THE
SILVER QUESTION

To the Patrons of the Chronicle Printing Establishment:

NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after SATURDAY NEXT, August 1, British and American silver in amounts over five cents, will be accepted at this office at the following rates only:—

Half Dollars	48 Cents
Quarter Dollar	24
Dimes	9

J. S. GURNETT,
PUBLISHER CHRONICLE.

CHRONICLE OFFICE,
Ingersoll, July 30, 1868.

THE
INGERSOLL CHRONICLE.

THE undersigned begs to call the attention of the public to the facilities he possesses in doing neat, work, and the advantages offered to ADVERTISERS in the Columns of

The Ingersoll Chronicle

It is the oldest Paper in the County of Oxford, now in the fiftieenth year of its existence, contains Thirty Two long Columns, is entered and compelled to add a large Ten Columns Supplement during the greater part of the year, to meet the requirements of our patrons. On the Editorial Staff are best talent is engaged, and its Local and Selected News comprises all the passing events of interest of the day. In circulation throughout the County and Dominion, larger than that of any other paper published in this section, thus affording to advertisers a medium for publicity which cannot be excelled in the County or Dominion.

JOB PRINTING.

Having lately added to our Job Printing Establishment a large number of new and elegant Styles of Type, Cuts, &c., we are prepared to execute all kinds of work never before attempted in this section of the County. Among which are as follows, viz:—

POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CIRCULARS,
CATALOGUES,
TICKETS,
BILLS OF FARE, AND
Every Plain and Professional Work

Attended to with care. All orders by mail promptly attended to. Work of Book and Job Printing executed in Plain or Ornamental Colored Inks, at reasonable rates and punctuality, and in a manner not excelled in the County.

J. S. GURNETT,
Publisher Chronicle.

MR. A. H. ST. GERMAIN
Proprietor of the Canadian Advertising Agency, Toronto, Ontario, is authorized to receive Advertisements, and to subscribe and collect for Canadian advertisements in this paper.

☞ *The figures after each Subscriber's Address every week show the date to which he has paid up. Thus "John Smith, Jan., '68," shows that he has paid up to January, 1868, and gives his Subscription from that date. Terms—one dollar and fifty cents in advance, to rural subscribers. Those who pay at the end of the year pay two dollars and fifty cents. Those who do not pay in advance.*

Ingersoll Chronicle.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1868.

The Coming Struggle in Britain

There is a lull just now in the political storm, but that is no evidence of any relaxation of interest in the issues now engaging the public mind. The Reform Bill has been passed, and the working classes have been admitted to the franchise, which must have since settled the question. There is no more to be referred to the people, and the political struggle in which they are engaged will excite more than ordinary interest. There was a time when the Government might be forced to take the people's side in the struggle. We look for one of the hottest electoral contests England has ever seen. The question at stake is one of a class which always excites great interest and arouses intense feeling. It is a religious question, and in the minds of a large number of people one of the most important that can engage popular attention. It is never a religious struggle which is not marked by a great deal of bitter feeling. In the present case, the question is of the face of the Irish church establishment, and the issue is a personal one almost—not only to those interested in the maintenance of that institution so far as personally concerned, they are numerous, but to England—not to those who look upon the Irish church establishment as the bulwark of the clergy of the Church of England, but to those who look upon the Irish church as the only obstacle in the way of the complete ascendancy of the Church of England in Ireland. We have no sympathy with the Irish church establishment, and we believe that the day is not far distant when it will be swept away. We believe that the Liberal party will be successful at the coming elections. The chances are that they will be successful, and that they will carry the coming elections. The chances indeed seem the other way, but Disraeli and his colleagues will be strongly opposed. The great Conservative party of the United Kingdom will go unanimously for the church, though a minority is still a very powerful party, and in this contest will be backed by all the social interests involved in the church establishment. All the clergy of the church and all their friends will be moved to special activity. It may be said these are on the conservative side already. That is true, but they were never so active as they will be at the coming election. Mr. Disraeli will strengthen himself a good deal by a [illegible] appeals to protestant sympathies, and will get many votes from people who have little of the spirit of church establishments, but who are determined that right or wrong, they will not sanction the concessions to Roman Catholics. This is a very reasonable part of feeling, but it will have its influence nevertheless. Altogether the English Premier has the materials for making a very strong fight on behalf of the church establishment, and of his own position. The Liberals, [illegible] Mr. Gladstone and [illegible] are knowing that victory means [illegible] the opportunity to settle a great question, [illegible] opportunity to establish [illegible] power [illegible] for a long period. As in Canada who have gone through this state of the fight and have learned what we do not want, so in England [illegible] a parliament [illegible] and [illegible] will be a struggle in Britain.

The mother country will [illegible] of a long [illegible] wooded to the water's edge, [illegible] without even [illegible]

Civil and Religious Liberty in Austria

[illegible] of the most influential [illegible] of the North Western Region, I might here state that there passed through this canal the past year, from the Atlantic side, 16,585 tons of [illegible] 22,227 tons from ports, and 18,851 tons [illegible] from, and from the north shore, by the Collingwood and Fort William line of steamers, 2,100 lbs. of silver ore. This is no inconsiderable shipment for one season, and at a time, too, when there was a general depression in this branch of business.

The village on the American side here does not present that appearance of thrift that I observed some years ago, when there [illegible] the appearance of ease and comfort among the [illegible] I enjoy [illegible] to [illegible] and [illegible] without being [illegible]

[illegible] which [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]