

Chionobas (Eneis) *Jutta* reported from the Mer Bleue by Dr. Fletcher is a very delicate brownish-gray insect, with three ocelli on the anterior wings and two or three on the hind-wings the underside of the wings is marbled with grayish and brown markings. This boreal Satyr flies in swamps and wet meadows. I have captured a specimen in a wet wood at Langevin, Dorchester Co., P.Q., some fifty miles south of Quebec city.

While strolling in the fields east of Rockcliffe Park on June the 14th, 1902, I observed a small butterfly which seemed strange to me. I succeeded in capturing it with my hat, and comparing it with the coloured plates of "Holland's Butterfly Book," I supposed this insect to be *Cænonympha Inornata* (Edw.), but as I was not sure of its identity I submitted the specimen to Dr. Fletcher, who kindly determined it as a true *Inornata*, and I understand it is the first time this butterfly has been seen in this vicinity.

Cænonympha Inornata is a small species expanding about $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches; the wings above are of a uniform warm ochreous yellow, the margin of both fore-wings and hind-wings is gray; on the under side the fore-wings are ochreous yellow from the base to the middle or end of the discal area, and then light, shading into gray towards the outer margin; the hind-wings are gray with a whitish band transversely across the wing. This species is abundant on the western prairies, and has also been taken at Hudson Bay and in Newfoundland.

ENTOMOLOGICAL BRANCH.

By invitation of Dr. Fletcher, one of the leaders of this branch, a meeting was held at his residence on Thursday, Jan. 22, 1903, the following members being present:—W. H. Harrington, T. J. MacLaughlin, A. Halkett, W. Simpson, A. Gibson, C. H. Young, W. R. S. Metcalfe, A. E. Richard and J. D. Evans (Trenton). The convener stated that his object in calling them together was to discuss the work of the branch and to see if some steps might not be taken to stimulate and develop research, as the