

SIX

THE STAR, ST. JOHN, N. E., FRIDAY, AUGUST 20 1909

Contestants in The Sun and The Star's \$5,000 Contest

First Grand Prize--\$1,500 TOURING AUTOMOBILE
Second Grand Prize--\$750 PLAYER PIANO
Third Grand Prize---\$400 UPRIGHT GRAND PIANO
Fourth Grand Prize---\$350 MOTOR BOAT

..... DISTRICT PRIZES

PRIZES FOR LADIES AND GIRLS

PRIZES FOR MEN AND BOYS

3 European Trips
3 Trips to Boston and New York
3 Diamond Rings
3 Scholarships
3 Ladies' Desks

3 Trips to Boston and New York
3 Scholarships
3 Bicycles
3 Gold Watches
3 Morris Chairs

DISTRICT NO. 1

All that portion of St. John lying south of Union Street

LADIES AND GIRLS

MISS GRETA M. TRENTOWSKY, 139 St. James street.....	55.000
MRS. E. A. BENN, 115 Prince William street.....	13.000
MISS ESTHER McAFEE, 79 Princess street.....	18.500
MISS ANNIE S. TAYLOR, 120 St. James street.....	3.700
MISS ETHEL ALCHORN, 84 Gorman street.....	3.140
MISS MARJORIE KENNEDY, 104 Carman street.....	23.820
MISS ETHEL E. DARNES, 100 King street.....	10.500
MRS. THERESA M. HOPKINS, 27 Charlotte street.....	62.200
MS. A. K. DUNLOP, 78 Prince Wm. street.....	1.640
MISS ETHEL E. BUSTIN, 40 King Square.....	11.700

MEN AND BOYS

HAROLD CARSON, 197 King Street, East.....	21.400
GEORGE COX, 176 Sydney Street.....	3.000
HAROLD PINLEY, 127 Duke Street.....	376.130
FRANK MCMAHON, 30 White Street.....	7.350
ROBERT H. MURRAY, 19 Harding Street.....	231.760
GEORGE O'NEILL, Dufferin Hotel.....	1.890
CHARLES M. FREEMAN, 13 Orange Street.....	7.500
L. F. McGRATH, Park Hotel, King Square.....	1.000
F. CYRIL HOPKINS, 111 Princess Street.....	151.400
JOHN J. HARLEY, Royal Hotel.....	3.700
HERMAN BARTSCH, 116 Charlotte Street.....	6.230
B. H. DUNFIELD, 71 Dock Street.....	101.130
H. EVERETT HUNT, 17 Charlotte Street.....	3.070
J. W. FINN, 142 St. James Street.....	2.500
WALTER GILBERT, 143 Charlotte Street.....	349.890

DISTRICT NO. 2

All that portion of St. John City north of Union Street, including West Side and North End.

LADIES AND GIRLS

ALICE DUFF, 5 Chubb Street.....	4.280
ALICE M. KANE, 38 Murray Street.....	9.010
MRS. C. NICHOLS, 74 Chubb Street.....	78.200
MRS. NOBLE BLAZARD, Pokok Road.....	10.900
MISS JENNIE WATERS, 86 Victoria Street.....	25.680
MISS EDITH LINGLEY, 31 Rodney Street.....	49.970
MRS. F. H. HOWELL, 41 Rockland Road.....	35.450
MISS MARGARET MCNEILL, 65 Simonds street.....	130.720
MISS SADIE FURDY, 23 Rodney Street, W. E.....	23.800
MISS NETTIE A. PIGEON, 28 Douglas Avenue.....	150.000
MRS. FRED BROOKINS, 66 Simonds Ave Avenue.....	26.100
MRS. E. SIMPSON, 182 Tower St., W.....	28.920

MEN AND BOYS

ROBERT BARTLETT, 40 Peter Street.....	5.780
ARTHUR CAILLAN, 197 Paradise Road.....	40.900
WM. T. COGGAR, 198 Rockland Road.....	18.270
FRANK DWYER, 74 Wall Street.....	12.250
GEORGE ELLIOTT, 223 Douglas Avenue.....	3.320
WM. KEITHLIN, 19 Doherty Street.....	2.940
GEORGE W. LONDON, 388 Maymarket Street.....	4.290
ARCHIE MCARTHUR, 101 Paradise Road.....	93.550
DOUGLAS MCARTHUR, 50 Peter Street.....	2.240
JOHN H. C. MCINTYRE, 108 Broad Street.....	128.450
EDWARD MCLEAN, 41 Acadia Street.....	3.380
JACK MCQUARRIE, 72 Esplanade Street.....	4.530
FRANK R. MERRITT, 570 Main Street.....	18.210
JAMES MOORE, 161 Prince Street.....	7.190
FRANK J. SCULLY, Lancaster Street, West.....	2.900
RAYMOND SIMPSON, 181 Tower Street.....	45.070
THOMAS SWENNEY, 23 Union Street.....	2.890
FRED. E. TOWNSEND, 27 Wright Street.....	20.940
W. H. SOUTHER, 41 Havelock Street.....	140.680
MYLES H. PERLEY, 154 Main Street.....	3.000
KENNETH A. CARLETON, 71 Ludlow Street.....	7.120
WM. MCINTYRE, 30 Simonds Street.....	4.140
CIRAS L. HAMILTON, 388 Main Street.....	120.650
HAROLD VINCENT, 164-1/2 Waterloo Street.....	2.480
GEORGE W. HOBEN, 387 Main Street.....	1.120
HAROLD MCKAY, 28 Wright Street.....	10.590
GEORGE A. WHITTAKER, 52 Mill Street.....	120.010

ESTIMATES ARE \$1,000 GREATER

Foreign and Home Missions

UNION'S SESSION

Several Interesting Reports Heard Yesterday Afternoon

MONCTON, Aug. 19.—Reading of reports took up a greater part of this afternoon's session of the Maritime Baptist Women's Missionary Union.

Estimates for foreign missions for the coming year were laid before the convention and totaled \$15,500. The largest item was \$2,000 for a bungalow at Shicaco India, the balance being made up principally by salaries for missionaries and teachers. Estimates for home missions amounted to \$5,500, including western missions, \$1,800; Grand Div. \$1,100; Indian work, \$300; N. S. and P. E. I., \$1,100; New Brunswick, \$400. Estimates for foreign and home missions this year exceeded last year by a thousand dollars. Miss Irene W. Clark, Bay View, submitted a report on mission bands in P. E. I. Eleven bands are active and seven prospect membership of 168. Total amount raised by bands, \$214.18, an increase of \$79.85 over last year. Baby bands raised \$29, being \$12.70 over that of last year.

Two bands had been reorganized during the year. Mrs. L. P. Williams, Lunenburg, N. S., reported for Nova Scotia mission bands, five bands had been reorganized and twenty-three organized. At present there are 150 bands in the province. Membership is 4,475. Contributions to foreign missions, \$1,817.71; home missions, \$372.55, an increase for missions of about \$300. Child was made in the report for more helpful literature.

Mrs. W. E. McIntyre, St. John, submitted a very complete report from New Brunswick mission bands. The report said among 30 churches in the district of the province there are 31 active bands, with a total membership of upwards of 3,000. Five new organizations are reported—Peel, Gibson, Marysville, Danville, Rusakogah, total contributions for year of \$2,192.91, an increase of \$408.43.

Special reference was made to Brunswick street, Fredericton, and Moncton bands, which contributed largely. Fredericton leads the province, their juniors and seniors contributing \$74. Moncton being second with \$109. Brunswick street, St. John, 3.4. For the baby band was received \$25.9.

An ever-inspiring feature of the year's work in connection with the German street, St. John, was the organization of the boys' band.

Mrs. J. W. Peters, Bridgetown, N. S., reported for the home missions committee submitted her report. The report said there was a fair degree of progress in all departments of home mission work. The amount received from all sources was \$4,832.91. In New Brunswick at present are some 35 home mission laborers besides twenty students employed during vacation.

Eighty-three churches were added last year and 146 stations, and also having under their care 80 Sunday schools, additions by baptism reported 24,09. Two evangelists, Revs. B. Beatty and Dr. Phillips are employed. Nova Scotia and P. E. I. report general advancement.

Reports say they must face more frankly the problem of minority that is effectively serve foreigners coming into Canada. A department in German, St. John and Russia where they can train for work was suggested.

Mrs. W. E. McIntyre, St. John, conducted a symposium for mission bands and leaders. Mrs. A. McDougall submitted a report on Nova Scotia baby bands' convention, which was addressed by Miss Winnifred Eaton, Lower Canada, N. S. Missionary-elect Mrs. J. H. McDonald, Fredericton, and model lesson was conducted by Miss V. E. Estabrooke, St. John.

The closing sessions was held in the evening. D. B. Harkness, of Winnipeg, gave an address on Baptist Mission in Western Canada. Miss Helen Blackadar, returned missionary, gave an address on work in India. Mrs. G. L. Pearson gave a farewell address to Miss Eaton and Miss Irene Clark, who leaves here shortly for India. At the afternoon session Mrs. G. L. Pearson resigned as secretary for Nova Scotia and Mrs. A. E. McLeod, of Parroboro, was appointed to her place. Miss Anna F. Frost was appointed mission band superintendent for Prince Edward Island.

The convention closed about 10.30 tonight.

Military and Naval Forces Organized on New Basis

Imperial Conference Closed Successful Sessions Yesterday

Official Statement of Decision to be Made Shortly

Times Demands Imperial Flying Squadron as Naval Nucleus

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The final meeting of the Imperial Defence Conference was held this morning, when it is understood that a resolution was brought forward to the effect that all military and naval forces shall be so organized that each shall be in a position to render efficient service at any part of the Empire.

The closing meeting was of short duration, and it was stated that congratulatory speeches were delivered by the Right Hon. Henry Asquith, the Prime Minister, and also by the representatives of the colonies.

No decision has yet been arrived at, as regards the issue of a paper setting forth the results of the deliberations of the conference.

After the meeting of the Imperial Defence Conference the colonial delegates had a meeting which lasted two hours.

Hon. Mr. Broderick, interviewed by the Canadian Associated Press in reference to the statements contained in the "Times" statement drawn up yesterday, said that to take the statements as being the result of the conference would be incorrect, but to some extent the statement was correct.

"It has been asked," said Mr. Broderick, "how the information regarding the proceedings of the defence conference, but as the members of the conference are bound by secrecy, I am unable to say more."

But I can say that an official statement will be issued.

Sir Frederick Borden, interviewed by the Associated Press, did not say anything regarding the statement published yesterday.

"It would be bad for me and any delegate to give any information," he said.

A Business Education The Stepping Stone to Success

Some of the Reasons Why We Selected Scholarships in the Currie Business University for District Prizes in the Sun and Star Contest

This institution was established in 1888, and became incorporated on July, 1902, under the laws of the Province of New Brunswick, with a Capital Stock of \$20,000.

It has always employed a competent staff of instructors, as well as agents, for the several departments; men who had years of experience in business of legal work and we submit as a sensible argument, that this competent work force, supported in the business community by such a large number of prominent shareholders, places this institution alone in the front rank among business colleges in Eastern Canada. A scholarship purchased from this school has an one hundred per cent. advantage in value over any other school proposition.

ATTENDANCE.

From the second year of its inception this school has enjoyed a larger scholarship attendance than any business school in Eastern Canada. It has trained, annually, between two and three hundred students, including many prominent merchants, government officials, bankers, accountants, etc., and its prestige is increasing rapidly.

A THOROUGH BUSINESS TRAINING.

This class of training can only be secured in a school controlled by a teaching staff of experienced business men, a member of legal profession who has had long practice in law and a competent modern English teacher. It is our pleasure to extend an offer of one week's trial (free of charge) in just such an ideal school.

We also beg to draw your attention to points in favor of our institution which can be substantiated by personal observation during a free trial, or by those who have taken six months' instruction in other Business Schools and afterwards enrolled with us.

ENVIRONMENT.

Prominent business men, many of whom are skeptical as to the idea of any business college's capacity for teaching business as it is transacted in the office, have been forced to admit, after inspecting our pupils in the actual performance of their every-day routine, that they could detect no difference whatever between our methods and the modern office methods they were accustomed to. Those who had graduated from other schools, after admiring the efficacy of our system, were puzzled to know how it was possible that no two students' work was similar, thereby making it impossible for one student to help another or to critic. This is where our strongest argument hinges—every student must stand on his own merits. An environment of this kind causes the qualifications known as snap, competency, power and executive force to become contagious.

MODERN METHODS.

No school in Canada presents such a valuable business training proposition as this school. Instead of teaching one set rule and method, this institution sends its trained representatives to the various manufacturing and business offices, gathering new ideas and systems for the rapid execution of overwhelming masses of work, and keeping in close touch with the ever increasing rapid changes in the business world. The reward of all this energy is daily apparent—the Employment Bureau of this school being identified with nearly all the high-salaried positions available in St. John and in many other cities, where it has its special agencies looking after its qualified students.

MEN OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE ARE ITS TEACHERS.

Nine-tenths of the other business schools are in charge of men who are school teachers by vocation, and therefore have no practical business methods, such as Corporation—Accounting—Auditing—Finance;—Custom House Work, Freight, etc., and if called into a modern business office to assume charge, would simply be mystified by the intricacies that would confront them. Experts command large salaries, school teachers can be secured at low rates; hence the reason why our rates for tuition appear higher than those those offered by other schools; but, with this expert training our graduates have secured the positions and salaries of men who have been years at office-work, thereby obtaining for this school just what was anticipated by the management, namely:—

A MONOPOLY OF THE BEST PAYING POSITIONS.

When one is honestly certain that he possesses the best thing obtainable, whether it be a horse or a method, he is naturally and justly anxious to try conclusions with any competitor; so, in order to demonstrate to the public a fact which the management has always been conscious of, repeated friend challenges have been issued, through the newspapers, to all other business schools in this vicinity, (where a meeting of competing schools was convenient) for the purpose of comparison before unbiased business and professional men. No school has, as yet, answered these challenges. This is the only method known to common sense that will correctly answer the question of one school's superiority over another.

For complete information and new Catalogue write at once to The Currie Business University, Limited, St. John, N. B.

BLIND BOY A SUICIDE BARCELONA AGAIN

WHEN MIRACLE FAILS UNDER CIVIL RULE

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Losing all hope because sight is not restored, Martial Law Suspended and Military Governor Turns Over Administration.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Losing all hope after a prophesied miracle which would restore his sight had failed to materialize, Peter Kelly, a Brooklyn youth, committed suicide at his home this morning by inhaling gas.

Peter became blind when he was two years old from catarrhs. He was taken to many physicians, but none of them was ever able to help him. Recently a neighbor told him that he would surely be cured if he would bathe in the ocean on the day of the Feast of the Blessed Virgin.

The feast of the Virgin falls on August 15, and on Sunday Peter was taken to Coney Island. A bathing suit was hired for him and he was led to the edge of the water, where he splashed around. Today was to be the day of the miracle, but when Peter awoke it was to find that he was still blind.

The boy had always brooded over his affliction, and to add to his trouble he had been forced to beg for a living since the death of his father six years ago. The kindness of his young friends, who took him to ball games and tried in every way to divert his mind, were of no avail. He refused to be comforted by the hope held out to him by his mother of an ultimate cure. He staked his last hope on the promised miracle and lost. So, when he woke to find himself still in darkness, he grew sick at heart and decided to end his sufferings.

Good advertising often marks the difference between profitless inaction and profitable activity.—Profitable Advertising.

MADRID, Aug. 19.—A civilian, Jose Miguel, was shot this morning at Barcelona in fulfillment of the sentence of a court martial. He was one of the organizers of the revolt at St. Andrea del Palmar and defended the place against the government troops and agents.

Shortly after Baro had been shot, martial law was suspended in Barcelona and the military Governor, General Santiago, delivered over to Senor Crespo Azorin, the civil Governor, the administration of public affairs. The situation is calm in Barcelona.

King Alfonso has arrived in Madrid and will probably go to Malaga to visit the wounded soldiers from Melilla in hospitals there.

Well informed people say that all Senor Maury's influence was required to dissuade King Alfonso from going to the front. The King has no other thought than the war and reluctantly accepts his Minister's argument that the life of the King of Spain ought not to be jeopardized in the campaign against the savage hordes.

Deprived of the opportunity of showing his military ardor the King informs himself of every deed of valor and every proof of patriotism given by the Spanish officers and soldiers and sends praise and recompenses to the heroes and their families.

General Maury's words, "Europe has entrusted us with the mission of opening the way for civilization in this savage country," are much commented on, the majority of newspapers believing them to be an indication that Spain's action has been pre-arranged with the Powers.