

From the London Even. Mail, May 25.

FUNERAL OF PRINCE TALLEYRAND.

(From the French Papers.)

The removal of the body from the Hotel Talleyrand, in the Rue St. Florentin to the Church of the Assumption, took place this morning, according to the previous arrangements. Although the ceremony was, as far as consistently practicable, intended to be private, the high rank of the deceased, and still more the large space he has occupied in the public eye as a distinguished actor in the leading events which have taken place in Europe for a period of half a century, necessarily gave the ceremony nearly all the characteristics of a grand public funeral. The coffin lay in state for an hour before its removal to the church, the chamber being hung with royal mourning and lighted with wax tapers in the usual manner. The private friends of the deceased, and deputations from the Chambers of Peers and Deputies from the Institute, and other public bodies of which the deceased Prince was a member, with nearly all the Ambassadors and other personages of the *corps diplomatique*, &c., assembled soon after 10 o'clock. At an earlier hour all the thoroughfares for the public vehicles in the neighbourhood of the hotel had been stopped by lining the streets with military, and stationing cavalry at the various points of intersection—a measure not more requisite to give pomp to the imposing ceremony than to guard against accidents from the extreme pressure of the crowds, which had congregated in every quarter that promised a glimpse of the procession in immense numbers.—At precisely five minutes past 11 o'clock the cortege began to move in the following order:—

- A Detachment of Hussars.
  - Municipal Guards.
  - Sappers.
  - Music of the 16th, playing solemn airs, and the drums muffled.
  - A Detachment of the 7th Regiment of Infantry.
  - The Hearse, drawn by six black horses richly and superbly caparisoned with silver ornaments, as well as the Hearse with plumes, &c., and the pall supported by Marshal Sault, Baron Pasquier, Count Mole, and the Duke de Broglie.
  - After which
  - Deputations from the Institute, the Peers, Ministers, Deputies, Ambassadors, and different corps.
  - Servants in Royal Livery.
  - A Detachment of the 16th of the Line.
  - The Prince's Carriage.
  - Six Mourning Coaches.
  - The Duchess de Dino's Carriage, followed by
  - Four Mourning Coaches.
  - Seven Royal Carriages.
  - Thirty Private Carriages in liveries, closed by a
  - Detachment of Municipal Guards on foot and horseback.
- The hearse arrived at the church at half-past 11, when the funeral service immediately commenced, and had not concluded when our reporter quitted the sacred edifice.

THE GREAT TRIAL.—The absorbing topic of the day in the City has been the affair of the British Iron Company and the decision of the House of Lord, adverted to yesterday, by which the decree of the Court below was reversed, and judgment given therefore against the company. No decision of that assembly, it is thought, ever before affected so large a class of persons and such a vast variety of interests. This will be better understood when it is considered that the suit has been one of about twelve years' duration, during which time, in one shape or other, it has come before nearly every court of law or equity in the country, in which the success, though various, appeared upon the balance to incline decidedly in favour of the company. The costs alone are stated to amount to more than £150,000, and the property in question involves a sum of between £500,000 and £600,000. The company was established in or about the year 1825, with £1,000,000 of capital, represented by 20,000 shares, with which certain iron mines, in Staffordshire, Wales, and other parts, were purchased, and proposed to be worked. The Staffordshire purchase was the one out of which the litigation arose, it being alleged by the company that the mines were not of the value, or so productive, as from the representations made they had reason to believe, and therefore had been induced to contract for.—Through the protracted and dubious nature of all law proceedings, the shares of the company had become almost valueless and unsaleable, until the period of Lord Lyndhurst's celebrated adjudication in their favour. The shares, previ-

ously almost without a price, advanced in consequence to £4 per share, or thereabouts. Such, however, is the uncertainty of the law, that by one decision in the contrary sense the property of all these parties so circumstanced, to say nothing of the original shareholders, has already been so damaged, that the shares are not now near one half the value named. It is stated that the company's works in South Wales have, however, from the commencement been proceeding advantageously.

**Important Discory.**—We understand that Mr. Chas. Borrows, mason, of St. Austell, after studying for many years the best method of destroying the "damps" in coal mines, which have proved so fatal to thousands of human beings, has at length succeeded in constructing a machine which will effectually destroy them, and enable the miner to prosecute his work with the aid of a lighted candle, without lantern or any covering, in perfect safety.

**MORALITY OF RAILWAYS.**—Railways are evidently destined to be great moral teachers, and not the least importance of the lesson, they will enforce is punctuality. The inexorable door of the station is closed precisely at the appointed time, and the traveller who is but a second behind has no remedy but patience. There is no running after the departed vehicle, with hat in one hand and portmanteau in the other, shouting to the coachman to "pull up;"—no retrieving your loss even by post horses, and a douceur to the boy, on the next station. While you are going ten miles, the object of your pursuit will assuredly achieve twenty or thirty.

THE STAR

WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1833.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We have received "An Elector of Hearts Content," complaining of the conduct of an Hon. Member of the Assembly to their Representative, Mr. MOORE, in his place in the House.—It shall probably have a place in our next.

"A. Z." has been received, enquiring the cause of the House of Assembly not appointing a Solicitor in the room of Mr. SIMMS resigned, and a Reporter in the room of Mr. DANIEL resigned, and wishes to be informed how these little births are to be filled up.

We had intended this week to put a few home questions to the Board of "Commissioners for Roads and Bridges in and about the Town of Harbor Grace," but we are prevented doing so by the appearance of their advertisement; as we infer from this, that it is their intention at length to proceed to business. We are well aware of the latent causes of their delay and of the peculiar impediments with which the majority have had to contend; yet we cannot help expressing our very great surprise that a majority should have so long suffered themselves to be impeded by them.

At a General Meeting of Housekeepers, held on Wednesday last, for the purpose of choosing Office-bearers for the ensuing twelve-months, the following persons were duly elected:—

WESTERN WARD.—A. Drysdale, G. P. Jillard, Geo. Thorne T. Goddon, *Wardens*; Wm. Panton, *Captain*; M. Kelly, *1st Lieut.*, E. Pynn, *2nd do.*

EASTERN WARD.—F. Lynch, Wm. Meagher, R. L. Whiting, Jos. Soper, *Wardens*; J. R. Knight, *Captain*; G. Hippisley, *1st Lieut.*, T. Dunford *2nd do.*

Mr Geo. Thorne, *General Treasurer*. On the following day the undermentioned persons were chosen by the Officers:—

WESTERN WARD.—Mark Parsons, M. Dooling, J. Fox, C. C. Thompson, J. Churchwell, F. Parsons, *Constables*, J. Moore, T. Kitchen, *Chimney Inspectors*.

EASTERN WARD.—D. Green, J. Lampen, R. Walsh, G. Woolfrey, R. Han-

rahan, D. Keefe, *Constables*; W. Mitchell, D. Donovan, *Chimney Inspectors*. Mr. J. Fitzgerald, *Secretary and Assessor*.—*Mercury*, July 6.

The Annual Meeting of the Commissioners of Education for this District took place yesterday, when, we are informed, the proceedings were of a very interesting character. The Schools established by virtue of the Colonial Act seem to have fully realized the expectations of the Commissioners; and the Report of the President, to be grounded on certain Resolutions of the Meeting, will, we understand, be of a very satisfactory nature.—*Newfoundlander*, July 5.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased, in pursuance of the Colonial Act 1st Victoria, Cap. 1. Sec. 13. to nominate

The Honorable JOHN DUNSCOMBE, a Member of H. M. Council and HUGH A. EMERSON and ANTHONY W. GODFREY, Esquires Members of the House of Assembly, to constitute a Board to Audit the Accounts of the Receivers of duties imposed by the above-mentioned Act, and finally to settle and close the same. *Royal Gazette*, July 3.

The following copy of a dispatch, with its enclosure from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, has been laid before the Legislature by command of his Excellency the Governor:—

Downing Street, 10th Nov., 1837. "SIR,—I have received your Despatch No. 46, of the 8th ultimo, in which you have enclosed, at the instance of the House of Assembly, a case to be submitted for the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, as to the validity of the Acts of the former Legislature of Newfoundland.

"Having submitted this case for the consideration of the Attorney and Solicitor-General, they have reported to me that no informality in the issuing of the Writs for the election of the members of the Assembly can affect the Acts done by the Legislative body.

"I enclose for your information a copy of their report.

I have, &c.

(Signed)

GLENELG.

"Governor Prescott, &c. &c. &c."

Temple, 17th Oct. 1837.

My Lord,—We have to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's letter of the 14th inst. together with a case prepared by the Attorney-General of the Island of Newfoundland, for the purpose of obtaining an opinion on the following points:

"1st.—In case it shall be found that all the Writs issued in 1832, under which the Members of the House of Assembly in the Island were elected and sate during all the Sessions of the first General Assembly, were issued without Seals, whether the Acts of the Legislature are to be deemed consequently void.

"2d.—In case it should be found that two only of the fifteen Members of Assembly were elected under Writs issued without seals, whether such defect renders the Legislative Acts of the Governor and Assembly invalid.

"We beg leave to state to your Lordship that we have fully considered the case submitted to us, together with the accompanying papers, and we are clearly of opinion that no informality in the issuing of the Writs can affect the validity of the Acts done by the Legislative Body. The absence of the Seal might perhaps have justified the sheriff, or other Officer to whom it was directed, in treating the instrument as a nullity, and consequently refusing to proceed to an election. But the election were in fact made, and we are of opinion that no objection could afterwards be raised to the form of the instruments under which the Returning Officers

acted, so as to affect the Legislative powers of the persons returned.

"Being of opinion that the Legislative competency of the Assembly would not be affected by the circumstance of all the Writs having been unsealed, we feel it hardly unnecessary to add that it could not be affected by the fact that two of the Writs issued without a Seal, supposing the rest to have been duly sealed.

"We beg leave to add that it will be expedient for the future that all Writs for the election of Members of the Assembly should issue under the Seal of the Colony—all Writs being in strictness instruments under Seal.

(Signed)

T. CAMPBELL

R. W. ROLFE

[From the Royal Gaz. of yesterday.]

Yesterday, in Her Majesty's Council, the Bill entitled "An Act for granting to Her Majesty a sum of money for defraying the expense of the Civil Government of this Colony for the year ending the 30th day of June 1838, and for other purposes," passed a second reading, by the casting vote of the President. It was then moved that the Bill, together with the Despatch of the Secretary of State for the Colonies of 1st Feb. 1838, [inserted in last Gazette] be committed forthwith; and it being proposed, in amendment, that the Bill be committed on that day six months, the opinion of the House was taken thereupon, when the amendment was lost by a majority of one, and the original motion carried,—so the House resolved itself into a Committee accordingly. The Committee having risen, the Chairman reported the Bill without amendment, together with the following Resolutions, which were agreed to by the House.

Resolved—That Her Majesty's Council having received a Message from His Excellency the Governor transmitting the copy of a Despatch from the Right Honorable Lord Glenelg, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonial Department, conveying the offer of her Majesty's Royal Mediation for re-establishing a good understanding between the two Branches of the Legislature, accepts the gracious offer of Her Majesty with sentiments of profound gratitude and respect; and will omit no concession consistent with their duty to Her Majesty, to render Her Mediation effectual.

Resolved—that in the discussions from which have unhappily arisen the differences between the two Branches of the Legislature, the principle sought to be established by this House, whatever error may be supposed to have arisen in its application, is precisely that asserted for the Council by Her Majesty's command in the Despatch referred to—viz, the right of freely exercising their deliberate judgment on Bills of Supply and Appropriation sent up by the Assembly.

Resolved—that it does not appear to the Council that the right can be any other otherwise obtained than by one or other of the methods recognised by her Majesty in the Despatch, namely, either by initiating no grant of money except at the instance of the Crown, as in the Imperial Parliament, or as in the British Provinces on the Continent of North America, by granting the Supplies in separate Bills, sending each of them in turn to the Council for acceptance, or by sending up separate Resolutions, to each of which successively the concurrence of the Council should be obtained before its inclusion in the general appropriation Act.

Resolved—that the Bill now sent up to Her Majesty's Council by the House of Assembly, being similar to that sent up last Session, the opinion of the Council has already been pronounced upon it, and their objections remain for the most part unaltered—but in deference to Her Majesty's Royal Mediation, and assuming that the Assembly will in like spirit of conciliation accept the gracious offer of Her Majesty, the Council will not refuse to pass the present Bill, in the assurance that all future Bills of Supply and Appropriation will be presented for the consideration of the Council in one or other of the modes pointed out in the Despatch; although in making this concession, even for the purpose of giving effect to Her Majesty's Mediation, the Council cannot but be seriously apprehensive of exceeding the intentions of Her Majesty, as collected from the whole tenor of the Despatch.

The Bill was then ordered to be read a third time to-day.

SHIP

Port of Harbortown  
July 25.—Solon, tons salt, 25 tons  
July 10.—Ann, D seal skins.

Port of Harbortown

June 21.—Ellen, K  
Lark, Miller, St. wax.  
22.—Blandford, H bread, flour.  
23.—Packet, Grabe ber, cattle.  
25.—Hope, Cooper Three Brothers, C cattle.  
John & Horatio, coal.  
Rowera, Little, S Breeze, Hurst, Ha chocolate.  
Herald, Kait, Hal 29.—Breakwater, Devonshire, Wain lasses  
Lancet, Moneton, Anglicania, Burri Priscilla, Sutherland tocs.

30.—Triton, Wak Adventurer, Manu Naiad, Paterson, pork.  
Susan, Burke, Bri July 4.—Thomas giz, salt.  
Ann, Day, Cadiz, c  
June 21.—Rover, ra, fish.  
Emily, Sheehan, Highlander, Mu ber, oil.  
Neptune, Darrell, Eliza Bunting, B Wilsons, Hunter.  
22.—Eliza, Harti Carrs, Young, Q Galatea, Fairlam, Barbara, Gerroir St. John's, Perce

FOR LIVE

To Sail on The fine



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Carbonear, July 11, 1838

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Harbor Grace, July 11, 183

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Harbor Gra July 11,