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Where cuts are inserted they must be accompanied by a mounted wood.

THE CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR CONVENTION.

Thousands of people, representing every continent, are now assembled in San Francisco at the Christian Endeavor Convention. The gathering is a very remarkable one, as the Christian Endeavor movement is itself a very remarkable thing. If we may use the term without being misunderstood, we should call it Neo-Christianity; that is, it is Christianity sketched clear of the incumbrances of theology, a Christianity that adapts itself to the requirements of the times. To do good in the name of the Christian Endeavor crusade. So that one believes in God as a father and the Gospel as a guide to human action, Christian Endeavor does not trouble itself as to what he may accept as the explanations of Divine Providence or human responsibility. These things are past finding out any way; but to do good and to do good requires no logic and very little philosophy.

The immediate and direct effect of such a gathering as that now being held in San Francisco may not be very great; but indirectly its influence will be enormous. Such a demonstration of a force that is working for the betterment of mankind must result in the elevation of the tone of public morality. Some of the methods, to which bodies of this kind resort, may be open to criticism; but the fact remains that the world is the better for their work. They are mighty forces working for good. A quarter of a century ago they would have been regarded as something to be hoped for in the very distant future. Fifty years ago they would have been thought impossible. A century ago the suggestion of them would have excited nothing but ridicule.

UNJUSTIFIABLE ATTACKS ON MINING PROPOSITIONS.

In a recent issue of the Mining Critic of Vancouver, and in the last issue of the Rosslander, appear articles condemning the system upon which Grant-Govan's company have floated the Waverley mine on the London market. That in the Rosslander is headed "Killing the English Goose," and the plan of floating the Waverley is instanced as showing how this process is accomplished. An endeavor is also made to prove that undue advantage was taken of the small British investor in this particular case. If this was true the aim of the Rosslander would be a very worthy one, and one in which all interested with the development of British Columbia's mines would heartily coincide. But such is not the case: The Waverley was floated for £100,000, the amount required before the stock can be listed on the London Stock Exchange. The vendors, the Gold Fields of British Columbia, Ltd., received for the mine £5,000 in cash, £25,000 in shares, and £30,000 in cash or shares at the option of the directors of the Waverley company. This is modest in comparison with prices obtained for Trail District mines, with less development, and which the Rosslander and other Rosslander papers were never tired of booming, to the disadvantage of the small investors at home and abroad. Perhaps the dire results which have followed such practices have caused the Rosslander to become soured on all mining proposals. Unlike 90 per cent. of the Trail Creek mines floated, there is an absolute certainty of the Waverley company possessing all the money necessary to place it on a dividend paying basis.

The prospectus placed before the public is very frank in its information. There is no endeavor to deceive. The

principal report on the property is one made by Mr. W. J. Waterman, M.E., a representative in British Columbia of Bainbridge, Seymour & Co., a well-known firm of London, Eng., mining engineers of the highest reputation. This gentleman states "that the quantity of ore appears unlimited," "the vein 30 feet wide, easily worked, and that the assays prove the ore to be worth £22 14s. a ton. He also states that "I have not the least doubt that the Waverley property will develop into an extremely valuable mine and in view of the immense quantity of ore now in sight it is almost impossible to overrate its value." The Assays were made by Pellet-Harvey, of Vancouver, and Perry Leake, M.E., of Revelstoke, the latter also making a favorable report. Messrs. A. P. Cummins and J. M. Kellie, M.P.P., also speak in the highest terms of the property. The assays made by Perry Leake, M.E., and Pellet-Harvey give total values in gold, silver, lead and copper from £22 to £199 per ton, a mill test made by Pellet-Harvey giving £20 13s. per ton. Johnson, Mathey & Co., and Messrs. Claudet, assayers to the Bank of England, also tested the ore, six assays of the former showing an average value exclusive of copper of £19 5s. per ton, while the Messrs. Claudet from 400 pounds of ore gave an assay of £19 per ton. M. Claudet will be remembered by old-timers as the engineer sent out by the Imperial government to report upon the mines of British Columbia. In the face of these reports and assays, the Rosslander states "it is a silver property on which a tunnel of 170 feet has been run, cutting, it is stated, a very wide ledge, carrying silver, with a little gold." The various officers of the Waverley company are all men of the highest standing, as are also those of the parent company—the Gold Fields of British Columbia, Ltd.

The above are the facts in brief of the price obtained and the plan followed in floating the Waverley mine. It cannot be said that there is the slightest attempt made to deceive the investing public, unless the irresponsible writers in the papers quoted are prepared to prove that the engineers and assayers employed have conspired to swindle. The effect of the criticisms, or more correctly speaking, malicious attacks of these obscure sheets, would be nil if they were confined to local information. Such unhappily is not the case. An instance of this is to be had in a recent leading article in the Empire, a weekly paper edited by Stuart Cumberland, well-known here as journalist and mind-reader. This paper takes as a text for a leading article extracts from an article in the notoriety of Rosslander, also attacking Grant-Govan. The comments of the Empire were made a couple of months after the decease of the Record. This simply proves what great damage may be done to our mines by the malicious sap-hazard method in which mining investments are obscured by irresponsible writers in obscure papers. With limited finances and a limited staff, they produce a sheet and send it forth to the world as local opinion and information on any mine in the Province. Facts are not a necessary part of their plan. As in the case of the comments on the floating of the Waverley, facts are altogether ignored. They claim to be writing independent opinion, but their statements are prescriptive and malicious, based on ignorance and malice.

Grant-Govan and his companies—parent and child—are quite competent to take care of themselves; and so too, it may be remarked, is the British investor, as many a mining expert (?) of Rosslander and Spokane who has visited London to float mining properties has discovered. This article is simply written to show how groundless and senseless are the attacks made upon the Waverley Co. and Grant-Govan, and to point out the injury that may result from this class of criticism delaying the introduction of British capital, so essential to the exploitation of the mineral resources of this Province.

THE ROAST BEEF OF ENGLAND.

"The Hindu," says Max Muller, "looked up from his contemplation as each successive wave of conquest passed over his land, and then bowed his head in thought again." Undoubtedly the native Hindus were a passive race. They live on cereals and fruits. The Chinese, who practically eat nothing but vegetables, are the equals of the natives of India in non-aggressiveness. On the other hand, the world-conquering race, which we call Anglo-Saxon, is carnivorous among its other amiable characteristics, and so much so that the famous "roast beef of England" is not really cooked unless "the blood follows the knife." It is difficult to say how much of the dogged determination, with which the British race has sought out and then surmounted all manner of obstacles, is due to the beef, the mutton and the pork which for generation after generation the people of the United Kingdom have consumed. It is no doubt true that some of the tropical races accomplish wonderful feats of endurance with no more substantial diet than a handful of dates and an abundance of atmosphere; but their energy is in spurts, somewhat pockety, to use a word we hear often nowadays. King Charles called his soldiers "beef-eaters," and the "beef-eaters" of the tower, bear the "beef-eaters" of the sovereign, the same yet to this day.

There is a great deal more in fodder than some people think. If you go to Prince Edward's Island to buy a horse, you need not look far to find plenty of animals that are strong in bone and splendidly muscled. The oats and grass of the island produce have the very material necessary for perfect animal development. Compared with the corned horses of the Middle States, Prince Edward's Island horses, or for that matter horses raised anywhere in the Maritime Provinces are immensely superior in bone and stamina. A farmer who has had considerable experience in raising horses in New Brunswick and the state of Washington, says that a Washington horse would drop dead from exhaustion before a New Brunswick horse had turned a hair; which is putting the case rather strongly, no doubt, but serves to illustrate the point that there is very much in the kind of fodder upon which animals are fed, and every intelligent breeder will tell you that the qualities that are fed into a breed are as permanent as those that are bred into it. Indeed there are those who say: "Breeding is nothing; feeding is everything."

All this is apropos of the statement made a couple of days ago in this paper, on the authority of the Vice-President of the Pacific Meat Company of Washington, that China and Japan are developing a taste for beef. Who can tell what this change of diet may not bring about? There is nothing in the world more restless than a Japanese. Since the barriers have been thrown down, he is like a young colt when first turned out to grass, that wants to run half a dozen ways at the same time, gets himself into many odd attitudes and narrowly misses breaking his neck every ten minutes. Feed the Japanese on the roast beef of England for a couple of generations, and they will not only get to believe that they can whip all creation, but will be ready to start in on the contract at the shortest possible notice. Suppose the millions of China should make meat an article of national diet. No one can tell what might not happen. One thing would be certain: there would be some great internal changes, but they would come slowly. The people would feel the need of more room and the movement would necessarily be westward across the table lands of Central Asia.

White and blue have been the favorite colors ever since the James Bays rowed away to glory at Portland carrying off the senior, intermediate and junior four oared races at the big Northwest regatta. White and blue was the prevailing color at the Dallas last Friday night where the enthusiastic friends of the champions gave them a rousing home coming and toasted and praised the boys who had upheld the club's colors so well and had brought back to Victoria the coveted cups, which were handed round the table during dinner for the general admiration. There were over a hundred men on the table at the Dallas while overhead and stretched in festoons across the dining room while across the centre and facing the chairman was the club flag with "B. A." upon it and a pair of sculls crossed to form an arch over the centre table.

Mr. H. Dallas Helmeck, M.P.P., sat in the chair beaming in his most genial manner. The jolly faces round the table, all good friends who were there to enjoy themselves as members, most of them, of the big J.B.A.A. family. To the right of the chairman sat General Roberts, United States consul; Captain Finnis, of H.M.S. Amphion and Mayor Redfern, His Worship naturally taking a pride in the fact that he had kept Victoria to the front. To the left of the worthy chairman sat Dan O'Sullivan and Charlie McNeil, the captains of the victorious teams and the rest of the crew. The guests of the evening had seats near the head of the table. Secretary A. J. Dallin did not have much time to sit down, but slipped from place to place with a happy look in his eye like the proud father of a large and united family. Unlike most public banquets there was no ice to break, everyone started in to have a good time. "There's lots of boys here to-night," remarked the Mayor with an indulgent smile, as if he remembered the days, too, when he liked to take his part in the sports of youth. All the time that dinner was going on Mr. Bantly played marches and popular music that kept pace with the fun, and when "Yankee Doodle" was played the tall form of General Roberts stood in his place at the table, and then Uncle Sam's popular representative smiled with pleasure and bowed to right and left, as the guests cheered him lustily. The scene in the room was very bright and cheerful, the centres of light and color, the flowers and potted palms, a great deal of the success of the decorations being due to Mrs. H. Dallas Helmeck's artistic taste. The dinner had been got up on very short notice, but despite that the arrangements were capital and the Dallas put before the guests the most delicious of dinners. "The Queen, God Bless Her," was the toast the chairman first gave and the shouts of applause and cheers through the hall and the dining room showed the Jubilee spirit had made itself felt among the loyal hearts of the Empire.

The Vancouver World started out boldly to tell the COLONIST that the Heinze-Milne agreement was, but only got so far as to give what it understands the agreement to have been. Really this does not enlighten us much; but we do not know that we care greatly about it anyway except as a matter of curiosity. The agreement was in writing, and anything short of a copy would be unsatisfactory evidence of its contents. The World admits the urgent necessity of the line from Port Antonio, and says the government may have to step in and build it next year. Why delay? Let the Dominion government step in this year.

A great deal of cheap criticism was directed against the British Columbia system of fruit inspection, when it was established. In view of the visitation of the troublesome San Jose scale to Ontario and New York, where there is no such inspection, and the freedom of our Province from this pest, it is time for the critics to take another tack.

Is illustration of the need of a Custom House officer on the Yukon frontier, it may be mentioned that Miller, who has the contract with the British Yukon Company to transport goods over the White Pass, has gone to Seattle for his supplies.

The Kootenai is now a semi-weekly, the Inland Sentinel issues a semi-weekly supplement and the Nelson Miner will soon be a daily.

A MODEST REQUEST.
The provincial authorities seem to have forgotten that when the Midway Townsite Company donated a second half block of lots to them, that it was with the understanding that certain improvements would be made to the property, and a nice neat fence to enclose the block being one of the things mentioned. If the authorities would provide the fence, now that a plot of land has been set aside, we are certain that the incumbent at the recorder's office would see to it that nice records are laid out, which would be a great help to the people of the town. The authorities owe it to the people of Midway to do something in this matter at once, and having called their attention to it, we trust they will see their way clear to do so.—Midway Advocate.

BLUE AND WHITE.

James Bays' Victorious Crews Feasted at the Dallas by Their Enthusiastic Friends.

The Champions Toasted, Cheered and Made Much Of For Their Splendid Record.

White and blue have been the favorite colors ever since the James Bays rowed away to glory at Portland carrying off the senior, intermediate and junior four oared races at the big Northwest regatta. White and blue was the prevailing color at the Dallas last Friday night where the enthusiastic friends of the champions gave them a rousing home coming and toasted and praised the boys who had upheld the club's colors so well and had brought back to Victoria the coveted cups, which were handed round the table during dinner for the general admiration. There were over a hundred men on the table at the Dallas while overhead and stretched in festoons across the dining room while across the centre and facing the chairman was the club flag with "B. A." upon it and a pair of sculls crossed to form an arch over the centre table.

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Mr. Pratt sang in splendid voice "For Thee All Love Jack," and had to give a harmonious encore that was a happy prelude to the next toast, the President of the United States, proposed in happy terms by the chairman, who referred to the friendly feeling with Canada's neighbors to the South. He, too, was a jolly good fellow, sang the company, and then the "Yankee Doodle," and gave his experiences with Hoolahan.

This paved the way appropriately for the Navy and Army toast proposed by Mr. J. F. Foulkes who felt so inspired by General Roberts' kind words that he spoke of the Union Jack and the Stars and Jack and did it intentionally for as he explained they could not be too much mixed.

Mr. Fred Richardson sang the praises of his "Little Sister Gal" and gave his experiences with Hoolahan.

The toast of the evening, "The Victors," was given by the chairman, who congratulated the Bays that though they had sent Scott, one of the last year's crew, to the Jubilee in the Canadian regiment, they saved a crew that had been sent to the Coast, and with Dan O'Sullivan as mascot.

LOST MANLY POWER.

THE FEELING OF WEAKNESS OR WASTED VITALITY CAN BE CURED BY DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.



It is the most common-sense remedy known for the cure of disease.

Dear Sir:—As you remember I bought an Electric Belt from you on April 21, 1893, or down physically, being completely broken shortly afterwards a statement of the work that it had done for me. I wish to say now that since making that statement, I marched East with the Commonwealth and returned here standing the trip as any healthy man should have done. I first wearing the belt, no recurrence of my old trouble and consider myself completely and permanently cured. As we are working in the same line, for the advancement and betterment of mankind, I will be glad at any time to answer inquiries regarding the work and curative powers of the belt and Electric Belt.

IT HAS MANY HOME CURES.
Home cures, hundreds of them, are the evidence of merit in Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. They speak in louder and stronger than any advertisement could. When you feel yourself weak, dependent, and lacking confidence in yourself and every advertised remedy which promises to cure you, it is best to trust to a man who has cured so many others as weak as you are, and who wishes you to know so that you may find relief from your troubles in the same manner as he has done. You are doing yourself an injury by not trying Dr. Sanden's Belt and you will never regret it. Book, "Three Classes of Men," is free. For information, address: DR. A. T. SANDEN, 225 Washington Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

WOMEN'S ARMENIAN RELIEF.

Major Williams, H. B. M.'s late vice-consul at Van, lately met the committee of the Women's Armenian Relief Fund and other sympathizers of the cause, in order to give some particulars of the application and administration of the fund, and of the position of affairs during the last six or nine months in Armenia. The major spoke highly of the work done by the International Bureau in Van, established by Dr. Grace Kimball and Vice Consul Hallward in June, 1895, which, he considered, was the best of the kind he had seen in Asia Minor. The money sent from the London committee the past two years amounted to £15,000. The remittances are at present spent entirely on industrial work; but in the early days of the movement a great deal was used in giving free bread to the starving people. Strong woollen and cotton cloth is manufactured and finds a ready sale, and the good done is very great in proportion to the money spent. With regard to orphans each child costs £5 per annum and Major Williams estimated that none should be taken for less than three years. The education is directed towards making them helpful to others, so that when they return to their villages they may become teachers and help to civilize the Van and potted palms, a great deal of the success of the decorations being due to Mrs. H. Dallas Helmeck's artistic taste. The dinner had been got up on very short notice, but despite that the arrangements were capital and the Dallas put before the guests the most delicious of dinners. "The Queen, God Bless Her," was the toast the chairman first gave and the shouts of applause and cheers through the hall and the dining room showed the Jubilee spirit had made itself felt among the loyal hearts of the Empire.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

VANCOUVER, July 10.—The News-Advertiser says: "It was rumored here yesterday that instructions had been issued by the Collector of Customs at New Westminster to charge a duty of one cent a fish on all salmon brought in from the American side. As nearly all the fishtraps are located at the mouth of an American territory, the duty would be a considerable item of expense to the canners, while moreover it was entirely unexpected. A leading canner when seen by a representative of the News-Advertiser on the subject last night, said: 'The levy of a duty of a cent per fish was totally unexpected by the canners, and if enforced it will simply mean across the line to the American side. While we do not have any official notification that the duty would not be enforced, the local members gave us an assurance that the duty would not be collected. The enforcement of the duty, however, is quite in keeping with the course pursued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries, which is grossly mis-managed. In fact, the canners never know where they stand.'"

With reference to the above, a customs official said to a COLONIST reporter this morning that no instructions had been received by them to that effect. "Item No. 106 of the revised tariff reads that 1/2 cent a pound shall be charged on fresh salmon coming in from the United States. This is clear enough. When fresh salmon comes to Vancouver from the United States we charge 1/2 cent a pound. If the government issued a proclamation which they have not done—fixing 1 cent a fish as the duty to be collected, they would be simply reducing the duty very materially." Item No. 7 of the new revised tariff reads: "The whole or part of the duties hereby imposed upon fish or the products of the fisheries may be remitted as respects the United States upon proclamation by the Governor-in-Council, which may be issued whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the government that the interests of the United States have made changes in the tariff or duties imposed upon articles imported from Canada in reduction or repeal of the duties now in force. Changes have been made in the United States tariff, but no proclamation has been issued by the government or have the officials received any private instructions."

The Baptist convention concluded its labors yesterday. The second convention of the Baptist church will convene in Victoria in July next.

A cricket team from H.M.S. Impervise were defeated by the Vancouver Cricket Club by 65 runs and seven wickets.

WESTMINSTER.
WESTMINSTER, July 9.—The rush for reopening claims is over somewhat earlier than was expected. There is a large amount of assessment work being recorded.

At a meeting of the Westminster Presbytery yesterday Rev. Mr. Gordon of Mount Pleasant church, who resigned his pulpit owing to ill-health, was given six months leave of absence to recuperate. A call from the congregation of Eboune to Rev. J. A. Logan, of Union, was sustained and ordered to be forwarded to the clerk of the Presbytery of Victoria, with the request that it be considered at the earliest possible moment. The Eboune congregation in their call to Mr. Logan, offered him \$900 salary, free manse, and four weeks holiday annually. There is some indignation among the medical fraternity owing to the report that missionaries among the Japanese in Westminster district encourage them in an attempt to procure an unqualified Japanese practitioner for the Seveston colony.

The Fountain of Life



Great Hudyay
Hudyay stops the premature condition of the body, restores vitality, cures nervous debility, nervousness, and all ailments of the system.

Contributions to the W.A.R.F. will be thankfully received by the honorary treasurer Mrs. Cole, 1, Trevor Road, Earl Court, S.W., or may be sent to the Banker, Francis Buxton, Esq., 50 Cornhill, E.C.

Dr. E. H. Hudyay
Hudyay stops the premature condition of the body, restores vitality, cures nervous debility, nervousness, and all ailments of the system.

THE ABLEGATE AWAY.
OTTAWA, July 10.—Mgr. Merry del Val left for Rome yesterday via New York.

FORTIETH YEAR

Alaska Prospectors Re Lake of Alton Pure Stone

They Style It the M Discovery on the the Globe.

Seattle, July 13.—W to be the most important oil discovery anywhere on globe has been made in country so fabulously rich in two prospectors, one named Charles F. Munday, M tests made of the petroleum pronounced productive of oil. He was informed in great oil fields of Pennu and Indiana yielded in Munday organized a company, including technical experts from the East the discovery. These men Seattle on the last Alaska Topical. Their report, if purely as lasting as the The coal deposits on lakes, according to these inexhaustible. The grade and of a very small experts and agents took land, including the coal lake is within two miles

THE COAL STR. SPRINGFIELD, July 12, of the Illinois state board left to-day for Pittsburg, Monday they will meet the Indians, who are endeavor to strike a soldiers' strike.

Pursuant to the decision meeting the voters in a Springfield district except the Clear Lake Co Spaulding shires.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 11.—The vote of 1,200 in the village district a vote was all work in the Danville

Paris, July 12.—Emil convicted of bribery in the Panama canal scandal Panama canal commission a sensational revelation way in which the proceeds have connived at his see He said the Boulanger 1,000,000 francs for a making public the trial unless the overtur ministry. M. Lobet, h tried to obtain documents

EX SHIP BA

60 bbls. Engl 65c. PE IN 4-C Elephant Whit \$5.50 Pure White \$6.00 Pure Mixed \$1.50 Roof Paint \$1.00 5 Tons Barb Mellor's Ready Mixed REQUIRES VARN Sashes and J. W. MEL 70-78 Fort St WALL PAPERS, GLA