibility of American representatives in International labor bodies.

One disturbing element in this programme for the administration leaders was the fact that they had heard the article ten reservation followed closely the language of one presented in the Senate during the day by Senator McCumber, Republican, North Dakota, which in turn was in almost the exact language which President Wilson announced in his Cheyenne, Wyo., address would be regarded by him "as a rejection of the Treaty."

Behind the majority's proposals, it is declared by their sponsors, will stand all of the forty-nine Republican representatives, and at least six Democratic, leaving as a maximum forty-one Democrats opposing the ratification resolution. Some of the Democrats want to pursue that course and the general prediction tonight was that committee action would be fought off tomorrow to give the administration force a day or two to think the matter over.

Commission of Conservation, Arrived in the City This Morning from Ottawa and Will Leave for Bathurst to Examine Specimens of the Soil in the Vicinity of Bathurst and Tracadie.

TWO KILLED IN AUTO WRECK AT HOULTON, ME.

Car Skidded and Topped Over—Embankment Pinning Both Under Wreckage—One Native of Truro, Other of Hartland.

Houlton, Me., Oct. 21.—E. Murray Birt, a local coal and ice dealer, and Albert E. Miller, of Bangor, were instantly killed this morning in an automobile accident which occurred about a mile from this town, on the Houlton road.

No one saw the accident when it took place but the tracks of the car showed that it skidded in going up a slight rise, left the road and went down over the embankment about 15 feet, being somewhat deflected by a telephone pole which hit the mud guard, then struck a boulder which turned the car completely upside down pinning both men beneath it.

Mr. Miller was a native of Truro, N. S., and for several years was associated with the late F. L. Ham, of St. Stephen in the tailoring business. He has been located in Bangor about fourteen years. Mr. Birt was a native of Hartland, N. B.

DOMINION SOIL SPECIALIST TO VISIT BATHURST

Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, Oct. 21.—Robert Moore, of Toronto, who has been appointed band master of the G. W. V. A. band in this city, is expected to arrive here on Saturday. Band Master Moore was conductor of the Chesnam Town Silver Prize Band which won three challenge cups, one challenge shield, six certificates and other prizes, also of the Great Central and Metropolitan Silver Prize Band, in England. He is also a pipe organist and pianist and should be an acquisition to the musical circles of Fredericton.

F. C. Nunnick, soil specialist of the