

members of the Church of England and other Churches, is practical proof of the liberal character and catholic spirit of the College. There has never been a Theological Faculty in the College, nor a Theological student as such. There have been usually from 5 to 15 young men at the College who were pursuing their literary education with a view to the Christian Ministry, as there have been from 50 to 100 undergraduates in arts, who intended to engage in the profession of Law or Medicine, or in other pursuits; but the one class of students have paid all the College fees and dues just as much as the other class, and have equally contributed, in proportion to their number, to sustain the College, instead of being the slightest burthen upon any public grant made it, in aid of its operations.

9. In confirmation of these statements may be adduced the following statistics from records of the College: The whole number of students who have graduated and taken the degree of B.A. in Victoria College is 108; in Medicine, 377; in Law, 10. These do not include *ad eundem*, or honorary degrees, which have been granted. Of the 108 graduates in arts, 29 have entered into the Wesleyan ministry; 5 have entered the ministry of other Churches; 22 have entered the profession of Law; 12 have entered the Medical profession; 5 are Professors in Colleges; 15 are Masters of Grammar Schools; 8 are Merchants; 9 are farmers or unknown; 3 are Editors. During the last 14 years, 1398 young men have been educated at the Victoria College; average number of students and pupils sent into the country per annum has been 100; average attendance has been 202; average attendance in the University Department, 99; average attendance in the Preparatory Department, 112. The attendance at present in the University and Preparatory Departments of the College, is 385. On the ground of these facts alone it is submitted, that Victoria College amply compensates the country for the supplementary aid granted annually by Parliament to assist its operations.

10. It is the conviction of your Memorialists that the most efficient and equitable method of promoting Collegiate education in Upper Canada, is for the Legislature to make a grant or endowment in the aggregate for that purpose, and then distribute that grant among the various Colleges in proportion to the work done, or the number of students taught in each, according to a standard and inspection determined by Government; as the income of the Literature Fund in the State of New York is distributed among various denominational and other academies, according to the number of pupils taught in certain subjects in each, as inspected by an appointed member of the Regents of the State University. But until such, or some other just and general system of State co-operation with the Colleges is established, your Memorialists rely upon the justice and liberality of your Honorable House, and earnestly pray, for the continuance of that aid which the Legislature of United Canada has hitherto granted to Victoria College, which is so indispensable to its efficient operations, and which has always been, and ever will be, expended with a view to the strictest economy and the greatest good of the country.

— LEGISLATIVE GRANTS TO AMERICAN COLLEGES.—We have before us a return obtained from the "Comptroller of the State of New York of the sums granted to various Colleges and Universities of that State," during the last ten years. We will give a few examples in regard to those institutions, whose denominational control is dated in the American National Almanac. Genesee College (Methodist) \$12,000; Geneva College (Episcopal) \$14,500; Hamilton College (Baptist) \$11,500; St. John's College (Roman Catholic) \$5,500; St. Lawrence University (Universalist) \$25,000; Troy University (Roman Catholic) \$5,000; Rochester University (Baptist) \$25,000; University of New York (Protestant Reformed), \$16,500; Martin Luther College, now called the University of Buffalo (Lutheran), \$3,000; Elmira Female College (Presbyterian), \$35,000; &c., &c.—*Guardian*.

— ST. JEROME'S COLLEGE, BERLIN.—In speaking of this institution, the *Canadian Freeman* says:—We have much pleasure in calling public attention to the flourishing College of St. Jerome, in the county town of Waterloo. This already favorably known institution, now some years in existence, is conducted by the zealous and learned Fathers of the Congregation of the Resurrection, and stands under the special supervision of His Lordship the Bishop of Hamilton. Situated in the midst of a large and influential English and German community, its importance and utility cannot possibly be overlooked. The inducements which it offers to intending students from all parts of the Province and the United States, are such as are not to be found elsewhere within the bounds of the Dominion.

— QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY, KINGSTON.—From an editorial in the *Guardian* we glean the following interesting facts in regard to this University:—According to its records, as attested by the Rev. Principal Snodgrass to

the Chairman of its Board, the Hon. John Hamilton, we have the following statistics, which have "no reference whatever to the Preparatory school, which, for a number of years, was maintained in connection with the College, but which was recently amalgamated with the Kingston Grammar School," and which "do not include any who have studied at the College in the Faculties of Medicine or Law only." There have been educated in the Arts Faculty of Queen's College—the only Faculty that exists in the Toronto University College—no less than 676 students. Of these, 246 have been members of the Church of Scotland; 68 other Presbyterians; 155 members of the Church of England; 59 Wesleyan Methodists; 38 Roman Catholic; 12 Baptists; 18 Congregationalists, Protestants, and others; 80 denomination not registered. A large majority, therefore, of the undergraduates in the Arts course of Queen's College is of other Churches than of the Church of Scotland. The professions of these undergraduates after leaving Queen's College, so far as their history is known; 83 Clergymen, of whom 15 belong to Churches not connected with the Church of Scotland; 41 Lawyers; 27 Physicians; 13 Teachers, the majority at present in Grammar Schools; 5 Professors in Colleges; 2 Judges; the rest Merchants, Engineers, County Attorneys, Members of Parliament, &c.

— EDUCATIONAL MUSEUM.—From the letter of a correspondent of the *Nova Scotia Provincial Wesleyan*, we give the following extract:—"While in Toronto we paid a visit to the Normal School, at the head of which stands our beloved Dr. Ryerson, who, though now advanced in years, takes a lively interest in all that affects the welfare of his beloved Canada. The institution has undergone many improvements since our last visit, ten years ago; this is more particularly the case in respect to the paintings and statuary. Hundreds of people visit the institution daily. We were informed, that recently the Corporation of the City of Philadelphia, U. S., paid it a visit, and acknowledged that they had seen nothing equal to its respective departments, not even in the United States. This was surely an eulogium.

— MR. BIGGAR'S DONATION.—At a meeting of Teachers, Trustees and friends of education at Codrington, on Saturday, 12th inst., for the purpose of deciding in what way the \$100 for prizes, donated by James L. Biggar Esq. to the schools of East Northumberland, should be distributed, E. Scarlett, Local Superintendent of Schools, was called to the chair. Moved by G. Bedford, of Seymour, and seconded by V. A. Coleman, of Warkworth, That the thanks of this meeting are justly due and are hereby tendered to Mr. Biggar, for his kind donation to school children in this Riding; and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to him by the secretary. Carried. Moved by John Bell, and seconded by G. Bedford, that the money be appropriated according to the average attendance for the past year, each township left to supplement and decide in what manner it will be laid out, whether by holding sectional or a Township examination. Moved in amendment by Isaac C. Squier, and seconded by John Chapman, That for the proper distribution of the donation of \$100, by J. L. Biggar, Esq., we call township competitive examinations; and that the pupils gaining prizes at the examinations in the several townships, compete at some general Riding examination. The original motion was carried. Isaac C. Squier, Secretary. Brighton, October 14th, 1867.

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