Outcome of Housebreaking and Robbery.

Desperate Struggle With a Man Named "Texas."

A London report: While resisting arrest this afternoon a notorious character, known as "Shorty Billy," was shot and almost instantly killed by city detectives, and his "pal," known to the police as "Texas," is in the police cells charged with burglary.

During the past couple of months a number of midnight house breakings and robberies have been perpetrated in the city. The cracksmen as a rule have chosen hotels as their places of operations, and Saturday night as the time, and the local detectives have been on a still hunt for the perpetrators ever since. The latest robbery took place on Saturday night last, when Cole's turning factory on Bathurst street was broken into and a quantity of tools stolen. Yesterday, two brothand Fred Moselly were arrested on uspicion of being concerned in this last crime. This morning the prisoners, Moselly and Watson, pleaded guilty to two of Frank breaking, and a quantity stolen tools were recovered. of the The Detectives' Visit.

This afternoon detectives Nickle and Egelton were detailed to search Moselly's home on Ridout street north for the rest of the stuff. Their knock on the door of the house not knock on the door of the house not being answered, the officers enter-ed unbidden, and were confronted by Moselly's mother, Mrs. Richardson. The woman accompanied Egelton upstairs, Nickle remaining below. The latter had not waited long when in stairs, Nickle remaining below. The latter had not waited long when in walked "Texas." As Nickle gave no evidence that he recognized the newcomer, the latter was taken off his Shortly afterwards Egelton came downstairs, and Nickle impart-ed to him in a whisper the inform-ation that "Texas" was in the house, and the two approached the room where "Texas" was putting fuel in the stove. When "Texas" saw, the two officers coming he realized that he had been trapped, and instantly he had been trapped, and instantly he whipped out a revolver from his left hip pocket. But the officers were too quick for him. They knocked the weapon from his hand, and soon had him upon the floor, where they were not overcarful to preserve his health. The struggle was a desperate one. Blood on the floor, on the man's clothing, on the officers' hats, and the crushed conofficers' hats, and the crushed con-dition of these are among the proofs that the fight was to a finish.

Exchange of shots.

"Texas" understood that he was being worsted, and he called "Billy, Billy, Billy, Billy, give it to them." Nickle had previously seen the man to whom "Texas" called, but "Shorty Billy" had put on his coat and had gone outside. But he was not far away, for almost as soon as the call was made the officers saw the board shutters on the window of the room torn aside from the outside, heard the crash of glass, and at the same moment saw a revolver poked Exchange of Shots. moment saw a revolver poked through a window. Instantly a shot rang out, and the detectives instinctively crouched, but at the same moment pulled their revolvers from their pockets and used them. Two bullets tore through the window at the desperado. Nickle saw "Shorty" run away, and, supposing that he was preparing to enter the house to continue the fighting, called out in warning tones that he must not attempt to enter or he would be shot dead. But as he called "Snorty" had fallen in his tracks in the snow, and was dead, having only covered tity feet on his way to the (ront of the house when death overtook him. When the detectives, a few minutes bullets tore through the window house when death overtook him. When the detectives, a few minutes later, found "Shorty" lying dead on the snow, he still grasped in each hand a seven-shooter. "Shorty's" death was announced to the detectives by Mrs. Richardson crying out that "Frenchy" had been k lled. Egelrenchy" had been k lied. Egelton it turned out had had a very close call, the rim of his stiff hat showing a bullet hole.

Tried to Shoot Again.

Meanwhile Egelton was kept busy helling down the struggling Texas. The revolver which the latter drev had been taken from him and was at a safe distance, so that Egelton did not lear any fresh difficulty in this not fear any Ires: difficulty in this quarter, when suddenly the man, having for the moment wrested one arm free, drew from beneath his waisteout another londed weapon. "This man has another revolver," Egelton called to his fellow-detective. Nickly and Egelton together this distribution of the property of the control of quickly disarmed Texas" a secon time, but a moment of laxity on th time, but a moment of laxity on the part of Egclton would probably have cost him his life, for "Texas" doubtless intended to use the revolver in his fit of desperation. "Texas" was then handcuffed and Officer Briwn having arrived, he was speedily transferred to the patrol wagon and not long after was placed within the confines of a cell.

Which one of the officers fired the shot which proved fatal, is not known, but it is possible that the slots from both revolvers took effect. A post-mortem and inquest may throw light on this point.

Criminal Records.

Criminal Records.

Both desperadoes are believed to havo bad records. have bad records. "Texas" some three or four years ago broke fail-bore, where he was serving a term for robbery, and a warrant has been out for his arrest lever since. On the body of the dead man were found hidden in the lining of his coat a small steel saw, such as is used by burglars in their nocturnal raids. The collection of articles taken from the clothing of "Shorty" and found in the cottage were of a miscollaneous nature. From around his waist was taken a belt in which were fifty loaded cartridges, while a quantity of revolver ammunition was also taken from his pockets. An interesting article in the shape of a pocket electric search lamp was also found Be received.

to prevent the sale of candies in which intoxicating liquors were During the session the following

During the session the following alternate delegates to the Dominiolon Council were elected: Rev. J. Noble, Arthur; A. B. Spencer, Collingwood; T. H. McCallum, Exeter; Lowis Haves Bidgowar, and W. C. Lewis House, Ridgeway, and W. C. Davidson, Stratford.

be heid in Toronto.

A collection among the delegates realized almost \$500, and this, with other sums from local sources, will wipe out the total indebtedness of the Grand Council. The motto for the current year is "Two thousand new members and what we have we'll hold." It was decided to cordially thank the management of the railways which are enforcing temperance among their employees. The Grand Council practically voted down all proposed amendments to down all proposed amendments to

down all proposed amendments to the constitution.

The officers for the term are: J. A. Austin, Toronto, Grand Councillor, re-elected by acclamation; Mrs. B. Deviney, Trenton, Grand Vice-Councilor; Rev. W. P. Fletcher, Drayton, Grand Chaplain; W. M. McMillan, Hamilton, Grand Secretary; Clarence Mallory, Bloomfield, Grand Herald; W. J. Armstrong, Milton, Grand Trustee; L. C. Peake, Toronto, Grand Auditor; Dr. W. Crawford, Hamilton, Grand Medical Examiner. J. H. Pcacock, Milton; George M. Baird, Blenheim, and Jas. Hales, Toronto, with the officers named above, from the Executive.

Mr. T. J. Shanks, editor of the Royal Templar, was awarded a hearty vote of thanks for his courtesies to the press and for the assistance he gave the delegates in their work.

What is done with zest is best done. There is as much devotion in duty done as in prayer said.



FIBROID TUMORS CURED.

Mrs. Hayes' First Letter Appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for Help: DRAR MRS. PINKHAM: - I have been "DRAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been under Boston doctors' treatment for a long time without any relief. They tell me I have a fibroid tumor. I cannot sit down without great pain, and the soreness extends up my spine. I have bearing-down pains both back and front. My abdomen is swollen, and I have had flowing spells for three years. My appetite is not good. I cannot walk or be on my feet for any length of time.

"The symptoms of Fibroid Tumor

"The symptoms of Fibroid Tumor given in your little book accurately describe my case, so I write to you for advice."—(Signed) Mrs. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Roxbury), Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Hayes' Second Letter:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: — Sometime ago I wrote to you describing my symptoms and asked your advice. You replied, and I followei all your directions carefully, and to-day I am a well woman.

"The use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound entirely expelled the tumor and strengthened my whole system. I can walk miles now.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth five dollars a drop. I advise all women who are afflicted with tumors or female trouble of any kind to give ita faithful trial."—(Signed) MRS. E. F. HAYES, 252 Dudley St. (Roxbury). Boston, Mass.—\$5900 forfelt if original of above letters proving genuineness cannot be produced "The use of Lydia E. Pinkham's

Sunday School.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON NO FEBRUARY 28, 1904.

from the clothing of "Shorty" and found in the cottage were of a miscellaneous nature. From around his waist was taken a belt in which were fifty loaded cartridges, while a quantity of revolver ammunition was also taken from his pockets. An interesting article in the shape of a pocket electric search lamp was also found. By pressing a button this instrument gives for a light which is very useful in penetrating the depths of keyholes when any nefarious job is being performed. Another article was the handle of a file or chisel. In addition, a diamond pin, which has been recognized as that stolen from Obernesser's hotel at the time a safe was carried bodily from that place. The safe was recovered a few weeks ago hitden in a shed a mile west of this city. "Shorty" was wearing the pin when found The dead man also wore a fur cap resembling one stolen recently with other goods from a Glenco store.

ALCOHOL IN MEDICINE.

Royal Templars Denounce the Practice. An expert analysis was said said to show that some of the most of the proportion of the pro Healers and Doers of the Word. Commentary.—1. Mere profess

great manifestations of divine power.
The truth has been preached and God

I never knew you-How sad! 23. I never knew you—How sad! From this we see how easy it is to be deceived. Many are trusting in the church, their good name, their generosity, their great gifts, their employment in the ministry, their self-sacrifice, their devotion to the cause, etc., etc., while at heart they are not right with God and at the last great day will be cast to the The afternoon session was practically devoted to the election of officers, but during the time of taking the ballots, it was decided to continue to meet yearly in February, instead of in May, as some delegates proposed. The next convention will be heid in Toronto.

A collection content they devote the cause, etc., etc., while at heart they are not right with God and at the left hand. Depart—Such belong at the left hand, from me—What could be worse than banishment from God?

II. The wise builder (vs. 24, 25). 24. Therefore—Jesus now proceeds to impress the truth by the use of a to impress the truth by the use of a very striking illustration. Whosever heareth—See R. V. "Both classes of men hear the word. So far they are alike. The two houses have externally the same appearance, but the great day of trial shows the difference." Will liken him — "St. Matthew, who living near the lake had often witnessed such sudden floods as are described, uses vigorous language and draws the picture vividly." The Jordan was annually swellen and became rapid and furious. Everything within reach would swollen and became rapid and furious. Everything within reach would then be swept away. A wise man—The truly wise man pays attention to spiritual and eternal things. He is a prudent man, a man of understanding who looks ahead and sees the danger and makes use of his best means of avoiding it. The wise builder is the one who hears and obeys the words of Christ, built his house—His character; his soul's interests. Each man possesses a interests. Each man possesses a house which is his absolutely, and interests. Each man possesses a house which is his absolutely, and for which he alone is responsible. Notice: "1. All men are building. 2. All builders have a choice of foundations. 3. All foundations will be tried. 4. Only one foundation will stand.—Parker. Upon a rock— Our rock is Jesus Christ (Psa. 118, 22. 1sa., 28, 16; 1 Cor. 3, 11). He isthe sure foundation. As we centre our faith in him, and build according to the maxims which he has laid down, we will be safe. 25. The rain....... beat—So tempests and storms of afflictions, persecutions, temptations of their enemies and turns every curse into a blessing. flictions, persecutions, temptations, and all sorts of trials beat agianst the soul. Suddenly, when the soul. Suddenly, when we think we are safe, the calamity comes upon us. How important in that hour to be possessed of something the tempest cannot destroy. It fell not —
The religion of Jesus Christ in the The religion of Jesus Christ in the soul will stand every test, "The emblem of a house to represent the religious life is specially appropriate;

1. A house is for rest. 2. A house is for shelter. 3. A house is for company that the life manner that religion ort. In like manner true religion

is the rest, protection and comfort of the soul." III. The foolish builder.-vs. 26, 27. 26. Doeth them not—The foolish man is one who fails to do what he knows he ought to do. He hears, but is disobedient. The sand—The but is disobedient. The sand—The foundation is the principal thing. The house on the rock stood, but the structure on the sand was soon undermined. The one who says Lord, Lord, but whose heart is not right, is on the sand. 27. It fell—So falls the sinner. The floods are wearing away his sandy foundation, and soon one tremendous storm shall beat upon him, and he and his hopes shall forever fall.—Barnes. Com. Great was upon him, and he and his hopes shall forever fall.—Barnes. Com. Great was the fall—How great is the loss of the soul! What a terrible fall for a soul created in the image of God, and with all the glorious possibilities before it of all ife of bliss forever with Christ, to be cast to the left hand at the last day.

with Christ, to be cast to the left hand at the last day.

IV. An astonished people.—vs. 28, 29, 28. These sayings—The sermon in type a hed. Acton hydeline the last damazement. They were astonished a mazement. They were astonished 1, at Christ's claims; 2, at His manifest power." His doctrine—The sermon on the mount contains a summary of all the great moral principles and cardinal doctrines of the gospel, except the atonement. His own divinity, as the superior of Moses and the final hidge of men, is fully asserted. 29. Having authority—His power lay in Himself and in His life. By his speaking with authority may be meant, 1, that the truth he spike came with authority: 2, that the mejesty and power with which he spike came with authority. Not as the scribes—"He did not speak like a common interpreter of the law, confirming His doctrine as the Jewish doctors usually did, by the authority of their learned men, but with the air and authority of a prophet, and by that authority took upon him to even correct. The upon him to even correct the

doctrine of the scribes and Pharissess themselves,"—Blair.

PRACTICAL SURVEY.

Vital importance attacnes to man's attitude to the Drine will as revealed in the hely Scriptures. This lesson is decidedly practical in its application. It is designed to represent the ideal Christian in daily life. True piety cannot be divorced from hely living.

ton. It is designed to represent the deal Christian in daily life. True piety cannot be divorced from holy living.

Hearing the word is not sufficient.

Be ye doers of the word, and not hearers only" (James 1., 22). No one's soul is ever saved merely by hearing the word of God. Many deceive themselves by imagining that they are Christians because they are regular learers of the Gospel, while they put it to no practical use. The Gospel is represented as the "perfect law of liberty." It "imposes obligations from God and prescribes a rule of life. It punishes transgressors, and rewards the obedient."

A knowledge of the word is not enough "Toat servant that knew his lord's will and prepared not himself, neither did according to his will, shall be beaten with many stripes" (Luke xil 47). "If ye know these things, happy are ye if ye do them" (John xill. 17). True happiness comes not from a knowledge of the Divine will alone, but from true devotedness to God.

A profession of faith in Christ is insufficient (v. 21). This passage clearly teaches that one may embrace a sound creed maintain a religious profess on, acknowledge Christ to be the Lord and pray to Him as such, and yet have no part in Him. See Matt. xv., 8. 9. There can be no true devotion to God when the heart is not united to Him.

The foolish builder. He who flat-Hearing and knowing should be followed by doing. This will result in greater knowledge. A religion of profession merely will always be one of doubt, while that of the doer will always produce a consc ous assurance of divine favor. There can be no effectual substitute for obedience.

The foolish builder. He who flatters himself that because he crieth "Lord, Lord," or because he prophesieth and doeth "many wonderful works" in the name of Christ, he will be saved, is represented as the foolish builder whom Christ will at list disown, and whose house shall fall in utter ruin.

The foundation. He builds upon the rock. This denotes wisdom, foresight

ish builder whom Christ will at last disown, and whose house shall fall in utter ruin.

The wise builder. He looks well to the wise builder. He looks well to the foundation. He builds upon the rock. This denotes wisdom, foresight and precaution. The wise man leans not to his own understanding, but "heareth" and "doeth" the "sayings" of the wise and infallible Teacher. This is practical piety. The religion of Jesus Christ is one of deeds, not of words merely; a "life of action, not of dreaming."

Obedience is a test of love. The strongest proof that one can give of his love to God, is by keeping His commandments. However high the profession, the want of obedience affords sufficient ground to question the genulineness of ones' affection for God. "If ye love me keep my commandments," said the Lord. See John xiv. 21, 24.

Obedience is a test of relationship to Christ. In the days of His flesh when the Master was at one time speaking to the people, one said unto Him, "Behold Thy mother and Thy brethren stand without desiring to speak with thee." Jesus said, "Who is My mother? and who are My brethren? And stretching forth His hand toward His disciples, He said, "Behold My mother and My brethren? Pand stretching forth His hand toward His disciples, He said, "Behold My mother and My brethren? Pand stretching in heaven, the same is My brother, and sister and mother? Matt. xii. 46-50. What an inspiration to true devotion to God!

turns every curse into a blessing .-Burton R. Jones.

20 Years of Vile Catarrh.-Chas. O. Brown, journalist, of Duluth, Minn.. writes: "I have been a sufferer from Throat and Nasal Catarrh for over 20 years, during which time my head has been stopped up and my condition truly miserable. Within 15 minutes after using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I obtained relief. Three bottles have lmost, if not entirely, cured me." 50c.-73

SANITARY TELEPHLIES.

In Germany a pad of a large numb of detachable discs of paper, with a hole in the centre, is attached to the mouth piece of the telephone, and the upper piece of paper is torn off after each conversation, and in Vienna call boxes are provided with napsins, and a notice is stuck up requesting the above. is stuck up requesting the public to wipe the receivers after use.

Only 5 Cents a Copy The Four-Track News for February. On sale at all news stands.

CHURCH WITH WIDEST NAVE. St. Michael's Church at Coventry is said to have the widest nave of any English church. It is 125 feet wide. That of York Minister is 1041-2 feet in

TAKE ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM before the merciless grip of the cold has fastened upon throat and lungs. After a few doses the cough is easier, and a complete cure is but the question of a little time.

KING THANKS LORD ROBERTS.

A Special Army Order Issued Bidding

Him Farewell. London, Feb. 22.-The King has is sued a special army order bidding farewell of Field Marshal Earl Robfarewell of Field Marshal Earl Roberts upon his retirement from active emfl.yment as Commander-In-Calef of His Majesty's forces, and thanking him for the invaluable services he has rendered the Empire.

The order concludes: "I ask all ranks of the army to profit by the example of his illustrious career and single-minded devotion to blee single-minded devotion to his

Who gets history from novels gets novel history.

eign and country."

The Markets.

tous in the M rate Following are the closing quota-ions at important wheat centres to

May. New York 105 3-4 109 1-4 101 1-2 Toledo 110 1-4 Duluth, No.I N. .. 101 1-2

Toronto Farmers' Market. The offerings of grain on the street to-day were moderate, with prices firm. Wheat continues strong, with sales of 300 bushels of white at 93 1-2 to 94 1-2c, 300 bushels of the continues to 1.2c. 1. at 93 1-2 to 94 1-2c, 300 bushels of red at 93 1-2 to 94c, and 200 bushels els of goose at 80 to 82c. Rye sold at 58c for one load. Barley firm, 1,500 bushels selling at 47 to 48c. Oats unchanged, with sales of 800 bushels at 36 to 37 1-2c.

Dairy produce is firmer, with supplies only moderate. Choice dairy butter sold at 20 to 23c per lb., and new, laid eggs at 40c per dozen.

butter sold at 20 to 23c per lb., and new laid eggs at 40c per dozen.

Hay is firm, with receipts of 30 loads; timothy sold at \$9 to \$11 a ton, and mixed at \$6.30 to \$8. Straw is steady at \$10 a ton.

Dressed hogs are unchanged at \$6.25 to \$6.50 for heavy, and at \$7 to \$7.25 for light.

\$6.25 to \$6.50 for heavy, and at \$7 to \$7.25 for light.
Following are the quotations:
Wheat, white, bush., 93% to 94%c; red, bush., 93% to 94c; spring, 98 to 90c; goose, bush., 80 to 82; peas, bush. 65 to 65c; oats, bush., 36 to 37%c; barley, bugh., 47 to 48c; hay, timothy, per ton, \$9 to \$11; clover, \$6.50 to 83; straw, per ton, \$9 to 37½c; barley, bugh, 47 to 48c; hay, timothy, per ton, \$9 to \$11; clover, \$6.50 to \$3: straw, per ton, \$9 to \$10; seeds, alsike, bush, \$4.50 to \$5.75; red, cover, \$6 to \$6.55; timothy, 100 lbs., \$2.25 to \$0; apples, per bbl., \$1.50 to \$2.25; dressed hogs. \$6.25 to \$7.25; eggs, new laid, per doz., 40c; butter, dairy, 18 to 22c; creamery, 22 to 26c; chickens, per 35. 13 to 15c; geods, per 10., 11 to 13c; ducks, per 35. 12 to 14c; turkeys, per 75., 18 to 20c; potatoes, per bag, 95c to \$1.05; cabbage, par doz., \$2 to \$2.25; ce.ery, per doz., 45 to 50c; bec. handquarters, \$6 to \$3; beef, forequarters, \$4 to \$6; beef, bed, forequarters, \$4 to \$6; bed, cho.ee, carcass, \$6.50 to \$7; bed, medium, carcass, \$5.50 to \$6; lamb, yearling, \$3 to \$9; metton, per cwt., \$6 to \$7; yeal, per cwt., \$7 to \$9.

Bradstrees on Trace.

Wholesale trade at Montreal is queter than usual at this season, owing to the freight blockade in the owing to the freight blockade in the railways. Shipments of goods are being made for the spring to customers. The (weather this week having continued very, cold, the conditions of business are much the same as they were a week ago.. Values of staple goods here very firm. One of the large comestic mins this week advanced their prices of prints again.

There has been some improvement In who ceale trade conditions in Toronto, but the cold weather is still the chief drawback. It is fearstill the chief drawback. It is fear-ed now that the spring season will be a late one, and that, of course, is always hindrance to trade. Values firm. A lor of 50,000 lbs. of wool sold this week for shipment at 18%c, and the same price will be raid for more.

A slight improvement is generally noticeable in trade during the past noticeable in trade during the past week at Quebec. Collections are still reported show. In the city the shoe nanufacturers appear to have all

they can do.

In Hamilton this week the whole-In Hamiton this week the wholesale trade has experienced a good
demand for spring goods. The season for ordering is getting inte
now, and retakers, when travellers
have been able to reach them, have
been placing liberal sized orders.
Values are firmly held for both domestic and imported goods. The
outlook for spring trade is good.
London business circles do not
show as much activity as usual for
this time of the year.

At Victoria, Vancouver and other
Pacific Coast points, trade is picking
up, but collections are still slow.
Winnipez wholesale trade benefited largely by the recent bonspiel,
visiting merchants having placed
good orders for the coming season.
The outlook for trade is far from
discouraging.

The conditions of trade at Otiawa

liscouraging.
The conditions of trade at Ottawa The conditions of trade at Otiawa have been satisfactory. The whole-sale trade is looking for steady improvement in business the hext two months. Prices of staple goods are

strong.
Toronto Cattle Market. Receipts of live stock at the Cit

Receipts of live stock at the City Cattle Market were 42 car loads all told, consisting of 631 cattle, 284 sheep, 423 hogs, 18 calves and 172 hogs, to Park Blackwell.

Of the above number there were 17 cars of Chicago cattle, 316 in number, which were not for sale, being fed and rested in transit. This it will be seen leaves 315 Canadian cattle sold on the market.

The quality of fat cattle was fairly good.

Trade was good with prices firm

Trade was good with prices firm in every class, owing to light de-liveries. Several loads of cattle being bought for outside markets, helped to make the market brisker than it otherwise would have been. Several lots of cattle brought here as exporters were sold for but-chers, as the latter class were

Corbett & Henderson sold one lot of 7 export steers, 1,400 lbs. each, at \$4.75 per cwt., which was the highest price quoited for shipping cattle. The next highest price quoted was for fifteen steers weighing 1,300 lbs. each, which were bought by R. J. Collins at \$4.65 per cwt., also one load bought by Geo. Dunn, at \$4.65. Dunn, at \$4.65.

The bulk of exporters sold at \$4.40 to \$4.65 some of which will be used as butchers'.
All classes of butchers' cattle sold readily, especially the better quali-

There was little doing in stocker or feeders. One load of steers, 1.200 lbs. each, were sold as short-keep feeders by McDonald & Maybee, at \$4.50 per cwt., which is the price of medium export cattle.

About 15 milch cows sold at \$30 to \$58 each. Wm. Harris bought the best cow offered at the latter medium export cattle.

Voal calves are scarce, with prices

ing..... quotation given.

GETTING BEADY

For Rapid Mobilization of the

Growing Uneasy About French Movements.

Bu'falo de patch: An afternoon paper publishes the following cable: London cable: L'oyd's is to-day asking a premium of 30 per cent. against an outbreak of an Anglo-French war within the next three months. This high rate is based on the fact that France has not given a formal declaration of an attitude of neutrality toward the far eastern belligerents, beyond a vague statement by Foreign Minister Delease. In fact, the French Government, instead of giving such assurance, has allowed Russia to use Jibutil, which is in the French colony at the head of the Red Sea, as a base of render-vous for her fleet. This is contrary to the usage of other neutral powers. Again: French ships and solulers have been ordered to the east from Mediterranean ports, and this taken in connection with the attitude, is thought to be significant. It is known that Russia is using her utmost endeavor to get France to stretch every point in her favor, and is anxicus to have a strong French fleet in Asiatic waters, as a menace against Japanese vessels, and to be of use in restoring the naval equilibrium in the Yellow Sea.

The British Foreign Office is uneasy regarding the cutlock, while the Admiralty is getting ready for rapid belligerents, beyond a vague state-

regarding the cutlook, while the Admiralty is getting ready for rapid mob lization in case certain eventualities develop.

NEWS IN BRIEF

The flour mill at Morden, Man., was burned yesterday. Loss \$11,000 or \$12,000.

Robert J. Hill, a C.P.R. brakeman, was killed at Drumbo yesterday. He lived i mLondon.

The Toronto Exhibition directors will ask the Toronto City Council for \$32,000 for building purposes. Four Toronto firemen are most dangerously ill from the effects of inhaling nitric acid fumes at a fire. At a special meeting of the Toronto Mr. George Y. Chown, Registrar of Queen's University, has also been ap-pointed Treasurer.

The Dominion Government have ask-od the Admiralty for a warship to convey missionaries in Corea to a place of safety.

The American Newspaper Publishers- Association has decided to agitate for the removal of the duty on wood pulp from Canada.

Mr. James Bain, a traveller, living at 22 Gerrard street west, Toronto, was struck by a car or Yonge street, Toronto, yesterday. His skull was factured.

Correspondent members in other countries will be secured by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association to do the work done by the United States Consuls. Rev. Dr. Pitblado, of Winnipeg, has been presented with a retiring allowance of \$500 a year for three years and a purse of \$250 by the Westminister Church.

The Kaiser will leave for the Medi-terranean on the fourth of next The Empre accompany him, owing, it is report-ed, to indisposition.

Mr. Allan Bristol Aylesworth, K.C., of Toronto, was in Bulfalo yesterday as the guest of the Lawyers' Club, and addressed the club at a banquet in the Genesee Hotel.

Ic an Ottawa case in which plaintiff sought an injunction to restrain the noise in a music teacher's room. Mr. Justice Britton has decided that defendant was realisted. defendant was making a reasonse of the property.

use of the property.

Presbytery, which was held last evening, the call from Georgetown to Rev. R. F. Cameron, of North Easthope, was considered and sustained, and will be sent on to the Stratford Presbytery for consideration.

Thomas Green dropped dead yesyesterday morning at 156 Front street east. Toronto Green worked the feed mill owned by his step-son, Joseph E. Dunham, and arrived at the office at the usual time yesterday morning.

STORM AND FIRE.

Thrilling Voyage of the Pallanza on the Atlantic.

Halifax, Feb. 2.—The Hamburg-American liner Pallanza, which left Hamburg on Jan. 10 with a large gen-eral cargo for New York and 150 immigrants for Halifax, arrived here this morning, after thrilling escapes from foundering and destruction by fire at sea. Six days out from Hamburg, the Pallanza ran into a furious hurricane, which continued seventy hours, during which the smokestack was smashed, and everything escapel.

which continued seventy hours, during which the smokestack was smashed, and everything moveable ripped off the decks by boarding seas.

The large accommodation ladder was torn from its fastenings, carried the whole length of the ship and, striking the bridge, severely injured the captain, mate and quartermaster, and then was carried overboard, The smokestack, which toppled over, was lashed up with great difficulty, and the Pallanza, unable to return to Hamburg, owing the fury of the gale, put into St. Michael's, Azores, for repairs.

She left for Halifax on Feb. 8, and on Monday morning, during the severe storm, fire broke out in the forehold, between the decks. Smoke poured out in valuess, and the invaluess and the invaluess and the invaluess.

storm, fire broke out in the forehold, between the decks. Smoke poured out in volumes, and the immigrants were panic stricken. Officers and crew battled heroically with the flames for eight hours, finally extinguishing the fire with steam and water. Part of the cargo was considerably damaged. The immi-Voal calves are scarce, with prices firm McDonald and Maybee sold 9 with steam and water. Part of the carge at \$6.75 per cwt., which was the was considerably damaged. The immigrants are for Winnipeg,