

that they may obtain the training necessary to conduct such classes.

4. The establishment of a Training School of the farm colony type similar to that at Waverly, Mass., and that at Epsom, England.

It must be noted that the cost of the survey was slight, owing to the National Committee of Mental Hygiene giving the Government of Nova Scotia the services of Dr. Hincks and his associates.

In all of these Provinces there is compulsory school attendance. In Quebec the situation is different. No one knows how many defective children of school age are either in or out of school. In rural districts there is supposed to be an annual school census but in the large centres this is not the case. Probably the majority of the defective children do not attend school. Although it is generally stated that Quebec has a high rate of school attendance, statistics show that this is not a fact. The Report of the Superintendent of Education of the Province of Quebec for the year 1925-26, in Table III, page xix, gives the number of children between five and fourteen years of age, according to the school census as 526,601, and the number between five and fourteen enrolled in schools as 487,301. But the number enrolled does not necessarily indicate the number in actual attendance for a reasonable number of days in a year. From the returns made by the Protestant Inspectors, it appears that in Protestant Schools there are 5778 children in Grade I, but only 3224 in Grade IV. From the fourth year on, the numbers