

thought a man's education in England was not sufficient, then they would be right in saying that he should not be registered here; but they should be able to say that we who claimed to be on a level in matters of medical education with Great Britain expected that if her sons came to practise here we should have reciprocity, and be allowed to practise there. (Applause.)

Rev. W. S. Rainsford replied for "The Clergy."

Mr. Vankoughnet returned thanks on behalf of "The Bar."

"The Universities with which we are affiliated and sister institutions" was the next toast.

Rev. J. Langtry replied on behalf of Trinity University. After Dr. Geikie, he had the vanity to think he had more to do with the establishment of Trinity College Medical School than anybody else. (Applause.) He did not mean to say that he had done the work, but he had pulled the wires while Dr. Geikie had done the work. He trusted that the bonds between the School and the College would every year become more closely drawn. (Applause.)

Prof. Croft, on behalf of the University of Toronto, observed that there was some improvements which he would yet like to see effected in that institution, among which were the establishment of the degree "Bachelor of Science," and the abolition of the regulation which prevented members of the Senate from becoming examiners.

Mr. Shaw replied on behalf of the University of Halifax, and Mr. Ferguson for the University of Manitoba.

Dr. Geikie, in replying to the toast of the "Trinity Medical School," said that it was never more prosperous or numerous attended than at present, and this was due to the students themselves and to the faculty of past years. The General Hospital, which is now in a better condition than at any previous period, had been a great aid to the School, and their thanks were due especially to Dr. O'Reilly and the trustees of the Hospital for many kindnesses. He commended the single portal system for entrance to the medical profession,

as affording a better guarantee than any other of efficiency in the profession.

Dr. Aikins then spoke for the Toronto Medical School. He also expressed himself in favour of many colleges but one university, which would raise the standard of education, create a healthy rivalry, and result in our degrees being respected abroad. Regarding the question of medical reciprocity between England and Canada, he said that if all those sent out from England were men of high attainments they would not object. But it was a fact that the British Medical Council itself had long been struggling for a central system of examination, because it had no confidence in the twelve or twenty institutions which had now the privilege of registration. It would not be fair to refuse to accept the degrees of our own universities, and welcome graduates from English universities. This winter there were between 250 and 300 medical students in Toronto, where he supposed three-fourths of the medical men of Ontario were educated, and it was therefore in the public interest that medical men sent out from this city should be highly qualified. In order to this end, the Government ought to increase its assistance to the Hospital so that outside patients should not be prevented from coming here.

"The College of Physicians and Surgeons" was replied to by Dr. McDonald, of Hamilton; and "The General Hospital and Trustees," by Dr. O'Reilly and Mayor Beatty.

The toasts of "Graduates and Undergraduates," "The Ladies," and "The Press," were afterwards duly honoured.

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MRS. PEARSON'S ABDOMINAL SUPPORTER.—We wish to call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of this well known supporter. It is the best supporter of the kind we have seen, and is well made, and offered at a reasonable price.

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MALTINE.—This preparation is being widely introduced throughout Canada, and, like the Extracts of Malt, has a large and increasing sale. We intend next month to discuss the properties and actions of the various preparations of Malt and its combinations.