pose, either as regards space, accoustic properties, and especially ventilation, which it appears was as bad as could be. This was the more remarked upon, as hygiene is the great forte of German medicine; and it was rather paradoxical to be listening to long treatises on ventilation while one was being suffocated for the want of air.

Virchow was the President, and seems to have given satisfaction, although very few could hear what he said.

Lassar was the general secretary, and from all accounts he seems to have been unable to handle the enormous amount of work which the organization of such a meeting entailed.

Among other things of interest, the drill of the Berlin Fire Brigade was to take place at 8 o'clock on a certain morning, and no physicians present to witness it, although the men were kept awaiting the doctors' arrival until 11 o'clock,—owing to the general secretary having forgotten to announce it. One of the principal objects attained by the meeting was the bringing together of so many members of the profession, which we feel sure does more than any thing else to strengthen it. If there were more social meetings of medical men in every locality, a general improvement in their feelings towards each other would soon be mani-Several of the English-speaking members were disappointed at their papers not being listened to by the meeting in general. But this might be expected when we consider that over three thousand of those present were German, or from German speaking countries. We would recommend any one attending Congresses in future, intending to read papers, to be particular to read them in the language of the country in which the Congress is held; the next one being convened for 1893 in Rome. The same complaint was made by the Germans and French at the last Congress held in Washington. On the whole, however, we may consider the Tenth International Congress of Berlin a grand success.

BOOK NOTICES.

JUST READY; A TEXT-BOOK OF PRACTICAL THERA-PEUTICS WITH ESPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE AP-PLICATION OF REMEDIAL MEASURES TO DISEASE AND THEIR EMPLOYMENT UPON A RATIONAL BASIS. By Robart Amory Hare, B. Sc., M.D., Clinical Professor of Diseases of Children and Demonstrator of Therapeutics in the University of Pennsylvania; Laureate of the Royal Academy of Medicine in Belgium; of the Medical Society of London; member of the American Association of Physicians; Secretary of the Convention for the Revision of the United States Pharmacopœia of 1890; Physician to St. Agnes Hospital and the Dispensary of the Children's Hospital, Philadelphia. In one very handsome octavo volume of 632 pages. \$3.75; leather, \$4.75. Lea Brothers & Co., Publishers, 706 and 708 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

The publishers take great pleasure in announcing the early appearance of a new work on Therapeutics, planned on lines which will secure for it a leading position as a text-book and work of refer-The author's large experince in experimental, didactic and clinical work has peculiarly fitted him to produce a volume containing all that is latest and best in the application of remedial measures, and to present this material in a way which will not only impress it firmly upon the mind of the student, but which will also render it of daily service to practitioners by reason of its definite instructions as to the choice of various agents which may be employed. A feature distingaishing this work from all others in its inclusion, within one cover, of a text-book on Therapeutics proper and a text and reference-book on treatment. This latter division occupies at least one-half of the work with clear directions for the therapeutic measures to be employed in any given disease, together with the reasons for choice of drugs according to the varying stages and symp-It is unnecessary to enlarge upon the advantage to the physician and student, of having at instant command a statement of the properties of his agents and of the rational methods of using them, each part being written with especial reference to the other. In the portion of the work dealing with treatment, the author has secured the assistance of gentlemen well known in connection with special subjects. Thus, Dr. Barton Cooke Hirst writes upon treatment of diseases of the puerperal state; Dr. G. E. De Schweinitz upon treatment of diseases of the eye; Dr. J. Howard Reeves upon treatment of diseases of the throat and nose, and Dr. Edward Martin upon antiseptics and the treatment of venereal diseases. From these considerations it is easy to justify the confidence with which the publishers look forward to the future of this work.