MC2398

POOR DOCUMENT

LANDLORDS AND LADIES
Who want Boarders should Advertise for them in the Gazette. It costs only
50 CENTS A WEEK.

The Evening Gazette is Growing in Circulation more rapidly than any daily paper East of Montreal.

The Evening Gazette.

The Evening Gazette is the Largest daily paper in the Maritime Provinces.

A NEW STORY,
The Master of Ballantrae,
By ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON, Author of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde,

VOL. III---WHOLE NO. 522. ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, JANUARY 10, 1890. PRICE TWO CENTS.

COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS

rs offering rare inducements until further notice far outdoing all previous advertisements. Grey Flannels for Men and Boys Shirts, 13 cents a yard; Swansdown, fine heavy make 8c., 9c., 10c.; Tapestry Carpets from 65 cents a yard down to 40 cents; 100 Doz. Towels, 42 inch at 9 cents, 10 cents, 12 cents and 25 cents. There are also big bargains in Tweed for Men and Boys wear as low as 26 cents a yard. In Red Flannels there are a great fall. Linen crashes down to 8 cents a yard. Men and Boys Shirts and Drawers down to 40 cents on the Dollar. Linen Handkerchiefs 4 cents each. FINE GOODS.—Men's White and Colored Shirts down to 40 cents each; a Job Lot of Men's Braces 40 inch long, Brass Buckles and ends, 25 cents a pair, original price 45 cents.

J. W. MONTGOMERY,
9 KING TREET.

HUNTER,
HAMILTON
& MCKAY.

GLASS AND PUTTY.
McCAW, STEVENSON & ORR'S
PATENT 'GLAZIER" DECORATION,
A Perfect Substitute for Stained Glass.
New Designs in Window Shades and Wall Papers.
F. E. HOLMAN, - - 48 King Street.

THE VERDICT.

'If you want Woo Fascinators, Clouds, Squares, Vests with or without sleeves, Children's Jackets, Wool Shoes, Mitts, &c., we are showing a pretty lot, which we are selling at the lowes living profit.

KEDEY & CO.,
213 UNION STREET,
P. S.—When you call don't forget to ask to see our 25 cent Black Wool Hose.
K. & Co.

SHARP'S
Favorably known for upwards of forty years it has become a household name No family should be without it. It is simple and very effectual. In cases of Croup and Whooping Cough it is marvelous what has been accomplished by it.
BALSAM
In its use the sufferer finds instant relief. How anxiously the mother watches over the child when suffering from these dreadful diseases, and would not she give anything if only the dear little one could be relieved- Be advised of
HOREHOUND
and keep constantly on hand in a convenient place a bottle of this Balsam. If you cannot get it of your dealer, send direct to us, in stamps or currency, 30 cents,
ANISE SEED.
with your address, and we will forward, carriage prepaid, one bottle of this wonderful remedy, so that you may try it and be convinced.
SHARP'S BALSAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
CONNOR & DINSMORE, Proprietors,
Saint John, N. B.
T. B. BARKER & SONS, Wholesale Agents.

1889. XMAS, 1889.
Just received another lot of the following useful Christmas Goods:
6 Doz Children's Trays, Assorted:
Beautiful Brass and Copper Tea Kettles;
12 Very Handsome Brass Tea Kettles with Stands and Lamps.
SHERATON & SELFRIDGE,
38 King St., Opposite Royal Hotel.
Telephone 358.

BOUDOIR CALENDAR.
An exquisitely dainty daily remembrancer, with quotations specially suited for ladies; decorated in turquoise blue, gold, and bronze, and bearing delicate sprays of blush rose. This calendar displays the numerals in red. It is ornamented back and front to correspond, and is suspended by gold cord. Price 50 cents.
FOR SALE BY
J. & A. McMILLAN,
98 and 100 Prince William St., St. John, N. B.

The New Crockery Store,
94 KING STREET,
NOW SHOWING FULL LINES OF
FANCY CHINA,
FRUIT SETS AND DISHES,
IN THE LATEST PATTERNS.
CHARLES MASTERS.

SECOND EDITION.

THE READING BONDS.

DISCUSSION ON THE DIVIDEND ON FIRST INCOME BONDS.

Charges Improperly Placed, and Feeling Runs High. If No Dividend be Paid, the result Disastrous.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—A member of the firm of J. S. Morgan & Co., says of the probable passing of a dividend on Reading first income bonds, that while no one could reccommend a payment of an unearned dividend it is the opinion of many of the best informed people that large amounts have been charged to working expenses that were intended at the time of reconstruction to be defrayed out of the working capital which was provided in the shape of a reserve of 4 per cent general mortgage bonds.

Such charges, as these for opening new collieries, or repairing the damages caused by unusual and disastrous floods, should not be charged against the earnings of the year, but ought to be charged over several years, especially when the income bonds are not cumulative, and it is unjust to burden them alone with expenses which can only benefit junior securities.

Representations to this effect have been made by various persons in London and it is hoped they will not prove entirely without effect upon the managers.

Feeling runs very high, and should no dividend be paid a disastrous effect will be produced on all American issues in Europe.

DOWAGER EMPRESS LYING IN STATE.

Large Numbers View the Remains—Her will Makes Many Charitable Bequests.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN. Jan. 10.—The body of the Empress Augusta is lying in state in the chapel of the Schloss. The chapel has been opened to the public and a large number are viewing the remains.

Her will bequeaths her palacet at Berlin and Bablesberg to the Emperor William. To her daughter the Grand Duchess of Baden she gives the sum of 4,000,000 marks and leaves legacies to her servants, and to a large number ofc haritable and religious bodies.

SPAIN'S INFANT KING.

ess Feverish this Morning and Spoke to his Mother. He is Still in a Precarious Condition.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

MADRID, 7 a. m. Jan. 10.—The Infant King suffered from another cardiac attack during the night, but a later attack decreased in severity, and there was a slight improvement in his condition.

Three more doctors were summoned last night for consultation with the household physicians. Prime Minister Sagasta was present. The doctors decided to increase the king's food.

After 4 o'clock he was less feverish and spoke a few words to his mother. "Though the latest reports from the sick chamber are more favorable the King is still in a precarious condition.

PORUGAL'S TASK EASIER.

Belief at Lisbon That Serpa Pinto Went Too Far.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LISBON, Jan. 8.—The conviction gains ground, even among those who have heretofore been Serpa Pinto's defenders, that that officer has gone too far in acts of indiscretion. His private life is recalled, and also his wild demands upon the public treasury, for which he has never rendered a proper accounting. This change of opinion will make Portugal's task easier.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Two Farmers Dispute Over Dividing Lines, and Both Dead.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

WINAMUC, Ind., Jan. 10.—In a quarrel between Charles Kuryurt, a farmer of this county, and Ferdinand Gastings, of Stark county, about the dividing lines of their farms, yesterday, Gastings shot and killed Kuryurt, wounded the latter's child, and then shot his own head off.

THE KING OF DAHOMEY

Imprisons a Senegal Governor—Sharpshooters to the Rescue.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Advices from Senegal state that Governor Bajal, of Southern Senegal, has been imprisoned by the King of Dahomey. A body of Senegal sharpshooters has started to rescue him.

A Great Flour Combination.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 18.—The seven great flour mills have formed a combination, involving $5,000,000 capital and an annual output of nearly a million and a-half barrels of flour. This move will effectually shut out the English Syndicate, which has been dickering for the mills for some months, and will meet the threatened competition of the English capitalists who have secured the Minneapolis mills.

The Work of Diphtheria.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 10. — Joseph Hebrank has lost six children, all of whom died from diphtheria, and the seventh and last, who recovered, is left permanently blind.

Another Parnell Forgery.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Parnell has written a letter stating that the letter published under his name on Wennesday and addressed to the Ennis board is a forgery.

Preventive Measures in Spain.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

MADRID, Jan. 10.—The government has adopted special measures to prevent an outbreak in the event of the King's death.

Senhor Gomes Very. Busy.

LISBON, Jan. 8.—The papers here reproduce without comment, the British African Lake Company's cable dispatches and the statements made by Scotch missionaries concerning affairs in Africa. But little credence is placed in the dispatches or statements, as they come from interested sources. Senhor Gomes, the foreign minister, is so much occupied with the dispute with Great Britain that he did not hold his customary diplomatic reception to-day.

The Brussels Strike.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 8. — The Brussels strikes have assumed a very grave and menacing aspect. In the Charleroi district miners beg money from everybody, and threaten violence to any one who refuses to assist them.

IN THE BITTER COLD.

Firemen turn Out for the Third Time Today.

At 1.30 p. m. the firemen were called out for the third time today by an alarm from Box 25. Huge volumes of smoke were rolling up from the double house of Stephen S. DeForest and Edwin Peters on the corner of Germain and Duke Sts. when the firemen arrived upon the scene, and it was not for a considerable length of time that they managed to check the flames. Hundreds of willing hands lent assistance in removing the household effects, and friends demonstrated by acts their sympathy for the two families turned out in the bitter cold.

The fire, it is believed, caught from the furnace in the Peters house, and worked up to the roof. Before it could be controlled it had penetrated through the wainscoating into the DeForest house, where it was checked by strenuous efforts. The damage to the Peters house is great, while the whole building has been completely deluged by water. The Salvage corps did excellent work in removing furniture and other effects from the buildings. By their efforts and the efforts of friends nearly everything was saved.

Mr. DeForest has $6000 insurance on his house and $2500 on the furniture.

Mr. Peters has $3000 insurance in the Phœnix of London company and $2000 in the Glasgow and London company on his house, and $3000 in the Phœnix of New York on his furniture.

Schooner Bessie G. Ashore.—The Mate Drowned.

The schooner Bessie G., loaded with cordwood for Rockland, was anchored off Black Point yesterday, and fears were entertained for her safety. Today word reached the city that the Bessie G. had driven ashore at Anthony's Cove, Black Point. The crew had a terrible experience. The mate, a young man, aged 22, named Harvey Milton, was drowned. The body has since been recovered, and will be brought to the city to-night, when Coroner Berryman will hold an inquest at Undertaker Powers' place on Princess Street. The body will be taken by train to Port Greville, N. S., where the young man's people reside. Capt. Merriam and the rest of the crew are safe.

The Bessie G. was built in 1884. She measures 65 tons and is owned by Capt. George Bentley of Port Greville, N. S. It is not yet known what the extent of damage to the vessel will be.

Police Court.

Mrs. Fraser was before the Court, charged with receiving coal stolen from the Intercolonial, and pleaded "not guilty." She expressed her willingness to be tried by the police magistrate. Her case stands till to-morrow.

Wm. Wilson and James Wilson, two boys charged with stealing coal from the I. C. R. cars pleaded guilty, and were sent below to the cells for one hour.

NEARLY SUFFOCATED. — A gentleman boarding at the Dufferin hotel, of this city, came very near losing his life last night. He retired to his room about 11.30, and before he went to bed blew out the gas, not knowing the danger. About 2 o'clock this morning, as another boarder was passing through the hall he smelled the gas, and immediately summoned the night porter, who burst open the door and found the gentleman almost unconscious. He was brought out of the room, and soon recovered without the aid of a doctor. Fortunately for him his head was covered by the bed clothes. He stated after he recovered that he could hear the pounding at his door but he was powerless to make any answer.

THE PORTIA.—No word of the Portia's arrival at Yarmouth has yet been received. It is thought that owing to the density of the vapor in the Bay that the vessel is holding off or it may be possible that she has continued on her way to the West Indies without touching at Yarmouth.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, Jan 10.

	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
WHEAT.				
Jan	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞
Feb	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞
May	81⅞	82⅛	81⅛	81.
PORK.				
Jan	9.40	9.50	9.40	9.50
Feb	9.32	9.47	9.32	9.37
May	9.92	9.92	9.85	9.92
OIL.				
	104	106½	104	106½

TRUE LOVE TRIUMPHS.

The Troubles of a Canadian Couple who Wanted to Marry.

CANADAIGUA, N. Y., Jan. 9.—Frank Whitman of Naples, Ontario county, and Myrtle Lyon, a belle of the same place, have just been married after surmounting obstacles which would have disheartened less ardent lovers. They had been companions from childhood, but Whitman's parents did not think Myrtle aristocratic enough to become a member of their family. Several engagements were broken through parental interference, but the lovers made up each time, and their affection strengthened accordingly.

When the young man attained his majority he expressed his intention of losing no time in making Myrtle his wife, and his parents set a watch on his movements. He had arranged to be married last Thursday night, and he and the young lady started for the minister's in a carriage. On the road the horses were stopped and the lovers forcibly parted by friends of the Whitmans and told they could not marry.

On Friday afternoon Whitman and Miss Lyon met at the minister's, and were about to be married, when the young man was arrested and locked up on a warrant sworn out by his mother. Several of his friends went bail for him, and that night he started for a party in company with a young lady, while Miss Lyon, accompanied by a mutual friend, left her home for the same place.

On the road an exchange of partners was made, and as neither Whitman nor his sweatheart have since been seen, it is safe to presume that they are married and happy. All the people in Naples sympathize with the young people.

The Shooting of Exiles.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 8.—The Czar, having learned of the shooting of the Russian exiles in Siberia, has, it is said ordered the culprits to be tried. It is understood that in this he acts upon some suggestions received from Berlin. It is expected that the vice-governor of Yakoutsk, Ostashin, whose savage order for the exiles to march without supplies was the origin of the trouble and the police official Olessoff, who ordered their massacre, will be severely punished.

Victoria Goes to Berlin.

ROME, Jan. 8.—The dowager Empress Victoria left here for Berlin today. King Humbert and the royal families accompanied her to the station.

THE WEST END RALLY.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING IN THE CITY HALL LAST NIGHT.

Stirring Speeches by Messrs. Thorne, Quinton, Sturdee, Carvill, Pugsley and Others.

Despite the extraordinarily severe weather of last evening a large and most enthusiastic meeting of the friends of the Local Government met in the City Hall, West End. That the severe cold could not dampen the ardor of many present was discernable before Mr. Thorne had proceeded far with his address, for his statements and extracts from the various papers on the action of the preachers meeting in the B. L. Peters matter elicited the greatest applause; this feeling of enthusiasm was continued throughout the meeting but the climax was reached when the Provincial Secretary entered with Messrs. Sturdee and Carvill, about half-past nine.

Mr. John Richards was chosen chairman. After thanking the meeting for the honor of such appointment, he at once introduced

MR. H. J. THORNE,

who after receiving sounds of applause, said, he had supported the government because every bill and measure which it had brought forward had been for the good of the province. It was, as was admitted even by the very two learned gentlemen who now sought to raise a trifling issue in this constituency, the best government which the province had had within the recollection of any present. While the action of the local government might not be approved of in every particular, yet it had labored for the general interests of the province—a labor it had successfully performed, and this was what should be viewed. Not petty individual interests, but those working for the best interests of the province. When the police magistracy became vacant, it was the duty of the government to consult their supporters. Every member from the city and county of St. John in the house of assembly was a supporter of the government. When the question of making the appointment came up they consulted their supporters and found that three members from the city of St. John favored Mr. Ritchie's appointment and two opposed it. It was clearly the duty of the government to appoint Mr. Ritchie in that case. But had there been two to two, then it was the duty of the government to consult the interests of the government and the views of their supporters from the other parts of the province, and then finding what was for the best interests of the province make the appointment accordingly. But the government, after consulting the wishes of their supporters from the city of St. John, found a majority in favor of Mr. Ritchie and appointed him. He, with his colleague, Mr Parks, had been over a considerable part of the city and they were pleased to find that after the 11 years the Blair-McLellan government had been administering the affairs of the province, the only accusation, if such it deserved to be called, which could be made against them in the city of St. John was the appointment of Mr. Ritchie to the magistracy. He then referred to a resolution passed by a Methodist preachers meeting in St. John, previous to the last Methodist conference, and which the Sun of yesterday morning said he had approved. He denied that he had ever held any view of that matter other than those he now held, and he had counselled persons interested in it not to involve themselves in it. Mr Thorne explained that he had voted for an amendment which would have had the effect of throwing the whole thing out of the province of the conference. The resolution carried, 56 in its favor and 50 against it, showing there were 50 who wanted to get down to Rev. Dr. Sprague's resolution censuring the ministers.

The people of St. John have been wishing, and hoping and longing for harbor improvements and assistance towards such works, and now that an opportunity of securing these was presented to them every man in the city (Liberal or Conservative) should unite to support the government which would aid, and had commited itself to aid, these works. Besides the grant of $2,500 already made by the government, they have promised to ask the legislature, at the first opportunity, to increase this $7,500 per year, making an annual subsidy of $10,000. He was on the government ticket because he wanted to see the laborers of St. John employed. (Applause.) Because he wanted to see $1,000,000 spent here. (Applause.) But with the opposition raised to that subsidy in some parts of the province principally the north shore counties it behooved all having the interest of St. John at heart to return the Provincial Secretary with five good men to support him on the 20th inst. (Cheers.) He did not think it would matter much to the voters in a year's time whether Mr. Peters was magistrate or not. They wanted the money spent here because it would conduce to the welfare of every business and every man in the city. He desired to see this great work of harbor improvements consummated. He believed that these works were but the begining of many similar ones which would be constructed in St. John. He believed that there were great railway interests behind Mr. Leary—that the Canadian Pacific railway was interested—and that the works about to be commenced were the beginning of an era of prosperity. (Loud applause.)

MR. W. A. QUINTON,

who was suffering from a very acute cold which must have made the task of addressing the meeting a severe one said: He had always had the interests of the people on the western side of the harbor at heart. With reference to the grant for North Rodney wharf, referred to by Ald. Smith a few evenings ago, he had largely prevailed upon the chief commissioner and understood the grant was made and paid over. He had no means of ascertaining whether it was paid, previous to the meeting, as his friend the provincial secretary was in the other part of the county. Mr. Ritchie, he said, had served the constituency well for 11 years, was at the last election, next to Mr. McLellan on the poll, and, as the solicitor general, had given the province good service. On the act of union going into effect, it became necessary to appoint a police magistrate, and Mr. Ritchie being an applicant, the government thought fit to appoint him, and he, with Mr. McLellan, supported them in making the appointment. He thought it was the only thing they could do. He could not adopt the view that the late Dr. Stockton (dead-politically he meant) and Dr. Alward had adopted that two should govern three—such contention was opposed to common sense, for as was well known majorities not minorities ruled in this country. (Hear hear.) He looked forward to see several hundred men employed in the vicinity a few months hence. A New York gentleman, largely interested in shipping and the industries, with whom he was well acquainted, said that when the proposed facilities and improvements were made, there would be a large increase in the trade of the port. He wished it understood that he would ask and beg his friends to vote the whole county ticket, and to do likewise in the city. Should he be returned he would support the government in every good measure and pledged himself to do this. (Applause.)

MR. JOHN H. PARKS

was well received. He thanked the audience for giving him such a kind reception on his first appearance on a public platform in the West End. His business engagements had precluded him from taking any active part in politics and therefore he could not speak so fluently of what had passed as the speakers who had preceded him. He thought that, perhaps, it would be just as well to dwell less on the past and think more of the future. The present prospects opened before us, in increased railway facilities and the proposed dock improvements, were most encouraging. He was assured that if the government was supported in the present contest the subsidy in favor of these improvements would be increased. And he believed that if the government were sustained they would increase the grant. It was for this reason he had consented to become a candidate. The Blair government had been a good one, and he hoped it would continue so. He did not think there was a shadow of doubt but the government would be sustained in the city and county of St. John. He believed the West End one of the most important parts of the constituency, and the one which would benefit the most by the government being sustained. He would ask any who might think of voting against the government to think of what the effect will be if the government is not sustained—to put aside the sophistries of these politicians, and help them to a sist their great proposal in favor of St. John. He was informed that Mr. Leary would at once engage 100 men in the construction of the proposed improvements; that he was a man who could spend $1,000,000 without receiving any money in advance; that he had behind him such men as Mr Morton, of Morton, Rose & Co., bankers of New York and London, now vice-president of the United States, and at one time a director of the Canadian Pacific railway. He inferred from what he knew of the circumstances that Mr. Leary was but the advance agent of the C. P. R. and that the latter were desirous of securing the support of the local government. He concluded by asking all to vote for the ticket. (Enthusiastic applause.)

SOLICITOR GENERAL PUGSLEY.

The speech of the Solicitor General dealt so fully with the question in issue that we reserve the publication of a shorthand report of it for our issue of tomorrow.

HON. D. M'LELLAN

was very warmly received. He had just come from a trip to Musquash, and if it had not been that he knew his Carleton friends would expect him he would not have come. He was known to many present, personally, and to all by reputation. He had a very broadcast reputation just now, he said. There was no opposition to the government until the appointment of the police magistracy was made, and he believed that if the appointment had not been made the government supporters at the coming election, no matter who they might have been, would have been returned without opposition. But whether his course in the matter of this appointment was fortunate or unfortunate, he had done what he thought best and was prepared to stand by it. Mr. Ritchie as solicitor general—which was a more honorable position than magistrate of the city of St. John—discharged his duties ably, fairly and impartially. No newspaper had ever charged him with being untrue to his duty. He always discharged his duties faithfully without regard to creed or color. These two men (Doctors Stockton and Alward) had resigned simply because they couldn't rule over the majority. A great deal had been heard about Dr. Berryman supporting their views and having pledged himself to stand by them. Where was this protest against the action of the government in that matter? Let them produce it if they could! Was it not a sufficient answer to such slanders to know that on the platform of Berryman's Hall Dr. Berryman had stated last Monday evening that he was in full accord with the government. (Enthusiastic applause.) Then with regard to Mr. Jones' letter, the latter had told him that Dr. Alward had asked to be allowed to see it one day and had walked off and had it published and did so without Mr Jones' consent. And that Mr. Jones he said, was prepared to swear to. What think you of conduct such as that by one now seeking your suffrage? (a voice "not much" and cheers.) Ald. Smith, he said, had made a statement the other night to the effect that he had been to Fredericton many times but that the government had not done much for St. John. Ald. Smith must be in his dotage if he couldn't remember further back than that. The government previous to the present, had made a grant of $4,000 and on Ald. Smith's importunities he secured a further grant of $1,000 for the North Rodney wharf. At that time, Ald. Smith assured him that when he came back for election he would do what he could to help him. Later, when Ald. Smith came to Fredericton for the purpose of securing the insertion of a clause providing for the erection of a bridge in the union bill he had his assistance. Well, the bridge clause was inserted and Ald. Smith said that he "would never forget him." (Hear, hear, and applause.) He hadn' forgotten him. He had been giving him "Hail Columbia" for the past fortnight. He could understand Aldermen Smith and Shaw and Mr. Rourke finding fault with the government, and saying that it was extravagant as they had always opposed it. But Doctors Stockton and Alward and Mr. McKeown had always supported the government and if it was an extravagant one these gentlemen should not be returned because they voted for the expenditure of the money. He defied anyone to show wherein he had ever been unfaithful to his word or pledge. (Loud applause.)

Why gentlemen, said the speaker, after my budget speech last year, these very men even went further to speak in my praise as a Provincial Secretary than I could ever have dreamt of—even so far as to say, "Why, never was such a Provincial Secretary in the world." [Applause.] I felt proud at that time and naturally so. Why? Because Dr. Stockton and others said they had looked in the figures and found them correct. Now they say they were not correct. But let them show wherein they were wrong and wherein the gov-

Continued on Fourth Page.

SECOND EDITION.

THE SEAL FISHERY.

THE ALASKA COMMERCIAL COMPANY CLOSELY WATCHED.

Believed the Sea will be Declared an Open Sea Without the Interference of the British Government. The Seal Islands Being Reserved for Breeding Purposes.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 10.—Private sealers are closely watching the movements of the Alaska Commercial company, and other companies, for the fur seal privilege.

They say that no matter who gets the lease of the Seal Islands the figures at which the contract is made will be so close that the lessees can make but small profits for a period of 20 years and if the private sealers are at all active the profits can be entirely wiped out.

"No matter who gets the lease" said Captain Nelson last night, "the sea will shortly be declared open. We and the British sealers can make it so hot for any set of vessels that they will not make any money. Once the franchise does not pay, the American government will be willing to let the sea be thrown open to all without fear or favor and will reserve the seal islands as breeding grounds.

This is what the private sealers have always struggled for and we will get what we want, eventually, without the interference of the British government.

Our demand is that all persons have equal rights in the sea, and that no one be permitted on the Islands."

THE COLORED MAN.

Opposition to the Views of Senator Morgan in Regard to the Deportation of Negroes to Africa.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10. Leading colored men of Chicago differ radically from Senator Morgan's ideas favoring the deportation of negroes to Africa. A prominent colored attorney said yesterday, "I do not consider Africa my country any more than I do Iceland. I am an American. All colored men feel the same way. Of the 8,000,000 colored people to whom Senator Morgan alluded there is but a small proportion of negro blood. There is white blood in the veins of more than nine tenths of them. The negroes, too, pay taxes on $100,000,000 of property. Another representative of the colored man said something must be done. Either the negroes must migrate or the time will soon come when there will be states in the south given over entirely to the blacks, but the African plan will not answer.

THE HAVANA TREASURY DEFALCATION.

An Extensive Conspiracy to Plunder the Government—The Amount Now Reaches $700,000

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

HAVANA, Jan. 10.—The defalcation in the Treasury department grows larger the more it is investigated. The amount of funds missing at first estimated, was $250,000 and now reaches $700,000. Many officials are implicated.

It was an extensive conspiracy to plunder the government. One of the officials under arrest is the Chief of Administration of the first class, who has, at times, acted as Superintendent General of the treasury.

Captain General Salamanca and the new superintendent of the treasury have taken the most energetic measures for the detection and punishment of the conspirators at home and abroad.

The news of the arrest of a fugitive employe in New York gives great satisfaction.

HONOR TO MR. UNDERWOOD.

Dinner Given Him by the Pen and Pencil Club at Glasgow.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

GLASGOW, Jan. 10.—The Pen and Pencil Club of this city gave a dinner today in honor of Mr. Underwood, formerly United States consul. Many notable persons were present. In responding to the toast to his health, Mr. Underwood said: "In America there are greater lawyers at the bar than on the bench; and more learned men in private life than in the councils of the nation. It is only a happy accident when men like Motley, Lowell and Phelps represent the country abroad."

THE WHITECHAPEL TRAGEDIES.

London Police Expecting a Reappearance of the East End Murderer.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—During the past few days the London police have exercised unusual vigilance, owing to an expectation that Jack the Ripper is about to begin his operations again. The cattle boats from the United States are being carefully searched and a strict lookout is kept at night in the vicinity of the recent tragedies at the east end.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Indications.—Snow or rain; easterly winds; warmer.

London Markets.

LONDON, 12.30 p m.

Consols 97 for money and 97 ⅜ for the account.

United States Fours,	129½
Do. do. Fours and a half	107
Atlantic and Great Western firsts	54
Do. do do seconds	
Canada Pacific	87½
Erie	10⅞
do. Seconds	
Illinois Central	
Mexican ordinary	38
St Paul Common	
New York Central	
Pennsylvania	19
Reading	
Mexican Central new 4s	
Bar Silver	

Money 4½ per cent.
Rate of discount in open market for both short and three months bills nominally 4⅞ per cent.

London Markets.

LONDON, 4 p m closing.

Consols 97 15-16 for money and 97 5-16 for the Feb acct.

U S Fours	
do do Fours and a half	
A & G W firsts	54
Do do seconds	
Can Pac	
Erie	
Do seconds	12⅞
Ills Cent	37⅞
Mexican ordy	71⅞
St Paul common	
N Y Cent	55⅛
Penn	1⅞
Reading	7⅞
Mex cent new 4s	44⅞
Bar Silver	72
Spanish Fours	

Money 5 per cent.

Amount of bullion withdrawn from bank of England on balance today is £50,000.

Bullion in bank of England increased £363,000 during past week proportion of bank of England's reserve to liability which last week was 27.17 per cent is now 30.54 per cent.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, closing cotton ann midd 5 45-64 sales of the day 1400 and included 10300 bales Amn. futures closed firm.

NEW STOCK.—Just received from Havana the following fine brands of cigars: Suprema, Deliciosas, La Brilliante R. V. extra, New La Miel, Flor De Benito Suarez Conchas and Angel Queens, at S. Whitebone's, City Market Building, Charlotte st.

ANNUAL
Linen and Cotton Sale.
AS HAS BEEN OUR CUSTOM IN PREVIOUS YEARS (AFTER STOCK Taking) to offer great inducements in our LINEN and COTTON DEPARTMENTS, we now intend placing on our Several Counters in the Back Store an immense variety of Goods from the above mentioned Departments, viz!
Bleached Linen Damask, Cream Damask Tabling, Bleached Damask Cloths, Turkey Damask Tabling, Bleached Damask Napkins, Bleached Linen Sheeting, Bleached Damask D'Oyleys, Bleached Pillow Linen.
HEMMING FREE OF CHARGE.
TOWELS, TOWELS, TOWELS.
Our Towels are selected personally from the Largest Manufacturing Houses in Belfast, therefore we guarantee satisfaction.
WHITE COTTONS.
Bleached Cotton Sheetings, 54 to 100 inches in width, Bleached Pillow Cottons, 38 to 54 inches in width, Tray Cloths, Sideboard Strips, Sideboard Damask, Genoese Damask Cloths, Fancy Damask Sets.
Bleached Damask Sets, with open work border and fringed, Pillow Shams, Sheet Shams, with open work border, Honey Comb and Marsella Quilts, Linen Crumb Cloths, Stair Linen.
N. B.—Sheets, Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Pillow Slips.
HEMMED FREE OF CHARGE FOR ONE MONTH.
MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.

JUST RECEIVED
Ice Cream Biscuit, (assorted flavors).
Champignons, Petits Pois,
and Stilton Cheese,
FOR SALE BY
JARDINE AND CO.
We have on hand a few choice WILTS CHEESE, which we are selling at a reduced price, and will cut to suit our customers.

Look out for announcement in reference to our opening of
Linens, Cottons and Hamburgs.
A Superb Stock to select from.
DANIEL & ROBERTSON,
LONDON HOUSE RETAIL,
Cor. Charlotte and Union Streets.

W. F. & J. W. MYERS,
MACHINISTS.
Sole Proprietors in Canada of
RICHARDSON'S CHALLENGE STEERER
—AND—
RUSSEL'S FRICTIONLESS PUMP
Manufacturers of Double and Single Acting Ship's Pumps, Hand and Power Elevators, Steam Engines, Hulson's Governors and Sturtevant Blowers, Rotary Saw Mills, Laundry Machinery, Shafting, Hangers, and Pulleys.

FOR
NINETY--NINE
CENTS
We guarantee to give 11 yards of fine 36 inch
WHITE COTTON
which ordinarily would cost $1.15. The quantity is limited; prudent buyers should see this genuine Bargain, as we cannot possibly duplicate this offer at the present ruling of prices for cotton.
BARNES & MURRAY,
17 Charlotte street.

W. ALEX PORTER
is now ready for the Holiday Season with a full stock of
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Green and Dried Fruits,
Flavoring Extracts and Essences,
Powdered Sugar,
Choice Cake Lard,
Valencia and London Layer Raisins, New Currants, Citron, Orange and Lemon Peels, Nuts and Confectionery.
W. ALEX PORTER
Corner Union and Waterloo, and Cor. Mill and Pond Streets.

"GREAT BARGAINS"
in Choice Perfumery.
As my Christmas sale of the above goods was not at all satisfactory, and I have a large lot left, I will sell them at cost, in order to clear them all out, as I cannot afford to carry them over.
Don't fail to call and get a Bargain.
CHAS. McGREGOR,
137 Charlotte Street.

GREAT BARGAINS
—IN—
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED
HATS AND BONNETS
—AT—
CHAS. K. CAMERON & Co,
77 King street.

THE IMPERIAL TRUSTS CO. OF CANADA,
UNDERTAKES LEGAL TRUSTS of every description, the MANAGEMENT OF ESTATES and the investment of TRUST FUNDS.
Also acts as TRUSTEE for BOND HOLDERS, and as FINANCIAL AGENT for the negotiation of loans for Municipalities, Joint Stock Companies and private parties.
For particulars apply at 120 PRINCE WM. STREET, Saint John, N. B.

CAUSEY & MAXWELL,
Masons and Builders.
Mason Work in all its Branches.
Slating and Cement Work a specialty
Stone, Brick and Plaster Workers.
JOBBING EXECUTED NEATLY AND PROMPTLY.
Order Slate at A. G. Bowes & Co., 21 Canterbury Street.
W. CAUSEY, Mecklenburg St. ROBT MAXWELL, 385 Union St