Fig. 7.—Spores of Aspergillus glaucus, a, in the unripe, b, in the ripe condition. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture three days. \times 1640.

Fig. 8.—Cells, heterocyst (h.), and spore (sp.) of Cylindrospermum majus. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture fourteen days. \times 1640.

Fig. 9.—Three cells of a filament of Microcolcus terrestris. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture four days. × 2000.

Fig. 10.—a. Spores (immature), b, c, and d, basidia of a leucosporous Hymenomycetc. d. Basidium with sterigmata and one attached spore. Sterile (?) element in b. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture eight days. \times 820.

Figs. 11—13.—Portions of byphæ of Hyphelia terrestris Fries, illustrating the development of the fructification, 13 α and b representing the simplest form. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture three days. \times 820.

Figs. 14—18.—From the ovary of a specimen of Erythronium americanum hardened in alcohol. Fig. 14 illustrates the effect produced by diammonium sulphide and glycerine in two days; Figs. 15, 17, and 18 represent that produced by ammonium hydrogen sulphide and glycerine in the same time; and in Fig. 16 is shown how intense the reaction appeared after treatment for four days with the same reagent. × 1240.

Figs. 19--22.—From the ovary of a specimen of Erythronium americanum hardened in alcohol. Sections treated for thirty hours with sulphuric acid alcohol, and mounted in a mixture of glycerine and ammonium hydrogen sulphide. × 1240.

Fig. 23.—Four hepatic cells from a specimen of Necturus lateralis. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture eight days. × 620.

Fig. 24.—Two hepatic cells from the same animal, illustrating the distribution of the iron and the nuclear structure after they were treated with sulphuric acid alcohol for twenty-four hours, and mounted in a mixture of glycerine and ammonium hydrogen sulphide. × 620.

Fig. 25.—An example of Stentor polymorphus. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture two weeks. \times 305.

Fig. 26.—An example of Stentor polymorphus. Alcohol, Bunge's fluid thirty-seven hours, ammonium hydrogen sulphide and glycerine. \times 305.

Fig. 27.—Examples of Vorticella sp. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture seven days. × 600.

Fig. 28.—An example of Epistylis sp. Alcohol, Bunge's fluid twenty-four hours, glycerine and amnonium hydrogen sulphide. × 600.

Fig. 29.—An ovum of Ascaris mystax, fixed during impregnation. Only a portion of the ovum is represented. Alcohol, the glycerine and sulphide mixture eight days. × 820.