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**St. Peters Bote**  
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**In The Wake Of The War**

PARIS, March 16.—After the Allies have reached a complete understanding regarding the conditions to be imposed on Germany the German delegates will be called to Versailles, but they will not be allowed to discuss the conditions, the intention of the Allies being to dictate peace. Either the German delegates must accept these terms and sign, or a state of war will continue.

LONDON, March 17.—Ukrainian troops have entered Przemysl according to a German wireless dispatch. The Poles are still in the northwestern part of the city.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—If President Wilson does not negotiate a peace treaty satisfactory to the Senate, Senator Lenroot, of Wisconsin, Republican, said tonight, congress may pass a joint resolution summarily ending the war with Germany without a treaty.

OTTAWA, March 19.—The famous Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, Canadian Expeditionary Force, is no more. Demobilisation was completed shortly after 7 o'clock tonight, the last man being discharged and the unit disbanded.

PARIS, March 19.—General F. H. Allenby, commander of the British forces in Palestine, arrived here today from Egypt to advise the Supreme Council on near eastern questions.

WARSAW, March 20.—The Ukrainian troops besieging Lemberg have entered that city after five days of hard fighting, according to an official statement issued today.

PARIS, March 20.—Havas says yesterday that the Germans at Posen having refused to sign the terms virtually agreed upon, the negotiations have been considered by the allies as broken off. The correspondent adds that the Germans are quitting Posen immediately.

PARIS, March 20.—The Hungarian government has refused to obey the entente's demand for the surrender of merchant shipping, according to a Budapest dispatch.

HELSINGFORS, March 20.—The Bolshevik forces have been compelled to abandon Dvinsk (Duenaburg), which lies 110 miles southeast of Riga.

LONDON, March 21.—Owing to the grave situation in Egypt, General Allenby, commander of the Allied forces in Palestine, has been appointed special High Commissioner for Egypt and the Sudan. He has been given supreme authority in all military and civil matters.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—An additional credit of \$75,000,000 was given Italy today, bringing Italy's total credit up to \$1,496,500,000, and the total of credits to all Allied nations to \$8,932,410,660.

BERLIN, March 22.—The first lot of flour imported into Germany since the armistice will be placed on sale in Cassel this week. The

price will be 95 pfennigs for a German pound, or approximately \$40 a barrel at the normal rate of exchange.

BUDAPEST, March 22.—The Hungarian cabinet, headed by Count Karolyi, has resigned, leaving the government to the proletariat (Bolsheviks). This action was taken after Count Karolyi had communicated to the cabinet the Entente note outlining the new boundary between Hungary and Rumania.

PARIS, March 23.—A committee under Jules Cambon has reported a plan giving Poland access to the sea by means of a "corridor," 60 miles wide, running across West Prussia. But the effect of this concession is to place about 1,500,000 Germans within the new Poland, and to detach the easternmost part of Prussia from Germany. Premier Lloyd George has taken the view that this denationalisation of a large body of Germans would cause such discontent as would be likely to bring on another war and it is understood President Wilson also is not entirely satisfied with the proposal. The commission is said, however, to adhere to the original plan, for a wide corridor.

COPENHAGEN, March 23.—The new Hungarian government has proclaimed solidarity with the Russian soviet government, and an armed alliance with the proletariat of Russia, according to a dispatch from Budapest.

LONDON, March 23.—The Budapest government is reported to be signing a proclamation, acknowledging a state of war between Hungary and the Entente, says a dispatch from Vienna. The dispatch adds that the Czechoslovaks are preparing to issue a mobilization order.

COPENHAGEN, March 24.—At a meeting of the armistice commission on Thursday, General von Hammerstein, according to a dispatch from Berlin, transmitted a note to Marshal Foch's representative, saying that the German government could in no case permit Polish troops to land at Danzig and pass through the country, 'as it would lead to an attempt to bloodily oppress the undoubted German majority in West Prussia.'

**Canadian News**

**Saskatchewan**

REGINA.—The provincial government ratified the agreements entered into by the city of Prince Albert and the bondholders under the terms of legislation passed at the last session. Under the agreement the bonds are to be extended for 40 years. During the first five years, the interest will be one per cent, during the next five years two per cent, during the following five years three per cent, etc.

—On conviction of stealing a barrel of gasoline from Joe Canon at Twelve Mile Lake, Wm. Smith was fined \$200 and sentenced to three months in jail at hard labor; James O'Reilly \$250 and 6 months in jail; John E. Lewis \$250 and 6 months in jail. The parties are all from Limerick.

—T. M. Creighton, sec.-treas. of the Sask. Educational Association, received word that convention rates have been secured for the eleventh annual convention in Regina, Apr. 21 to 24.

—John Alexander, formerly Manager of the Royal Bank of Strasbourg, is under arrest, charged with defalcations while employed by the bank to the extent of \$15,000.

—Estevan butter is being sold in Washington state. A shipment of about 30,000 pounds was consigned from Estevan, and is now on sale on the western market.

MOOSE JAW.—A fire broke out in Mitchellton, a hamlet south of here, destroying the post office and general store and the premises occupied by the Security Lumber Co. The damage is estimated at \$16,000.

SASKATOON.—Damages amounting to \$2,500 were awarded by a jury in court of King's bench to Marshall S. Reddick, who brought suit against seven farmers of Harris, ringleaders in a tarring and feathering episode in November.

—The Continental Oil company, which announced the erection of a million dollar plant in Regina, has decided to make Saskatoon its headquarters for northern Saskatchewan, having secured location for a filling station and offices. A large new warehouse and 30,000 gallons tankage have been allotted to Prince Albert and the company's 125,000 gallon tankage at Saskatoon will be increased.

SCOTT.—Louis J. Asseline was sentenced to three years in Prince Albert on a charge of having broken into an elevator at Normanton and having stolen cash grain tickets.

**Alberta**

EDMONTON.—Liquor returns brought down in the legislature show that in the month of January last, Edmonton drug stores sold 214,999 ounces of liquor, against 119,255 ounces sold by Calgary stores during the same month.

—A mass meeting was held recently in the Separate school hall at which the provincial liquor act and its operation were strongly denounced by a number of speakers. A resolution was passed to organize a "Moderation League" such as had been formed in British Columbia. Resolutions were also adopted demanding that the government shall regulate the price of alcoholic liquors sold at drug stores and also that beer of four per cent strength, together with stouts and ales should be permitted to be sold. Mayor Clarke presided.

CALGARY.—Percy Brown, who claims to have been a former teller in the Royal Bank of Canada at Calgary, was arrested in New Orleans, La. He confessed that he had embezzled \$20,000 from the bank.

LETHBRIDGE.—Last November farmer Veach sent a neighboring farmer a "blackhand" letter demanding \$5000 or his barns would be burned and his stock de-

stroyed. The neighbor went to town to report the case to the police, and while there received a second letter demanding an additional \$10,000 for failing to comply with the first request. That night his barn was burned to the ground. Veach was arrested and sentenced to five years for arson.

**British Columbia**

VANCOUVER.—E. Brunel, a Belgian employed in a logging camp, was taken seriously ill after eating a considerable quantity of mussels, dying later in Rock Bay hospital. Death was due to shell fish poisoning.

—Fire totally destroyed the main wing of the Pacific Sheet Metal works here. The plant was valued at \$25,000 and 24 men were employed.

**Manitoba**

WINNIPEG.—The Simpson-Hepworth Co. was ordered by Judge Galt to pay \$6,672, the price of two carloads of wheat, bought from a man named Leno, by an agent of the company named G. Kaiser, of Lender, Sask.

—More than \$215,000 was lent to 363 farmers, more than 10,000 acres of virgin prairie was put under cultivation and at least five carloads of livestock were purchased where no purchases would have been possible, as a result of operations of the Manitoba Rural Credits scheme, according to the first annual report of this branch of governmental activity.

—Prosecutions of persons for operating private whiskey distilleries in their homes have become so common that Provincial Police Magistrate Noble, in convicting three aliens of that offence, said: "Something will have to be done to relieve the situation. People who voted for the Temperance act now find that they cannot do without liquor. They resort to almost anything to get it. Those who cannot buy from blind piggers or obtain it on medical prescriptions set to work and make some kind of a decoction which has the effects on them that liquor has."

—By a majority of one vote, aldermen of the city of Winnipeg voted themselves a salary of \$1200 per year, payable monthly, as against \$500 per year paid since 1909.

—S. W. Jacobs had a question on the order paper of the Commons in Ottawa relating to a woman calling herself Princess Radziwill, who is touring western Canada, in which, according to Mr. Jacobs, she charges Jews generally as being in alliance with the Bolshevik. He asks if it is in the knowledge of the government that "the woman in question is a convicted felon, and served a term of imprisonment at the time of the South African war for forgery and attempted blackmail, and that the victim of this was the late Right Hon. Cecil Rhodes?" Mr. Jacobs asks further if it is the intention of government to take steps for the expulsion of the so-called princess from the country?

**Ontario**

OTTAWA.—As a result of a conference, it was decided to at once call for tenders for two hundred and fifty thousand ties to be used in connection with the further construction of the Hudson Bay Railway.

—Militia and defence estimates call for an expenditure of \$4,166,000, which is a decrease of over \$20,000, as compared with the current fiscal year.

—The strike of the printing pressman in the Government Printing Bureau has been settled.

TORONTO.—News has been received here that the Hon. W. J. Hanna, head of the Canadian end of the Standard Oil Co., former food controller and one time provincial secretary of Ontario, died in Augusta, Georgia, following a stroke.

—It is reported that the Toronto Daily News, after an existence of 39 years, will pass out of existence and reappear afterwards as the Times. The paper recently changed hands.

**Quebec**

QUEBEC.—A movement has been started in Quebec to erect a monument to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on Jacques Cartier square, in the very heart of the division of Quebec East, which is represented in the house of commons for nearly forty years.

—The severe snowstorm that swept the entire district recently, piling drifts 10, 15, and even 30 feet high in cuts and curves along the railway line, brought the snow shovellers employed by the Canadian National Railway to strike. They demand an eight-hour day instead of a nine-hour day, but they want the same pay—\$3.60 per day.

**Nova Scotia**

AMHERST.—A disastrous fire broke out in the prosperous town of Peticodiac, about 23 miles from Moncton. The whole business section has been destroyed. The fire was put under control after doing \$150,000 damage.

**United States News**

WASHINGTON.—Representative Frank Mondell of Wyoming was chosen Republican floor leader in the next House, after Representative Mann of Illinois had been elected by 154 votes on the first ballot and had refused to accept.

—The War Department has announced the abandonment of the Neville Island ordnance plant, planned as the largest munitions factory in the world.

—Approximately one out of every nine marriages in the United States is terminated by divorce according to figures compiled by the bureau office.

—The Legislature of the Philippine Islands, in session in Manila on March 4, made the Independence Mission a permanent body and in-

structed it to continue to work for the independence of that region.

NEW YORK.—The decline in sterling exchange, begun when the British treasury withdrew its support of the market, continue, cables breaking to \$4.50, the lowest point reached since early in September, 1915, when low records of \$4.51 for cables and \$4.50 for demand were registered. Live cables were at the same time offered down to \$7.50.

—Another death from epidemic coma, or sleeping sickness, making the fourth to date, was reported to the health department. The victim was a nine year old girl.

—The committee of distillers of the United States, representing the entire distilling industry announced that steps were being taken to attack the constitutionality of the federal prohibition amendment and the war time prohibition act.

NORTH ATTLEBORO, Mass.—North Attleboro votes favored license for the first time in seventeen years. The vote was.—Yes: 774; no: 514.

VALDOSTA, Ga.—Joe Walker, a Negro, charged with having shot a watchman at Greenville, Fla., was seized by a mob and shot to death while being taken to Madison Fla. for safekeeping.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Fire destroyed the Southern Freight Transfer Office. Eight cars loaded with food and twenty empty cars were destroyed. The loss is estimated at half a million dollars.

CLEVELAND, Ohio.—Nearly 1,200 of the 4,000 garment workers who went on a strike will return to work on a 30 per cent wage increase and a forty-four hour week basis. Ten of the forty firms have agreed to the terms of their employees it was stated.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—All recommendations for a six hour day, five-day week, increase in wages, and nationalisation of coal mines made by Frank J. Hayes, president of the United Mine Workers of America, were concurred in by the sub-committee of the general policy committee.

CHICAGO.—Heavy rains of the past few days have caused many floods in the Middle West. The rains have been general from the northwest and the great lakes to Texas and Mississippi, and a toll of fourteen deaths from flooding rivers and high winds was reported. Property loss will be heavy.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—The Warner Bill, which would have compelled foreign-language newspapers to publish a complete translation of every news item, advertisement, etc., along with the original text, was killed in the House Judiciary Committee. Scandinavian-Americans led the opposition.

VICKSBURG, Miss.—With the wires still down to points where the tornado crossed the Mississippi the toll of dead is placed at 17, while the number of injured is estimated at 250. The storm tore its way through several counties.