THE FAST STEAMSHIP VANCOUVER, Captain Jones, will sail from Montreal for Liverpool on Saturday, 12th May, for Quebec direct. This steamer has present outside state rooms and is lighted by electricity. A few good rooms can still be secured.
GZOWSKI & MURDAN, Agents, 24 King-street East.

The Toronto World.

T.S.L. TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY. SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS A SPECIALTY. 106 YORK-ST., NEAR KING. GEO. P. SHARPE. 135

NINTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

A MAJORITY OF FIFTY-ONE

SIR RICHARD'S BUDGET AMENDMENT HOISTED, 117 TO 66.

And the House Goes into Ways and Means—The Fisheries Treaty Bill Passed by the Senate and the Matter Ended so Far as Parliament is Concerned.

OTTAWA, May 1.—This was eminently a day of talk in both houses. The Senate continued the debate on the treaty bill until 11.45 to-night, when the bill, after passing through committee of the whole, was read a third time and passed. This finishes the treaty bill as far as the Canadian Parliament is concerned.

The bone of contention in the House of Commons was the continued debate on the Budget, which was finished just before midnight by a division, in which Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment to the Minister of Finance's motion to go into ways and means was hoisted, 117 to 66, the vote being a straight party one.

The debate was heavy and somewhat weary. The Postmaster-General, an ex-Minister of Finance, let off with a two hours' speech in defence of the Government's fiscal policy, since the introduction of Protection. Mr. Paterson of Brant delivered one of the liveliest speeches of the session, and he scored Mr. McLelan and Sir Charles Tupper in a vigorous fashion. The gentleman from Brant is one of the ablest debaters on the Opposition benches, and is always attentively listened to.

After Mr. Paterson came Mr. Hesson, Mr. Trow and Mr. Cook. Herman had a great deal of fun with himself, and the House was very noisy while he shouted into the ears of the ministers that they didn't care a cent whether the country went to the devil or not so long as they could hold on to power.

The House went into ways and means at midnight.

N.W.T. Legislators' Indemnity.

OTTAWA, May 1.—Sir John Macdonald to-night gave notice that he would move the House in committee on a future day on the proposed resolution to fix the indemnity of each member of the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territory at $500 per session and each legal expert at $250, provision to be made for deductions for non-attendance as presented by the Governor-in-Council; the salary of the Speaker to be $600 and the Clerk of the Assembly, who shall also be Secretary to the Governor, to be $2000, to be paid out of the consolidated revenue fund of Canada. Actual travelling expenses of the members and experts are also to be allowed.

CAPITAL CHIT-CHAT.

Miss Cockburn's Illness—The Supreme Court—The Railway Committee.

OTTAWA, May 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Cockburn have been very anxious during the two days about the health of their daughter who is attending school at Brighton, Eng. Miss Cockburn was thought to be so seriously ill that her mother got ready to go to England. A cable to-day, however, announces the young lady's restoration to health.

At the opening of the Supreme Court this morning Chief Justice Ritchie, Mr. Justice Strong, Mr. Justice Fournier and Mr. Justice Gwynne took their seats. The Chief Justice intimated that the court was prepared to render judgment in several appeals, but as there was no quorum they could not proceed. The sitting of the court was therefore adjourned until June 12 next, when it is possible that business will be continued.

A "Manual of the Constitutional History of Canada," by J. G. Bourinot, LL.D., clerk of the House of Commons, will be issued from the press of a Montreal publishing house in the course of a few days. It will also contain a brief digest of important judicial decisions on questions of legislative jurisdiction.

The Railway Committee this morning reported the amended Bill to incorporate the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company. The bill empowers the Canada Southern Railway to tender for its western terminus on the Canadian Pacific Railway from Callendar to Sudbury and to issue bonds to the extent of $20,000 to $30,000 per mile was also reported.

The Minister of Justice gave a large dinner party to-night, at which the lady guests predominated.

FROM THE GERMAN CAPITAL.

Praying for the Emperor's Death—Dr. Bergmann's Retirement.

BERLIN, May 1.—After the Emperor arose yesterday he spent some time at an open window, and was refreshed by the balmy air.

A sensation has been caused by a report that orthodox preachers in several Prussian towns are praying that the Emperor may have an early release from his sufferings.

The Empress has received a letter from Queen Victoria, in which Her Majesty expresses great gratification at the cordial reception accorded to her by the people of Berlin.

Prof. Bergmann wrote to the chief court marshal, requesting to be released from attendance on the Emperor, on the ground that it was best that the patient should not be treated by two physicians unable to agree. The Emperor approved of Prof. Bergmann's course, and the latter withdrew from the case.

The Emperor was somewhat feverish this morning. He recovers his strength very slowly.

A bulletin issued this morning says the Emperor passed a fairly satisfactory night. His fever has slightly increased, but otherwise there is no material change in his condition.

Dr. Mackenzie changed the bandage on the Emperor's throat this afternoon in the presence of his colleagues. This evening the fever rose to nearly 103 degrees Centi. The sputum, which is thickening, is being discharged with difficulty.

BISMARCK'S DAILY LIFE.

His Diet and Exercise—The Uniform that He Wears—Seen at His Best.

Cable Letter New York Sun.

Bismarck sleeps from six to eight hours, and rises very early in the morning. He lies in a small, plain military bed of the pattern used in army camps. The mattress is almost as hard as a board, and the covering at this time of the year consists of a sheet and a woolen blanket. He eats a light breakfast, a substantial dinner at noon, and takes a biscuit and a single glass of wine before turning in at night. Like the late Emperor the Chancellor takes constant exercise, walking in the park back of his palace or occasionally in the streets of Berlin. In the latter case he is, of course, always followed by large crowds. It is a source of great disappointment that the swollen veins in his legs will prevent him from ever mounting a horse again. His fondness for dogs knows no bounds. He has four in the palace, Hans, his favorite, being an enormous thoroughbred Danish wolfhound.

Bismarck is guarded by detectives at all times, and his palace is constantly watched by policemen in citizens' attire. His life has been attempted several times.

His temper is not always a thing of level and complacent beauty by any means, and when he loses it his language is picturesque. He speaks all important languages. His Russian is wonderfully skilful for a foreigner. The Chancellor writes with broad gray quills, which he uses up at a great rate when writing rapidly. He always wears his uniform as General of the Brandenburg Cuirassiers, consisting, in undress, of a dark military frock coat with a yellow collar and braid and broad stripes on the trousers. His full-dress uniform is more showy and is immensely becoming to the Prince. It consists of a white tunic with gold facings, a cuirass, white riding breeches and high boots.

The love and admiration of Bismarck's life is the present Crown Prince. They are one in every prejudice and sentiment and meet daily.

The Chancellor is at his best when strolling in his garden with his dog and contemplatively smoking an old-fashioned China bowl German pipe such as peasants here affect. He is aptly called the Man of Blood and Iron, and yet, with all his austerity, absolutism, and inflexibility, he has qualities of loyalty and fairness in his personal dealings that bind men to him and make them firm admirers of a remarkably well-rounded and consistent character.

Defaulting Bulgarian Officials.

SOFIA, May 1.—Major Popoff, the commander of the garrison here, and several other officers have been convicted of being connected with defalcations recently discovered in the war office. Major Popoff declared that he was innocent, and as an argument in his favor he instanced the fact that he had refused bribes from the Russian Government of 4000 Napoleons and 200,000 roubles.

CANADIAN NOTES.

The grand branch of the Emerald Beneficial Association was in session at Orillia yesterday.

John Dyment of Orkney had a bay horse stolen from him yesterday by a 13-year-old boy who worked for him.

Father Chiniquy has resigned the pastorate of the French Mission Church at St. Anne, Kankakee, Ill.

Fox, the forger, arrested several years ago by Detective Fahey and sentenced to the penitentiary, has been pardoned by the Governor-General.

Judge Andrews last week gave Miss Parent, a Beauport school mistress, damages because the School Commissioners discharged her for going to her mother's funeral without permission.

The Labor Commission recommenced its sittings at Montreal yesterday.

THE WAGES OF PAINTERS.

They Want 22 1-2 Cents an Hour—The Bosses Send in a Reply.

For some time past negotiations have been going on between the journeymen painters and the bosses as to a reduction in the hours of labor and such an adjustment of wages as will secure the same pay for 9 hours as for 10. Last year the men voluntarily gave up the money they would have had if they had agreed to work till 5 p.m. on Saturdays for the purpose of securing the Saturday half-holiday. The bosses asked the men to follow the same course this year in the reduction of hours. On Thursday the committees of the men and bosses met at 4 p.m. and discussed the matter till a late hour without coming to an agreement. They again met Monday at 4 p.m., and continued the discussion till nearly 7 in the evening, and at 8 the same evening the workmen held a crowded meeting in their room at Richmond Hall.

The delegates who had met the bosses reported that the question of hours was easily settled but a serious difference had arisen on the wages question, as the employers did not seem willing to grant the increase of wages from 20 to 22½ cents per hour. The employers asked for another day to consider the matter which was agreed to and their ultimatum is now in the workmen's hands, who meet to-night in Richmond Hall to decide on future action.

The Bakers and Their Bosses.

Up to the present the majority of employers who have members of Wheat Sheaf Assembly working for them have been seen by the secretary of that assembly and have agreed to the terms in force last year being continued another twelve months, the workmen voluntarily agreeing to start at 4 a.m. on Saturdays and Mondays. Several employers have yet to be seen, and those seen who did not sign the agreement have nearly all promised to do so if a majority of employers sign, and as that has already been done there are no apparent reasons for anticipating any dispute. Announcements to the contrary are not correct, the Wheat Sheaf and No. 1 Union denying all knowledge of any dispute pending.

A MYSTERIOUS UNKNOWN.

Her Daily Visits to the House of Commons—Supposed to be a Detective.

OTTAWA, May 1.—For a couple of weeks past there has been a mysterious daily visitor to the Senators' gallery in the House of Commons. The stranger was a lady of large stature, with raven black hair and eyes, and she invariably dressed in black, her mantle being weighted down with jet beads of various shapes. Her age would probably be 35, and she generally found her way to the gallery in question like a shadow. The doorkeeper never knew she was near by until she was right up to the portals which they keep. No one that I have met remembers seeing this mysterious personage walking from or to the Parliament Buildings through any part of the magnificent square in which the noble pile stands. Many enquiries have been made about her, who she was, whence she came and what was her motive in making so many visits to the House. A gentleman who was connected with the Fisheries Commission says he saw the same lady at Washington frequently, but further he knew not of her.

Yesterday The World, saw the unknown ascending the tower of the main building and making minute inspection of the same. Subsequently she was seen in earnest conversation with a man who is said to be connected with the secret service and who is understood to do some slick work for the Customs Department in ferreting out smugglers. It is believed by persons here, who are in a position to know, that this unknown is a female detective who has done some clever work for the United States Government, and that she has been employed by the Canadian Government to hunt down a number of female smugglers who are operating at Detroit and Buffalo along the line of the Canada Southern Railway. It is said that large quantities of valuable goods are distributed on which no duty has been paid. Jewelry and silks are brought from both sides of the Canada Southern and disposed of to ladies who can afford such luxuries and who are not particular whether the purchases have passed the customs or not. It is hinted that the unknown is to be detailed to hunt up this class of smugglers.

She went west by the midnight train, holding a ticket, it is said, for Toronto. While at the Capital she did not put up at any of the hotels generally patronized by strangers. Her numerous visits to the House of Commons are what first attracted attention to her.

The New U.S. Chief Justice.

From The N.Y. Sun, May 1.

Melville Weston Fuller is a slim, wiry-looking man, rather below the middle height. He has silver-gray hair and a drooping gray moustache. He dresses well, and is considered exceptionally good looking. His face is fresh and unwrinkled, his 55 years notwithstanding. He is a popular club man and goes a good deal into society. He is one of the best known lawyers in the Northwest. As a politician he commanded the respect of both parties. His father was Frederick A. Fuller of Augusta, Me., in which city Melville was born on Feb. 11, 1833. His mother was a daughter of Chief Justice Nathan Weston. He attended school at Augusta, and graduated at Bowdoin College in the class of 1853. One of his classmates was E. J. Phelps, the United States Minister to England. In 1856 he was admitted to the bar, and at once began the practice of his profession in his native city. He stopped only two or three years in Augusta. The wonderful growth of Chicago was then being noised abroad with much vehemence, and Mr. Fuller decided to move to that city. His talents were speedily recognized, and in a very short time he was known as one of the foremost men at the Chicago bar. He took some active interest in politics, identifying himself with the Democratic party, but always holding the respect of both sides. Mr. Fuller was married twice, each time to a lady of considerable wealth and standing. His first wife was Calista O. Reynolds. His present wife is a daughter of the distinguished banker, William F. Coolbaugh, who ended his overburdened life on the steps of the Douglas monument. Mr. Fuller has a house full of children. They are all girls, and he has eight of them. Mr. Fuller is noted for his uncompromising integrity as well as for his devotion to the interests of his clients, and is generally believed to be one who would have nothing to do with a dishonest or suspicious case. He is painstaking and industrious. His income from his profession has of late years averaged over $30,000. If Mr. Fuller has one quality more admirable than any other, it is his uncompromising and uncontaminated Democracy. He is a Democrat of the purest ray serene.

The Doyle Murder Case.

HALIFAX, N.S. May 1.—Judge Townshend delivered the decision to-day in the Doyle murder trial, in which the youth William Preper was found guilty, reserving sentence and making it a Crown case reserved, the grounds being technical ones. The reserved case will probably be argued next week before the full bench of the Supreme Court.

"On Guard" in Error.

Editor World: Your correspondent "On Guard," whose letter appeared in Monday's issue, is in error in stating that "the city gave all the land on which the present station stands as a free gift to the Grand Trunk for a Union Station." That is not so, as it was sold to the company for $24,000. On my motion the water lots frontage was reserved to the city and a provision made in the deed of sale that any other railway entering on the Esplanade should have the right to use the station as a union station, under a plan of arbitration therein provided. W. EDWARDS.

North Toronto Again to the Front.

—The most popular part of our Queen City is the northern portion. It is favored with fine streets palatial residences, and is a beautiful and healthy locality. Prominent among the business portion is the establishment of C. H. Tonkin, 718 Yonge-street, who is again to the front with a large and fashionable stock of the leading spring styles in silk and felt hats from the best makers. His prices are much lower than down town stores. Give him a call for your spring hat. x

CHAT ACROSS THE CABLE.

Admiral Sir Alfred Ryder was accidentally drowned in the Thames last night. He suffered from insomnia.

The garrison at Suakim is daily expecting an attack by rebels.

The condition of affairs in Crete is threatening, and murders are of frequent occurrence. The Governor has resigned, being unable to keep the people under control.

Burglars broke into a jewelry store at Munich Sunday night and carried away goods worth £35,000.

The British Government offers to owners of over twenty horses an annual retainer of ten shillings for each horse for the option of purchasing them in time of war.

The Asian traveler, Dulgeish, was recently shot and killed by a Pathan near Karakoram Pass while going to Yarkand.

Cambridge University has appointed Rev. Wm. Crauwell Doane, Bishop of Albany, N.Y., select preacher for commencement exercises in June.

In the House of Commons Monday night Balfour's Irish Land Commission Bill was read a second time.

GLADSTONE AND THE POPE.

ANOTHER ESSAY ON VATICANISM PROBABLY FORTHCOMING.

A Possible Surprise in Store for the World—The Queen's Birthday to be Observed in London on May 26—Riches Serving a Noble Purpose.

LONDON, May 1.—It is probable that the next few weeks will witness the production of another essay on Vaticanism from the pen of the inexhaustible member for Midlothian. Mr. Gladstone combated fiercely the decrees which converted the doctrine of papal infallibility from a probable opinion into a dogma of the church. His attitude in that quarter was that of an outside observer; rather, perhaps, that of a dissentient or schismatic Catholic than of a Protestant of the English type.

Though Mr. Gladstone has protested enough, he has a more direct concern in the papal rescript which has been communicated to the Irish bishops, and will probably be soon made known by them to their clergy and flocks throughout the whole civilized world. The Pope is on the side of the ten commandments. His mandate denounces the plan of campaign and boycotting. Doubtless an attempt will be made to detract from the weight of the censure by representing it as an unwarrantable interference on the part of the Pope in the domestic affairs of this country.

Mr. Gladstone, who has appeared in many new and astonishing characters, may have another surprise in store for the world. He may come forward as the leader of an agitation against papal aggression.

Court arrangements entirely depend on the health of the German Emperor. But, if all is well, there will be a state ball and a state concert at Buckingham Palace during the first ten days of June, and a second ball and second concert after Ascot. There has been a great deal of trouble in connection with the official celebration of the Queen's birthday, as the anniversary falls just in the middle of the Whitsun recess. It has been settled that the birthday will be kept in London on Saturday, May 26, so that the ministers and high officials will be obliged to curtail their holidays. They must return to town for the state banquet. The Prince of Wales will dine with Lord Salisbury.

I went to Grosvenor House, that sumptuous, gold-covered palace, where magnificent pictures from Sassa Ferrato to Teniers, and any number of articles of vertu, mosaics, china, bronzes jostle against each other, where the gold-bedecked carvings of the ceilings, the very magnificence of the doors and the rich, showy chairs in the hall preclude every idea that poverty can exist anywhere; yet if ever riches served a noble purpose it was in the case on this occasion. It was the object in the formation of a popular music hall union which tries to keep poor people away from their deadly enemy, the public-house, and to place within their reach healthy recreative and a prevention against temptation. The program set forth contained several interesting numbers. A most commendable specimen of the singing of the Whitechapel people was given in several songs very well executed.

Crofters to Come to Canada.

LONDON, May 1.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. Mr. MacDonald, Lord Advocate of Scotland, stated that the Government proposed to advance £10,000 to promote emigration of crofters to Canada in addition to the sum recently subscribed for the purpose. Each crofter family will receive £120 to be repaid to the Government in twelve yearly instalments. The land will be given to the crofters by the Canadian Government.

Delegates Banqueted.

LONDON, May 1.—Mr. White, of the Secretary of the United States Legation, gave a banquet at his residence this evening, in honor of the delegates to the International Sugar Bounties Conference. The German, Austrian, Spanish, French, Italian, Belgian and Dutch delegates were present. The proceedings were private and no speeches were made. After the banquet Mrs. White gave a reception.

Decided in Their Adherence.

DUBLIN, May 1.—At a private conference held to-day the priests of West Clare discussed the Papal rescript against the Plan of Campaign. The speeches were of a deferential character, and no definite line of action was resolved upon. The people of Clare seem indifferent to the rescript and are decided in adherence to the entire program of the league.

Walking Sticks and Canes—largest assortment and cheapest in Canada. Oak sticks ten cents each, Ash only five cents. Alive Bollard, Cheap Tobacconist, 199 Yonge-st.

FRENCH POLITICS.

Carnot Banqueted at Rochefort—A Republican League of Action Formed.

PARIS, May 1.—The municipal authorities of Rochefort gave a banquet in honor of President Carnot last evening. The President started from Rochefort for Paris this morning. A crowd gathered at the station when he took the train and greeted him with hearty acclamations.

M. Raynal, member of the Chamber of Deputies, in a speech at Bordeaux, defended his Parliamentary conduct in the matter of the retention of the Senate and the Presidency. He declared that the moderate Republicans would support the Tirard Cabinet. The Ministry, he said, pursued a business policy, and energetically opposed Boulangerism.

A Republican league of action has been instituted, of which M. Laggerre is President.

Two of the men arrested for participating in the recent political riots in Nancy have admitted being the authors of the outrages which caused the trouble. Most of the men imprisoned at Nancy have stated that they did not care for Boulanger, but joined the crowd for fun.

M. Brisson, in a speech at Lyons yesterday, denounced Boulanger and appealed to the country to rally around Floquet.

President Carnot returned to this city to-day. On his arrival there were 5000 persons assembled at the station to greet him and he was heartily cheered. There were a few isolated shouts of "Vive Boulanger."

Simcoe Assizes.

BARRIE, May 1.—The Spring Assizes for the County of Simcoe were commenced to-day before Mr. Justice Falconbridge. Mr. H. H. Strathy made an address, welcoming His Lordship to Barrie on the occasion of his first sitting here as a judge, to which Judge Falconbridge responded. Some forty-nine civil and twelve criminal cases will come up for hearing.

Debaur a Defaulter.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The directors of the National Park Bank this morning authorized the statement that Assistant Cashier Charles Debaur was a defaulter in the sum of $95,000. He was under bonds but they will not cover the loss. Debaur resigned from all connection with the bank on April 19, stating that he did so by reason of ill-health. Since then he has not been at the bank.

A New Big Four.

ST. PAUL, May 1.—The directors of the Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minneapolis, Sault Ste. Marie and Atlantic, Minneapolis and St. Croix, and Aberdeen, Bismarck and Northwestern roads met here yesterday and approved of articles of consolidation. The name of the four lines will be changed to the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie.

The Hungarian Army Bill.

PESTH, May 1.—While the Parliamentary Committee on the Army Bill was discussing that measure yesterday the younger Andrassy asked why the bill was not postponed until autumn, when the usual decadal revision was due. Premier Tisza replied that the Government had the weightiest reasons for not delaying until then.

Death of Mrs. Burdett.

BELLEVILLE, May 1.—Mrs. Burdett, the wife of S. B. Burdett, M.P., for East Hastings, died suddenly at noon to-day at her home in this city. Mr. Burdett, who had been home for a short time previously, returned to his Parliamentary duties at Ottawa on Thursday, when she was as well as usual.

Chief Arthur Again at Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Grand Chief Engineer Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers arrived this morning and took up his old quarters at the Grand Pacific. His presence seemed to cast a new light on the Burlington strike and his hopeful words cheered the men.

Hanged by a Mob.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 1.—Henry Pope, colored, was hanged by a mob at midnight last night from the Court House veranda in Summerville. He was to have been hanged on Wednesday, but on news of a respite by the Governor the people of the county lynched him. He had been convicted of rape.

The Chestnut Combine's Consort.

NORFOLK, Va., May 1.—A peanut trust has been formed embracing firms engaged in the peanut trade in St. Louis, Cincinnati, New York, Norfolk, Petersburg and Smithfield, Va.

HAMILTON PAINTERS.

A Little Difficulty Between Masters and Men—Arbitration Award.

HAMILTON, May 1.—The arbitrators in the case of Hancock v. the City made their award to-day, which was in favor of the city on every point.

A little difficulty between the master painters and the men came to a head this morning. The men ask for 20 cents an hour for all men, while the bosses offer 22½, 20 and 17½ cents an hour, according to ability. The men decided not to accept the offer, but quit work this morning if 20 cents an hour all round was not given. Very few union men have been employed since the lockout of a month or more ago, most of the bosses going on with the non-union men they then secured. The union has strong financial backing, and the men will receive pay for all the time they lose.

The exports from the consular district of Hamilton to the United States during April were $38,102.

The receipts at the inland revenue office here for the past month were $37,152, an increase of $1580 over April, 1887.

Joseph Miltenth, a peddler, was arrested this morning for stealing twenty-eight yards of carpet from Thomas Armstrong of the Franklin House about a week ago. A section of it was found in a rag shop where Miltenth had sold it.

The police are looking for a young woman who is masquerading about in the outskirts of the city dressed in men's clothes.

At the Police Court this morning on the charge of stealing Luella Mortimer's pocketbook, Joseph Armstrong was discharged and William McCallum sent for trial.

Detective Reid went to Toronto this morning and brought to the city Thomas Thayer, who is wanted on a charge of stealing several pairs of boots from Mr. Oliver's shop, Bay-street north, about two weeks ago.

FATALITY AT SUTTON.

Two Men Killed by a Falling Pile Driver—One of the Victims a Torontonian.

SUTTON, May 1.—An accident occurred at the new bridge being built here to-day, by which Mr. Myers, the father of Contractor A. Myers of Toronto, and Thos. Barker lost their lives. Whilst moving the pile driver with the hammer, which weighs about a ton, near the top of the derrick, the whole thing fell over. Barker's head was caught between one of the uprights and the top of a pile and crushed to a jelly. Mr. Myers was struck on the head and both legs broken. Both were killed instantly. Baker leaves a wife and six small children. Mr. Myers' remains will be taken to Toronto by to-morrow morning's train.

PRESIDENT BLAIN AND BROKER COX

Commissions to be Issued for Their Examination in the United States.

At Osgoode Hall yesterday the Master-in-Ordinary heard the Central Bank case of R. W. Clarke and A. H. Macdonald, who are on the list of contributories for ten shares and a double liability of $1000. The late Dr. W. Clarke owned the stock. He died Oct. 7, 1887, probate was granted to his executors, R. W. Clarke and A. H. Macdonald on Oct. 29, and on Nov. 3 the stock was transferred to A. T. Fulton. Mr. Fulton accepted the ten shares on that date. The Master decided that the two executors should be placed on the list for ten shares and the double liability.

Then Mr. John Leys asked the Master to reopen the case of A. T. Fulton. The case will be heard in list form.

The adjourned case of Messenger Alfred C. Over was taken up. Over had a claim of $933.70 against the bank. He swore that Cashier Allan had hired him. The liquidators argued that Allan had no power to hire Over. The Master held the same view and dismissed the claim.

The liquidators will have to pay the night watchman's costs.

The Master allowed the Standard Bank's claim of $11,000 on a check of Lionel Yorke, which was accepted by the Central Bank on Nov. 16 last.

In the afternoon the deposit receipt cases were resumed, Mr Lye testifying. The principal point brought out by the examinations conducted by Mr. Foster and Mr. Watson was: That the initials of Trees and Macdonald on some of the bank books had probably been placed there, to lead people to believe that an inspection had been made.

Mr. Chisholm of Brampton also testified. He knew that McDonald was $61,474 in arrears to the bank. He recollected that in 1887 a full list of the bank's customers had been laid before the board. Mr. Lye and Mr. Chisholm were the only witnesses examined.

Mr. Foster announced that he intended applying for a commission to examine Messrs. Baxter and Pipon in Montreal. Mr. Foster didn't think a commission was necessary for these two gentlemen. Mr. Baxter could be obliged to come up and Mr. Pipon's affidavit would be entirely satisfactory. Then Mr. Smith said that he intended asking for a commission to examine Mr. Cox. Mr. Foster proposed that the Master and the lawyers should journey to Avon Springs, where Messrs. Cox and Blain could be found—at least so he was credibly informed—and examine them there.

The Master didn't think that would be quite the correct thing. He would prefer that a commission in the United States be appointed.

The sitting concluded at 5.30.

The First Dividend.

The warrants calling for the payment of 33⅓ per cent dividend to Central Bank depositors were payable yesterday, a large number being cashed at the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, Day Books, Blank Books—Price and Merit. Memo Books. Best goods only. Grand & Toy, Lender-lane. 631

FIFTEEN HOTEL MEN OUTOFF.

The Commissioners Elected 13 of Last Year's Slaughtered 74—Two New Ones.

When the list of hotel and saloon licenses was published yesterday these thirteen members of last year's slaughtered 74 rejoiced over the prospect of again opening their doors to the thirsty: William Armstrong, 180 King-street west; John Ayre, 415 Parliament-street; John Avis, 392 West Adelaide-street; Thomas Bell, 391 Bloor-street west; Francosco Gilonna, 136 Chestnut-street; Bridget Hayes, 140 Bathurst-street; Pat Kelly, 1 Queen-street west; H. U. Layton, Caer Howell; John O'Connor, 113 George-street; John F. Scholes, 185 Yonge-street; Mary A. White, 394 Queen-street west; James Frawley, 21 Jarvis-street; James O'Halloran, 39 Jarvis-street. The only new houses licensed were Thomas O'Neill, Bloor and Bathurst streets, and Robert Irwin, Bloor and Bathurst streets, whose places are in the territory recently annexed to the city.

The Police Commissioners whose licenses the commissioners refused to renew, are: George Beauchamp, 242 Front-street west; Joshua Yoddan, Queen-street and Humber; Thomas Flynn, 170 Queen-street west; Mary Henderson, 31 Victoria-street; Henry Korby, 81 King-street east; L. D. Longhi, Dundas Station; Mary Montgomery, 114 York-street; Francis McGuire, 162 Front-street west; Pat McNichol, 15 Victoria-street; Cornelius O'Connor, 244 Queen-street west; John Solomon, 240 Queen-street west; Eliza Tyler, 66 Arthur-street; A. G. Taylor, 62 Agnes-street; James Wright, 233 Queen-street west; Dan White, 136 Church-street.

The commissioners yesterday decided to license the Brunswick House at Simcoe and Pottery streets, making the full complement of 150 licenses issued.

The License Question.

Editor World: I am sure the triumvirate to whom is delegated the authority to dispense a limited number of licenses in Toronto are gentlemen actuated only by their deep sense of the importance of the trust reposed in them. They are appointed to discharge a duty on behalf of the citizens of Toronto. They are governed only by the knowledge of an applicant's past record and of the requirements of public convenience.

Politics and religion are not factors in their conscientious dealing with the trust reposed in them. It pains me, therefore, to hear the comment afloat to-day—how true I know not—ascribed $100 to "the fund," another refused, and though approached more than once stuck to his original and darling idea. Commissioners refuse a license to a house situated and managed as his was. Everybody to-day has had some story to tell reflecting on the fairness of the Commissioners' doings. And everybody is agreed that the law is a bad one, and must be amended. Ryan, Morgan, Frost and Armstrong being the chosen instruments for the distribution of the power to sell liquor in this great city! Not knowing them I made inquiries. Decent men, but under Grit orders, was the answer I received. And if positions were reversed the Tories would be no better.

Particularly did I hear reference made to the refusal of a license to the Woodbine Hotel, the headquarters of a respectable racing in Canada, the summer resort of boating people and picnickers, the end of the street car track, and almost the only drive for people with road horses to take on a fine afternoon. The incon-venience entailed on thousands who attend the races will be enormous, and these guardians of law and order make have forgotten that Mr. Joseph Duggan is a man of unblemished record and great skill and experience in catering to the public, while it is alleged that they are well remembered he was a Conservative. It is poor encouragement, too, for those controllers of the Ontario Jockey Club who have exerted themselves gratuitously for years past in the cause of law and order, and have elevated racing from the slough of despond and the mire of disgrace to be a useful and innocent amusement, patronized by the best people in the city. Comparisons are "odorous," but why some of the licensees were brought and why the Woodbine did not is the wonder of the day. But the law rather than the commissioners must bear the blame. SPORT.

EFFICIENCY IN ENGINEERING.

Graduates of the School of Practical Science—The Prize and Pass Men.

The examinations of the Engineering Department of the School of Practical Science for the session just closed were held a couple of weeks ago. Below are the lists of successful students:

Graduating class, receiving a diploma of efficiency in engineering: Wright, C. H. C., Pickering; McDowall, R., Toronto; Ross, J. E.; Ashbridge, W. E.; Leslie P.O.; Moore, J. H., Newmarket; Ball, S. F., Niagara; Amey, J. F., Harbour Grace, (Nfld.); Brown, D. B., Cornwall; Cassiff, C. M., Toronto; Gibbons, Jas.; Gwewett, J. H., Toronto; Ross, K., Dunbar; Richardson, G. H., Toronto; McFarlin, G. W., Egremont; Mickle, Geo., Toronto; Marani, C. J., Rome, Italy.

Graduating yrileman: Wright, C. H. C., Pickering.

Passed their second year: Rosebrugh, T. R.; James, D. D.; Hobitain, H. E. C.; Irvine, J.; Mill, F. R.; Carey, Brock; Moberly, H. R.; Wickett, T.; Hanning, C. F.; Shillingjaw, W. H.; Chalmers, W. J.; Clement, W. A.

Second year yrileman: James, D. D.

Passed their first year: Bowman, F. M.; Innes, W. L.; Duff, J. A.; Merrill, E. B.; Podder, J. H.; Garland, N. L.; Hutcheon, J.; Corrigan, G. D.; Peterson, C. E.; Wiggins, T. H.; Ross, R. A.; Meade, H.; English, A. H.; Russell, T. S.; Wells, J. H.; Kamm, J.; Roche, M. A.

First year yrileman: I. Merrill, E. B.; 2. Bowman, F. M.

The examiners were Prof. Galbraith, Dr. Ellis, Prof. Chapman, Prof. Pike, Prof. Baker, Prof. Loudon, J. H. McGeary and D. Burns.

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A Badge from Secretary Baille.

At the monthly meeting of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society last night committees were appointed on the revision of the constitution and the incorporation of branches in Peterboro' and other towns. Secretary Baille presented Mr. William Hamilton with a badge in appreciation of the valuable services which that gentleman has rendered Mr. Baille in the discharge of his duties.

He Lost His Wallet.

Edward Coleman, residing on Temperance-street, reported to the detectives yesterday afternoon that his pocket had been picked of $25 while he was in the Waterworks office paying his water rate.

ONTARIO'S NEW MINISTER.

CHAS. DRURY, M.P.P., GETS THE AGRICULTURAL PORTFOLIO.

The Appointment Regarded as a Good One—Sketch of the Honorable Gentleman's Life—He Preaches in the Methodist Pulpit at Home.

"Common benefits are to be communicate with all but peculiar benefits with choice," saith the wise man. Verily, wealth and honors are not showered on men equally. Charles Drury was the choice at yesterday's meeting of Mr. Mowat's Cabinet and therefore he will come in for the peculiar benefits—which are: $4000 a year and a portfolio.

HON. CHAS. E. DRURY.

This is the picture of the new Minister of Agriculture. It will be seen that he is amply handsome and that he wears a serious and rather intellectual mien. He is bulky in figure, plain in dress, listens patiently when you talk to him and then answers. Mr. Drury reminds one very much of a Quaker, decorum and seriousness speak the "thee" and "thou" to anyone who does not know him.

His business is farming. He and his brother dwell together in friendly unity on a four hundred acre farm at Crown Hill, Simcoe county, and pursue their calling thriftily. Mixed husbandry is their style of farming.

The least events often turn the course of a man's life. Mr. Charles Drury, M. P. P., M. of A., but for a little circumstance, might now have been signing his name Charles Drury, M.A., D.D. He was a slender youth at 20 and religiously disposed. He thought of entering the Methodist ministry and went some distance in his course. But a cough intervened and he was obliged to engage in a more bracing pursuit. Even now, in his 43rd year, his inclination for the pulpit is still with him. He frequently ascends the Methodist pulpit near his home, and when duty calls, travels over the country to do service for other denominations.

As a speaker he may be considered a success, as when he rises to address the House the members all listen attentively; but his voice is husky, and he has a habit of water hawking.

He has been a widower since 1878, and his family consists of one son.

His full name is Charles Edward Drury, but he is contented with signing only the front name.

The World is pleased to announce that its supply of distinguished consideration has not yet run out, and it herewith presents the new Minister with a good share, together with advice to give the butter trade his most serious attention.

Charles Drury was born at Crown Hill, a village five miles from Barrie, on Sept. 4, 1844. He went to the Public School there when a boy and continued in attendance till he was 18 years old. At that time he went to the Barrie High School, then in high fame, being under the principalship of the Rev. Mr. Checkly. When he reached his majority he left the High School and turned his attention to farming, which pursuit he has been following ever since.

He began quite an eventful political life when in his 29th year. He was at that age made one of those all-powerful individuals—a school trustee. In 1875 he entered the lists for municipal honors, and was elected councillor for the Township of Oro. Then he grew bolder. In the following year he contested the reeveship of that township with Mr. J. C. Steele, who had held the office for 17 years. Mr. Steele was elected by 60 majority. The next year, however, undaunted, he tried again and was elected reeve over Mr. Steele by precisely the same majority he was defeated by. He has been reeve of the township ever since. In 1882 he was a candidate in the Liberal interest as representative of West Simcoe in the Dominion Parliament. Mr. Dalton McCarthy, his opponent, was elected by 249. In October of the same year he turned his attention to Provincial politics, contesting East Simcoe with Dr. Sproule of Orillia as representative in the Ontario Legislature, and this time he was elected by 221. On the dissolution of the House in 1883 he was again a candidate in East Simcoe as representative in the Local House. He was defeated over Mr. H. H. Thompson by 23. The usual result, in the case of a close election, came—an election trial. The judges in the lower court disagreed on his cause, and the case was carried to the Court of Appeal. This court sustained the action of the lower school, but had no power to report the decision of the court to the Speaker of the Legislature. The judges in the court below, in their turn, held that it was not their duty to report the decision of the Court of Appeal. Hence, the voiding of the election was never reported and Mr. Drury's advisers maintained his right to take his seat. This advice was not taken, and the matter was finally settled by Mr. Drury's accepting a nominal appointment under the crown which vacated the seat. He then resigned the position and in the election which followed was successful in increasing his majority to 117. Owing to these late circumstances his constituency was not represented till 1885. In the general election in 1886 he was also returned, his majority being 214. He has held the constituency ever since.

Mr. Drury was elected in 1878 to represent agricultural district No. 13, consisting of Algoma, Parry Sound, Muskoka and Simcoe in the Council of the Agricultural and Arts Association. In 1882 he was chosen President of the Association and has been re-elected to the Council without opposition three consecutive terms.

In 1881 he was elected a director of the Canadian Fruit Growers' Association, but in 1884 he voluntarily retired. He has been one of the auditors of the Association since his retirement from the Board.

He has served a number of years as Director on the West Simcoe Agricultural