

## LATEST STYLES IN THE N. Y. ZOO

New York Woman Is Tailor to  
Elephant and Monkey.

## THE CAMEL IS HARD TO FIT

Tiny Togo Wriggles and Chatters But  
Big Tom Seems to Like  
Nice Clothes.

New York, Feb. 7.—"Yes," said Miss Frances Ziebarth, head of the costume department at the Hippodrome, to a reporter for the New York Tribune, "yes, I'm just what you said—an animal dresser. Once upon a time, when I worked for a Fifth Avenue dressmaker, I used to fit fashionable women. Later I had charge of a department store's workroom. But I find it much more amusing to make clothes for elephants and monkeys and zebras, for ballet girls and all the magnificent pageants and spectacles that are put on the Hippodrome stage than I did to fit smart women."

"In all I am modiste to twelve elephants, two monkeys, five zebras, six camels and hundreds of ponies and horses. It is great fun. At first I was afraid to tackle the elephants, they are such colossal creatures, and they swayed and rocked so alarmingly. And the zebras, the sacred cows of India, although they are such little, low things, they were terribly wild."

"The first time I threw a blanket over a zebu to fit it to his hump he kicked up wildly, tore around the stables like one possessed, rampaged through the property-room, demolishing properties right and left, and chased me, his poor, trembling little dresser, and his attendants, right up the runway onto the stage. My, but I was frightened out of my life!"

"The camels are mild, sweet tempered creatures. They don't mind me a bit, although it's quite a nice little matter to get their blankets to set stylishly over their two humps. You have to make them kneel down to try on their clothes. The dromedaries, too, they have one hump. Like the camels, they are very mild and gentle. They never show any affection, as the elephants do."

"As for the horses. They are so thoroughly trained and so used to handling that they never give me a minute's bother."

"In fact, I'd rather fit any animal in the outfit than tackle the two monkeys that are going to ride on the dogs' backs in burlesque of one of the Egyptian numbers—they are such filthy little beasts, and they keep up such an excited chatter, and show their teeth and bite and scratch. A couple of attendants have to hold a monkey when I measure and fit it."

"Togo, the better natured of the two, has a waist measure of seventeen inches and length of trousers leg of ten inches—rather a difference between his measurements and those of Tom and Jennie, our two young leading elephants. Tom wears a seventy-two inch collar, his sylphlike waist measures 250 inches and his trousers leg measures 120 inches."

"In his great cake-walking stunt, in which he cake-walks with a real, human ballet girl, Tom will wear a mannish dress suit of the richest, heaviest black broadcloth. It took no little contriving, in addition to the measuring, cutting and fitting, to produce a perfectly satisfactory suit, for in order to expedite Tom's dressing and undressing everything had to be simplified as much as possible. So the whole suit goes on in two pieces—the trousers, which fasten around the waist like any pair of trousers, and the stand-up collar, with turn-over points, the black bow tie, the shirt front, cuffs, waistcoat and coat, all of which are sewed together and go on as one garment, fastening invisibly down the back seam of the coat. The tails of the coat hook together and conceal Tom's own tail."

"Dressing Tom is a work of time. Two of the keepers have to take hold of a hind leg and lift it into the leg of his trousers. Then they grip the other, and putting forth all their strength lift that in. Next they grasp one of his fore legs, which answers to a man's arm, through the coat sleeve, then they flip in the other and then they hook him up behind."

"Last of all goes on the tall silk hat, which fastens behind Tom's ears and under his chin with an elastic. This hat was made right in our workrooms. As men's hats go, it is about size No. 70. After measuring Tom's head we made a pattern of heavy buckram and fitted it carefully. It had not only to look well, you see—it had to stay on, through all Tom's prancings and fancy prancing, as if it grew there. That accomplished we covered it, using the same material as men's silk hats are covered with."

"Jennie, Tom's companion in misery, is going to look very smart in the hussar uniform we have been making for her, with its white trousers, red coat braided with gold across the chest, red cape trimmed with black astrakhan falling off the left shoulder, and high plumed hat. At her side hangs a sword, with which she fences with the major-domo taking it from her scabbard with her trunk and replacing it by the same means when her bout is finished."

"Eighty-two yards of cloth went to the making of Jennie's costume, and it is all of the best. Jennie would wear out lightweight, flimsy goods in a week."

"To fit elephants I generally stand on a stepladder. Both Tom and Jennie love to be fitted, conceiving it in the nature of petting. Jennie in particular is sweet and affectionate, slapping her trunk around and patting me caressingly all the time I am fitting her."

"Every time the performance is changed new blankets for the animals taking part are in order. In one of the numbers, in which the elephants wore blankets of gold cloth, broad satin or heavy plush, the gold cloth blankets cost \$350 apiece."

"Thirty-five women are kept busy all the year round in the workrooms, and when a new piece is to be put on the number often rises to 100."

## MUSIC HALL ARBITRATION

Some Stars Deny Desertion of Allies  
—Trade Unions Fighting Hard.

London, Feb. 7.—The music hall trouble is still unsettled, but the conciliatory attitude on both sides continues, and hopes of an early settlement are maintained. A conference of the trade union leaders and the music hall owners today resulted in a decision to submit the dispute to four representatives on each side.

Some of the star performers deny that an agreement has been reached so far as they are concerned. The National Alliance placed its ban on two more halls this evening, but did not succeed in closing them.

## THE ARTIST BURGLAR

Paused to Finish a Girl's Portrait and  
the Hungarian Police Got Him.

London, Feb. 7.—A Budapest dispatch states that Karoly Janos, formerly a painter of good repute, but who has latterly gone to the dogs, has been arrested under remarkable circumstances.

He had burglariously entered a house, in which he found the unfinished portrait of a beautiful girl amid the artist's scattered brushes and colors.

Karoly seized a brush and began putting the finishing touches to the painting. He became so engrossed that he forgot his surroundings, and was discovered by the householder, who called the police.

## WAR TALK RIDICULOUS

Japan Has No Intention of Breaching  
Good Relations With the U. S.

Tokyo, Feb. 7.—A report from the United States that the privy council had met Tuesday to consider a dispatch from Washington is received with great surprise and some indignation here. The Associated Press is in a position to state that the subject of deliberation was the amended imperial house law, the result of years of hard work by a special commission, under the presidency of Marquis Ito.

As has been previously cabled, quiet reigns, despite alarmist reports in America. The idea that Japan would seek a war with the United States is considered ridiculous.

There is no doubt that among the immigrants to Hawaii there are several who served in the Russian war, but the report of an elaborate organization prepared to act in an emergency is criticised as simply a demonstration of sheer ignorance.

## STILL FOR HIGH TARIFF

Kaiser May Have Trouble Getting Concessions From the Agrarians.

Berlin, Feb. 7.—Baron Von Zedlitz, one of the leaders of the so-called free Conservative wing of the Conservative party, writing to Der Tag today on the new Reichstag, says that the agrarian, high protective majority will be stronger in this house than in the old. The Baron predicts that the Government will have to use extraordinary adroitness and vigor in order to obtain any concessions from the extreme high protectionists.

Although Von Zedlitz does not mention the United States, it is only with the United States, Spain and Argentina that tariff differences are pending.

The members of the Center party appear to be divided to harass the Government in the Prussian Diet today by an interpellation as to whether the inquiry into the recent Reden mine disaster has demonstrated that the regulations for protecting the miners' state-owned mines were strictly observed.

## ARCHIBALD ALISON DEAD

Son of Famous Historian and Himself  
a Distinguished Army Officer.

London, Feb. 7.—Gen. Sir Archibald Alison, son of Gen. Sir Archibald Alison, the famous historian and author of Alison's "Europe," died today.

The deceased was the second baronet, and was born in Edinburgh, Jan. 21, 1826. He was educated at Edinburgh and Glasgow universities, and entered the army in 1846. His service was long and noteworthy. He served in the Crimea, being present at the assaults on Sebastopol and the expedition to Kertch. He was military secretary to Sir Colin Campbell during the Indian Mutiny and lost his left arm at the relief of Lucknow in November, 1857. He commanded the European brigade in the Ashantee expedition, 1872-74. He commanded at Alexandria after the bombardment, until the arrival of Lord Wolseley, and led the Highland Brigade at Tel-el-Kebir, Sept. 13, 1882. A few months later he was made commander-in-chief in Egypt. He held command of the Aldershot camp from 1883 to 1889, and was adjutant-general in 1888. From 1889 to 1898 he was a member of the council of India. His son, Archibald, born in 1862, succeeds to the title.

## MR. COCHRANE UNWELL

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 7.—Fears are arising among the friends of Edward Cochrane, M. P. for Kent Northumberland, that Mr. Cochrane has recovered well from the operation for cancer performed on him at the hospital recently, but there is a general decline that gives rise to some apprehension.

## JAMAICANS BUILD CANADIAN FORT

Descendants of Turbulent Maroons  
Still Live in Village  
Near Halifax.

Montreal, Que., Feb. 7.—The population of Jamaica in the olden times were turbulent and caused the Empire much trouble. At one time the hills were inhabited by a people who had lapsed into a condition of semi-barbarity and were known as Maroons. They had originally been escaped slaves in the time preceding the emancipation, and others who for some reason had left the haunts of civilization and taken to the woods. Their ranks were constantly being recruited by fugitives from the city or plantations, and their depredations were a constant menace.

The problem what to do with them was finally decided to remove them to Nova Scotia, and they were accordingly shipped to Halifax.

At that time the late Duke of Kent, grandfather of the present King, was the general in command of the British troops in Halifax. The sudden influx of able-bodied men was put to work at the fortress which became, and is to this day, the largest earth and stone fort in the world. The portion constructed during the Duke of Kent's regime is still known as the prince's bastion.

The Maroons were lodged in a village built for them back of Dartmouth, on the opposite side of the harbor from Halifax. The place was a cluster of irregular huts and was called Preston, after the first white settler who had never seen before, suffered so much, and their misery was so pitiable, that the British Government decided that Nova Scotia was no place for them.

Such of them as wished to go—and that was the large majority—were shipped off to Sierra Leone, on the coast of Africa, where the native blacks mercifully cut their throats. The remnant of the Jamaicans, who continued to live in Preston, were reformed from time to time by escaped slaves from the Southern States. British America being the haven of refuge for the American runaways up to the time of the civil war. These people intermarried with the Maroons, and their descendants now form a numerous village, sending to the county council the only negro councillor in Canada. They are a happy, careless and happy-go-lucky lot, making their living by cutting hog-poles, doing rough cooperage, picking and selling wild berries, etc. Their queer little home-made carts, drawn by diminutive stunted oxen, are among the unique sights which amuse the visitors to Halifax.

## DESERTED BEAUTY TAKES HER LIFE

Mercedes de la Plaza, of Caracas,  
Commits Suicide When  
Her Fiancee Leaves.

Caracas, Feb. 7.—For the space of a few hours Caracas completely forgot Castro and his illness, and everybody fell to discussing a tragedy which, though of the sort common enough in the United States, is said to be without precedent here.

Everybody in Caracas society knew the beautiful Senorita Mercedes de la Plaza, whose family is one of the best known in the city. Her marriage had been arranged to take place last Saturday. The bridegroom was to have been young Manuel Ayala, son of Gen. Ayala, vice-president of Venezuela during the first years of President Castro's administration, and residing abroad, because of differences of opinion with the powers that be.

Senorita Elisa Hahn de la Plaza, mother of the young woman, was awakened at 1 o'clock by the sound of sobbing which came from her daughter's room. "Come to me, Mercedes," she called.

But just then a pistol shot rang out and the mother hurried to her daughter to find her dying. She was lying upon her bed, a hand grasping a revolver, which was still smoking. Placed about the bed were six lighted candles.

On a desk was a letter addressed to the young woman's father, begging him to bury her with her engagement ring upon her finger and to forgive her for the suffering she would cause him.

It has come out since that young Ayala took passage for New York on the Philadelphia, of the Red D Line, which sailed from La Guayra on Monday, Jan. 7, five days before his marriage was to have taken place. When on Tuesday morning he failed to call up his fiancée on the telephone, the young man became worried, but he satisfied herself that she had been abandoned almost on the eve of her wedding day. Senorita de la Plaza was of a romantic disposition, and the shelves of her boudoir held many sensational novels and a lot of Zola's works.

When a friend of Ayala's called upon the young woman and told her he was sure her fiancée would not return, she spoke of killing herself, and asked him how to shoot a revolver.

It is said that the brother of the young woman has sworn revenge against Ayala and will pursue him to the United States.

IGNORANCE IS A CURSE.—"Know thyself" is good admonition, whether referring to one's physical condition or moral habits. The man who is acquainted with himself will know how to act when any disarrangement in his condition manifests itself. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a cheap and simple remedy for the eradication of pain from the system and for the cure of all bronchial troubles.

## HOME LOVE PROSY, SAYS EDUCATOR

Declares Romantic Affection in  
the Modern Family  
All a Myth.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Romantic love in the modern family is a myth, according to Professor William I. Thomas, the University of Chicago sociologist. In a book on "Sex and Society" to be issued from the University Press tomorrow the Midway teacher declares that present-day matrimony and the family institution are inferior to the unconventional mating of primitive men and women, from the standpoint of romantic happiness.

Professor Thomas presents the theory that the ancient practice of getting wives by capture or bargaining offered the highest stimulation to romance, while the modern monogamous system, involving "intimate association and daily familiarity" are unfavorable to it.

Professor Thomas' book contains numerous startling statements and theories concerning women's "parasitic" position in society. Modern styles in women's clothes, particularly in "diaphanous fabrics and decollete dresses" are compared with the abbreviated covering of primitive savages.

The professor's sensational articles on "The Adventitious Character of Woman" and "The Mind of Woman and the Lower Races" are included in the book. These articles recently aroused criticism throughout the country because of the attack on modern society, psychology and deprecation of the intellectual powers of women.

"States of high emotional tension are due to the presentation of the unfamiliar—that is, the unanalyzed, the uncontrolled—to the attention," he declares in discussing modern matrimony. "And although the intimate association and daily familiarity of family life produce affection, they are not favorable to the genesis of romantic love. Cognition is so complete that no place is left for idealization. 'Our common expressions 'falling in love' and 'love at sight' imply, in fact, unfamiliarity, and there can be no question that men and women would prefer at present to get mates away from home even if there were no traditional prejudice against the marriage of near kin. It is psychologically true that only the unfamiliar and not completely controlled is interesting."

## EARLIEST RACE ON CONTINENT

Bones Found in Nebraska Belonged to Men Who Lived  
Many Ages Ago.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 7.—A two-horse wagonload of bone pebbles and water-worn fragments of bones recently brought to the University of Nebraska Museum from a mound north of Omaha has aroused a lot of excitement among the scientists not only of America but of Europe as well. The conclusion reached is that the bones are those of primitive man, of a type dating further back than the mound builders and of a race older than any other of which trace has been discovered in America.

The largest pieces found comprise the lower jaw of a fairly well preserved skull and thigh and knee bones. In but a single instance were several bones found together, three ribs and fragments of limbs being uncovered in proximity.

No whole bones were exhumed, excepting a few phalanges. Instead there are bone chips and splinters with an occasional section from a limb, many of the fragments being pitted or etched. There is half of a jaw with a solitary molar, fragments of two other unrelated jaws and the bony palate with two back teeth in place.

One jaw was found at a depth of four feet. The scientists say it is that of a youth, with the crowns slightly worn.

All of these bones were found in connection with a loess deposit and established for the geologists the opinion that the men to whom they once belonged lived anywhere from 10,000 to 20,000 years ago, when the loess or calcareous clay deposit was made.

The valley of the Missouri is a land of prehistoric bluffs at many points, exposing the various strata deposited in bygone ages. An amateur, Robert Gilder, who is also a newspaper reporter, discovered what is now called the Nebraska Loess Mound.

The hill on which the discovery was made rises about 200 feet above the river. For the first forty feet there is a carboniferous shale, upon the top of which there is about ten feet of glacial drift. Upon the drift is piled 150 feet of buff loess.

Gilder's attention was attracted to a low mound on the hill top. He dug in to it and discovered first some Indian skulls, then two or three of mound builders. Still lower the amateur geologist found four skulls of more primitive type.

Mr. Gilder recognized the value of his find at once and sent word to R. H. Barbour, state geologist. Further excavations were made by a band of professors and students from the university, and the full find was brought to light.

It is contended that the bones found in the upper layer were undoubtedly buried there, but those in the lower were deposited by no human hands, the fact that a burial mound was superimposed being purely accidental. This is corroborated by the finding of a loess pebbles and shells.

## Health of Canadian Women

A Subject Much Discussed At Women's Clubs—The Future of a  
Country Depends on the Health of Its Women.



Miss Helena McKinnon and Mrs. Anna McKay.

At the New York State Assembly of Mothers a prominent New York doctor told the 500 women present that healthy women were so rare as to be almost extinct.

This seems to be a sweeping statement of the condition of women. Yet how many do you know who are perfectly well and do not have some trouble arising from a derangement of the female organism which manifests itself in headaches, backaches, nervousness, that bearing-down feeling, painful or irregular periods, pelvic catarrh, displacement of the female organs, indigestion or sleeplessness? There is a tried and true remedy for all these ailments. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored more Canadian women to health than all other remedies in the world. It regulates, strengthens and cures diseases of the female organism as nothing else can. For thirty years it has been curing the worst forms of female complaints.

Such testimony as the following should be convincing.

Mrs. Anna McKay of 326 Spadina Avenue, Toronto, Ont., writes:

"Being a mother of five children, I had had experience with the general troubles of my sex. I was lacerated when one of my children was born, and from that hour I date all of my afflictions. I found that within a few months my health was impaired, I had female weakness and serious inflammation. I became weak and dizzy, but kept on my feet, dragging through my work without life or pleasure. A neighbor who had been helped by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has since her advice has been freely given to sick women. Her advice and medicine have restored thousands to health. (Address, Lynn, Mass.)

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds where Others Fail.

IF YOU ARE "ALWAYS TAKING COLD" it shows that the throat is sensitive and bronchial tubes weak. Make them well and strong with

Bole's Preparation of  
Friar's Cough Balsam

It heals irritation and inflammation—strengthens the membranes of throat and lungs—and not only cures coughs, but also protects you against catching another cold. 25 cents a bottle. At druggists.

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED LONDON, ONT.

All Ye  
Who  
Are  
Bald-  
Headed

TAKE NOTICE  
—THAT—  
PROFESSOR  
DORENWEND  
OF TORONTO,  
WILL BE AT  
The City Hotel, London  
on Monday and Tuesday,  
February 11, 12, 1907.

If you would improve  
your looks and protect  
your health, call and have  
a chat with the Professor.

Remember, also, that  
over 75,000 have already  
taken our advice.

Marching and munching contentedly, because of the satisfying delights of our Fine Confectionery. Sure to benefit them, first, because sugar is now recognized by science as a necessity for daily food; second, because we see to it that every ingredient in our Chocolates, Caramels, Sugars, Taffies, etc., are absolutely pure. When all candy-makers can truthfully say the same, confectionery will be eaten even more generally. Our confectionery has passed the international stage long ago.

It is contended that the bones found in the upper layer were undoubtedly buried there, but those in the lower were deposited by no human hands, the fact that a burial mound was superimposed being purely accidental. This is corroborated by the finding of a loess pebbles and shells.

OLYMPIA CANDY STORE  
186 DUNDAS STREET. Phone 473.

BLANK BOOKS  
AND GENERAL BINDING.  
CITY BINDERY,  
Removed to 355 Richmond Street.

The Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, which was founded at Troy, N. Y., in 1824, was the first strictly scientific college in the United States.

A GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS  
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.  
MAIN LINE—SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO

Arrive from the east—4 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 11 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 6:25 p.m., 7:47 p.m., 10 p.m.  
Arrive from the west—12:15 a.m., 12:20 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—12:20 a.m., 8:25 a.m., 8:10 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 4:25 p.m., 6:55 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).  
The trains leaving at 8:10 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations. The 8:10 a.m. local, and the 11:20 a.m. and 4:25 p.m. expresses have through coaches for Toronto. The Eastern Flyer at 6:55 goes through to Montreal without change.

Depart for the west—4:15 a.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 11:32 a.m., 1:55 p.m., 8:01 p.m.  
The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:55 p.m. trains stop at all stations. The 4:15 a.m., 11:32 a.m., and 8:01 p.m. expresses run through to Chicago without change.

STRATFORD BRANCH.  
Arrive—10:40 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 10:55 p.m.  
Depart—6:20 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.  
Arrive—9:45 a.m., 6:10 p.m.  
Depart—8:15 a.m., 4:50 p.m.  
Trains marked thus \* run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.  
Arrive—From the east 11:30 a.m., 8 p.m., 11:20 p.m., From the west—5 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 5:20 p.m.  
Depart—For the east—5:05 a.m., 8:43 a.m., 5:28 p.m., For the west—11:35 a.m., 8:10 p.m., 11:35 p.m.  
Trains marked thus \* run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

\*\* From Chatham only.  
\*\*\* Runs only to Chatham.  
MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.  
Arrive—5:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:45 p.m.  
Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:30 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.  
Runs through to Waterford.

## PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—5:45 a.m., 8:45 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:30 p.m., 8:40 p.m., 17 p.m.  
Arrive—8:45 a.m., 12:10 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., 8:20 p.m., 10:20 p.m.  
To and from Walkerville, without change.  
Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley.  
Between London and St. Thomas only.

## SOUTHWESTERN TRACTION CO.

Operates two-hour service between  
London and St. Thomas, the first car  
leaving London at 6:30 a.m., the last  
car at 8:30 p.m.

EXCEPT ON SATURDAYS, when  
cars leave hourly from 12:30 p.m. until  
10:30 p.m. Last car from St. Thomas  
at 11:30 p.m.

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Mardi Gras  
Festivities

NEW ORLEANS, LA., \$32.95  
MOBILE, ALA., \$30.95  
PENSACOLA, FLA.,

Good going Feb. 6 to 10 inclusive, re-  
turning Feb. 16.

For full information and tickets call on  
E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A.  
E. RUSE, Depot Agent.

VERY LOW RATES

To  
NEW ORLEANS, LA.  
MOBILE, ALA., and  
PENSACOLA, FLA.,  
and return

Via the  
Michigan Central  
The Niagara Falls Route  
for the

Mardi Gras  
Festivities

Complete information will  
be furnished by local ticket  
agent.

O. W. Ruggles, Gen'l. Pass'r. Agent  
Ocean Steamship Tickets

White Star Line—New York, Boston and  
Mediterranean services.  
Leyland Line—Boston-Liverpool.

E. De La Hooke, Sole Agent  
American Line—New York and Philadelphia  
services.  
Atlantic Transport Line—New York-  
London.

Dominion Line Royal Mail Steamers—  
Portland-Liverpool in winter; Montreal,  
Quebec-Liverpool in summer.  
Red Star Line—New York-Antwerp-Paris.  
Sailing lists, rate sheets, etc., on applica-  
tion to  
E. De La Hooke or W. Fulton  
LOCAL AGENTS.

Between Montreal  
and the Atlantic

INTERCOLONIAL  
RAILWAY

IS THE  
All-Canadian Route  
TO  
Canadian  
Winter  
Ports

St. John and Halifax

If intending to spend the early months  
of the new year in warm climate, try the  
West Indies

Full particulars about regular sailings  
and of a 42 days' yachting cruise to the  
West Indies and Mexico, leaving Halifax,  
Jan. 20 and March 15, on application to  
Toronto ticket office 51 King street east.

A WORD  
TO THE  
WISE

When planning a trip in any  
direction it will pay you to con-  
sult nearest Canadian Pacific  
agent.

Special rates (not always advertised)  
are frequently in effect. A few ques-  
tions may save a few dollars.

TALK IT OVER.  
with, and obtain  
Full information at London offices:  
J. Houston, C.P.R. Station,  
or write C. B. Foster, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto.

Malta-Vita  
"The Perfect Food"

The grocer who offers you something  
"just as good" has no regard for your  
judgment or your health. It's delicious.