

Two Days' Fighting

British Troops Capture Important Position on the Road to Ladysmith.

Boers Driven From the Kopjes at the Point of the Bayonet.

London, Feb. 8.—A combined attack upon the Boers seems to be in progress. General Buller has gained a footing on the plateau north of the Tugela, after two days' fighting. On the far western border Lord Methuen has begun a turning movement against the Boer flank, thus relieving the pressure on Lord Methuen's front. Lord Roberts, who, according to an informant, is in close touch with the war office, is in the midst of the heights of war, and his aggressive march on Bloemfontein. The Boers have taken the initiative against Gen. Buller, attacking two of his positions at Sterkstroom.

THE ADVANCE IN NATAL

Attack on Boer Positions Began on Monday—Seventy-two Guns at Work.

London, Feb. 8.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Spearman's Camp, in a dispatch dated Monday night, says:

"Under the personal direction of General Buller, the attack on the Boer positions was begun this morning by nearly the whole of our batteries, 72 guns, shelling the ridges where the enemy have their trenches and redoubts on the Brakfontein, and the low crest facing Potgieter's Drift. The enemy suffered severely. Several hills were smoking like volcanoes from the effects of the bombardment, which set on fire their stores and grass.

"While the third pontoon bridge was being constructed under fire near Skikh Drift, the Eleventh Brigade, now under the command of Colonel Wynne, made a demonstration against the Brakfontein ridge, marching across the meadows with the support of seven batteries of artillery.

"At 11 o'clock the enemy opened a heavy cannonade of shrapnel and common shells, which was accompanied by a musketry fire. Our gunners held admirably, and were as cool as if on parade.

"The demonstration having gained its effect, the real attack upon the Boer position was delivered at 4 o'clock. The Durban Light Infantry carried Vaal Krantz, the key of the lower ridge, while General Hemyard's brigade assaulted the higher ridges. The general and his troops are bivouacked upon the field of battle. Our losses are trifling."

Two Days' Fighting.

The following dispatch, dated Spearman's Camp, Feb. 7th, is published in the Standard:

"The force under General Buller is again advancing to the relief of Ladysmith, and after two days of severe fighting, it may fairly be said to have made a good first step on the road to the besieged town.

"The movement was begun at an early hour on Monday morning by way of Potgieter's Drift. The Eleventh Brigade, forming a part of the Fifth Division under General Warren, made a feint attack upon the kopjes immediately in our front. The assault was delivered at the outset under cover of naval guns on Mount Alice, and subsequently under that of field batteries. The infantry advanced steadily, toward the Boer entrenchment at Brakfontein, and kept the enemy busily employed.

"While this diversion was being made the remainder of the infantry told off for the attack, who had bivouacked Sunday night under Mount Alice, moved along at the foot of Swarts Kop in the direction of our right.

"A pontoon bridge was thrown across the Tugela by the Engineers under the fire of the enemy. The first battalion to move across in this fashion was the Durban Light Infantry of Gen. Lytton's brigade. They advanced against Vaal Krantz, which lies on the most direct road to Ladysmith, and after two hours' splendid work they got within striking distance of the Boers.

"The first of the kopjes was carried by them at the point of the bayonet with the utmost gallantry.

shrapnel fire in the endeavor to destroy the balloon apparatus.

The artillery behaved splendidly throughout, ably covering the infantry retirement from the front attack, in the face of a heavy Boer shell fire. It is believed that the Boers suffered very heavily, as their ambulances were hard at work.

The Boer position consisted of a line of kopjes, strongly entrenched, extending three miles from Spion Kop and curving sharply at the eastern end to the south, about opposite to Swarts Kop, which is a steep hill south of the Tugela that the British occupied before the seizure of Potgieter's Drift.

After the capture of Krantz Kloof the heavy Boer fire prevented a further advance on Monday.

The next morning the Boers indulged in long range shell fire, but in the afternoon they made a vigorous attempt to recapture the position. Their assault was made upon the northern end of the kopje, and, at first, it was successful.

Reinforcements were, however, hurried up, and the British recaptured the position at the point of the bayonet, and advanced along the ridge.

As the British have a large force of troops the outlook is hopeful.

A Disastrous Cannonade. Spearman's Camp, Wednesday, Feb. 7.—(6 p.m.)—General Buller commenced the advance for the relief of Ladysmith on Monday. The naval guns opened at 7 in the morning and a feint attack was made in front of our position. Three batteries advanced toward the Brakfontein with six batteries.

At 11 o'clock the Boers opened with artillery fire and sent several shells among the British infantry, who retired an hour later.

Meanwhile a vigorous attack was made on the extreme right, where the Engineers expeditiously constructed a position. Several pieces of cannon, hidden among the trees on Swarts Kop, bombarded heavily. The British infantry advanced and the Boers were entirely surprised.

At 4 o'clock a high hill, a continuation of the Brakfontein, had been taken. The operations were excellently planned. The name of the hill taken is Krantz Kloof.

The bombardment of the outer position was resumed yesterday morning. The Boers worked a disappearing cannon from the high Doorn Kloof range, on the right of the captured hill, but the British shells exploded its magazine, and the gun was put out of action until late in the day.

Musketry fire was intermittent until afternoon, when the Boers made a determined effort to take the hill. Reinforcements rushed up cheering, the Boers were repulsed, and the British advanced along the ridge.

The Casualties. London, Feb. 8.—A special dispatch from Spearman's Camp, dated Wednesday, Feb. 7th, says:

"Our further advance is at the moment prevented, as the Boers entrench themselves from their positions on Spion Kop and Doorn Kloof.

"Our casualties, although estimated at 200, are reduced, considering the importance of the move just concluded."

Boer Report.

Boer Head Quarters, Ladysmith, Feb. 6.—(11 a.m.)—Further reports of yesterday's fighting at the Upper Tugela River show that the British lost heavily at Potgieter's Drift, but took an unimportant position on a small kopje on the Molten Drift side. Four Boers were killed. The British loss is unknown. They are still in possession of the kopje, and the guns have ceased firing.

THE CANADIANS.

Pomeranian, With Mounted Rifles, Has Passed Cape Verde.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—A special dispatch to the Star, dated Feb. 6th, and relayed by the censor, announces that the Canadian contingent, except A and G companies, representing the Western provinces and New Brunswick respectively, have gone on to Graspan. The companies named will remain a part of the garrison at Belmont. In view of MacDonald's reported flanking movement at Modder River, it is regarded as likely a battle is impending and the Canadians are apparently likely to be in it.

Ottawa, Feb. 8.—The militia department received information to-day stating that Pomeranian, on which is the second battalion of the western mounted rifles, passed Cape Verde at 8 o'clock this morning. Seven horses were dead. There were fourteen horses dead on the Laurium at Cape Verde, which shows that western horses have stood the journey best.

Dr. Borden stated to-day that the full list of officers for Stratheon's Horse would be ready for publication for several days yet.

The Pomeranian, (Associated Press.) Montreal, Feb. 8.—Messrs. Allan have received a cable from the captain of the Pomeranian, with a second portion of the second contingent, which sailed from Halifax on Saturday, Jan. 27th, at Cape St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, this morning. The captain reports all well.

"Great Haste is Not Always Good Speed."

Many people trust to luck to pull them through, and are often disappointed. Do not dilly-dally in matters of health. With it you can accomplish miracles. Without it you are "no good."

Keep the liver, kidneys, bowels and blood healthy by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla, the faultless blood purifier.

Rheumatism—"I had acute rheumatism in my limb and foot. I commenced treatment with Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills and in a short time was cured." WILLIAM HASKETT, Bradford, Ont.

Scrofula—"I was troubled with scrofula and impure blood. A cut on my arm would not heal. Hood's Sarsaparilla was recommended and after I had taken three bottles I was well." DANIEL ROBINSON, 524 Trembley Street, Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints. Hood's Pills cure liver ill; the non-detracting and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Pursuing The Boers

Burgers Retired When Troops Arrived to Reinforce Gen. Gatacre.

And Are Now Being Chased by Cavalry—Situation in Cape Colony.

Gen. Buller Holds His Position North of the Tugela—British Casualties.

(Associated Press.) London, Feb. 8.—2:15 p.m.—Presumably Gen. Buller is fighting again to-day in his third attempt to relieve Ladysmith, and news of the greatest importance may arrive at any moment. Yet there is more doubt here than exultation, for even if the recollection of Gen. Buller's two disastrous failures after auspicious starts were not in the minds of the public, the list of casualties published to-day would be a sufficient reminder of the tremendous difficulties of his task.

The fact that he occupies Vaal Krantz, the key to the lower ridges, while a praiseworthy and gallant achievement, by no means signifies that he and Gen. White will inevitably join hands. Before Gen. Buller there are

Several Days of Hard Fighting. The British forces are smarting under defeat and will undoubtedly be nerved to more desperate efforts than ever before, and if furious gallantry can carry Gen. Buller over the kopjes that face him, Ladysmith will be relieved within a week.

It is more than likely that Gen. Buller at Chieveley is strong enough to advance on the Tugela and render valuable assistance from the southeast, while the beleaguered garrison itself, according to the last dispatches, should be able to create a potential diversion, when Gen. Buller shall have overcome

The Initial Difficulties in the kopjes immediately north of the Tugela.

Turning from the transcendental interest in Ladysmith, the whole war area presents a scene of important activity.

The Boer attack of Gatacre's forces, reported on February 7th, fizzled out. The artillery of the burghers, after shelling the camp, retired upon the arrival of the British reinforcements. The affair scarcely warrants being called a skirmish. The British casualties were one man killed and four wounded.

The latest advices from Sterkstroom announce that Gen. Gatacre's cavalry is in pursuit of the Boers. While nothing has resulted from this affair, it indicates that the burghers are fully alive to the importance of the concentration which is on the verge of occurring between the forces of Gatacre, Kelly-Kenny and French, and they do not hesitate to

Take the Aggressive against established positions in an attempt to thwart it, though it is believed that a sufficiently large body will soon be missed at Coleburg to ensure the unopposed advance of the invading army when it is ready to start.

That it is not prepared for this move at present and that all this activity is merely a preliminary to what is known as Field Marshal Lord Roberts's main movement, is evidenced by a dispatch from Capetown, under the date of February 7th, announcing that the director of transports was advertising for ox wagons and drivers. Without these it would be hopeless to think of carrying on

The Invasion, and it must be a month more before they are ready.

Another preliminary is that Roberts has only just sanctioned the formation of the new colonial yeomanry, consisting of a troop of one hundred men for each district of the colony to protect the loyal farmers. This force will be officered from among the local yeomen.

Opinion is divided as to whether Field Marshal Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener have gone to the Modder River or Sterkstroom.

Sir J. Gordon Sprigg, the former Premier of Cape Colony, has cabled to Mr. J. Chamberlain in behalf of the Imperialists of Cape Colony congratulating him on the government's overwhelming majority in the House of Commons, and declared the government's policy of steadfastness of purpose would secure Africa British supremacy and permanent prosperity.

Short of Big Gun Projectiles. The Times says this morning: "Pri-

vate advices reached Parliament yesterday to the effect that the Boers who are running short of big gun projectiles, have been making desperate efforts to secure fresh supplies.

Natives Assist the Boers. London, Feb. 8.—A dispatch to the London Times from Spearman's Camp says that when the Durhams reached the top of Vaal Krantz, over fifty of the enemy were still defending the position, and more than half of those were armed natives.

Buller's Position. London, Feb. 8.—A cable dispatch in this city from Spearman's Camp, under to-day's date, says: "Buller holds his position. Relet is certain."

Later—The cable dispatch saying Gen. Buller holds his position and that Relet is certain, presumably refers to the relief of Ladysmith. No further news was made public here up to 7 p.m. regarding Gen. Buller's operations.

WESTERN BORDER.

British Troops Are Operating Towards Douglas—Burgers Building Trenches Near Magerfontein.

Modder River, Feb. 7.—Gen. Macdonald maintains his position at Koodoeberg Drift. His movement has evidently disconcerted the Boers, and at the same time safeguards the operations of a portion of the Belmont garrison in the direction of Douglas, where there are still a few Boers.

The British casualties are two men. The 9th Lancers made several attempts to draw out the Boers, but were unsuccessful.

The British hold the highest portion of the kopje. It is impossible to mount artillery. The usual daily shelling here continues.

The outposts report that the Boers are making advanced trenches in the open plain in front of Magerfontein Drift, presumably to prevent the British horse and field artillery from approaching within range of their positions.

Near Colesburg. Rensburg, Feb. 8.—The Boers' position was vigorously shelled with Lydite for an hour early this morning, eastward from opposite Slingerfontein and westward from the top of Colekop, a fifteen pound shrapnel gun paying special attention to the sights of Boer guns, which have been unusually active lately.

The Boers held a position on the direct road between Rensburg and Colesburg, and they shelled Porter's Hill yesterday ineffectually.

THE CASUALTIES.

In Tuesday's Fighting There Were 233 Killed and Wounded.

London, Feb. 8, 1:18 p.m.—Gen. Buller has cabled to the War Office that the approximate British casualties in the fighting at Potgieter's Drift up to noon on Tuesday were: Officers, two killed and fifteen wounded; non-commissioned officers and men, 216 killed and wounded.

The officers killed were Major Johnson Smyth and Lieut. Shaft, both of the Durban Light Infantry.

The officers wounded include Col. Fitzgerald, of the Durban Light Infantry; Col. A. J. Montgomery, of the Royal Artillery; and Lieut. Sir T. A. Cunningham of the Rifle Brigade.

THE LANE CLEAR.

(Associated Press.) Seattle, Feb. 7.—The White Pass & Yukon railway has resumed the through train service between Skagway and Lake Bennett on January 30th, after a snow blockade of more than two weeks.

The Jolly Girl

Often changes to the jaded woman. "I can't see what's come over Mary; she used to be such a jolly girl," was the remark of a young woman visiting a married schoolmate. Marriage changes a woman. The drains and pains which are so often the consequence of marriage, rob her of all vitality. Give her back her former strength and she'll be as "jolly" a wife as she was a maid. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription gives back the lost strength by re-establishing the health of the delicate womanly organs. It dries the drains and stops the pains. It cures ulceration, inflammation and female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"For two years I had been a sufferer from chronic diseases and female weakness," writes Mrs. Allen A. Bobson, of 1125 Rodman Street, Philadelphia, Pa. "I had two different doctors, and they gave me medicine which only relieved me for a time. My niece advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I concluded that to open a correspondence with you for your advice would be wiser, so I did, and have been highly benefited. I find that after taking six bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and five of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and following your advice in regard to local treatment, I am now a strong woman. I thank you for the interest manifested in my case and the happy results obtained."

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter free. Correspondence private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

Immigration. (Associated Press.) Ottawa, Feb. 8.—S. S. Christopherson, a prominent Icelandic from Manitoba, is going to Iceland in the interests of the immigration. Departure of the Iceland, with the intention of inducing thousands of his fellow-countrymen to settle in the Dominion.

NOVA SCOTIA LEGISLATURE.

(Associated Press.) Halifax, Feb. 8.—Nova Scotia legislature was opened this afternoon by His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Daly. Among other matters referred to in the speech from the throne was the war in South Africa, and Canada's sympathy with the Motherland.

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR RHEUMATISM.

"I think I would go crazy with pain were it not for Chamberlain's Pain Balm," writes Mr. W. H. Stapleton, Hermine, Pa. "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years, and have tried remedies without number, but Pain Balm is the best medicine I have got hold of." One application relieves the pain. For sale by Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Terrible Experience

Two Men Cling to an Uprturned Boat for Thirty-six Hours.

One of Them Died an Hour Before Assistance Was Rendered.

Murderous Assault by a Chinaman—Boy Scalded to Death.

(Special to the Times.) Vancouver, Feb. 8.—One dead man and another who was picked up just before he expired, were brought to the city last night by the steamer Comox.

The two men, Geo. Clarke, nearly 60 years old, and Chas. Johnston, a brawny logger, had a terrible experience in the storm that swept up the coast on Monday night. They were in a fishing sloop and were overturned at seven o'clock that evening. They succeeded in getting on to the top of the boat and remained there all through the night, being nearly swept off by the waves several times.

They were carried into Desolation Bay, Kinghorn Island, and were not picked up by the Comox until Wednesday morning, after they had been on the boat for 36 hours without food or drink.

The old man's sufferings were terrible. He went practically insane early on Tuesday and gradually succumbed. On Tuesday afternoon Johnston tried to swim ashore, but the surf was too rough and he just had strength to pull himself on to the bottom of the upturned boat again.

On Tuesday night the Comox passed them on the way north, but the men could not make themselves heard.

An hour before the Comox found them on Wednesday morning, Clarke died. Johnston pulled the body up on the boat and hung on to it until the Comox appeared, when he was found too weak to move.

Alex. Holland, bartender of the Avon Hotel, was murderously assaulted this morning by Tim Lung, Chinese cook. Holland had a quarrel with the Chinaman and was paying him off when the latter broke a tomato catsup bottle over Holland's head. This stunned the bartender, and as he sank to the floor the Chinaman struck the jagged piece of bottle into his face many times. Both were drenched in blood before the Chinaman was pulled off by a man who happened to step in.

Prof. Christoff was entirely outclassed by McKell in a boxing bout last night, and was just saved from a knockout in the third round.

The two-year-old son of Harry Hodgson was scalded yesterday and died last night.

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Annual Meeting at Toronto—The Visit to British Columbia.

(Associated Press.) Toronto, Feb. 8.—The annual meeting of the Canadian Press Association convened here this morning. Reading a paper on "Sheldon's Moral," T. H. Preston, M.P.P., proprietor of the Brantford Expositor, described the Montreal Witness went beyond Sheldon's ideal, and proved that such a daily could be not only conducted without loss, but with profit. He urged Canadian editors to make their papers more ideal.

Referring President Duggan, in his annual address, said the pressman, after their visit to British Columbia last autumn, came back impressed with the possibilities of Canada. He urged the members to talk more about their country, even brag about it.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Feb. 8.—A delegation is here to-day seeing the government with a view of getting a bounty on beet sugar.

Hon. J. I. Tarte is still confined to his bed in the House of Commons. He has been too ill to be removed to his residence, and has had to spend the last two nights in his room at the House. He is suffering from a wound in his side, caused by an operation which he had performed while in Paris.

Hon. W. Mulock has given notice of a redistribution bill. It is understood that its provisions will be the same as last year.

Mr. Bourne, with more a resolution on the first occasion on which the House goes into supply declaring the sovereignty of parliament, and that the sending of the three contingent is not to form any precedent, all governments being free to act as they may see fit.

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A NOISY MEETING.

Mr. Labouchere, Editor of Truth, Assaulted at Northampton.

Northampton, Eng., Feb. 8.—The announcement that Mr. Henry Labouchere, editor of Truth, and Liberal member of parliament for Northampton, would address a peace meeting in the Northampton hall last evening drew a noisy crowd of opponents who swarmed upon the platform and smashed the chairs. Mr. Labouchere's arrival was the signal for renewed attacks. The promoters of the meeting were forced off the platform and chairs were hurled into the body of the hall, amid cries of "God Save the Queen." Mr. Labouchere was struck on the head, but not seriously injured. He managed to make his exit escorted by the police.

Ultimately the opponents of the peace meeting gained the platform and declared that Northampton had joined York City in repudiating the critics of the government.

TORONTO NOTES.

(Associated Press.) Toronto, Feb. 8.—The fourteenth annual meeting of the Dominion Shortbread Bakers' Association convened here yesterday afternoon. The attendance was large and representative. The receipts for the past year were \$17,551.05 and the cash balance on hand at the close of the year was \$8,513.92. The shortbread peddler on record number was 04051. After voting various amounts to several industrial firms throughout the Dominion and the election of officers, the meeting closed.

Moulders in Massey-Harris Co. are still on strike. Non-union men are by no means plentiful, and the big works may be brought to a standstill unless a compromise is arranged. Manager Jones says the company will not give the control of the moulding shop to the union, and will continue to employ union and non-union men, as in the past, dealing with the men as individuals.

All of the schools in Toronto, Ontario, have been closed, the result of an outbreak of smallpox in that place. The federation or combine of woolen mills at Hespler, Waterloo, Lambton, Markham and Carleton Place, was completed to-day, and the company, under the presidency of W. R. Brock, has taken over the properties. The paid up capital is \$800,000, and the authorized capital \$2,000,000.

LEPROSY IN NEW YORK.

(Associated Press.) New York, Feb. 8.—Dr. A. S. Ashmead, who was called on by President Murphy, of the board of health, to substantiate the statement that there are many cases of leprosy in that city, has sent his report to Mr. Murphy. He repeats his assertion, and specifies several cases. One, a cook on a Venezuela steamer, living in an East Side tenement house; a nurse in Bellevue hospital; two Chinamen; a Cuban mulatto cigarette maker, and a young Southerner, who is a guest in a big Broadway hotel.

THE NICARAGUAN CANAL.

(Associated Press.) London, Feb. 8.—The House of Commons to-day, replying to a question as to whether Great Britain has relinquished all her rights under the Clayton-Bulwer treaty in respect to the Nicaragua canal, and if not, what compensating advantages, if any, have been secured in exchange, the parliamentary secretary for the foreign office, Mr. William St. John Broderick, said there had been no question of compensation, the advantages of the former convention relative to the neutrality of the canal and the protection of trade and commerce under conditions of entire equality, having been fully maintained.

CONSERVATIVE CAUCUS.

(Associated Press.) Ottawa, Feb. 8.—The adjourned Conservative caucus reassembled this morning for consideration of matters of party organization and the appointment of several committees to supervise arrangements for the Federal campaign, upon which they count on coming this summer.

HOW ONE GETS BILIOUS.

A sluggish liver fails to filter the bile from the blood, and when the poisonous matter goes through the body in the circulation, the whole system is tainted and deranged. This is called biliousness, and can be completely cured by Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which act directly on the liver, making it healthy and active. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. The cheapest medicine in the world.

THE SAMOAN TREATY.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Assurances have reached the state department from the German government that the Samoan treaty, which was ratified by the United States senate a week ago, will receive the ratification of the Bundesrath and the Reichstag within a week. There is said to be practically no opposition to the treaty in the German legislative branch.

Eczema Tortured a Child.

About three years ago I had to leave school with sore hands. My teacher said it was Salt Rheum or Eczema and told me to see the doctor.

Mother got some medicine, but it did me no good.

After I had suffered with the itching and burning about three months, mother thought she would try Burdock Blood Bitters.

I only took two bottles, when my hands got completely cured.—Emma Sheridan, Perry Sound, Ont.

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