

Justice's fees.

Witnesses fees.

Constables fees.

Juror's fees.

Fees for serving
a Subpœna.

costs shall be allowed; taxed, or taken in actions brought by virtue of this act then the following: Justice's fees,—A summons *four pence*; Warrant and Affidavit *nine pence*; Judgment *nine pence*; Subpœna for each witness *four pence*; *Venire l'acias* to summon a Jury *nine pence*; Execution *six pence*; every Subpœna'd witness attending and sworn *one shilling*; Constable or other proper officer for serving a Warrant or Summons, notifying the Plaintiff to trial, or serving an execution, mileage for *one mile* or under *one shilling*, for every mile more *three pence*—PROVIDED, That on all precepts, to be issued by virtue of this act, the fees for serving be computed only from the place of abode of the Defendant, or where he shall be found, to the place where the precept is returnable; serving every Execution for every pound *six pence*; summoning every Jury *one shilling*: Juror's fees—For all causes tried *one shilling* per man; when summoned and attending and not trying the cause *six pence* per man; to the Constable or other person serving a Subpœna *six pence* for a mile or less, and *three pence* for every other mile for each witness.

No judgment to be removed by writ of Error, nor Certiorari allowed unless the party applying therefor do, within thirty days after judgment, make affidavit of reasonable cause to remove such judgment.

Affidavit may be made before a Judge of the Supreme Court or a Commissioner for taking Affidavits.

No execution upon judgment to be stayed by certiorari, if the party, obtaining such judgment, give security to restore the debt &c. in case the same be reversed.

XIV. *And be it further enacted*, That no judgment, order or proceeding whatsoever to be had or made by virtue of this act, shall be removed by any Writ of Error or False Judgment; and further that no Justice of the Supreme Court shall grant or allow any *Certiorari* or other process to remove any Judgment order, or proceeding whatsoever, to be had by virtue of this act unless the party, applying for such *Certiorari*, shall within *thirty days* after such judgment given, make affidavit satisfying such Justice of the Supreme Court that there is reasonable cause for granting such *Certiorari* to remove such judgment, either for error therein or for some unfair practice of the Justice who shall have tried the cause, which shall be particularly specified in the said affidavit, and which affidavit may be made before one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, or before one of the Commissioners for taking affidavits to be read in the Supreme Court, and such affidavit shall be left with the Justice of the Supreme Court who may allow such *Certiorari*, in order that the adverse party may obtain a copy thereof: And if any *Certiorari* or other Writ shall be granted or issued otherwise than is above mentioned the same shall be void and of none effect. And further that no execution upon any judgment to be given by virtue of this act shall be prevented or stayed, by any *Certiorari* or other writ, in case the party in whose favor such judgment shall be given shall give such security as may be satisfactory to the Justice by whom such Judgment shall be given,

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