B_{RITTON}, J., IN CHAMBERS. FEBRUARY 1ST, 1913.

RE MITCHELL v. DOYLE.

Division Courts Territorial Jurisdiction—Notice Disputing Jurisdiction—Duty to Apply for Transfer of Plaint to another Court—Changes in Statute—Division Courts Act, 10 Edw. VII. ch. 32, secs. 72, 78, 79—Prohibition—Laches— Discretion—Affidavits—Merits—Costs.

Motion by the defendant for prohibition to prevent further proceedings in the 9th Division Court in the United Counties of Nanth of Northumberland and Durham, and also in the 2nd Division Court in the County of Bruce.

G. H. Kilmer, for the defendant. A. B. Colville, for the plaintiffs.

BRITTON, J.:—The facts are as follows. On the 2nd March, 1910, the plaintiffs left their claim for suit with the clerk of the 9th D: the 9th Division Court in the United Counties of Northumber-The claim was:

I yearling heifer By paid	May, 1910.
	\$100
raid	**************************************
	5%

On the same day, a summons issued, which was served, the 14th Mr. on the 14th March, upon the defendant, who then resided and residen is now resides in the county of Bruce. On the 15th March, the defendant in the county of Bruce. defendant instructed his solicitor to file a dispute-notice, and on the 18th Mr. on the 18th March the clerk of the said Court received the notice disputi notice disputing the plaintiffs' claim and also disputing the jurisdiction. jurisdiction. The defendant did not file any affidavit, nor did apply to the defendant did not file any affidavit, nor did he apply to the County Court Judge to have the case transferred, non diag. ferred, nor did he attend the trial. At the trial, one of the plaintiffs can be particulars as plaintiffs gave evidence of the debt, but gave no particulars as to where the to where the cause of action arose. The learned Judge, on the 14th May, 1912, gave judgment for the plaintiffs for \$35 debt